v the thin,

g, it youd

dant onal with oms re of n at

and nish and rip-tion nish

hen nich rms tral

has

son, ved f a

ield

ern-

lay before our readers to-day. This or that reserves, the Church of England in Canada has particular event may be misrepresented, but one fact is abundantly clear—that armed in- out continuing for ever the association of these surrection exists in Madrid and in the pro- reserves with so many cases of barrenness, so surrection exists in Madrid and in the provinces, and that the Government has not been strong enough to put it down. In Madrid itself—at the principal sent of Government, where, as may reasonably be supposed, the advisers of the Spanish Court had gathered that the country, and that we may be left to our own that the country, and that we may be left to our own that the country, and that we may be left to our own that the country and that we may be left to our own that the country and that we may be left to our own the country and that we may be left to our own the country and that we may be left to our own the country and that the Canadian quarrel may find no home, no rest in this country, and that we may be left to our own the country and the country and the country are cases of despondency, and so many cases of despondency, and so many improvement, where a country are cases of despondency, and so many cases of despondency and so many cases of despondency. together the troops upon which they could place share of troubles. able to maintain itself. There are many officers in and about the capital of great name, but not one of them has come forward to main tain the throne of Queen Isabella II., now threatened with such imminent destruction.

In my last I said that the allied fleets were within a few miles of Cronstadt; every person on this account was in expectation of an imme-We are not surprised that these events have taken place; we may be rather surprised that they have been so long deferred. For the last tented with reconnoitering the place. It seems tented with reconnoitering the place. It seems doubtful whether his object was to attack the two or three years the Spanish nation has been place, although all were ordered to load their ripe for insurrection, and, in all probability, revolvers and have their grapnels ready. Private the only consideration which has restrained them from action has been the recollection of the evils under which they have so lately smarted, and the exhaustion of the country consequent upon a protracted civil war. Besides, it might be very obvious to the mind of a sides, it might be very obvious to the mind of a Spaniard that such a person or such a faction liers. Your readers will see by the papers an deserved to be swept away, but it was not so clear that any public personage with whom he was acquainted deserved to be set up in his place. By whom had the nation not been plunlered-by whom not dragooned and oppressed? | fact that English vessels are to carry them to So it is in Spain, and so it is as respects Spain, throughout Europe. She has compelled the world to despair of her, and the fortunes of a country which once were of universal interest land. This brings to my mind a conversation have fallen so utterly in public estimation that which I had some time since with Louis Blanc, few of the thousands who read the bulletins in which I expressed my surprise that the French from the Danube with the deepest anxiety will should, after so many years struggle for free-think it worth their while to give more than a dom, have so easily surrendered their liberties glance at the intelligence even of a revolution in Madrid.—Times.

THE CRISIS IN CANADA.

to Louis Napoleon. "You do not know the French" he replied, "they will do great things yet. The French are so inconstant that nothing

THE CRISIS IN CANADA. (From the London Times.)

can be hoped of them, and nothing despaired. But," he added, with a sigh, "in the mean It is the misfortune of the sort of connection we keep up with British America that we time men die." A very uneasy feeling prevails in the money seldom hear anything about it, unless it is somemarket respecting the secret designs of Austria thing unpleasant. Had we really much to do and Prussia—they are possibly waiting to join with these Provinces, instead of merely sending the strongest party. At present, the armed them our emigrants and cotton goods, and taking neutrality of Austria is of great advantage to their timber, Canadian, or Nova Scotian, or Russia, as it enables her to withdraw her armies Newfoundland politics would be familiar to all from the principalities, and concentrate them of us; and when debates at home were getting rather dull, we might fill up the void with examples of Canadian eloquence or intrigue. As vexing her in her Italian possessions. She is it is, we only hear of these Provinces as we do now waiting for the final answer from the Emof Mount Etna-that is, when there is an peror of Russia. If this be, as is as most eruption. If there is a rebellion, or a Rebellion probable, unsatisfactory, Austria will be com-Losses bill, or a Parliament House burnt to the ground, and a quarrel about Church property, then, of course, we hear all about it; for both about to take place between the Allies and the parties in the quarrel, otherwise caring about as Russian forces, has had some effect in raising little for us as we do for them, rush to England, the price of stock, which rallied after a consiensconce themselves at hotels, write letters and | derable fall to 1 per cent., and is now somewhat pamphlets innumerable, get introductions to newspapers and public men, and generally suc
A declaration of war against Russia is said coed in priming some highly inflammable peer to be about to take place on the part of Sweden. with all the particulars of the case. For nine Sweden not unnaturally casts a lingering eye on to be about to take place on the part of Sweden. days at the outside-sometimes for only nine Finland, which, until wrested from her by Russia not very long since, formed one of her hours—a Canadian topic may be said to occupy the public attention, and people begin really to think they know something about Canadian affairs, and are interested in them. But as soon ders the Baltic a Russian lake. as the rocket has discharged its sparks all is darkness again, and it will be a twelvementh but it is impossible to ascertain the real facts before anybody remembers there is such a place of the case. There has been a republican

as British America. Some weeks ago an attempt insurrection in Valencia, but it is said to have was made to draw the Lords into a quarrel with been at once suppressed. O'Donnell seems to the Canadian people on the Constitution of the discourage any but a military revolution. The Second Chamber; and, as something was neces- rebellion is described as "a prætorian movesary to provoke us, we were told that we had for some time been the victims of a series of in which the public take little interest. outrages upon British honour, and that this was A letter appears from the hon. and Rev. R. T. another. However, the affair has blown over, as far as England is concerned, and we are none bridge, in vindication of his "consistency." of us smarting under a sense of insult. But all He has been attacked in the pulpit in his perat once there is another Canadian eruption, and as our three immense fleets and armies are curates, for what he terms his "miserable vasdoing absolutely nothing in Europe, it is just cillation." In the mean time a club has been possible some of our readers may take an in-terest in hearing that the Canadian Government they are determined to persevere, in spite of

but we have always heard that the reserves and

the tenures offer serious obstacles to improve

ment, and even to occupation, as colonists wan

to buy land outright, not to take it upon some unintelligible holding; and as little do they wish to be surrounded by vast tracts left in a

this country it is a thing of frequent occurrence

that private rights give way to public; and, if it does not oftener occur, or more in the par-

ticular form required in Canada, it is because

in the course of a thousand years, the rights of

individuals have been so much circumscribed as

to leave little more to be done. But, we repeat,

it is really unnecessary to express or to have

any opinion about measures which concern

and will settle for themselves. They want to

secularize the reserves and to settle seignorial

tenures, and, soon or late they will carry both

these points. Mr. Hincks appears to have gone

carried on till he has been beaten in the Assem-

bly. As the present Administration cannot get

assembly will be elected under a "Navy Repre-

Parliament, and submit the great questions at

sentation bill," it has been decided to dissolve

more undoubted representation of the Canadian

represented by Sir Allan Macnab and others;

has been beaten in the Legislative Assembly, and that there is what we call a political crisis.

The defeated Minister is Mr. Hincks, who appears to have been the leading Whig states—

The system of open air preaching by some of Church of England clergy, which has been just the private of Church of England clergy, which has been just the private of man of Canada ever since the arrival of Lord introduced, promises to be successful. Among Elgin, six years ago. In this country he is known chiefly by his laudable, and to some exfield, who preached on Sunday afternoon to a tent, successful attempts to raise money for the large congregation in one of the most frequented Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. That he is a gentleman of liberal opinions is obvious from having been Lord Elgins's Minister, and having

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE JOURNAL OF COMMERCE.

London, Friday Evening, 14th July, 1854.

held that place in Canada for so long a period.
For some reason or another he cannot quite keep up with the movement party—Young Canada, we suppose we may call it—which wants among other things, the entire seculari
fleets are said to be concentrated in the neighborhood of Sebastopol. The Russians are said zation of the clergy reserves and the settlement of the seignorial tenures. Happily, it is not our office to go into either of these questions; by Prince Paskiewitsch.

KOSSUTH IN ENGLAND. From the London Sun.

It is not for the first time, that M. Kossuth

has spoken in England marvellously, The oration delivered by him in the City Hall of Glasgow, on Wednesday evening, the 5th inst., is state of nature till the clergy are strong enough to clear them, some hundred years hence. In only another of those remarkable harangues, with the fluent, and eloquent, and thrilling utterance, of which the illustrious patriot has so often before electrified great masses of our fellow countrymen. Seldom has any native of these islands spoken so rhetorically, so persuasively, as this noble wanderer from Hungary Never has any stranger from a foreign land breathed words like these in our mother tongue. The aptitude of M. Kossuth as an orator, his nobody but the Canadians, and which they must | perfect mastery of our language, his intense and burning enthusiasm, the memory of his astonishing career, of his triumphs and of his calamities, of his power and of his exile-all combined-present to the mind of the intelligent with them in the main, but to have found it convenient to temporize. This policy has been observer a spectacle which at once commands interest and awakens curiosity. if it does not penetrate the heart and captivate the imagina-tion. Here, indeed, in the banished leader of the on with the existing Assembly, and as the next Magyars, is a worthy study for the philosopher and the psychologist. Wonderful, however, though the capacity revealed by the Liberator of Hungary as an orator (whether in his own or issue to a parliament which shall be a fuller and in a foreign language it scarcely matters which) more undoubted representation of the Canadian unquestionably is—still more wonderful is the people. We are not told whether Mr. Hincks ardor of his patriotism and the enthusiasm of expects the new Parliament to go as far or as the self-devotion to the cause of his country-fast as its predecessors, but at all events the men. Because he was ultimately overthrown best way to settle a difficult question is to re- in his great designs for the regeneration of the fer it to the completest and most authoritative sribunal. Meanwhile some important bills are rian Independence—because he was overthrown thrown on the shelf, and much inconvenience is suffered in consequence.

by the treachery of Gorgey and the Cossack hordes under Paskiewitch, the ignorant may Those of our readers who happen to be par- regard him as nothing more than an unsuccessticularly interested in Canada, or who do not find excitement enough in the affairs of the mother country, will find the whole story in a letter from Quebec in another column, where they will see at once the utter impossibility of transpiring around them, and recorded (as they will see at once the utter impossibility of transpiring around them, and recorded (as they transpiring around them, and recorded (as they transpiring around them.) any party at home, in Parliament or elsewhere, backing up Mr. Hincks against his numerous enemies, or staving off the two measures in dispute. Mr. Hinks appears to have been Minister quite as long as the envy of man will endure—longer, indeed, than any predecessor we can remember. The combination against his numerous energetic, and betergogneous. im is numerous, energetic, and heterogeneous. There are the remains of the old tory party, principled demagogue. Through all the calumnies heaped upon him by his enemies—through the haze of malignant vituperation in which h the ultra-Liberals, and the French Canadian party, some Liberals and some Conservatives. upon the shores of England—his fair fame as an Here is a nest of hornets that the British Par-Fament might have found itself in, had it not loomed the more grandly throughout. We prudently resolved several years ago to let the speak of this man now, in the days of his mis-Canadians settle their own affairs. We now fortune, precisely in the same terms as those in need not give the quarrel more attention than which we spoke of him in the hour of his sucwe should naturally bestow on the disputes in cess, when he was the acknowledged leader of the American Congress or in the French capi- the liberated and victorious Hungarians. We tal. There appears to be no intention of robbing the seigneurs of their dues, which would him when powerful. Success or failure signifies certainly be a discredit to the British name, nothing in the individual. The man is still the even though it could not be prevented. But same in himself—before or after. Hannibal we, who compel the Church to sell its property, who compel the commutation of tithes, the sale of land for railways, and who are about to comstill Napoleon, still the marvellous conqueror.

And so to history and to posterity, exile and defeat are of no account in the balance that weighs the intrinsic value of the really illustrious. So it is with M. Kossuth. So it will be universally recognized to have been with him the hereafter. At present he must rest satisfied with being appreciated by certain divisions of the population. To the hearts of the vast multitude his words of fire will probe with the force and magic of electricity. Out of thefulness of his heart his mouth has spoken—has

spoken again eloquently, ardently, persuasively. HOW KOSSUTH WOULD TAKE SEBASTOPOL .-M. Kossuth, speaking of the taking of Sebastopol, said:-"I don't think you can take Sebastopol by the sea.—The opportune moment of a coup de main being lost, it would afford sacrifices which you neither can afford nor risk. And as to taking it by land, to take a fortress accessible by trenches, and having but a garrison to defend it, that is but a matter of art and comparative sacrifices. It can be calculated to the hour. But to take a retrenched camp, linked by terrible fortresses, and an army for a garrison in it, and new armies pouring on your flank and rear, and you in the plains of Crimea, with also no cavalry to resist them, is an undertaking to succeed in which more forces are necessary than England and France ever can unite in that quarter for such aim. Ask about it whichever staff officer who has learned something about tactics and strategy. And in that position is Se-bastopol, thanks to your Austrian alliance, which, having interposed herself between you and your enemy in Wallachia, made the Czar free to send such numbers to Sebastopol as he likes. "You will be beaten, remember my word.

Your braves will fall in vain under Russian bullets and Crimea air—as the Russians fell under Turkish bullets and Danubian fever. Not one out of five of your braves, immolated in vain shall see Albion or Gallia again. But I will tell you in what manner Sebastopol is to be taken. It is at Warsaw that you can take Sebastopol Napier landed at Tamoglia, and brave Poland rising at his gallant call, will at the very first moment engage 100,000 Russians. The first report of Poland's insurrection can but spread ution in the Polish ranks in the Russian army; in three weeks the Czar shall have 300,000 men less, and shall want 300,000 men more. His bravest provinces, 12,000,000 of Poles, will have not only slipped from his grasp, but fight against him—12.000,000 left by your impolicy to be a source of his power and the tools of his ambition. Was there a truth ever evident is this is not? And that's not all yet. Poland, with your authority, and with your aid in arms will assure King Oscar of Sweden that he is not to be left a sacrifice in the hands of an overpowerful Russia. Poland in arms gives you sweden for an ally, and Sweden, again, occupies 100,000 Russians in Finland and seconded by your fleet, pushes on towards St. Petersburgh. Thus you may take Sebastopol under these con-It will be but a fortress with a garri-

son. Your 30,000 will do the work." GOVERNMENT ORDERS FOR MUSKETS AT BIR-HINGHAM.—The board of ordnance, having fixed upon Mr. Westley Richard's pattern musket, has sent down orders for 50,000 rifle barrels, &c. It a cheaper gun than the 20,000 arms in course of execution, but very serviceable and efficient, and what may be termed of good extra service quality. It has three solid bands to fasten the parrel in the stock, and each band is held in its place by a simple spring. The hammer has a convenient swell upon it, and many useful improvements have been introduced, well designed for a soldier's use. As the barrels are the same as the pattern of the 20,000 referred to, the Government 'sights' will be used.—Birmingham

Correspondent of the Times. Mr. Charles D. Lucas, midshipman of the Heela, paddle-wheel sloop, commanded by Capt. Hall, has been promoted to the rank of lieutenant, with seniority from June 21st last, for his gallant conduct in lifting a live shell which had fallen on the deck of the Hecla, and throwing it overin the Baltic.

The Egyption railroad is in good working order, and answers exceedingly well. The trains do not run on it at any stated periods. It s chiefly used when European or Indian passengers arrive in Egypt. English engine-drivers are employed on it. The speed is about twenty iles an hour. The railway the whole distance between Alexandria and Cairo will soon be open It passes through a level and fertile country he Arabs do not know what to make of it They were dancing before it some time since, and having no conception of its speed, they did not get out of the way in time, and an Arab woman was killed.

WEALTH OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND .- Mr. Conybeare, who threw the various elements in the Church of England into such commotion by his survey of Church parties in a prior number of the Edinburg Review, has to a great extent atoned for his indiscretion, by an admirable article in the number of January last, on ecclesiastical account of the number of January last, on Swiss Family Rouinson.... cclesiastical economy, which entirely vindicates our mother Church from all suspicion of labouring under a financial plethora. It turns out that so far from the clergy of the Church of England being overpaid in proportion to other earned professions, their income is the lowest of all others, and, independent of their private means, would be insufficient for their support. It turns out that even under our despised voluntary system, when we consider the relative values of articles of consumption here and in England, the clergy of our poorer communities are better supported than that of the church they are to often accustomed to taunt with osing her spirituality in her excessive wealth The estimated net annual value of the 12,270 benefices in England and Wales, is but £3,477,460, which sum is to be divided among 17,155 parochial ministers including 5,385 average of £283 per annum. Two thirds of the parochial incumbents receive less than £300 bounds per annum, out of which they are ompelled to maintain an assistant; and below these there are nearly 5,000 curates, whose salary does not average above £100 per annum. After paring off enough to meet the enormous taxes with which the clergy are weighed down, the average income of the latter hardly reaches £80, or \$320.—Episcopal Recorder.

BIRTH. In Scarboro', on the 28th ult., the wife of the Rev. Wm. Bell, of a daughter. DIED.

On Tuesday Augt. 1st. at the residence of E. Goldsmith, sq. in this city, Edward Alexander, only surviving thild of the Rev. Alexander Dixon, Rector of Louth, ged twenty-three months. "Of such is the Kingdom of Hoaven."
In this city, on Wednesday morning, Aug. 2. The
Hon. R. S. Jameson, formerly Vice-Chancellor of Upper
Canada, aged 56 years.
At Tullamore, on 1st inst., Tullamore McGregore, son
of I. M. Chafee, Esq., aged 18 months.

TORONTO MAR	HA.		9.		
Toronto, A	ugu	st :	3, 1	854	
1 THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF TH	s.	D.		8.	D.
flour-Millers' extra sup. per barrel	32	6	a	35	0
Farmers' per 196 lbs	27	6	a	30	0
Wheat-Fall, per bushel, 60 lbs	5	0	a	5	6
Oatmeal, per barrel	38	9	a	40	0
Rye, per bushel, 56 lbs	5	6	a	6	0
Barley, per bushel, 48 lbs	4	0	a	4	44
Oats, per bushel, 34 lbs	3	0	a	0	0
Peas, per bushel,	4	0	a	4	6
Potatoes, per bushel	7	6	a	10	0
Grass Seed, per bushel,	8	9	a	11	3
Clover Seed, per bushel,	33	9	a	35	0
Hay per ton,	70	0	a	80	0
Straw, per ton,	40	0	a	50	0
Butter- I'ub, per lb	0	6	a	0	.6
Fresh, per lb,	1	2	a	1	3
Beef, per 100 lbs,	35	0	a	40	0
Pork, per 100lbs,	20	0	a	25	0
Fggs per dozen	1	2	a	0	0
Fire wood per, cord	20	0	a	25	0
Charles and the same of the sa	-			4	-

New Advertisements.

Upper Canada College.

polithe enfranchisements of copyholds, need not be much distressed at the compulsory settlement of a subject of contention between the jealous old occupants of Lower Canada and the crowd of new emigrants. As to the clergy THE Second Classical Master wishes to receive into his House after the Summer requested to apply (if by letter post-paid) to Vacation a few Boys under 13 years of age, attending Upper Canada College. July 8, 1854.

Scipio; Napoleon as greater than Wellington. Extract from City By-Law.

THAT it shall be the duty of every licensed CARTER of this city to attend fires, for the purpose of conveying water to the sam; the purpose of conveying water to the Ball, and to ensure the ulmost promptitude, the following premiums shall be awarded, namely: to any Joseph Beckett & Co.,...... King St. West. Lyman Brothers, St. Lawrence Buildings. Carter or other person who shall with his horse draw the first engine, hook and ladder carriage, or hose carriage, if before any other apparatus of the Fire Department, to the place of the fire, the sum of I'en Shillings; if not first, the sum of Five Shillings. To any Carter or other person who shall with his horse draw the first cistern or of Two Shillings and Six Pence; and to any person for the first puncheon of water furnished to any engine, or properly used in extinguishing such fire, the sum of One Pound; for the second, the sum of Fifteen Shillings; for the third, Ten gratis to those who may be unable to pay for the Shillings; for the fourth, the sum of Five Shillings; and for every puncheon afterwards re-quired by the Chief Engineer or officer com-manding the Fire Brigade, the sum of One Shil-But no premium shall be paid for any ouncheon which is less than the regular size and bree-fourths full at the time of delivery. Nor hall any licensed Carter cease with all diligence o draw water to extinguish such fire until dis-Brigade; and any licensed Carter neglecting or efusing to comply with the provisions of this Act shall for every offence be liable to a fine of not less than Two Shillings and six pence, nor more than Five Pounds, together with the costs attending the levying the same. Provided always, That in all cases where it is difficult to ascertain to which of two or more parties pre-miums should be paid under any of the provisions of this Act, the Chief Engineer shall determine

by awarding an equal division of the sums in dispute between the parties. Extract from Resolution of Council. Resolved,-That the Clerk of the Council be nstructed to enclose a copy of the 17th clause of the By-law relating to the extinguishing of fires to each licensed Carter, and do also cause the ame to be advertised in the city papers.

And that in future a bonus of One Shilling and Three-pence (in add tion to the present rate per ouncheon allowed by law) be paid to any Carter oringing water to a fire where such Carter shall not have been required to furnish more than three puncheons of water at such fires. A true copy—published by order of the Council.
CHAS. DALY,

Clerk's Office, Toronto, July 14, 1854. 53-1in All the city papers to copy once.

King's College, Windsor, N. S. THE Professorship of Natural History and Chemistry, and that of Modern Languages, in the above University, are now vacant. Salary of the former \$1,000 per annum, with apartments in the College, of the latter \$600 per annum with the privilege of taking private classes in the neighbourhood. Immediate pplication (post paid) to be made to the Rev, J. C. Cochran, Secretary to the Governors, at Halifax, who will give such information as may Halifax, N. S., July 18, 1854.

PRIVATE EDUCATION

YOUNG LADIES.

MRS. BEAVEN, assisted by her daughters, wishes to receive into her house at York-ville, near Toronto, a FEW YOUNG LADIES for the purpose of EDUCATION.

personal application at Yorkville. August 1, 1854. NEW BOOKS JUST RECEIVED: The Gringell Expedition in Search of Sir J. Heroines of the Crusades. By C. A. Bloss ...
of History. By John S. Jenkins....
Fremont's Exploring Expedition through Oreremont's Exploring Expedition through Ore-on an I California... Perilous Adventures and Thrilling Incidents Travellers.... Panorama of Natious By John Frost
Layard's Discoveries at Nineveh
The Book of the Ocean and Life on the Sea...
Summer Cruise in the Mediterranean on board an American frigate. By N. P. Willis
Pencillings by the Way; written during some ears of residence and travel in Europe. By N. P. Willis Wills 5 71/2
Fun Jottings, or Laughs I have taken a Pen to 5 71/2
Life and Religion of Mohammed By Rev. J.

Merrick..... Wonders of the Insect World. By F.C. Wood-E. Beecher...

Swiss Family Rouinson...

Flora's Lexicon: an interpretation of the language and sentiments of Flowers

Critical and Miscellaneous Writings of T. N.

Talfourd, author of 'lon'...

The Recreations of Christopher North

The String of Pearls for Boys and Girls....

The Pilgrim's Progress; with a Life of Bungar by Souther.

For saie by HENRY ROWSELL,

THE TORONTO LADIES' SCHOOL.

This Institution is conducted by MRS. POETTER, the Lady Principal,

curates. Each benefice consequently yields an and a Lady Resident, with the following Assistants: 1st English Teacher, 2nd " " " 3rd " " Resident French Governess ... Md'lle Coulon. Writing and Arithmetic Mr. Barley, Prawing Mr. Bull music Mr. G. F. Hayter, Singing Mr. Humphreys. The studies include a thorough English educaion, with French, Italian and German, Music, Singing (for Finishing Pupils) and Drawing. The religious instruction is under the kind rintendence of the Clergymen of St. James's Cathedral. TERMS.

(To be paid Quarterly and in advance.) Education £15 per annum. Finishing Pupils 5 6 ac Boarding and Washing 35

(No extras.) The second year of this Institution having closed with the annual examinations and distribution of prizes in a most satisfactory manner, Mrs. in several departments of education. She has succeeded in proving that a sound English classical education (which is of the highest in the most careful attention will be resid by Most in the most careful attention will be resid by Most in the most careful attention will be resid by Most in the most careful attention will be resid by Most in the most careful attention will be residual. tance), combined with accomplishments of every kind, can be obtained at a very moderate rate, and she is determined to employ only teachers of

acknowledged ability.

The Finishing Class is under her charge, assisted by the best Masters. The studies for pupils, and no additional charge will be made. this class combine a knowledge of our standard works in Poetry and Prose, with Essays on given subjects, and Extracts from different authors, to improve the style in writing. More time is also devoted to complete the education in foreign lan-

Mrs. Poetter feels grateful to the parents of her pupils for their kind expressions of satisfaction at the progress of their children, and begs to assure them that no effort shall be wanting on her part to insure their improvem The School will reopen on Monday, the 4th of September next. Persons wishing for further information are

MRS. POETTER, Toronto, 1st August, 1854.

Board of Health Notice.

THE Board of Health for the City of Toronto hereby give notice that at the under-mentioned places, namely:-Buildings.

Olver's, ... King St. East.
Shapter & Coombes, Yonge Street.
N. C. Love, Yonge Street.
W. H. Smith, Queen St. West John Howarth,..... Queen St. West West. Medicines suitable to be taken upon premoniory symptoms of Cholera, will

The Board particularly advise that early attention should be paid to any feeling of disordered state of the Bowels, as the Medical Profession of the City are of opinion that these symptoms if promptly and properly attended to seldom prove

JOSEPH ROWELL. Chairman. Board of Health Office, ? Toronto, July 19, 1854. All the papers in the city to correct as above, and ntinue as previously directed

ESTABLISHMENT FOR YOUNG LADIES 116 Queen Street West, Toronto-

THE MISSES McCARTNEY beg to announce their intention of receiving on the first of september next, a limited number of Boarding and Day Pupils, who will be under their own MRS. McCARTNEY will conduct the domestic

It is proposed to engage the best masters to give instructions in French, Singing, Drawing and Arithmetic. (German and Italian

Terms per Quarter .- To Boarders, including the various branches in English and French, with Music, Drawing, plain and ornamental needle The Misses McCartney are kindly permitted to refer to the following gentlemen in

TORONTO: REV. Prof. PARRY. RICHARD L. DENISON, Esq. Wm. STANTON, Esq. DR. HODDER. Judge O'REILLY, -Hamilton.

WALTER DICKSON, Esq.-Niagara. J. RANNEY, Esq., -St. Catherines. H. J. MITTLEBERGER, Esq., St. Carberines. Religious instruction most kindly afforded weekly by Rev. Dr. Lett. Toronto, 21st July, 1854.



NOTICE is hereby given that the Municipality of the City of Toronto, will apply at the part Session of the Provincial Legislature Particulars may be obtained by letter, ad-lressed—Box 284, Post-office, Toronto; or by And also for the passage of an Act to authorize

the said Municipality to construct Water Works, and to impose a local rate for the purpose of defraying the cost of the same.
Published by order of the Municipality.
CHARLES DALY,

C. C. C. Clerk's Office, Toronto, July 15, 1854. All the city papers to copy till Parliament meets.



PROCLAMATION.

Joshua George BEARD, Mayor of the City of Toronto.

To all whom these presents may concern. WHEREAS the frequent occurrence of dis-astrous Fires within this City recently has naturally caused great alarm to the Citizens: And whereas the subject of establishing a Night Watch having been anxiously deliberated upon by the Common Council, that body have deter-mined to recommend to the Citizens of each Block or Section of the City requiring to be watched, to enrol themselves for the purpose of each taking his turn by himself or proper deputy in watching such Block or Section. Persons so enrolled being sworn special Constables for that particular purpose.

These are therefore, in compliance with the

These are therefore, in computation of the Common Council, to urge the Resolution of the Common Council, to urge the rules for their guidance, and to present themselves at the Mayor's Office to be sworn in for the above desirable purpose.

JOSHUA G. BEARD,

Mayor's Office, Toronto, July 11, 1854. 53-1in All the city papers to copy once.

HENRY BOVELL HOPE, Conveyancer, Land. Life and Fire Insurance Agent, Broker, commission merchant Office-Corner of Church Street; entrance from

AGENTS IN ENGLAND: Messrs. Fyson, Curling & Co., Solicitors. No. 3, Frederick's Place, Old Jewry. London.

Front Street.

Particulars of property for sale, &c., will be found in the advertising columns of the Old Countryman newspaper. Toronto, C. W., Feb. 3nd, 1854.

EDUCATION FOR YOUNG LADIES. M RS. LETT, having been induced to open an establishment for the Education of a limited number of young Ladies, announces that she will be prepared to receive pupils immediately

The course of Instruction, in addition to the usual departments of English, will comprise the French, Italian and German languages, Music, Singing, Drawing, Plain and Ornamental Needle-

the domestic training of the young ladies, and by the Rev. Dr. Lett to their advancement in Religious knowledge.

The terms (payable in advance) will vary, according to the age and requirements of the

Day Pupils... Further particulars may be learned on application to Mrs. Lett, St. George's Square. Toronto, Feb. 9, 1854.

EDUCATION FOR YOUNG LADIES.

MRS. LE I'T, having completed her arrangements for carrying out efficiently, and under the best system, the moral training and education of young ladies, announces that her Establishment will re-open after the Midsummer Vacation on Monday the 4th of September. 1-tf St. George's Square, Aug. 1.

Medical Works Just Received. THE Diseases of the Heart and the Aorta, by W. Stokes, 17s. 6d.

Thompson on Pulmonic Consumption, 6s. 3d. HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller & Stationer,

King Street Toronto. June 28th, 1854.

New Books Just Received. THE Sepulchres of our departed, by Rev. F. R. Anspach. A. M. Price 5s.
The Turkish Empire, Cloth, 3s 9d., do. paper,

Cummings' Lectures on the Apocalypse, 1st Cummings' Lectures on the Apocalypse, 2nd eries, 3s. 9d.

Cummings' Lectures on Daniel, 3s. 9d. Cummings' Lectures on the Miracles, 3s. 9d. Cumnings' Lectures on the Parables, 3s. 9d. Etiquette for Ladies, 1s. 104d. Etiquette for Gentlemen, 1s. 10½d. Hand Book of Etiquette, 1s. 10½d. The Young Wife, 1s. 10½d. The Young Husband, 1s. 101d.

HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller & Stationer, King Street, Toronto.

June 28th, 1854.



Spring & Summer, 1854.

J. CHARLESWORTH WOULD respectfully intimate to his customers and the culti-VV tomers and the public generally, that his stock of seasonable Millinery, Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, is now replete and worthy of a caretul inspection by intending purchasers. J. C.'s stock this season will be found much larger than usual, having made great additions to his pre-mises. He would call particular attention to his department of Millinery, Visettes, Caps, Bonnets

His Stock of Fancy Straw Bonnets, Children's Fancy Bonnets and Hats.

Will present many new articles connected with the trade, not hitherto kept. To wholesale buyers the greatest inducements offered in variety and prices. No second price. Two good Salesmen wanted.

His Dry Goods Department

JNO. CHARLESWORTH, No. 60 King Street East. The Toronto House, Toronto, June 9th, 1854.

TRACTS ON CONFIRMATION The Bishop of Toronto's Tract on Confirmation. . . 8 0 The following published by the S. P. C. K.

No. 41 —Parochial Minister's address to all persons
under his care whs are of a proper age to be confirmed

SI—Method of Preparation for Confirmation, containing forms of self examination and devotion, with directions for their use; by the Ven. William H. Hall

333—Davy's Village Conversations on Confirmation

No. 333—Bavy's Village Conversations on Confirmation firmation — 7 3

No. 344—Short Address before Confirmation — 7 6

No. 655—Meaning of the spawer "I do," in the Confirmation Service — 5 0

No. 688—Instructions for them that come to be Confirmed, by way of Questien and Answer; by Robert Nelson, Esq. — 10

No. 788—A short Preparation for Confirmation, In the form of Question and Answer; to which is added the Order of Confirmation; by the Rev. W. Dalton, B. D. — 5 0

Also the following, published by the Bristol Tract Society. No. VIII A short Catechism Preparatory to Con-

MISCELLANEOUS.

A large supply of Tracts always on hand, including the Publications of the Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge, and of the Bristol Tract Society. HENRY ROWSELL. Church Depository, King Street, Toronto.

March 15th, 1854. THE TORONTO

Circulating Library, AND FANCY GOODS AND STATIONERY STORE,

No. 76, King Street west. MRS. HIGGINS informs her friends and the Public that she has opened the above Library, containing over 2,000 volumes of Standard Works in History, Biography, Belles Let-tres, and Novels, which will be kept up by the addition of New Standard Works and the Periodicals as they issue from the Press.

The terms of Subscription, payable in advance,

entitling the subscriber to-Two sets of Books, to be kept no longer than one week. One year £1 0 0 £1 10 0 Six months....... 0 15 0 1 2 6
Three months...... 0 8 0 0 12 6
One month 0 3 9 0 6 3
N, B—If not paid at the time of subscribing, the terms will be 10s. 3d. for two sets, and 16s. 3d. for three sets every three months.

NON-SUBSCRIBERS To deposit the value of the book and to pay for a single volume 3d. for four days; for a work in two or three volumes, 6d. for one week; for work in four or more volumes, at the rate of For conditions see tickets.

Mrs. Higgins offers for sale a well assorted stock of FANCY GOODS AND STATIONERY. to which she invites attention. Toronto, May 8th, 1854. 42

COLLINS & WILSON. BEG respectfully to inform the LADIES of TORONTO and Canada West that their MILLINERY AND MANTLE ROOM will be opened for the Season on Tuesday the 9th inst

Price 1s. 3d .- For Sale by



BOARD OF HEALTH. NOTICE is hereby given, that the Board of Health for the City of Toronto, have determined that for the present, dry Rubbish Sweepings, Earth and other refuse not likely to

But all persons are cautioned against throwing the most particular events connected with the History of the United Empire and the Orange Institution. prosecuted. By order of the Board of Health,

CHARLES DALY, Clerk's Office, Toronto, June 29, 1854. 49-1m All papers of the City to copy for one month. | Toronto, July 3, 1854.

Trinity College, Toronto.

THE ANNUAL EXAMINATION for Ma-TRICULATION and for SCHOLARSHIPS will ommence on MONDAY, October 2nd, 1854. The following SCHOLARSHIPS will be open to

FIVE DIVINITY SCHOLARSHIPS, tenable for our years, viz: one of £30 currency per annum, wo of £25, and two of £20.

The holders of these Scholarships will be reuired to reside for four years, during the first wo of which they must attend Lectures and

Examinations in the Arts Course. ONE CAMERON SCHOLARSHIP, tenable for three years, of the annual value of £25 currency, open to the sons of Clergymen of the United Church of England and Ireland, resident and doing duty in British North America, with a preference, cæteris paribus, to Candidates intending to receive Holy Orders in the Church of England. The holder of this Scholarship must graduate in Arts.

ONE LAW SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £30 currency, tenable for three years, either before or after the degree of B.A. The holder must regularly attend the lectures in Arts till the time of taking his degree, and must declare his intention of afterwards prosecuting the study of the Law. the Law.

All persons presenting thamselves for examination must produce testimonials of good conduct. Candidates for Matriculation must have entered on their sixteenth, and for Scholarships, upon their

seventeenth, year.

The subjects of examination may be learnt by application to the Provost of Trinity College, who will also furnish any other information required. ONE WELLINGTON SCHOLARSHIP of the annual value of £50 currency, tenable for two years, and one BURNSIDE SCHOLARSH P of £30, tenable for three years, will be awarded to students com-mencing their College course in October next,

according to the result of the yearly Examination

TRINITY COLLEGE, Feb. 24, 1854. MUSIC & MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

n the following June.

ESTABLISHMENT. MESSRS. SMALL & PAIGE, King Street, three doors west of Yonge Street, TORONTO, C. W.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Every article of Musical Merchandize: Piano Fortes,

Have constantly on hand and for sale,

From the celebrated establishments of Collard & Collard, London—Bacon & Raven, N. York—Linnard & Weber, Philadelphia—A. W. Ladd, Boston, and from other good makers. AGENTS FOR WARREN'S AND OTHER CELEBRATED HARMONIUMS.

Melodeons, &c. BRASS & WOODEN INSTRUMENTS FOR BANDS, Genuine Italian Violin Strings; FLUTINAS AND ACCORDEONS Likewise a very choice selection of the best Church Music,

consisting of Oratorios, with the separate Vocal Parts. for the use of Choirs. Anthems and Ser-vices of Boyce, Green, Croft, Nares, Jeremiah Clarke, Clarke, Whitfield, Jackson, Kent, and 13 The latest music from England, Paris.

ermany, and the United States. Toronto, March 15, 1854. PRIVATE TUITION-HAMILTON. THE Classes heretofore conducted by Rev. J. G. Geddes, A.M., will commence their next term (D.V.) on Tuesday, August 8th, in

the same rooms as formerly, under the management of the Rev. John Butler, A.M. A small number of Boarders can be received by Mr. Butler. Tuition in English and French, Classics do. with Board and Residence, 60 0 0 Any further information may be obtained by

applying to the Rev. John Butler, York Street. Hamilton, July 21st, 1854. 52-8in JUST RECEIVED,

A NEW AND COMPLETE Gazetteer of the United States, G IVING a full and comprehensive review of the present condition, industry, and re-sources of the American Confederacy; embracing also important Popographical, Statistical and Historical information, from recent and original sources; together with the results of t e Censu of 1850, and population and statistics in many cases to 1853: By Thomas Buldwin, and J. Thomas, M.D. With a new and superb map o the United States. In one thick volume, boun

in sheep, price £1. HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller, Stationer and Printer, King Street. Toronto, Feb. 17, 1854.

THOMAS BILTON, MERCHANT TAILOR, No. 2, Wellington Buildings,

BEGS to intimate that he is now receiving his usual Choice Assortment of Cloths his usual Choice Assortment of Cloths Trowserings, Vestings, &c., of the latest styles and qualities, selected from the best Englis In ready made Clothing, Gentlemen will be enabled invariably to meet with an article got u in the best possible style. In a few days a well-assorted stock of men

Mercery will be to hand, which will be found to

be strictly in character with every other branch

of the business. In Official Robes, in their various orders, the same regard to correctness will be adhered to, which for some years has secured to this Establishment so large a portion of business. Toronto, March 28th, 1854 THE REV. C. DADE, M.A., receives one

Pupil to prepare for the Universities, &c.,

and will have a vacancy in October next.

N.B. None need apply who are not of regular and studious habits. Direct Oakville, P.O. July 19, 1854. 51-8in PROVINCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office, Toronto, July 5th, 1844. Toronto, 4th May, 1854.

A MAP OF TURKEY IN EUROPE,
GREECE, AND THE BLACK SEA,

Toronto, 4th May, 1854.

A MAP OF TURKEY IN EUROPE,
GREECE, AND THE BLACK SEA,

Turkey o'clack None for the purpose of Election. Twelve o'clock, Noon, for the purpose of Election of Directors to complete the Board; and for the transaction of such business as may be brought

The following Directors retire from the Board, but are, nevertheless, eligible for re-election:-

J. Lukin Robinson, Esq. W. L. Perrin, Esq. Wm Atkinson, Esq. By Order of the Board, EDWARD G. O'BRIEN.

Toronto, July 7, 1854. The United Empire Minstrel. Sweepings, Earth and other refuse not the create offensive smells, may be deposited in the water, enclosed with the Breast work South of AND POEMS, with a large number of Toasts and Sentiments, and a Chronological Table,

> Cloth, 3s. 9d.; half-bound, 5s. Published and for sale by HENRY ROWSELL, Bookseller, Stationer, and Printer, King Street.