of $\$ 30,000$, has been passed by the Executive Committee. - Buldmg permits have been granted as follows: R. lairton, $\$ 5$
Bloor st. W., five attached 2 story lik. Bloor st. W., five attached Estory he.
stores and dwellings, n. side Queen st., stores and dwellings, $n$. side Qteen st.,
east of $(: T . K$. crossing, cosi $\$ 0,500 ; A$. M. Smith, addituons to warchouse, 7 Front st. e., $\cos t \$ 2,7 \infty$.

Moxtrevi., Qul: -The plans for the extension of Chaboillez square and Bonsecours market will be presented to the secours market will be presented to the
Finance Commintee at its next meenmg.A sute has been selected in Belmont P'ark A ste has been selected in Belmont Purk
for the proposed Anlren's Home, which for the proposed Andren's Home, which
is to be erected by the Bishop of Montreal in connection with the church of England Home for Women. About thirts thousand feet of land has been purchased.The tume for receiving tenders for the steel superstructure and restle bents for bridge over the C. P. R. tracks on Notre Dame street has been evtended by the Road Committee from November 2 ist to Road Committee from November 2 December 5th. - A special meeting of the
shareholders of the Royal Electnc Company was beld recently, at which the issue of debentures to the amount of $\$ 750,000$ was decided upon. $\$ 600,000$ of the debentures will be expended on new buldings and other mprovements.

Hamllton, Ont.- The projectors of the proposed radial electric raluats will the proposed radial electric ratuds will
appear before the City Council at us next appear before the City Council at is next
meeting with a proposition to crect their meeting with a proposition to crect their
workshops in this cits. The estimated cost is $\$ 50,000$. At the list meeting of the Parks and Cardens Coninutice of the City Council, the Wentworth Pioncet and Historical Societs applied for a grant of Historical Societs applied for a grant of
suficient land in Harvey lark on which to elect a buidding in which to deposit relics The bulding would also be available for a reception hall, and the plans of the "rurture would be submitted to the City Council for approval. A sub-committee was appointed to report in the matter.-E. L. Rastrick and Alex. Henderson submitted plans for improving the water fron:, and desired that the Committee recommend the Council to proceed with the scheme or permit a private company to undertake it. It was decided to refer the matter to the Board of Works for consideration. - The Wentworth Baptist church is considering the purchase of a lot further east and erecting a new church thereon. - The following building permits have been granted : George
Adam, two-storey brick dwelling on Adam, two-storey brick dwelling on
Aurora strect, cost $\$ 1,000 ; \mathrm{M}$. Swales, Aurora strect, cost $\$ 1,000$; M. Swales,
three two-storey brick dwellings on Ontario avenue, cost $\$ 4,6 \infty 0$.

## FIRES.

A brick school-house at Markdale, Ont., velued at $\$ 7,300$, was destroyed by fire on Monday last. Insurance, $\$ 5,0 \infty$. Hull's cooper shop, a frame building, was Hulls cooper shop, a frame building, was
also burned.--j. E. Tait's potiery at Lynden, Ont, was consumed by fire a few days ago.-The city of Winnipeg was visited by a disastrous fire on the J bith inst., over $\$ 200,000$ worth of property being destroyed. The burned buildings ate:
Western Canada loan Co.'s building, Western Canada loan Co.'s building,
fous stories, loss. $\$ 60, \infty \infty$; insurance, fous stories, loss, $\$ 60,000$; insurance,
$\$ 30,0 \infty$; Grand C'nion Hotel, a three $\$ 30,000$; Grand Union Hotel, a three
storey brick structure, owned by Jarmes storey brick structure, owned by James
Donohuc, loss $\$ 35.000$; msurance, $\$ 15,-$ $\infty$; Merrick, Anderson \& Co.s warehouse, a large three storev brick slructure owned by Mr. Campbell, loss $\$ 35,000$; insurance $\$ 13,000$. The offices of the Fice Misons were in the Western Loan Co.s building, and it is probable that the fra'-.n.ty will now erect a large Masonic
teniple. The Bennett and Laurandeau temple- The Bennett and Laurandeau
blocks at Midand. Ont., were destroyed blocks at Midland. Oni., were destroyed
by fire on Tuesday last. The losses are : by fire on Tuestay last. The losses are:
W. H. Iennett, four stores and offices, $\$ 6,000$; insurance, $\$ 2,000$; N. I.aur.an. dean, two stores and clwelling, $\$ 9,000$; insurane $\mathrm{c}, 54,500$. The buldings will be rebailt as soon as pessible.

## CONTRACTS AWARDED.

Hillti, $S$. $-j$ Innes \& Son have the contrace for a new brick building for Clayton \& Sons. Work will be com. menced the first of the year.

Himm, TON, Onr. - The Building Commotte of the Board of Education has awarded the contract for supplying desks for two new schools to the Cilobe Furniture co, of Wialkerille. The contract price is $\$ 2,453$. 10 .
Montrinh, QuE. - Messrs. Perrault \& Lesige, architects, have awarded contracts as follows. one three storey stone front store and dwelling on Notre Dame street, for P'. A. Rodier-masonry, Preno ceat, Tulcot \& Martineatu; brickwork, E Morache; 2 three storey stores and dwellings on Notre Dame st. for Jơs. Versailles: carpenter and joiner's work, A. Borre plastering, H. Contant; plumbing, Thos. Moll. Two three storey stone front stores and dwellings on Notre Dame street. for J. 13. Charbonneau; brickwork, A. Leper; steel work. Dominion I3ridge Co. Three storey stores and dwellings on Notre Dame street for I). Gallery: masonry, Guilbault Bro.; carpenter and joiners' work, John O'Leary; biickwork, E. Mor:ache; electric wiring for two stone front stores ind dwellings on Notre Dame street for E. Matcil to F. Simoneau. Cottage for Ald. R. Prefontane at Sie. Agathe, Que.; counters and fixtures for three storey stone front store un Si. Lawrence street for Amoit Lecouts $\&$ Larisiere to Lalonde \& Girard.- Messis. Perrault, Mesnard $\&$ Venne, archuects, have anarded contracts for a three storey stone front store and dwelling, Noire stone front store and dwelling, Noire
Dame streer, for estate Hon. C.S. Rodicr Dame streer, for estate Hon. C. S. Rodier
as follows. masonry, H. Dufort, carpenas follows. masonry, H. Dufort, carpen-
ter and joiners' work, Louis Beaudry; iron work, A. \& E. Loignon.

## NEW COMPANIES.

Thescalon, Ont.-Mississaga River Improvement Cn., ineorporated; capital, $\$ 5,00$; to construct dams, plers, or other work necessat y for transmission of timber
Kingston, Onr.-Victoria and Black Rock Ferry Co., applying for incorporation ; incorporators, J. Swift, J. Hazlett, W. Power and J. K. Sco:t, all of Kingston.

Palmerston, Ont.-Canadian Cone Coupler Carriage Co., sceking incorporation; cipital $\$ 25,000$; incorporators, A. Noyer, John Kearns, W. J. Houston and W. E. Rathwell. all of this place.
: 'lagara Falls, ONt-Niagara River Tramway Company, applying for incorporation: capital $\$+90,000$; to build a cable tranway over the Niasara river; applicants, Joseph Tait and John Flett, of others. Head office at this place.
IORT COLBORAE, ONT.-Point Albino Street Ralway Co., seeking incorpora ton ; capital $\$ 100,000$; 10 construct an electric railway from Fort Erte to this town ; applicants, F. F. White and Donald AlcGillivrary, of Port Colborne, Leonard MicGlashan, of Humberstone and others.
Maganetawan, Ont.-Maganctawn Tanning and Electric Co., incorporated; capital $\$ 50,000$; to carry on a tanning business in all its branches, to build and operate steam and other vessels, and to generate electricity for power purposes ; promotors, Gand W. J. Marlelt, of Oak-
ville, John Waldie and Wim. Cameron, of Toronto, and R. J. Watson, of Burk's Toron
Falls.

The use of challed metallic shot has completely revolutionized the stone-sawing trade, by eason of the raphity with which the work cun now be accomplished as compared with the times when the sawing material consisted only of quatizose sand, says'The Builder. It is obvious that Sand, says The Builder. It is obvious that
in sawing granite, for instance, lise sind in sawing granite, for instance, the sand
alluded to, not bein: harder than quariz, alluded to, not beine harder than quariz,
was incapable of doing much work, as that was incapable of doing much work, as that
mineral cxists so abundantly in franite. Wnat was wanted uas something harder than quartz. Several minerals answered the purpose, amongst which were corundum (emery) and the diamond. The former of these is occasionally used for sawing, and largely for rubbing granite, marble, and the like, preparatory to the polishing process; the latter has for some
years been employed to a limited extent for sawing the hardest kinds of stone, and diamond discs mat be found in the workshops of every lapidary. But these minerals are rather evpensive, espectally the latter, and untal within recent years sharp sand was still almost universally employed. 'Then a new material, known as chilled shot, was introluced, and was rapidly taken up. During our visits to various granite centres in 1886.87 we found it had already sained a fiom foothold, as the rate of sawing was greatly increased by its use; it was also very ecoromical in working, and has been much employed to this day. The foregong observations were suggested by some samples and a trade description of "Krushite" recently sent to us, which is satd to be a new material. It appears to be chilled metallic shot, ind is very similar to, though probably not identical in composition with, what we saw in use some eight years since. At any rate, the use of chilled metallic shot for sawing hard stone is by no means a "new" idea either here or in America. "Krushite" is said to be capAmerica. Krushite is said to be cap-
able of saving blocks of granite at the rate of 4 in., and hard grit-stone at 9 in. in depth per hour, with twelve blades in the frame. It is manufactured in several difierent sizes, the largest about the size of small rabbit-shot) being suitable for sandstone, and the smallest (fine dust, for the rubbing-bed. The material is used in sand blast apparatus in lieu of sand, and in substitution for diamond: in boring and drilling. It is described as being absolutely without points or edges, though we lutely without points or edges, though we
do not find this statement borne out by the samples sent. However, there can be no question that the chilled metallic shot is by far the best and most economical material hitherto discovered for sawing the hardest descriptions of stone, and for use in the initial stages of rubbing. It must be handled with great care, though, in the manufacture of marble. Only the other day we saw a beautiful slab utterly ruined, during the final polishing with putty powder, by reason of a few chilled shots having found their way under the felt polisher, with the resulk that the smooth surface of the stone was deeply scored before the machinery could be stopped. That, of course, is sheer carelessness; the fact that the chilled shot was capable of scratching. so deeply in such a short space of tume is distinctly in its favour as a sawing material.

Mr. Archibald McNaughton, contractor for the harbor works at Goderich, Ont., was recently tendered a complimentary banquet by the leading business men of the town, in celebration of the completion of the work.

Oil colours cannot generally be applied over cement, as they will not adhere. M. Garson adopts the following method of preparing the surface of the cement to receice the colour:-1. Priming with boiling linseed oil. 2. A coating of white lead mixed with oil. 3. A ground coat composed of white lead, Spanish white, oxide of iron, and red lead ground $t 0$ gether in oil.

## Munigipal Department.

## UNWISE ECONOMY.

The world of municipalities has during the past half-century been growing wiser. It demands, says the Conitact Jourual, that its officials shall be of adequate experience and full of ripened knowledge. That is as it should be. The municipal officers have the destinies of nations on ofncers have the destinics of nations on
their hands, for upon them depends the their hands, for upon them depends the
healliyy conditions of town life, and under improper conditions it cannot be expecied that the next generation shall be more robust than the present. In order to duly cope with his varied dutics, the municipal engincer, for example, must be fairly well acquanted with a wider range of subjects than his more favoured confrere, the consulting engineer. The latter may, and most often does, become a specialist, while
the former nas to be ready to advise upon almost every conceivable subject. When, however, we come to consider the remuneration obtained by a consulting engineer of large practice and the municipal engineer, we find that the latter does not get that consideration to which we deen him entited. The past still exerts an effect upon tine piesent. In olden days anybody was good enough to become town sirveyor or engineer. Sanitation consisted in making a drain-of some kind Roadmaking was an unknown kind. Roadmaking was an unknown art, and meant shooting down stones anyhow. The bnilding restrictions were few, and never troubled the owner or builder. How different now, and how year by year as knowledge increases the work of the municipal engineer increases, too. His education is costly. The time of his probation is lengthy. The prizes in this profession are few-too few, alas, to be able to retain many of the ablest men, who are compelled, not because they wish it, but because family expenses and old-age requirements are too strong for them, to quirements are too strong for them, to leave the ranks they adorn in ord
swell those of consulting engineers.

Another important consideration that indirectly bears upon remuneration is fixity of tenure. At the best the municipal engineer's life, unless he is a very strong man indeed, can scarcely be termed a happy one. He has too many masters to be able to please everybody. If he does his best for the ratepayers collectively, he often raises unfriendly feelings individually. Taking all these and a score of other things into consideration, notwuthstanding the gradual rise in professional status, also the average rise in remuneration, is it not a self-evident fact that municipal authorities often practice a false economy in paying their servants. They appoint men to control the expenditure of thousands of pounds annually. They expect every design to be perfect of its kind, and its cost to be less than the average of similar work, yet they offer utterly inadequate remuneration to the officer upon whom the responsibility rests. Two reforms are urgently needed in municipal work-first, a proper salary, with practical fixity of tenure; secondly, a diminution of work. Nowadays many an officer is unable to put forth his best efforts, because sufficient time is not allowed him. You cannot reel off a perfect design at a moment's notice, and very often a definite decision is delayed till finally a rush has to be made to comply with legislative demands. The whole question, however, teems with diffiwhole question, and it may be said that the municipal world is gradually being enlightened, as is shown in many of the towns, yet we are anxious to sce a little more steam put on and a faster progress made in the directions indicated.


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