

an alarming hemorrhage took place, which was, with difficulty, arrested, by plugging the vagina with cotton batting. The size and shape of the polypus was very peculiar, being nearly nine inches in circumference, and only about an inch and a half from its base to its pedicle.

COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS, ONT.

PROFESSIONAL EXAMINATION, 1872.

DESCRIPTIVE ANATOMY—DR. SULLIVAN.

The brain being sliced to a level with the corpus callosum, how would you expose the third ventricle? Name the structures divided, and the boundaries of the ventricle.

Describe the arch of the aorta, its course, divisions, limits, and relations.

Give the exact position of the pancreas, its structure, and the vessels and nerves that supply it.

What ducts convey secretions into the mouth, and at what points do they terminate?

Define the term fascia. Name the varieties, and describe the fascia lata.

The integument being removed, how would you expose the parts passing through the great sacro sciatic notch? Name them in order, and mention generally their destination.

What structures would it be necessary to divide to expose the median nerve from the axilla to its termination in the digital branches?

What class of articulations does the ankle belong to? Describe its ligaments, and name the tendons contiguous to it.

SURGICAL ANATOMY—DR. SULLIVAN.

Describe the mode in which you would expose the several cavities in making a *post mortem*, and state how you would remove the brain entire?

Name the muscles contracted in talipes varus and valgus, and any danger likely to occur in their division.

Give the exact course and relations of the external iliac, and mode of ligating it.

Give the boundaries and contents of the space in front of the elbow.

Describe the Lachrymal duct, and Eustachian tube, and mode of catheterizing them.