

*Lygæidæ.*

*Nysius grænlandicus* Zett. Scarce.

*Cymus luridus* Stål. Three examples, swept from a low swampy spot by the roadside, near South Falls.

*Cymus angustatus* Stål. Not common.

*Cymus clavicularis* Hahn. Abundant everywhere on the lowlands.

*Blissus leucopterus*, Say. One brachypterous example, swept from the borders of an oat field on Muskoka river, near the lake.

*Geocoris borealis* Dall. Taken with the preceding. This appears to be but a dark variety of *G. bullatus* Say.

*Ligyrocoris sylvestris* Linn. Very abundant in the cultivated districts.

*Peliopelta abbreviata* Uhl. One small, short-winged example captured.

*Capsidæ.*

*Brachytropis calcarata* Fall.

*Trigonotylus ruficornis* Fall.

*Miris affinis* Reut.

*Collaria McIlleurii* Prov. These four species were not uncommon where cultivation had prepared the way for them. The latter was just coming to perfection.

*Hadromena pulverulenta* Uhl. (MS.) Two examples.

*Diommatus congrex*. Uhl. Rare.

*Phytocoris eximus*. Reut. Occasional.

*Phytocoris pallidicornis* Reut. Abundant, and of large size.

*Phytocoris colon*. Say. One example.

*Neurocolpus nubilus* Say. Common, and as a rule, deeply coloured.

*Calocoris rapidus* Say. A single specimen.

*Melinna modesta* Uhl. Beaten from pine trees.

*Lygus pabulinus* Linn.

*Lygus pratensis* Linn.

*Lygus flavonotatus* Prov. A few taken.

*Lygus invitus* Say. Common.

*Lygus intersectus* Uhl. (MS.) Abundant.

*Coccobaphes sanguinarius* Uhl. Not uncommon on maple and beech trees, especially near South Falls.

*Pæciloscytus unifasciatus* Fab. Numbers taken on the cultivated uplands south of Bracebridge, and elsewhere.

*Pæcilocapsus lineatus* Fab. Rare.