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ALYPIA MACCULLOCHII, KIRBY.

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On plate iv. of the "Fauna Boreali-Americana," Kirby gives a figure of the \$\mathbb{Q}\$ of the above species. In June, 1878, while collecting at the Godbout River, Lower St. Lawrence, I captured two males of this species, both on the same day. While Alypia Langtonii, Couper, were abundant in the same locality, no other specimens of A. MacCullochii were seen. I visited the place daily for a month in order to procure the female, but no more of either sex of the latter appeared. I therefore conclude it is a rare species on that coast. I am not aware that the male of A. MacCullochii has been hitherto described, and as it differs in some respects from Kirby's description of the female, it may be interesting to the readers of the Canadian Entomologist.

Alypia MacCullochii 3.



Fig. 7- Upper Side.



Fig. 8-Under Side

Expansion of wings I inch. Wings and body black. Antennæ with numerous white rings, and gradually clubbed towards the apex. Orbit of eyes externally clothed with pale yellow hairs; four spots of same colored hairs on anterior portion of thorax, and a tuft of longer yellow hairs at base of primary wings. Legs mottled with white and yellow hairs. Primary wings with two, sometimes three spots in some specimens; the one near the base is cream-colored, divided longitudinally by a black line slightly forked where it approaches a small cream-colored spot which curves from the upper outside edge. The second is a transverse large white spot, traversed by five black lines dividing it into five, sometimes