36. Marila marila, Scaup Duck; Greater Blue-bill; Blackhead. One of our most common migrants. In April large flights can be seen travelling westward over the Ottawa and in October eastward. This species, together with the Black Duck, Hooded Merganser and Golden-eye, furnish the greater number of the ducks brought into our market in fall, it being second in point of numbers. Dates: April 6th, (1909); November 9th (1908).

37. Marila affinis, Lesser Scaup Duck, Lesser Blue-bill. A much less common migrant than the preceding. On October 12th, 1908, Mr. N. Lachance took one on Shirley's Bay; November 6th, 1905, Mr. E. White a fine adult male on Lochaber Bay, and November 15th, 1903, one on the Rideau.

38. Marila collaris, Ring-necked Duck. Another far from common spring and fall visitor. May probably sometimes be overlooked and taken for the Greater Scaup, which it much resembles. On October 27th, 1907, Mr. N. Lachance shot several on Shirlev's Bay.

39. Clangula clangula americana, Golden-eye; Whistler. An abundant migrant, and not a few remain with us all winter on open places in the rivers, as along the Des Chenes Rapids. The first migratory ones are seen along the Ottawa, March 24th (1908), and the remaining days of March, but during the first half of April large flights can be seen ascending the river, the last date for the spring migration being May 3rd (1908). The return movement is heaviest in October and early in November.

40. Charitonetta albeola, Buffle-head; Butter-ball. This rotund little duck is a moderately common migrant. In the flocks of migrating ducks usually a few of this species are seen, as on April 17th, 1908, when Mr. E. Bedard saw five among hundreds of other ducks at the Rifle Range. On October 22nd, 1906, Mr. N. Lachance saw nine on Shirley's Bay, among them a fine adult male, one of the latter also being brought to the market on the 26th of the same month.

41. Harelda hyemalis, Old Squaw; Long-tailed Duck. An abundant migrant from and to Hudson Bay and the far north. The vanguard arrives about April 2nd, but from the 16th to May 16th large flocks pass westward via the Ottawa, returning during the end of October, well into November, on the 9th of which (1905) a male was shot on Brewery Creek and presented to the writer.

42. Somateria dresseri, American Eider. A rare accidental visitor, though it probably is sometimes overlooked. A young male was shot by Mr. G. White on the Ottawa, November 9th, 1889. This is the only positive record so far.

43. Somateria spectabilis, King Eider. This is another northern marine species which now makes its appearance on the