

mosses discovered in this locality by Prof. Macoun are described below and appended to this report. The growing for observation and study of rare plants from other parts of the Dominion has been continued by the leaders, and as the Botanic Garden at the Experimental Farm is to be begun in the spring, the leaders beg to urge upon the members of the club the importance of assisting in the collection of native plants from this locality. A special feature of the garden is to be the collection and cultivation of as complete a series of Canadian plants as possible, and they have no doubt that important botanical results will follow this opportunity for botanists to study in a state of nature and in large numbers many of our rare and local plants. Already large collections of seeds have been sent in by Prof. Macoun and Dr. Dawson, of the Geological Survey, and donations from many others have been received from remote and inaccessible localities. There is much that our local botanists can do in this line to assist this important work, which will give another opportunity for showing that the Ottawa Field-Naturalists Club is a practical and useful organization. In conclusion, the leaders have to express their great indebtedness to the president, Mr. R. B. Whyte, for his unceasing labours on behalf of the branch. This has been particularly the case with regard to the Saturday afternoon sub-excursions, nearly all of which he attended, and when the leaders, as was frequently the case, were absent, he undertook the direction of the party and delivered the elementary lectures which form so important a feature of these out-door classes.

JAMES FLETCHER. }
H. B. SMALL, M.D. } Leaders.

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DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES OF MOSSES FOUND AT OTTAWA.

By Nils Conrad Kindberg, Ph. D. (Linköping, Sweden.)

DICRANUM SCOPARIFORME. Kindb. N. sp.

Intermediate between *D. scoparium* and *D. fuscescens*. Dioecious.

Leaves greenish-yellow, flexuous, lanceolate, subulate with a short and flat subula; margins nearly flat or slightly incurved, densely and sharply serrate to $\frac{1}{3}$; cell-walls not interrupted by pores; upper cells oblong-oval, lower not much narrower, inner basal light brown; costa thick, percurrent with two serrate ridges at