LOVING WORDS.

OVING words will cost but little Joarneying up the hill of life; But they make the weak and weary Stronger, braver for the strife o you count them only trilles? Do you count them only trines; What to earth are sun and rain ! Never was a kind word wasted, Never one was said in vain

When the cares of life are many, And its heavy burders grow For the ones that walk lessele you, if you love them tell them so. What you count of little va us Has an almost mage, power, And beneath their cherring sunshme Hearts will blossom like a flower.

So, as up life's hill we journey Let us scatter, all the way Kindly words to be as sunshine In the dark and cloudy day. An the dark and cloudy day.
Gradge no loving word, my brother,
As along through life you go,
To the ones who journey with you,
If you love them tell them so.

A MOTHER'S WORDS.

GOOD mother, when her son was leaving the home of his childhood and going out into the great world, knowing that he was ambitious, gave him this parting injunction:
"My son, remember that, though it

is a good thing to be a great man, it is a great thing to be a good man.'

No sounder, no truer words were ever spoken. A great man may dazzle, but a good man is a beacon shining afar, by whose beneficent light a multitude are enabled to walk in safety. The best success is very often achieved by the humblest; and an obscure life well spent is better than a wicked renown.

SMILES.

THE only kind of vice much shanned by some young men seems to be advice.

Many a man slips a three-cent piece into the contribution-box with a tencent air.

Is there a word in the English longuage that contains all the vowels?

There is unquestionably. "What do you do when you have a cold?" asked a man of Simpkins. "Cough," was the sententious reply.

"At what age were you married?" asked she inquisitively. But the other lady equal to the occasion, and replied, "At the parson-age."

Scene at children's party: "Goodby, Florie, must you go now!" "Yes'm; and mamma told me to say I've had a very nice time."

LEIGH HUNT was asked by a lady at dessert if he would not venture on an o.ange. "No, madam. I should be very happy to do so, but I am afraid I would tumble off."

Officer (to the timid soldier): "Why, Pat, you are surely not going to turn coward?" Pat. "Why, shure, I'd rayther be a coward for foive minutes than a corpse for the rest of me loife."

"Do you believe in woman's rights?" she demanded, jabbing him in the ribs with her umbrells. "Yes, he replied, as he moved to a safe distance. lieve in woman's funeral rites."

A coop old Quaker lady, after listening to the extravagant yarn of a person as long as her patience would allow, apid to him: "Friend, what a pity it is a sin to lie, when it seems so necessary to your happiness!"

A MINISTER, when one of his flock wept over the financial deficit in connection with a Christian enterprise, said: "My dear friend, never mind the tears; this thing can't be run by water !'

"Is the howling of a dog always followed by death ?" asked a little girl of her father. "Not always, my dear. Sometimes the man that shoots at the dog misses him," was the parent's roply.

A good natured traveller fell asleep in a train and was carried beyond his destination. "Pretty good joke. Isn't it 1" said a fellow-passenger. "Yes; but carried a little too far!" was the rejoinder.

An American editor once, in attempting to compliment General Pilow as a "battle-scarred veteran," was made by the types to call him a "battle-scared veteran." In the next issue the mistake was so far corrected as to call him a "bottle-scarred veteran."

A SCHOOL mistress, while taking down the names and ages of her pupils, and the names of their parents, at the beginning of a term, asked one little fellow—"What's your father's name?" "O, you needn't take down his name: he's too old to go to schools to a woman," was the reply.

THERE are many who seem to think that the cheapest literature for Sundayschools which can be had is the best. Even many who purchase for them-se ves and their children the best food available for their bodies, freely buy that which is rotten and noisonous for their minds and hearts. What supreme folly! Aye, more; what immense injury and injustice are done those who are fed on such mental food !- Ex.

LESSON NOTES.

THIRD QUARTER.

B. C. 1120.] LESSON X. [Sept. 2. THE DEATH OF SAMSON.

Judg. 16. 21-31. Commit to memory vs. 28-30.

GOLDEN TEXT.

The God of Israel is he that giveth strength and power unto his people. Pea. 68, 35.

OUTLINE.

- 1. The Humbled Hero. v. 21-25.
- The Prayer for Power. v. 26-28.
 The Day of Death. v. 29-31.

Time.—B. C. 1120.

Time.—B. C. 1120.

Place. —Gaza, on the sea-coast of Palestine.
Explanationa — Took Him—See the account in Judg. 16. 4-20. Brought him down
—From the higher country inland to the sea-coast. Fetters of brass—Heavy chains on his feet. Grind—Grinding grain with a handmill was generally done by women Hair.. began to grow—And with it God gave him his strength. Lords of the Fhilistines—Tho Philistines were not rolled by kings, but by a body of lords. Dagon their god—He was half-man half-fish in form. Our God hath delivered—They gave the glory to such gods as they knew. we should honour the Lord for every blessing. Hearts were merry—At the idol feasts the people used strong drink, and acted very wickedly. Make us sport—Probably by his feats of strength. The pillars—Two pillars on which the roof of the idol temple rested. Upon the roof—The roof looked down upon an open court inside. Called upon the Lord—In his blindness he turned toward his God. Avenged of the Philistines By giving them punishment for his wrongs. It was right for Samson, because the Philistines were the oppressors of his people the Israclites. Let me die—This was this wrongs. It was right for Samson, because the Philistines were the oppressors of his people the Israelites. Let ms die—This was not suicide or self-murder, but it was giving up his own life while slaying his enemies. Its brethren—The members of the tribe of the same the same than the same cave in the Burud him—In some cave in the sin. Judged Israel—Delivered from

enemies and ruled over it. At the same time Eli was judge in another part of the

TRACHINGS OF THE LESSON.

Where do we learn in this lesson-

1. From whom strength comes?
2. How to obtain strength in time of need? 3. That God hears the prayer of a penitent sinner!

THE LESSON CATROHISM.

1. Who was the thirteenth of the judges of Israel? Samson the strong man. 2. By whom was he made a prisoner? By the Philistines. 3. What did they do to him? They put out his eyes. 4. For what purpose lid the Philistines send for Samson at a great feast in their idol-temple? To make sport.
5. What did Samson downile standing between the pillars of the temple! He prayed to God for strength. 6. How did he use the strength which Gcd gave him? In destroying his enemies with himself. 7. How was Jesus' death nobler than Samson's? In dying to save his enemics.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION.—The retributive justice of God.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

35. What miracles attended his death f These miracles attended the death of Christ:—The sun was darkened at noon for three hours together; there was an earthquake: which opened many graves, and the veil of the temple was rent in two pieces.

LESSON XL B. C. 1322.] [Sept. 9. RUTH AND NAOMI.

Rull. 1. 14-22. Commit to memory vs 16-17.

GOLDEN TEXT.

Thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God. Ruth 1. 16.

OUTLINE.

Great Love. v. 14-18.
 Great Grief. v. 19-22.

TIME -B. C. 1322.

PLACE —The land of Moab, east of the lordon, and Bethlehem in the tribe of Judah. Jordan, and Bethlehem in the tribe of Judah. EXPLANATIONS.—They lifted up their voice—Naomi and her two daughters-in-law, Ruth and Orpah. Wept—At parting with each other. Orpah kissed—It was a kiss of parting. Ruth clave—Stayed with her. Unto her people—The Moabites. Unto her gods—In those times every nation worshipped its own gods. Ruth said—Showing great love and desire to be with one who followed the lord. My people—She would be no more a Moabite, but an Israelite. Thy God, my God—She chose people—She would be no more a Moabite, but an Israelite. Thy God, my God—She chose the Lord for her God. The Lord do so—This was a form for calling God to witness to the truth of what was said, by asking God to punish if it were not true. They two went on—It was a journey of more than fifty miles, and a rough way, over which they went on foot. All the city—'I he name is given in the Bible to a small village, as Rethlehem then was IVas moved—Noticed Naomi's return. Is this Naomi!—In ten years of absonce she had greatly changed. Call me not Naomi—A word meaning pleasant. Call me Mara—A word meaning bitterness. Very bitterly—In taking away her husband and children, and leaving her in poverty. She did not show leaving away nor nusuand and contaren, and leaving her in poverty. She did not show strong faith in God. Testify against me—Shown himself an enemy by his dealings. Barley-har est—In the early summer. Read the rest of the story in the book of Ruth; and how Ruth became an ancestor of King David, and of David's Son, Jesus Christ.

TEACHINGS OF THE LESSON.

Where in this lesson may we find—

1. An example of love in the family?

2. An example of a good resolution?
3. An example of earnestness in God's ser-

vica t

THE LESSON CATECHISM.

1. To what land did Ruth belong? To the land of Moab. 2. With whom did she leave the land of Moab? With Naomi, her mother in-law. 3. What did she say o, Naomi's people, the Israelites? "Thy people shall be my people." 4. Whom did she choose for her God? The Lord God of Israel. 5. Who were afterward descendants of Kuth? David, the king and Leave Christ. the king, and Jesus Christ.

DOCTRINAL SUGGESTION. -God's discipline of adversity.

CATECHISM QUESTION.

36. Who took care of his burial? Joseph of Arimathea, a rich man, and one of the disciples of Christ, buried him in his own new tomb; and Pilate and the Jews set a guard of soldiers about it.

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