## BOILING DATE.PALM JUICE.

 This picture represents a thoroughly rural Bengal scenc. It shows the boiling down of date-tree juice into goor, or comrse brown sugar. The date-palm is found in great abundance in Bongal. But what i strange, while diates are produced in latge quantities, yet they are good for nothing and cannot be caten. However, the nittives have discovered a way of using the sweet juice which would otherwise bo wasted in nowishing these uneatable dates It is to cullect it loy trupping the trees and boiling it down into molasses. The time of collection is the spring of the yerr, when the sip flows most abundantly. The tree is cleaned by cutting off all the branches ped last yeir and then a deep cut is made half round the trec. The middle part of the cut is a little lower down than the ends, so that all the juico runs from both sides down to the centre. Here a peg, made into in sort of trough, is fastened into the tree, and this carries the juice into an earthen vessel tied underneath. He He
best juice flowa during the night. Henco the tapper goes round all his trees in the ovening and empties outi any juice accumulated during the day, nud takes care that the pegt is in working order and directly ovor the vessel. And, in atdition, he must keep watch all night, otherwise his juice would be all stolen and his vessels broken by thioves. Thefts of this kind do very frogneatly tike place. In the oatrly inorning again, ind takes down the vessels full of sweet, frothy sinp. This work of tree-climb ing is vely libborious, becilluse most of the trees we very
lofty and the cut is mado lofty and the cut is mado
directly under the head. While the man is at work upon the tree, the wholo of his weight rests upon a band tiod round the trumk.
The juice makes a very
pleasiant drink while fresh, but, if allowed to stand sime time ferments and becomes intoxi caling.
The furnace, where the boiling process takes place is a very rude affair, but a the same time very eflective A deep hole is dug in the
ground, and it the top a ground, and it the top at
frumework, mado of clay, with holes in it, is pliced, on whicl the carchen caruldrons stand In the picture are two such furnices. The one in front is not being used just now, only the one bohind. Both of them are ferl by holes in the side. The math squatting down on the righti-h:und side is employed in push straw and iriass, down througl the hes, into the furnace under the pots. There are four canldrons on this, filled with juice which has already been greatly reduced by long boiling. At first the quantity of juice is so largo that many caukdrons are re quired, but by degrees the boiling diminishes it, so that few are needed. At last it bo-
comes quite thick, and on cooling resembles comes quite thick, and on cooling resembles dark, wet sand. Great quantities of it are eaten in this stato by the intivos, and are also sold to merchants, who take it away to rofineries near Calcutta, where it is made into pure white sugne. Ithe stugarcane, as well as the date-palni, grows ibundantly in Bengal, and the juice of this
is used in the seme way by the natives for making sugar
To the left of the furmace is a woman standing very eagerly watching the boiling process. Sho has her dress well drawn over her head, hiding completely her face. It would be considered very imface. It would be considered very ima young wife, even in country districts, to remain with hor head uncovered in the prosence if strangers. Further to tho left is one of the sugur-makers, sitting down to have a few delicious pulls at lis dearly beloved hookah. A native when at work seldom drinks much, as is the custom of lnborers in England; but when tired and thirsty squats down and takes a few long pulls from his pipe, and rises refreshednand strengthened to his work.
Standing by his side is his little son,
looking on with great interest, no doubt with lis mouth watering at the thought of the feast he will have when the boiling is ver. In tho left-hand corner, in front, is the pabe sun hine upon a cloth spread on some dr palm-leaves.
Visits unong the quiet country people re always much enjoyed by nissionaries We find them much more straightforward and simplo than the townspeople. They isten with very groat interest to the Gospol, but are afraid to act upon it with out the consent of their priests and teachers, and of course these do all they can to keop them under their influence.
However, it was to the poor chiofly that ur Saviour preached, and it is from mongst the poor in India that we have the largest number of converts.-T. R. Ecl wards, in Missionamy Herald.

## LOUISES VICTORY.

BY MIRS. W. D. BROWN
It was a warm, rainy afternoon in Sep tember. Mrs. Mende wais busy in her sew ing-room, cutting, basting, stitchiug while baby Foward was amusing himsel with clothes-pins and building-blocks on the floor beside her. The window was open a little and there was a pleasing harmony in the patter of the raindrop upon the large loaves of the grape-vint
"At school ; a penny rolled down the sob, Mrs. Meade told of the love and pity floor under iny seat; I picked it up, and Sadie French told teacher I hiad got her penny, and teacher asked mo for it, and I told her it was mine. I said papa gave it to me, and he didn't, mamma, twas sadie penny, and I-I-told a lie. Oh, dear! "Did the tencher punish you or why did you come home?" asked mamma.

She talked to me, and I gave her the penny but I couldn't stop crying and I had better come home, and I ran al the waid.

Why were you afinid ?" asked mamma
Oh, because I told such a lie !" and tears and sobs poured forth afresh.
Mrs. Meade did not speak for some minutes. She had a great horror of un truthfulness. If there was one thing she had watched more carefully than another in the character of her children, it was truthfulness. If there was one sin more hateful than another in her sight, and that he had tried to teach them to hate, it was from ood, deceit. She had always won from them tho truth, and taught them con-
stai. y that "Lying lips are abomination stial. $y$ that "Lying lips are abomination
to the Lord.". It had been taught them in a way which they clearly understood, and the good seed had fillen in good ground. The children hàd boen truthful. Thei parents could trust their word, and gain rom them the truth, even though it re verlerl their own faults. Neyer had Louise
sob; Mrs. Meade told of the love and pity
of her Heavenly. Father thatit could put this wicked thing all out of her mind, and love her just as much as before, and would blot from her life-book the sad story.
Slowly rest and peace came to the troubled heart

Now," said Mrs. Meade, "would you not like to tell your teacher all about it and ask her to forgive you?"

There was nothing in the world so sweet to Louise, just now, as forgiveness, but she was a little girl and very tind, besides, she had never walked alone from her
home to the schoolhonse, and as the mother saw her willing spirit and weak ilesh, she quickly paton waterproof and rubbers, and taking louise by the hand went with her to the schoolhouse.

I ian all the way home, mamma, just as fast as I could, and cried awfully, I couldn't help it: when I was right along here I hollered," said Louise, as they ossed from the sidewalk.
The teacher met them in the hall, and nust have read something of their crrand in the sad exprossion of the two faces before her.
"Louise tells me that she told you a falschood," said Mrs. Meade. "I think
she is truly penitent and wishes to tell you so. I am very sorry, we had thought her a truthful child.
"I am sorry, too," said the kind teachI have always depended on her word
nor has she decoived me in any way until

of the sewing machine, and the noisy glee fittle Howard over some trimmph of denly ther rains of his luaby tid not hammonize. It was the loud crying of a child, and looking out, Mrs. Meade sow her little touise rumius past the window and into the house' She pose to meet her and into the house. She rose to meebler, ind the frightened, screaming child ran little sornas hittle seven-year-old girl; a merry, happy child, always full of fun and platy, and it was altogether a stringe thing to seo her in such distress. She had tripped off to school in hour before, happy as a lark, and now her face was red, hor eyes swollen, and her little form trembling with emotion.
"What is the matter?" asked Mrs. Mende, as she threw back the hair from her loot face, and tried to sootho by loving enderness her: excited child.
Louise did not speak, but cried harder lian before.

Are you hurt? Has anything bad happened to you? Tell me why you cry

But Louise was crying so hard she could not speak.
Aro you sick? Do you ache any where?"
Louise shook her heind.
Mrs. Meado said no more, but hold her in her lap, and soothed her into quiet, while little Howard, standing by his mo her's knee, patted the tear-stained face.
"Oh, manma, I lied! I told a lie
obbed out Louse.
Where? To whom?" asked mamma.
and decidedly the mother's heurt wos pained, for this, to her, was trouble, and silent tears coursed down her cheoks, and aropped on the filir hair of her simning child. Louise siw her mother's sorrow, and the look of pain deepened in her eyes.

Did you ever tell a lie before ?" asked mamma.

No, ma'm," Louise answered.
This is very sad,", said mamma. "It has made you suffer, and me, and your teacher, and Ono who heard it first, and knew it was a lie before it passed your lips, feels how sad it is more than any of us. It is it very wicked thing, my child, but the $\sin$ is agrainst God, and the dear Jesus who loves you so dearly. Are you sorry fon this great wrong, my darling?"
"Ol, mamma, I am so sorry, and I never will do it again if you'll only forcrivo me this once !"
"Do you feel just like that to God, and can you tell him just the snme?"

Yes. I wnent to now.
Mrs. Meade led her little girl into the sitting-room, closed the door, lenelt by the side of her child, and prinyed that this sin might be forgiven and forgotten, and that the hean and monch the had boon so pollutod might be mede clean and puro hgarn, and then Louise priyyed, confessing her sin, and asking forgiveness with the
simplicity and trustfuluess of a child in whose mind there has been no conflict with doubt. Then they sati down sille by side, and with her arm around the little form that now and then slinok with a convulsive
to-day. I Im surprised and prined."
"Teacher, I am sorry; will you forgive me? I nevor will do so again if I cm help it," sobbed Louise, throwing her ams around her teacher's neck. Tears and kisses and whispered words of love and trust wore her answer.

I will not detain you from your duties, Miss Grant, and Louise, you miry return to your school. I wish you might feel to tell the scholars you aro sorry, for they all heard the untruth you told your teacher and knew about the penny, salid Mrs. Mende, as she turned to lenve.
It was a large primary school Of the seventy pupils, a few looked lovingly at Louiso as she entered; some smiled mockingly, whilo the many were indifferent, for they had no re gurd for their own word, and thought jittle or had been aught littlo of the sin of lying Could this timid little gir speak to all these ?
When the lessons for the day wero recited, and books put in order for the night, Miss Giant looked a Louise with a tender inquiving glance She came forward and stood by her teach school, snid, "I told her fice toward the the penny, It was Sadic's all the time I'm enirs and $I$ san's an the time more," and the little face hid itself.upon the teacher's shouldor.
When Louise came home that night there as a smile upon her face which still told its tale of the chastisement of suifering through which she had passed, and there was a look of serious earnestness in her oy which her mother well understoon.
rive yenrs have passed away since that dav. Sometnines something has transpired that has recalled the event to Mrs. Meade and Louise, but it is never referred to, save that Louise silys, I never have since that diay, mamma," and mamma answers with lust and confidence in her tones "No, Touise never" for this is i two story.-Golden Rule.

So tired: yet Ì would wor

## For 'heer, luord, hast Thou work

 Even for me?Small things, which others, hurrying on
In Thy blest service, swift and strong Might neversec.
So tired; yet I might reach
nower to eheer and teach
Some sadder heart;
Or.for parched lips perhaps might bring water from the spring Ere 1 depart
-Selected.

