The World is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspaper published in Canada. It knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public measures.

The World aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it, and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a metropolitan news paper.

The World is offered at a price which places it within the reach of all: $3 per annum, $1 for four months; 25 cts. for one month.

The Dominion of Canada.

Globe of yesterday: Sir Charles Tupper and Sir John Thompson of Nova Scotia and Hon. George E. Foster of New Brunswick have gone to Washington to submit trade proposals to the neighboring Government.

How is it that a journal which can see no boundary line between Canada and the United States can so plainly discern the imaginary lines dividing the Provinces? Why this persistent refusal to recognize Confederation as more than a parchment union of the Provinces? What motive could prompt this last peculiar assault upon the Canadian Government's attempts for freer trade with the United States? These questions are timely. They will mystify those who are not aware that the journal referred to has developed into an out-and-out Smasher.

The people of Canada are disposed to regard the Government of Canada as authoritative and competent without enquiring as to the color of the Premier's hair or caring what particular constituency furnishes the men of brains who constitute the Cabinet. So long as men of ability are selected to give sure effect to the expressed will of the country, there can be no complaint. Those three commissioners to Washington are not Nova Scotians, New Brunswickers, Ontarians or Quebecers, they are Canadians, the authorized representatives of this Dominion. Sir Charles Tupper does not go as a delegate from Nova Scotia, but as the expert diplomat to whom the Government has always entrusted important negotiations with foreign powers. Sir John Thompson does not go as a delegate from Nova Scotia, but as the shrewd Canadian Minister of Justice, a man whose ability all men admit and whose presence on the commission is sure to prove of inestimable value to Canada, his country. Hon. George E. Foster does not go as a delegate from New Brunswick, but as the Minister of Finance for Canada, to which position his special fitness exalted him.

It is but one brief day since the Liberal press stated on authority of one "intimate with Mr. Blaine" that the Canadian commissioners would not be received at Washington until Sir John Macdonald outlined the plan of reciprocity that he would favor, and unless this proved considerably free the commission would be refused audience. Mr. Blaine has agreed to receive the commissioners—which means that he either is satisfied with the general statement of Sir John's plan, or never asked for it.

It is foolish to suppose that the commissioners have gone to Washington without explicit instructions and a definite understanding with the Ministry as to what they will propose and what, in certain contingencies, they will assent to. The interests of Canada as a whole will be carefully guarded by the Government that represents it as a whole.

The Dominion of Canada contains one great people, and the provinces are no more at war than are the various counties of Ontario. The Smasher may seek to create internal strife and an atmosphere of suspicion, but the fact stands that Confederation has brought the people of Canada together, built up a community of interest, and rounded off the angularities of race and creed. The day is quickly passing when Smashers can accomplish anything by lending rein to their malicious discontent.

Progress of Native Literature.

Every great upheaval that has dethroned kings and cast down governments has produced a poet to make its events immortal. The majestic procession of events on this continent can no longer be sneered at—it has produced its poet, E. J. Yorke of Alvinston. He sings the Liberal cause in the local paper.

As mountain bellows rolling on,
So move we in our might;
We've long communed what course to take
And now assert our right.

There is power in that. One can almost hear the stupendous roar of the mountain bellows—evidently a very large pair of bellows. It recalls Milton's line "cease to bellow through the vast and boundless deep."

80,000 strong, with one accord,
We raise our hands on high,
Vow by the land our fathers trod
Our freedom shall not die.

An impressive scene fittingly described. The weakness of many poets is that the divine afflatus carries them away, and they are unreliable as to fact. It is refreshing to find one who can give the exact number in so large a crowd, not lazily name it "a surging host." Just imagine this 80,000 rushing along with its hands up, bellowing that freedom shall not die. It is no idle boast. They wager half the real estate of a continent on their remark.

We come not armed with pealing drum
And banners flying wide,
But silent sweep in matchless power
Like ocean's rising tide.

What a wealth of simile! They have no drum and no old flag floats above them, but like the wind bellowing through their own bold mountains around Alvinston, or the roar of the ocean as it lashes the rock-ribbed coast, they sweep on silently.

Armed to the teeth with votes we come
To seek but for our own;
Ye faithless stewarts tremble now
To reap as ye have sown.

This roaring, drumless, flagless, silent marching wave, armed to the teeth with votes, is rolling on, and will chase these faithless "Stewarts" out of the country unless they alter their style of agriculture. What's the Model Farm for if the "Stewarts" are to go on sowing and reaping in defiance of approved modern methods? Mr. Yorke has a width quite his own. He can travel the boundless universe in a second and rein his observations in four lines. We like to encourage native literature. Poetry is a fever. How it fires the heart and heats the brain that cold wedges of prose would crush to lifeless pulp! Sing on, friend Yorke, the world pauses with you.

With every apology we mention the European war cloud. It is such a very old cloud and has been so often examined that there is nothing in it for analysis at this late day. But there is a chance that trouble may come upon Europe very soon. All kinds of predictions are being made, the most startling perhaps being this: "Russia has designs on India. France and Russia are in alliance. The United States want Canada. Would it be surprising to see a war, Germany, Austria, Italy and Great Britain against France, Russia and United States?" Such a war would be regarded as very surprising. Imagine how Liberty would shriek when the freemen of the French and American Republics joined arms with the fierce despot of the North? Such a war would make the world a battlefield and half depopulate the earth. The war cloud has not this in it. The Manipur affair may turn out more serious than was anticipated, as the natives are gaining strength and planning greater battles. Russia is charged with the murder of the Bulgarian Minister to further its schemes and the Czar may seek to utilize the Manipur affair in some signal way. It is a feature of Russian policy. The inventor is doing more to abolish war than all the peace societies in creation and fear restrains the belligerent powers from unslipping the dogs of war, so great those dogs have grown.

The Globe has taken pains to impress the fact on the public that Farrer is not its editor—that he is only a writer thereon with a string to him. There is a striking similarity between the leading editorial in The Globe of yesterday and Mr. Farrer's letter in The Detroit News. The string is elastic.

Mr. Mercier, from the latest European despatches, appears to be posing as the Emperor of Quebec. He associates with royalty in Brussels, and is now in Paris negotiating for enlarged trade between his country and France. He will see about floating that loan if he has time.

The Opposition party in Hawaii is called the Reform party. The Queen is a great admirer of Canadian institutions.

The obstructionists will raise a joyful clamor this morning and attach great importance to a very simple occurrence that has interrupted the international trade negotiations. President Harrison, being anxious to attend the conference and having arranged to leave the capital at an early day, has secured a postponement of the discussion. That is the whole fact. The Canadian Government was ready to proceed, but the American authorities asked delay to suit the President.

Hands Across the Sea.

The new Australian Dominion or Commonwealth is fashioned largely after the Canadian model. It has long been foreseen that Australia has a great future, and the confederation of the different colonies under one government will do a wondrous lot towards uniting public energy in proper objects. Report has it that the first governor-general of Australia will be the Marquis of Lorne. This will probably prove correct, as Lorne will be regarded as more directly representative of Her Majesty than any other on whom the choice might fall.

Canada has viewed the development of the Australian Dominion with interest, for here not many years ago the same doubts and fears, proposals and counter-proposals puzzled the fathers of our Confederation. There are, perhaps, fewer lions in the path of the new commonwealth than in that of Canada. Isolated and without long stretches of border along which interminable difficulties may hover, Australia has every chance to work out its own destiny and live up to its great possibilities. But the troubles that beset Canada's path are of easy conquest. They are not formidable—only so far substantial that their overthrow will develop muscle and call forth the popular energies. There is a great future for these new worlds in Australia and Canada—there is force and power in each and on the same lines they face the future.

Rykert v. Blake.

Editor World: I noticed in last Thursday's World that Mr. J. C. Rykert, in an open letter to Hon. Edward Blake, alleges that the latter "accepted $1000 in gold from an American named Benedict—according to the undisputed statement of Hon. Mr. McDougall—for his influence and only returned the same to Benedict on the transaction leaking out." Messrs. Rykert and McDougall have been misinformed, and the statement is absolutely untrue. I am personally familiar with all the facts. The matter out of which this falsehood was manufactured was a Royal commission timber estate suit in which I worked up the facts, and together with the acting-executor, who was also a trustee, retained Mr. Blake, not for any alleged influence, but entirely on the ground of his great legal ability. Mr. Benedict had no interest whatever in the suit, he was an amply secured creditor of the estate and knew nothing of the suit until I and the acting-executor, on account of the executors being short of ready cash, at my suggestion called on him and negotiated a loan of $1000 for counsel fees. The commission met and Mr. Blake arranged for an adjournment of one week, which was agreed to, and then left the room to attend a chancery case.

Immediately on his going out, the acting-trustee, ignoring the preliminaries arranged by Mr. Blake, re-opened the matter, raising a discussion with the commissioners, and for his interference got a ruling on the method of procedure detrimental to us. In the afternoon, on learning that such an important step had been taken unnecessarily and in disregard of his advice, Mr. Blake did what any other leading and self-respecting counsel would have done who found his arrangements for the legal conducting of the case ignored and upset, he promptly retired and returned the $1000 fee, which was used to pay subsequent counsel.

These are simply facts, there was nothing to "leak out." The utter absurdity of "influence" is apparent in the fact that of the three commissioners who sat as arbitrators or judges, two of them were Hon. George A. Kirkpatrick and the late Hon. A. N. Richards. DAVID ARMSTRONG.
Spadina-avenue.

The Telephone Question.

Editor World: In your issue of April 6 there appears a letter over the signature of "Old Merchant" strongly denouncing the advisability of a rival telephone in Toronto. If he is a merchant, which we doubt very much, we are surprised at the tone of his letter, for what right-thinking merchant would favor a monopoly in any line of business and boldly assert that it would be wise and prudent to grant the present company a further monopoly than they at present enjoy?

He proposes to bridge the difficulty by granting the Bell company the exclusive right to operate in our city and advises them to adopt a good system, such as the new company have, and at reduced rates. A real nice way indeed, but too absurd to think of.

This new company, composed of purely local citizens, are only asking for same privilege already granted to others. Will "Old Merchant" kindly explain why they should not enjoy equal rights, and where will he get benefits if it is not from honest competition? This company is not organized for the purpose of "pooling," but to supply an urgent demand for better telephone service. The company is composed of responsible men and guarantees to carry out to the letter its propositions now before the City Council.
J. CURRY.

How to avoid corns, bunions and tender feet; go to a first-class establishment like H. C. Blachford's, 87 and 89 King-street east, for your boots and shoes and thus avoid ill-fitting and badly finished footwear, and get full value for your money at the same time. 2

Mr. Mowat is the Author and He Might Send You a Copy.

Editor World: Will you kindly settle a dispute that has arisen in our debating society during one of our weekly meetings in the Powassin School House?

One wing of our society contends that the Hon. Oliver Mowat wrote the "Evidences of Christianity," while another section, led by a local woodranger, says that it was written by the Hon. A. S. Hardy, and vehemently declares he heard him deliver passage after passage from the book in a speech he delivered on the stump at Rainy Lake.

We have heard a great deal of the book in this neighborhood and we look to you as an independent journal, much regarded here, to settle the question. Would you also kindly let me know where a copy can be had?
Powassin, April 1, 1891. MILTON CARR.

There is no earthly reason why a broken leg should cripple you financially. Take out a policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company, Toronto.

NONE TO DO HIM HONOR.

Its Godfather the Only Advocate of a Proposed Bill Respecting Stationary Engines and Those in Charge.

Mr. Tait made a desperate struggle in the Assembly yesterday to keep his title of "The People's Joe." At the request of scores of his constituents among the labor organizations he brought in a bill respecting the examination of stationary engineers and the inspection of stationary boilers. It provides for the appointment of a board of inspectors to inspect all boilers or other devices under steam pressure and examine all persons who may apply for examination and issue certificates. Any engineer operating a steam plant without a certificate shall be liable to a fine of $10 to $50. Mr. Tait moved the second reading of the bill yesterday.

It was evident that there was strong opposition to the bill. Mr. Hudson, Mr. C. Mackenzie (West Lambton), Mr. Miscampbell and Mr. Whitney all spoke against the bill.

The bill seemed doomed. No one supported it. Joe sprang to his feet again and started on an energetic defence of it, but was met with shouts of "order."

Mr. Meredith said it was clearly against the rules of the House to speak twice. It could only be with the consent of the House that these double speeches could be made.

Mr. Mowat gently remarked: "The bill has no other advocate in the House"—a remark which caused roars of laughter at Mr. Tait's expense.

Mr. Tait having obtained the consent of the House pleaded again that the bill might be allowed to go to a special committee.

Mr. Fraser at last came to the rescue. There was a good deal, he thought, to be said on both sides. Similar provisions had been enacted respecting marine engineers. In view of the number of representations made from different places in support of such a bill he thought the bill might go to the committee on the understanding that it might consider the whole question and, if desirable, report some other bill in substitution.

Mr. Meredith said it was evident that it was not the intention of the Government to support the bill. It would, therefore, be better for Mr. Tait to move for a committee to consider the whole question. One provision of the bill was out of the question whatever was done. The present bill contained a clause compelling those who now had charge of engines to "pass the necessary examination" before getting the certificate. This clause was not in the bill of last year. It would be unjust to those who had charge of engines for a long time past to compel them to pass an examination. If they failed they would lose their means of livelihood.

The bill was then read a second time and referred to this special committee, with power to report any other bill in substitution: Messrs. Dryden, Davis, Gilmour, Clancy, Wood (Brant), Mackenzie (West Lambton), Metcalfe, Tait, Hudson, Miscampbell, Fraser and Ryerside.

"This bill fixes Chester," said Mr. Meredith when Mr. G. B. Smith moved the second reading of his bill to amend the Municipal Act by providing that a petition for the incorporation of a village must be signed by 150 resident freeholders and householders, instead of 100 as at present, who have continuously resided at least six months prior to signing the petition within the said district.

Upon Mr. Waters' motion for the second reading of the bill to amend the Ditches and Watercourses Act Mr. Mowat said that a commission would be issued during recess to investigate the whole question of municipal drainage. In the meantime he had drafted a bill to simplify the assessment of costs under an arbitration. Mr. Waters' bill accordingly was dropped.

Mr. Whitney also had a bill on the paper to amend the Municipal Act in a similar respect, but in view of Mr. Mowat's remarks he said he would follow the advice of a higher authority and go down with his own little ship without hurting anyone. [Laughter.]

Mr. Meredith: "Yes, but I thought your bill was designed to help some one."

Among the bills introduced was one by G. B. Smith to amend the Insolvency Act in order to prevent a person about to become insolvent from making over property to anyone to the disadvantage of creditors.

Mr. Meredith introduced a bill to amend the Judicature Act by providing that in the case of anyone suing for compensation for injuries the judge or referee may order that the claimant shall submit to examination by medical or other experts.

ASSEMBLY NOTES.

Aid Asked For the Great Meeting of Educationists Here Next July.

A deputation consisting of G. R. R. Cockburn, M.P., G. B. Smith, M.L.A., J. Tait, M.L.A., Dr. Gilmour, M.L.A., J. L. Hughes, H. Blain, W. C. Wilkinson, W. McCabe, H. Murray, R. W. Doan, H. J. Hill, J. W. Dow and S. H. Fisher waited upon Mr. Mowat and Mr. Ross yesterday afternoon to ask for aid towards the legitimate expenses of the great convention of the National Education Association of the United States, which will be held here next July. The deputation was strong on the point that the aid they wanted was for legitimate expenses, which will amount to $9000 for rent, postage, bills, office expenses, etc. Mr. Cockburn suggested that the Government might contribute $2500 or $3000. Mr. Mowat promised to take the matter into his most serious consideration.

The Bicycle Bill.

Mr. Davis' bill "respecting the use of velocipedes on public highways," which was printed yesterday, is not so formidable as the bicyclists had feared. The first clause provides that in case any difficulty shall arise from any person using bicycles, etc., on any highway in passing any vehicle or mounted horseman, "it shall be the duty of such person to stop and in every reasonable way to assist such mounted horseman or the person in charge of such vehicle to pass him and proceed in safety." The second clause provides that bicycles, etc., running after dark over any highway shall carry a bright red light in a conspicuous place.

Toronto's Registry Offices.

Among the notices of motion was one by Mr. H. E. Clarke for a return by the registrars of East and West Toronto showing: (1) The total amount of fees earned during the year 1890; (2) the amount paid to the City of Toronto or to Government for the city; (3) the amount of remuneration paid the deputy registrar; (4) the amount paid other assistants and clerks; (5) amount paid for other purposes; (6) the average rate paid for copying per folio where payment was made in that way; (7) the number of working days in which the registrar worked full time (six hours) in fulfilment of the duties of his office; (8) the number of working days in which the registrar worked in his office half-time (three hours) or less; (9) the number of days the registrar was absent from his duties altogether and the cause of such absence; (10) the total amount received by the registrar for his personal use; (11) the cost to which the city of Toronto has been put to complete the divisions of the registry office; (12) the loss to the city in fees by reason of such division.

The Only Thing.

Mr. James Bonner, 158 Yonge-street, Toronto, Ont., writes: "I cannot give too much praise to St. Jacobs Oil, and have great pleasure in recommending it as the only remedy I could get to relieve and effectually cure me of neuralgia of the head. I have also found it of great benefit for rheumatism, and am never without a bottle of it in my house."

Settling the Night Soil Difficulty.

A sub-committee of the Local Board of Health met yesterday to confer with the night soil contractors to see what could be done to surmount the present deadlock. The people of Peel county are willing to take the night soil off the hands of Toronto if the township of York did not want it. The material could be shipped on specially constructed cars to the various points specified in the county. At present the work is being suspended. It was finally decided to request the township Board of Health to hold a special meeting to name certain places which might be used as places of deposit for the formation of composite heaps, with the offer of $500 per annum to pay township inspectors detailed to look after the contractors who carry out the arrangement.

Holloway's Corn Cure destroys all kinds of corns and warts, root and branch. Who then would endure them with such a cheap and effectual remedy within reach?

THE PUMPING STAFF.

A Discussion as to the Question of a Reduction.

The Waterworks Committee met yesterday, present Ald. Hill (chairman), Rose, Gowanlock, Bailey, Pape, Allen, Phillips and Superintendent Hamilton. A letter was read from John Bain, Q.C., written on behalf of Mr. F. B. McNamee, demanding the unconditional payment of $2000 on his contract. In this connection the following communication from Engineer Brough to Supt. Hamilton was read:

DEAR SIR,—On Saturday last I heard a rumor that Mr. McNamee had taken some of his plant out of the cutting at the Island but that he did not intend to commence work in order to complete his contract until he had received money which he claims is due him.

I consequently wrote McNamee demanding an immediate answer as to when he really intended to commence. To this Mr. Simpson, his engineer, said he was not prepared to give a definite answer. I would, therefore, ask your instruction to notify McNamee and, if he does not commence within three days, that I get permission to complete the work, in order that there may be no more delays. W. C. BROUGH.

The committee instructed the Solicitor to notify McNamee to proceed at once with the work, failing which the city will finish it for him.

Ald. Phillips presented the report of the sub-committee on the condition of the water supply. It was in effect that a new pumping well was a matter of necessity and the extension of the intake pipe further out into the lake. The report of the sub-committee was adopted. Ald. Gowanlock and Park were appointed a sub-committee to investigate and report on tenders for pumping plant. Tenders will be asked for coal and for general stores required for the year.

There was some discussion on the question of dispensing with the services of Rating Clerk John Evans. He had been in the employ of the department 35 years and at present was enjoying a salary of $1050 per annum. He wrote offering to accept a reduction of half his salary if he were retained, but as he was too old for active duty it was determined to give him three months' leave of absence on the understanding that at the expiration of that period his leave the service of the city. Ald. Park claimed that the department, particularly as regards the main pumping station, was very extravagantly conducted. There were too many firemen, and there was no use for the three oilers. The staff of engineers could do their oiling themselves. He knew whereof he spoke when he said there could be a substantial reduction in the pay-roll of the pumping station. Ald. Gowanlock and Ald. Kerr backed up Ald. Park and was again supported by Ald. Phillips. The latter instanced the fact that the five inspectors recommended some weeks ago for dismissal had not been dismissed. This was the fault of the committee and not of the superintendent, however. A sub-committee composed of Ald. Kerr, Rose, Pape, Gowanlock and the chairman was moved for, but it was withdrawn, and the report of the superintendent presented, which stated that no reduction in the pumping staff was possible, being referred back to him for a further deliverance.

Interesting to Housekeepers.

It must be very gratifying to housekeepers and proprietors of public institutions to learn that the enterprising and energetic firm of J. & J. L. O'Malley, furniture dealers, 160 Queen-street west, have had, under a heavy expense, a machine built for the purpose of cleaning and renovating carpets. It is so regulated that there is a current of fresh air continually blowing on the carpets while they are being cleaned, thus removing all the close and musty smell so often noticeable in carpets that have been on the floor any length of time. The machine has a capacity of cleaning 3000 yards a day, so that people about to start housecleaning will not be kept waiting for carpets, as they can have them taken up, cleaned and returned the same day if necessary. The reputation that this firm has gained as an old-established and reliable firm is a sufficient guarantee of the work done by them. They clean carpets quicker, cheaper and better than any carpet cleaning company in the city. Call and get their prices or telephone 1057. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Prices low.

Spooner's Copperine.

[Bobcaygeon Independent.]

It is at this period of the year that the Engineer's thoughts sorely turn to remembrances of heated axles, hot boxes and such; and he sadly wonders if a heated axle can make life in this world so unbearable, how must it be in the hereafter? The Engineer is necessarily a man of intelligence, of quick perception, and of a trained and disciplined mind. He is capable of judging a good thing when he gets it, and once he gets what he wants, no counterfeit fakes need apply. The Engineer who is worried just now about hot boxes has not tried Spooner's Copperine, otherwise he would be wondering why earth should be unhappy while Heaven leaves us Youth and Love, and Spooner gives us Copperine.

Groceries by Auction To-day.

Attention is called to the great unreserved auction of a very large stock of general groceries, teas, sugars, coffees, canned goods, etc., that takes place this day at 11 o'clock at the warerooms, No. 32 Duncan-street, near Queen-street and opposite McCaul-street. This sale affords a grand opportunity to the trade and others as the stock is large and well assorted. The sale is under the management of Messrs. Charles M. Henderson & Co., the well-known auctioneers.

Closer Relations With Great Britain.

A special meeting of the Board of Trade on Thursday, at 8 p.m., will discuss the following resolution of Mr. George A. Chapman:

The board is of opinion that the time has come, in the interests of the Empire, when closer fiscal relations should be entered into between Great Britain and her colonies, and that an import duty imposed by Great Britain on the food products of other nations with tariffs hostile to her own productions will not enhance the value of the food products of the Empire, but will materially increase the production therein and place her in an independent position for her food supply in the near future.

Mrs. W. J. Lang, Bothany, Ont., writes: "I was one of the greatest sufferers for about fifteen months with a disease of my ear similar to ulcers, causing entire deafness. I tried everything that could be done through medical skill, but without relief. As a last resort, I tried Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil, and in ten minutes found relief. I continued using it, and in a short time my ear was cured and hearing completely restored. I have used this wonderful healer successfully in cases of inflammation of the lungs, sore throat, coughs and colds, cuts and bruises, &c., in fact it is our family medicine.

The York Assizes Yesterday.

Mr. Justice Street dismissed the action of Mrs. N. C. Davies v. the Royal Templars. The same fate happened the action Martin v. Hutchinson. McCormick v. Widdifield, an action for trespass on account of the seizure of goods held by the plaintiff under a chattel mortgage, was dismissed. The defendant is Sheriff Widdifield. Wells v. Jones, an interpleader action, will be taken up again this morning.

We Claim the Earth.

We claim the earth is round, and we know it's true. We also claim that Hagyard's Yellow Oil cures sprains, bruises, burns, colds, croup, sore throat, rheumatism, neuralgia and all painful or inflammatory diseases, and we know this is true. Yellow Oil is a true family remedy for lameness or soreness in man or beast.

A Horse Show Worth Seeing.

The mounted constables of the city force will take part in the horse show on Saturday in aid of the Fresh Air Fund. The splendid horses of the Police Department will add greatly to the attractions of the show. The prizes for the coachman who handles his horses best is also a good feature, as the drivers for some of Toronto's leading families are entered. A large orchestra has been secured to furnish music at both afternoon and evening performances.

There is no earthly reason why a broken leg should cripple you financially. Take out a policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company, Toronto.

Good Advice.

If you do not want to injure your liver and kidneys don't buy baking powder in bulk. Buy the Princess or Dorwicke, both are absolutely pure and as cheap as the bad powders. Sworn to by the Dominion Government and legally sworn declaration with each package.

Toothache cured instantly by using Gibbons Toothache Gum. 246

DANGER IN THE DANCE.

Card Playing, Dancing and the Theatre Condemned by City Ministers.

Rev. Dr. Hunter presided at the meeting of the Ministerial Association yesterday. Rev. John Neil of the Charles-street Presbyterian Church read an address on "The Attitude of the Church toward Worldly Amusements." The paper dealt principally with card playing, dancing and the theatre. Mr. Neil condemned all three. The old-fashioned Scotch reel might be permitted, but round dances, such as the waltz, which originated in the "dives" of Paris, should be denounced by every respectable person. He had no objections to innocent amusements, but card playing was not one of them. Theatre-going has more effect in demoralizing the young men of this city than anything else. Every amusement should stand these three tests: Will it unfit the participant, mentally or physically, for his daily duties? will it deaden his moral and spiritual nature? and will it have a baneful effect on others? Rev. Mr. Hamilton and Rev. Mr. Macdougall agreed with Mr. Neil's views. Rev. Mr. Abbs said, "If these semi-nude figures we see posted up around the city are a correct representation of what is to be seen inside the theatre, God help those who go there." Rev. Dr. Johnston admitted that on various occasions he had been strongly tempted to go and see the best actors in high-class plays, but he didn't believe in encouraging this sort of thing and he stayed away. Rev. Mr. Milligan warned the brethren against drawing the line too close on innocent recreations, lest it should give the impression that the church was narrow-minded and bigoted. Rev. Dr. Parsons condemned dancing and the theatre in the strongest terms. He claimed that performances nowadays were calculated to stir up the sensualism of human nature. Look at the show bills around the city and see the disgusting spectacular attractions that are offered.

Rev. Mr. Neil closed the discussion. Rev. T. E. Bartley and Rev. John Dimmick were elected members of the association.

A Little Child Shall Lead Them.

Quite recently a little girl of 11 summers, the daughter of a Montreal merchant, was the means of directing to the fountain of health a well-known lady of that city. The little girl, accidentally hearing the lady complain to another about her nervous weak condition and headaches, immediately rushed forward and said: "Oh, dear Mrs. ——, won't you take Paine's Celery Compound for your sickness? Susie's mother has been using it and now she is well and happy."

Mrs. —— was so impressed with the little girl's seriousness and manner that enquiries were at once made about the matter and every word was found true. Mrs. —— sent to her druggist for a bottle of Paine's Celery Compound and commenced its use. After using the first bottle she was convinced that she had found the proper remedy for her troubles and decided to continue its use. In five weeks' time she was almost as strong as ever before, appetite good, slept well and had increased in weight. Paine's Celery Compound accomplished all this in so short a time that her friends were truly amazed and surprised.

Ladies, if you suffer as did Mrs. ——, remember that Paine's Celery Compound is able to do the same great work for you.

Twenty of the Old Guard Elected.

T. S. Campbell, gentleman, of Wiarton, through his solicitor, C. E. Stark of Tara, yesterday filed with the registrar of the Court of Appeal a petition against the return of David Porter as member of the Legislative Assembly for the riding of North Bruce. The usual charges of bribery and corruption are made. Mr. Porter was elected at a by-election, Mr. George, his opponent, having been elected at the general election in June last, but unseated on the trial of the petition filed against his return.

The count of the ballots in the Benchers' election will be completed some time on Wednesday. There still remain about 400 ballots to be disposed of. The result at the close of yesterday's count, as announced by Hon. Edward Blake, was that about 20 of the old benchers were elected, but that 400 would probably make some change.

They Want a Trip to Europe.

The committee appointed by the Association of Executive Health Officers concluded its sessions Saturday. It recommends that privy pits should everywhere be abandoned; that the dry earth system be adopted where sewerage systems do not exist, and in adopting such the municipality should make provision for systematic removal; that the most desirable method of sewage disposal is by land irrigation wherever practicable. The committee further recommended that in view of the difficulties in deciding on the best methods in use in foreign countries, the Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, the Executive Health Officer for the Province of Ontario and Mr. T. Macfarlane, the chief analyst of the laboratory branch of the Inland Revenue Department, Ottawa, be instructed by their respective Governments to proceed to England, and if necessary to the Continent, to study the most advanced and recent methods of sewage disposal practised there.

Apollo Island, Lake Muskoka.

Oliver, Coate & Co. will offer for sale at their rooms to-morrow at noon the above Island situate in Lake Muskoka. Business men can leave Toronto by 11 p.m. train (sleeping car attached), and reach the Island at 9 a.m. Steamers pass the Island daily and will call at the Island Wharf on occupancy and departure. There are few residences on the Lakes more complete, certainly none more convenient. It is distant from Beaumaris two miles and from Point Kaye one-half mile.

Wedded in Spite of La Grippe.

PHILLIPSBURG, Pa., April 6.—Miss Nora Jolly, daughter of D. A. Jolly of this place, was married yesterday to Dr. J. H. Pipes of Wheeling. Although confined to her bed with grip, the bride would hear of no postponement and the ceremony was performed.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine sold for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children

Killed Himself at His Daughter's Grave.

SAVANNAH, Ga., April 6.—Thomas Gadsden, the cashier of the Merchants' National Bank of this city, blew his brains out this morning at his daughter's grave in Laurel Grove Cemetery.

Music and Drygoods.

On Saturday afternoon and evening and Monday (bargain day) at McKendry's a select program of music by a first-class string band will accompany the lowest prices ever quoted for fancy and staple drygoods, dress goods, silks, mantles and millinery. Nobody should miss these two days at 202 Yonge-street.

North End Club.

Rev. Septimus Jones, rector of the Church of the Redeemer addressed the, members of the club and their friends at the Gospel meeting in the club rooms, 749 Yonge-street, last Sunday evening. Rev. John Neil of Charles-street Presbyterian Church will speak next Sunday.

Important and True.

No better evidence of the fact that Burdock Blood Bitters is a certain remedy for all blood disorders can be asked than that of Mr. George V. Thomas, druggist, of Hull, P.Q., whose wife was cured of cancer by B.B.B. The family doctor is certain that the disease was cancer and that it is now cured.

Cod Liver Oil.

This valuable medicine for weak lungs and debility is frequently rendered unavailable by its strong odor and taste. Caswell, Massey & Co's. Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with pepsin and quinine, entirely overcomes these objections. See letters from leading physicians. W. A. Dyer & Co., Montreal, and all druggists. ed

Speaking of Tips.

A tip is a piece of special or valuable information such as this, that Hagyard's Yellow Oil is a prompt and effectual cure for croup, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, rheumatism, neuralgia, sprains or soreness of any kind. Known as reliable over 30 years.

Watson's Cough Drops are the best in the world for the throat and chest; for the voice unequalled. Try them.

PROGRESSIVE PRESBYTERIANISM.

It Flourishes and Grows Strong in the Queen City.

The Presbyterian Church in Toronto has been rapidly growing in numbers and influence during the past few years. Eight new congregations have been organized: South Side, St. John's, St. Mark's, St. Paul's, St. Enoch's Ruth, Dovercourt and Bonar. This growth has disarranged the distribution of the city into missions districts which formerly obtained. To consider a redistribution a meeting of the Toronto Presbyterian Council was held last night in the lecture hall of Knox Church. A scheme was presented by the executive committee.

The whole question was thoroughly thrashed out, and with a few alterations in two or three of the boundaries the report was adopted.

How best to reach the masses—a question introduced by Mr. W. A. Shepard at the previous meeting—was discussed at length. Mr. Shepard, on introducing the subject, referred to the recognized fact that thousands of men and women in this city did not go to any place of worship, and asked what the churches were doing to bring them under Christian influence. Was it because the people were indifferent, or because the tone of the service was too high for their capacity, or because the clothes of the people were worn and threadbare and they did not feel comfortable seated beside those who were clad in purple and fine linen, or because they were so low down in the world that they were ashamed to be seen by decent women. However unpalatable, it was a lamentable fact. He showed how the Salvation Army was doing a noble work in rescuing hundreds of men and women from lives of shame and degradation. He spoke of Mr. Dixon's work in Richmond-street, and after estimating the needs of the masses discussed other methods of reaching them. He wound up by declaring that the church had a duty to perform in the circumstances. The discussion of the subject will be resumed at the next meeting.

Much distress and sickness in children is caused by worms. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator gives relief by removing the cause. Give it a trial and be convinced.

S.S. Carmona.

This fine side-wheel steamer, lately running in connection with the C.P.R. on the Sault route, will be brought to Toronto and placed in the service of the Grimsby Park and Lorne Park Companies, affording the public an opportunity of visiting these popular resorts during the coming season in a first-class, substantial seaworthy

A Great Blessing.

SIRS: I have taken three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters and find it a good medicine for constipation and poor appetite. I will continue taking it, as it is a great blessing and I feel a great change in my health since taking it.
MRS. J. V. GREEN,
5 Sydenham-street, Toronto, Ont.

Looks Shaky For the Alternative Plan.

D'Alton McCarthy, Q.C., Christopher Robinson, Q.C., and S. H. Blake, Q.C., are to have the question of the city's liability in the matter of the closing of Simcoe-street submitted to them. Should they say that damages would lie, then the alternative plan will be abandoned.

Messrs. Scott Bros., druggists, Danville, write: "We would direct attention to Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery, which is giving perfect satisfaction to our numerous customers. All the preparations manufactured by this well-known house are among the most reliable in the market.

New Use for Private Secretaries.

VICTORIA, B.C., April 6.—Herbert Stanton, private secretary to the Lieutenant-Governor, surprised a burglar in the act of ransacking Government House about 3 o'clock Sunday morning. He slipped out, awakened the gardener and coachman, and the trio returning to Government House captured the man while rummaging through the premises. He proved to be Herbert Stewart, a carpenter. His burglar's tools consisted of an axe.

ST. JACOBS OIL TRADE MARK
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR PAIN.

DIAMOND VERA CURA

CURES DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION
If you cannot get Diamond Vera Cura from your Druggist, send 25c. for sample box to
CANADIAN DEPOT
44 and 46 Lombard St.
TORONTO, - - ONT.

REASONS : : :
Why some Dealers Decry Domestic Manufacture.

ABOUT CIGARS

THE WHY? — majority of brands imported into Canada are made up under different brands to the ones by which the factories are identified.

THEREBY — So as to permit of large profits and compel smokers to buy at the same establishment as the majority of retailers, who handle quantities, have cigars packed under their own brands, so that they control the sale of them, enabling them to sell inferior goods at prices inconsistent with those asked for fine grades manufactured by recognized factories of known reputation.

SIZES — denote quality in all first class Havana factories, therefore it behoves smokers to familiarize themselves with the different sizes made by the several factories whose goods they purchase.

THE NOTE — *majority of sizes, as offered to the Canadian public, are not standard ones*, but are made and packed to imitate them.

FINE GOODS. — the difference between a Reina Victoria size in the "Upmann," or any other first-class Havana brand and the *same mark* in the majority of brands that are being offered as *fine* goods.

VUELTO ABAJO — It is absurd to imagine that Cigars of recognized "Vuelto Abajo" factories could be sold at prices quoted by some dealers.

$1000.00 — The district of Vuelto Abajo is recognized by all tobacco dealers to be the finest in the Island of Cuba and no other tobacco is equal in *quality*, or commands as *high a price* on the market.

WE WILL — We will forfeit the sum of one thousand dollars, to be distributed amongst the charitable institutions of this city (and every other city where this advertisement appears), if our statement that (⅞) seven-eighths of imported Cigars brought into Canada are not of "Vuelto Abajo" tobacco can be disproved.

forfeit a like sum for the same purpose, if our "La Cadena" brand of clear Havana Cigars is not manufactured *exclusively of Vuelto Abajo* Tobacco.

S. DAVIS & SONS
MONTREAL,
The Largest Cigar Manufacturers in Canada. 246

HOUSEKEEPERS
Will find here very many useful articles made from the best of rubber. Bath tubs, door mats, rubber aprons and a host of rubber sundries. Children's bibs, dolls and toys as a matter of course—all at prices that show a strong determination to do business. You can't think of anything in the rubber line that we haven't got or can't get in a hurry. Telephone and mail orders promptly attended to.
Goodyear Rubber Store
12 KING-ST. WEST

FAKES
PRIZES, SEDUCTIVE OFFERS, ETC.
We have none of the above mentioned things to offer the consumer to induce him to bu