1834.

RTY!

will be sold without

, a.m.

the cities on both
a light growth of
t, and on the west
city. The distance
ub-division is also within
of
years.

and cannot visit Sault
n there and ask about
the present Mayor of

CO.,
Sault Ste. Marie.

ment.

PIN & NEEDLE MANUFACTORY
REDDITCH, ENGLAND.
TRADE MARK

an market.
w consistent with quality.
West, and Redditch, England

TORONTO.

to General Burial Trusts have
magnificent property lying be-
ery and the Reservoir, a short
containing about

EE ACRES!

eautifully situated on the ex-
oking the romantic scenery of
nd view of the city. The pro-
large frontage to the acre and
duals or syndicates requiring
ee this at once.
pply to

KLER & CO
rokers, 4 King E. 426

RADOME,
NG-STREET EAST.
ING PROVIDERS.
S NOTHING"
uth of our pre-eminence in
AILORING.
nual origination of novel and exclusive design
arisian Modistes in Canada.
NG BARGAINS
d our special reduced making charges for this
curing your wearables not to be hoped for in
ons are grandly complete; we are adding next
guaranteed of the highest excellence available
harge. Place your commands now, it will be

NOLAN & HICKSON.

CHICORA & CIBOLA.
Season and single tickets for those fine steamers and all information at office of
CZOWSKI & BUCHAN,
Agents Dominion Line Royal Mail Steamships for Liverpool and Bristol.

The Toronto World.

T. S. L. Co. TORONTO STEAM LAUNDRY
SHIRTS, COLLARS AND CUFFS A SPECIALTY.
100 YORK-ST., NEAR KING
135 GEO. P. SHARPE.

NINTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING JULY 11. 1888. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE FISHERIES QUESTION.

UNITED STATES SENATOR HOAR'S LONG-THREATENED SPEECH.

A Plea for the "Protection" of the American Fishermen—A High Tribute to Canada and Canadian Statesmen, but "Pribble" Doesn't Like the Treaty.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—Senator George F. Hoar of Massachusetts delivered his long-threatened address on the fisheries question in the Senate this afternoon. The speech in the form of a public document makes over sixty closely printed pages, besides which the Senator felt impelled to add a summary not contained in the printed document. Mr. Hoar's address was a plea for the protection of the American fishermen, because the fishermen are the only portion of a nation that maintain unimpaired their fighting quality during a long peace.

"We pay," said Mr. Hoar, "$60,000 a year for West Point and Annapolis. Canada exported from the produce of her fisheries in 1887 a value of $6,543,388, of this we took nearly $1,500,000. Every dollar of that was a payment to our great rival, to our only possible enemy, towards the support of a naval school to which Annapolis or Greenwich is quite unimportant. The desire of Canada and Great Britain to contract within the least possible limits the fishing ground to which America shall have access and to possess themselves without obstruction of the calling which brings to this great American market its supply of fish for food and oils, has a vastly larger purpose than mere struggle for a profitable industry, important as that may be."

He said the Fisheries Treaty is not the road to honor, to safety or to power; it is not the road to the respect of Great Britain or even of Canada. Where it removes one cause of discord it will produce ten new grievances. Adherence to treaties, submission to the judgments of duly constituted tribunals, the same for both sides, will give us security. We can never have commercial reciprocity until justice and courtesy are first established. We can never live in peace with Canada if we allow her to think that the methods she has taken for the last three years are the way to concessions from the United States; we can never live in peace with England if we permit her without prompt and instant protest to try once more the experiments on our forbearance which preceded the revolution, which preceded the war of 1812, which accompanied the war of the rebellion.

The rejection of this treaty is in the interest of a true, thorough and lasting peace. We have every motive of kindred, of friendship and of commercial interest to live in amity with the Mother Country and with the young power which is rising on our northern boundary, whose frontier for more that fifty degrees of longitude stretches side by side with our own.

We look with no contempt or dislike upon Canada. We are glad to see the spirit of her young nationality stirring in her veins; we behold with admiration the growth of her magnificent railroad system and the courage and enterprise with which her statesmen are adding these new links to the chain with which England like a mighty snake is winding her coils about the globe.

Sir Charles Tupper and Sir John Macdonald may well give lessons to both sides of this chamber. Canada is not afraid to create or to control the great railroads that are essential to her commercial prosperity, she does not send away her famous engineers when they place their genius at her command, humbled and baffled, from her legislative chamber to die in sorrow and disappointment. She is not afraid to build a ship railway, or even to create a navy, but when she asks us to abandon our inherent right to her tender mercies, to build up a naval school for her by giving her fishermen our market, she asks what is neither fitting for us to yield nor for her to receive.

I do not like the present treaty. It leaves the American sailor to be bullied and insulted without redress and abandons the American right to the fisheries, older than the nation itself, which the valor of our fathers won for us and the wisdom of our fathers preserved for us.

An allusion by the speaker to the lack of special ability on the part of the American negotiators of the treaty was taken up and contested by Senators Pike and Gray. Mr. Hoar thought that if Messrs. Frye, Scott or Woodbury had been selected as the American representatives a more satisfactory treaty would have been agreed upon.

At the close of his speech Mr. Hoar was complimented by a number of the Senators on his side of the House.

The Pitcher Case.

MONTREAL, July 10.—In the Pitcher examination to-day Cashier Johnson gave further evidence as to the identity of the money found on the prisoner with that stolen from the Union Bank of Providence, and Broker Terroux identified bills of exchange bought by the accused.

Mr. Holton, Q.C., who acts for the Providence bank, received the following telegram from a London, Eng., bank:

"Have received from James A. Robert (Pitcher's assumed name while here) a letter dated Montreal, June 28, instructing us to remit by telegraph transfer £20340 to Edmund Guerin, advocate of Montreal, and a letter from the latter confirming the request. We have no funds of Roberts' in our hands and do not take any action in the matter. We are acting on your instructions in regard to the contents of the Roberts packet."

The Calm Before the Storm.

WINNIPEG, July 10.—No evening preceding election has ever before been as quiet here as this and comparatively little interest is taken in the fight to-morrow. Interest centres in North Winnipeg, where it is expected that Treasurer Jones may be defeated, and in Kildonan, where it is reported a number of Norquay's native supporters have been invited to a steamboat excursion from which they won't return until after the polls close.

The Northern Pacific officials have again returned here and had an interview with the Government.

Hamilton Notes.

HAMILTON, July 10.—Grocer Daniel Henry was fined $30 this morning by the Police Magistrate for selling liquor in less quantities than required by law.

John Connors of Barton Township was fined $7 at the Police Court this morning for using profane and threatening language to his wife.

St. George's Benevolent Society held their annual meeting last night. The Treasurer's report for the half year showed receipts $1953, disbursements $1611.

A "Queer" Operator Arrested.

SARNIA, July 10.—W. O. Parsons, a prominent contractor, was arrested at Shedford last night on a charge of counterfeiting. He was brought here this morning and remanded for a week. There was found in his house and on his person about $600 in bills and American silver. Parsons is mixed up in the counterfeiting work on which Charles Johnston, now in jail here, is held.

$400 Reward for a Murderer's Arrest.

QUEBEC, July 10.—The Government offer $400 reward for the arrest of Morrison, accused of the murder of Bailiff Wesson at Lake Megantic, June 28.

CHAT ACROSS THE CABLE.

The Dublin Nationalists are organizing a demonstration in honor of Mandeville on the occasion of his funeral.

Sarah Bernhardt made a successful appearance in La Tosca at the Lyceum Theatre in London on Monday night.

An army bill will be introduced in the Austrian Parliament in the autumn providing for an increase of 10,000 men annually in the number of recruits, and providing that the army on a war footing shall comprise 4 per cent. of the population.

It is stated that measures will be taken to induce French landlords to sell their estates and quit Alsace-Lorraine.

QUEBEC FINANCES.

The Scheme for the Conversion and Consolidation of the Provincial Debt.

QUEBEC, July 10.—In the Assembly this afternoon Treasurer Shehyn brought down a message from the Lieutenant-Governor transmitting resolutions for the conversion and consolidation of the provincial debt.

The resolutions, which are quite lengthy, provide for calling in the whole of the current debentures of the province, either by redemption in cash or exchange for new debentures.

The Provincial Treasurer is given power to raise by loan a sum equal to the whole amount of the present debt bearing a rate of interest less than 4 per cent. for the purchase of the present debt, but it is provided that the Treasurer shall fix a date within which the holders of the present debentures shall exchange them for the new issue or be paid in cash, the only alternative being a forced reduction of interest from the present rate to the new one.

This last clause, it is claimed, is illegal, and the bondholders threaten an appeal to the courts to test the legality of the proceeding.

When the resolutions came up this evening they were adopted without amendment and a bill founded thereon read a first time. On the second reading Mr. Desjardins, the financial critic of the Opposition, objected to the clause giving the Government power to effect a forced conversion of the debt and dubbed it equivalent to a repudiation of the financial engagements of the province. He said that the clause was unjust and calculated to injure the credit of Canada.

He moved in amendment that all the negotiations be conducted by the Treasurer without any intermediary, hoping thereby to defeat the Government's agreement with the Credit Foncier of Paris.

Mr. Mercier said that the amendment was a ridiculous one and would, if carried, only lead to the resignation of the Government.

After a scene in which Mr. McShane as usual was a prominent figure, Mr. David moved a sub-amendment expressing confidence in the Government, which was carried after a long debate.

PARTY STANDARD BEARERS.

East Elgin Conservatives Will Select a Candidate for the Local on July 11.

ATLMER, July 10.—The Executive Committee of the Conservative Association of East Elgin met here to-day, and decided to hold their convention here on July 17, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the coming election to fill the vacancy in the Local House caused by the death of the late Mr. T. M. Nairn.

Nominations in Nicolet.

MONTREAL, July 10.—Nominations took place in Nicolet County to-day for both the Dominion and Provincial Houses. For the Federal Parliament two Conservatives were nominated, Messrs. Archambault and Boisvert. For the Local the nominations were: Mr. Tourigny (Con.), and Mr. Turcotte (Nat.).

Charges Against Dr. Mackenzie.

BERLIN, July 10.—Dr. Gerhardt, acting under the directions of the German doctors who attended the late Emperor Frederick, has drawn up a report stating that early in 1887 the German physicians pronounced the disease from which he was suffering to be of a cancerous nature. They decided to open the larynx, and preparations were made to perform the operation on May 20, when Dr. Mackenzie saw Frederick and declared that the disease was not cancer, and opposed an operation. Dr. Mackenzie removed a portion of the growth which Prof. Virchow examined, but there was no proof that the piece was taken from the actually affected part. Dr. Gerhardt examined Frederick's throat after the establishment had been removed, and accused Dr. Mackenzie of removing a piece from the unaffected part of the throat instead of from the diseased part. Dr. Mackenzie replied that it was possible he had done so. The German doctors have protested against Dr. Mackenzie's treatment throughout. Prof. Von Bergmann corroborates Dr. Gerhardt's statement and gives the reasons why he lost confidence in Dr. Mackenzie.

Great sale of Summer Parasols, selling at less that half price, 89c! to select from. Hunt's, 336 Yonge-st.

Elopers Arrested.

TOPEKA, Ks., July 10.—The eloping couple from St. Louis, Henry W. Moore and Mrs. John W. Norton, were arrested at the Copeland House in this city this afternoon upon a telegram from the St. Louis Chief of Police. The warrant upon which Moore was arrested charges him with the larceny of $15,000 in money and a diamond ring, a scarf pin and a collar button, the property of John W. Norton. It is understood that the latter will institute proceedings with a view of placing his wife in an insane asylum.

Chairman Hoge Arrested.

CHICAGO, July 10.—Chairman Hoge of the Grievance Committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Chairman Murphy, occupying the same position in the Firemen's Brotherhood, were arrested this morning on a charge of conspiracy. The much-talked-of circular in which Hoge is alleged to have requested Brotherhood men to hire themselves secretly to the "Q" road and to disable the engines, is said to be the basis of the charge against Hoge.

The Wisconsin Faster.

RACINE, Wis., July 10.—A large number of people visited John Zachar, the Caledonia faster, yesterday. It was the fiftieth day of his remarkable fast. Zachar talked pleasantly with his visitors on all subjects but that of his fast; on that he enjoined silence. He has grown much weaker during the last three days. He has still strength enough to walk from the house to the tree under which he can be found at any hour of the day.

A Hotel Manager's Suicide.

PORTSMOUTH, N.H., July 10.—Fred A. Fosaith, manager of the Webster House, went to his room last night, undressed, tied one end of a strip of cloth to his feet, the other to the trigger of his gun, placed the muzzle in his mouth and blew his brains out. Having so vacate the Webster House and a recent suspicious fire in the premises are supposed to have been the cause.

The Mormon Church Troubles.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 10.—Receiver Dye compromised yesterday in the matter of the Mormon Church property. The receiver keeps what property he has seized and has been paid $157,666 in cash. Further proceedings are to be dropped pending the hearing of the appeal in the United States Supreme Court.

Gen. Sheridan's Condition.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., July 10.—Gen. Sheridan passed a quiet night and continued comfortable to-day. Hopes are expressed that the favorable conditions may continue and that the work of permanent improvement may be entered upon.

U. S. Crop Averages.

WASHINGTON, July 10.—The Department of Agriculture makes these July general averages of condition: Cotton 86.7, winter wheat 75.8, spring wheat 95.9, corn 93, oats, 95.2, barley 91, winter rye 95.1, spring rye, 96.8, tobacco manufacturing leaf 89.

The Ohio River Floods.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., July 10.—The floods continue and the destruction to property along the Little Kanawha and Ohio rivers is greater than in 1884, when the great flood came.

"Q" Brakemen on Strike.

KANSAS CITY, July 10.—All the brakemen on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway here struck this morning.

Deacons Hanged.

ROCHESTER, July 10.—Edward Alonzo Deacons was hanged this morning for the murder of Mrs. Ada Stone on Aug. 16, 1887.

The Great Seed Man Dying.

ROCHESTER, July 10.—Hiram Sibley is at the point of death.

THAT SENSATIONAL FIASCO

SALIENT POINTS IN THE GREAT TIMES CASE.

An Autumn Session of Parliament Probable—The Canada-Australian Cable—Among the Bishops—A Striking Scene at the Mansion House.

LONDON, July 10.—In view of the time already spent in the House of Commons over the Local Government Bill and the vast amount of business yet involved by the measure, although the Cabinet has not decided upon it, it looks extremely probable that Parliament will hold an autumn session. The clauses of the Local Government Bill referring to London, the wheel and the wine taxes will be pressed. Also the bill to drain the Irish rivers. The district council clauses, however, will be dropped.

In the House of Commons this evening, Mr. Smith, the Government leader, moved that precedence be given daily to Government business during the remainder of the session. He asked the assistance of the House in making the County Bill workable. He hoped the bill would pass next week. If the members lent their aid to facilitate business the Government would be enabled to adhere to their program of promoting bills for Imperial defence, for local reforms, for the creating of a Ministry of Agriculture and for several Irish measures. If the work was progressed Parliament would adjourn in the early part of August and reassemble in October. After some discussion the motion was agreed to without division.

Telegraphic communication with Australia and New Zealand is entirely suspended. A special steamer will leave Java on July 12 carrying telegrams for Australia and New Zealand which should be despatched from London not later than 8 p.m. to-morrow (Wednesday). This interruption has revived interest in the cable via Vancouver to Australia, and pressure is being brought to bear on the Imperial Government to grant the subsidy asked for, which would guarantee the success of the enterprise.

PARNELL AND THE TIMES.

What Impresses the Public—A Leaf from the History of Kilmainham Jail.

LONDON, July 10.—The points about the great Times case which have most impressed the public, are Mr. Parnell's "old Forster" letter to Mr. Egan and Mr. Frank Byrne's letter from Cannes acknowledging the receipt of Mr. Parnell's check. As regards the former, I understand that all who have examined the document are satisfied of its genuineness. The body of the latter is in the handwriting of one of Mr. Parnell's fellow-prisoners. It is known by whom it was passed out of Kilmainham, a person in whose hands the writer was as safe as he would naturally have supposed himself to be with Mr. Egan. The precautions taken were so complete that even if it had been intercepted in transit no suspicion would have attached to the writer. As Mr. Parnell says he never wrote such a letter, of course the signature must be a forgery, but I believe there is no doubt that the letter was committed in Kilmainham prison on the date given, namely, January, '82. In the earlier period of Mr. Parnell's imprisonment he came under punishment for attempting to bribe a warden to carry out a letter for him. Afterward, communication with the outer world was carried on freely without expense or serious risk.

In an interview last night Mr. Parnell said he believed that Home Rule would result in the establishment of an Imperial Parliament in which England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales and the Colonies would be represented. Each country would also have a separate legislature to manage its own affairs. The Imperial Parliament would be elected on a wide franchise. The House of Lords, Mr. Parnell also believed that the next general election would result in the return to the House of Commons of a majority of 120 Gladstonians.

The Bishops at the Mansion House.

The scene at the Mansion House on Wednesday was very striking. One hundred and ten bishops never dined before in England under the same roof. The prelates from the States do not, like their Anglican colleagues, wear purple court dress, but appear in ordinary garb, and it was somewhat difficult to realize that some of the stalwart, moustached men present, looking more like guardsmen than clergymen, were actually bishops of English dioceses. A very interesting figure was the venerable black bishop, Dr. Crowther, who looked for all the world like a picture of "Uncle Tom" in Mrs. Beecher Stowe's immortal work. Another was the Bishop of Michigan, who was a cavalry officer in the civil war. A third was the tall, gaunt Bishop of Minnesota, Dr. Whipple, with flowing hair encircling his shoulders, who is better known as an apostle to the red Indians. Some of the bishops well known to London were welcomed back again—such as Dr. Barry, primate of Australia; Dr. Anson, well remembered as rector of Woolwich, but now Bishop of Qu'Appelle, and Dr. Mackray, Bishop of Rupert's Land. A good many Irish bishops were present, all wearing skull caps. The Archbishop of York made a capital speech, urging that the Prime Minister's bill for creating life peers was a great reform for continuing bishops as members of the Upper House. The speeches were homely and to the point. The seven hundredth Lord Mayor of London, the first Papist who has occupied the civic chair since the Reformation, welcomed the 92nd Archbishop of Canterbury and the 108th Bishop of London. The Primate made a genial, kindly address. The Bishop of Minnesota, for the American prelates, and the Bishops of Calcutta and Sydney, for the Colonial bishops, also spoke. In fine, Independence Day, the band played a charming selection of American airs, and subsequently "The Star-Spangled Banner" with variations.

President Diaz Re-elected.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 10.—Yesterday the electoral colleges met throughout the country and voted for President, three members of the Supreme Court, members of Congress and one Senator in each state. So far no opposition whatever has been made to the re-election of President Diaz.

JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

"Diana Barrington," a romance of Central India, has just been added to Bryce's library of novels.

The attention of the retail hardware trade is directed to the advertisement of Suckling, Cassidy & Co. They will sell in detail at auction to-day, commencing at 9.30 o'clock, the stock of H. W. Sheppard, late of Yonge-street, consisting of hardware, paints, house furnishings, etc.

The prize lists for the Electoral District Flower Show at the Horticultural Gardens on Wednesday and Thursday of next week has been issued. The band of the 13th Battalion, Hamilton, will play on the evenings of both days.

Lovell's Classified Business Directory of Montreal for 1888-9 will be published next August, a perfect guide and good advertiser for all. Parties wishing to subscribe and advertise can send their address to F. X. Clermont, Toronto Postoffice, agent for Toronto, until next Saturday. Price per copy $1.50, payable on delivery of the book.

Among the largest advertisers in Toronto are T. Milburn & Co., the proprietary medicine firm. A World man was shown through their establishment the other day by Mr. John R. Allan, who is favorably known to all the newspaper men of the country in connection with their business.

The scholars and friends of All Saints' Sunday School held a successful picnic at Long Branch yesterday. Between 200 and 300 went out on the Rupert.

An item appeared in The World of July 2 to the effect that the sailing skiff Little World had been capsized the day before in the Island lagoon. The report was entirely unfounded, as the boat was not that day near the Island, but at the very time the upset is said to have taken place her owners were sailing her up the Humber River, and had no accident whatever.

Editor World: There is a nuisance at Wilton-avenue and Victoria-street which the people are complaining about very much. Stone is dumped there and left for days without apparently being utilized. Could you inform me what means I should adopt to stop this?—SUBSCRIBER.

THE COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE.

The Trustees Meet and Discuss a Variety of Business.

The Board of Trustees of the Collegiate Institute met yesterday. Mr. James Lobb presided and there were also present Messrs. N. C. Love, Ex-Ald. Pepler, A. MacMurchy, Wm. Houston, T. A. Mulvey.

The Chairman read a letter from their Solicitor, EDWARD Douglas Armour, expressing the opinion that the new board is not constituted as a board of corporation until the establishment of the additional school at the end of the civil year. The present board could meet as a body as before and lawfully transact all requisite business. In the solicitor's opinion it is not necessary to give notice to the newly appointed trustees. He thought it would be wise to call in the new trustees to all meetings at which any business is transacted with reference to the additional school or to the affairs of the new corporation.

The reading of this letter led to an animated discussion. Its tenor was supported by all the trustees except Mr. Houston. This gentleman argued that the new trustees had a right to attend and that it was very desirable they should.

Mr. Houston gave notice of this motion:

"That advantage be taken of the addition of two teachers to the staff of the Institute to enlarge and improve the commercial course, and to entrust it as far as possible to a single teacher who shall be known as the Commercial Master."

ELECTRIC CARS FOR TORONTO.

A Project of More Rapid Transit for the Northern Suburb.

The day is approaching when the bobtail as well as the ordinary horse car will be unknown except as a relic of the past. Electricity is rapidly taking their place, and its success is becoming so great as a motor for street cars that is is somewhat surprising that we have not had it in operation in Toronto long ago. The railway in St. Catharines is a great success, and is now being extended to Niagara-on-the-Lake. There is also an electric railway in Windsor, and they are coming mote into general use since it has been found possible to do away with the overhead wires and to let each car carry its own motive power.

The residents and property owners of North Toronto have evidently been considering this question, as at a meeting held yesterday, at which Messrs. Robert Simpson, N. Garland, J. W. Moyes, C. D. Warren, Dr. Badgerow, G. W. Banks, E. J. Stewart, Wm. Smith, A. T. Johnson, H. G. Charlesworth, Mainwaring, Robertson, Grover and T. H. Monk were present, a resolution was unanimously carried advocating rapid transit to and from our northern suburbs, and a committee consisting of Messrs. Simpson, Smith, F. J. Stewart, A. T. Johnson, A. B. Lambe and H. G. Charlesworth was appointed to look into the matter and report to a future meeting.

THE ARCHDIOCESE OF TORONTO.

The Priests Send a Strong Petition to the Holy Office for Reforms.

The World is in a position to give a fair summary of what was done at the meeting of the priests of this diocese, held here on June 20 last. A memorial was signed in triplicate and sent to the Holy Office praying: (1) For the affirmation of the decrees of the Council of Baltimore in so far as the diocese of Toronto is concerned; (2) for the right to elect their own bishop; (3) for the rule of the canon law. This petition was supported by every priest, with the exception of one of the administrators; the other said under the circumstances he would not sign it, but his sympathy was with it entirely. Father McBride, the late Archbishop's secretary, signed the petition or a part of it, but when he saw the unanimity of his fellows asked for leave to second the motion making the conclusions of the meeting unanimous. The priests of this diocese expect the priests of the Diocese of Hamilton to take a similar stand.

HER COUSIN CLAIMS THE TRUNKS.

The Relatives of Jenny Irving Call at Police Headquarters.

The only new development in the Jenny Irving case was the calling at Police Headquarters last night of a relative, Thomas E. Smith, residing at 170 Sumach-street. He had come to claim the trunks of the dead girl, and the detectives will have them down from No. 10 Mission-avenue to-day. The World that Jenny had come to Toronto four years ago with Mrs. Smith, of whom she was a distant relative by marriage. He had not seen very much of her of late, but knew nothing wrong about her. He positively identified the hat found on Conger's wharf, and has no doubt but that the girl is Jenny Irving.

Inadvertently in yesterday's issue the address where the deceased girl's trunks lay was given as No. 10 McCaul-street. It should have read No. 10 Mission-avenue.

—Health cannot be maintained without good digestion. Try Adams' Tutti Frutti Gum as an effectual remedy for indigestion. Sold by all druggists and confectioners everywhere. 5 cents. x

From Police Blotters.

Reuben L. Wilson of 30 Dovercourt-road was arrested yesterday at the instance of Dominion Superintendent of Police Sherwood, in connection with the Charles Johnston counterfeiting case. He was taken to Sarnia last night. A forged $5 U. S. certificate was found in his possession.

Detective Inspector Stark and Inspector West of No. 2 Division are away on their holidays.

Mary Ann Horsnell, 58 Lombard-street, is a prisoner at Headquarters on a charge of felonious assault on Kate Kelly, alias Hamilin. The injured woman is in a precarious condition in the hospital.

Policeman Mitchell arrested a man named Harry Beverley at the foot of York-street yesterday, after he had jumped into the bay in a fit of delirium tremens. He gave his address as 596 Manning-avenue.

Edward Green, 155 Centre-street, and Denis Henry, residing at 174 on the same thoroughfare, were arrested last night on suspicion of being concerned in the Singer Brothers' burglary at 25 West Market-street. Green has a bullet in his leg, which goes to prove that Policeman Craig's shot did not go very wide of the mark.

Kate Cardo, the girl who is claimed to have been assaulted by her father, was arrested last night as a necessary and material witness in the case.

Sons of Canada over the Don.

Maple Leaf Lodge, No. 4, Sons of Canada, held its fortnightly meeting Monday night in Poulton's Hall, east of the Don, when these officers were elected: President, Wm. McLatchie; Vice-Presidents, Henry Bolton, Thomas Woods; Chaplain, Wm. Coggins; Rec. Sec., Geo. Monteith; Fin. Sec., Dr. J. A. Burgess; Treasurer, Wm. Bolton; Stewards, Walter Pearson and A. Murdock; Guard, Verner Richardson; Assistant Guard, W. J. Smithson; Delegates to Grand Lodge, W. Bolton, W. Pearson, J. G. Chester, W. Coggins, J. Woods, J. Lackey and W. McLatchie; Auditors, John Sero, Geo. Monteith, J. G. Chester; Lodge Physician, Dr. John A. Burgess.

This lodge meets the second and fourth Mondays of every month, and extends a hearty welcome to all native-born Canadians to join its ranks.

THE NONPAREILS.

Nonpareil Lodge of the Sons of Canada met in Richmond Hall last night, admitted several new members and received a financial report which showed the lodge to be in a flourishing condition. These officers were elected: L. G. Harris, President; J. M. MacCallum, M.D., and W. Paine, Vice-Presidents; J. Meyerhoffer, Recording Secretary; W. H. Darlington, Financial Secretary, and William Benson, treasurer.

The London Deputation at Montreal.

MONTREAL, July 10.—Mayor Cowan of London, Ont., with Aldermen Vining, Skinner and Boyd are in town. The object of their visit was to wait upon Mr. Hickson of the G.T.R. with a view to induce that gentleman to rebuild the car and locomotive works which four years ago were burned out in London. A basis of agreement was arrived at. Mr. Hickson will meet the deputation in Toronto in about a month and conclude arrangements.

THE COLD WATER CRUSADE

ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE.

The Delegates Arrive from Far and Near—The Arrangements—Demonstration Last Night—Moderate Drinkers "Bloody Hard-Hearted Workers of Iniquity."

The annual convention of the National Division of Sons of Temperance will be opened at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning in the theatre of the Normal School. Over 100 delegates will attend. It is thirty-seven years ago since Toronto was selected by the Sons for this purpose.

Most of the representatives expected arrived yesterday and registered at the several hotels. Among those already in the city are the following officers and past officers of the National Division: M.W. Patriarch Eugene H. Clapp, Boston, Mass.; W.W.A. James S. Rawlings, Baltimore, Md.; M.W. Scribe Rev. R. Akker Temple, Halifax, N.S.; M.W. Treasurer James H. Roberts, Boston; M.W. Chaplain Rev. Geo. H. Hicks, New York; M.W. Conductor Mrs. Amer, New Brunswick, N.J.; M.W. Sen. Dr. M. C. Parker, Homeopath, S.C.; P.M.W.P. B. F. Dennisson, Philadelphia; P.M.W.P. J. N. Stearns, New York; P.M.W.P. Gen. Louis Wagner, Philadelphia; P.M.W.P. B. F. Jewell, Boston; G. Scribe R. T. Smith, Baltimore, Md.; P.M.W.A. Chas. A. Everett, Fredericton, N.B.; P.M.W.A. Edward Carswell, Oshawa, Ont. and P.M.W.P. Bro. Bradley, Washington.

Officers of the Grand Division of Ontario who have arrived from a distance are: G.W.P. Thos. Webster, Paris, Ont.; G.W.A. Wm. McRossie, Kingston; G. Scribe W. H. Bowell, Whitby; G. Chaplain Rev. J. H. Dowling, Colborne; G. Con. James Churchill, Bradford; and G. Sen. J. B. Johnston, Kingston.

Among the gentlemen yet expected are Sir Leonard Tilley and Gen. Cleary of Ohio.

Yesterday afternoon a special session of the Grand Division of Ontario was held in Association Hall. All of the officers of the division previously mentioned were present, as well as Grand Treas. G. M. Rose of this city. Delegates to the convention were received, and some routine business transacted.

The committee entrusted with the duty of arranging for the reception of the visitors is composed of Hon. G. W. Ross, J. W. Manning, G. M. Rose, John McMillan, Henry O'Hara, W. H. Orr, Thomas Caswell and W. H. Brooks. This evening a public reception to the officers and members of the National Division will be held in Association Hall under the auspices of the Grand Division of Ontario.

Meeting in the Queen-St. Methodist Church.

Last evening a meeting was held in the Queen-street Methodist Church under the auspices of the Grand Division of Ontario. The chair was occupied by G. W. P. Thomas Webster of Paris, and on either side of him were seated Grand Chaplain Rev. Mr. Hicks, P.M.W.P. J. N. Stearns, M.W.P. Eugene H. Clapp, P.M.W.P. B. F. Dennisson, P.M.W.P. B. F. Jewell, P.M.W.A. Edward Carswell, P.M.W.P. Bradley.

The chairman, in a few introductory remarks, reviewed the progress of the Order in Ontario since its introduction into the province at Brockville about 48 years ago. He then introduced Bro. Jewell of Boston.

Bro. Jewell said that the Order of the Sons of Temperance knew no country, no province, no clime. Its members stood in one grand bond of union for the temperance cause. The temperance question was the most important question of the day, as it was interwoven with the social and political life of the country. The speaker then forcibly depicted the evils of intemperance, and said that the enemy was still be "Down with the saloons." The liquor interest was active, organized and determined, and it had to be met with organization and determination. The cause of temperance, he argued, was the cause of God.

Bro. Stearns was next called upon. He explained that he had been so suddenly required to speak he was in the position of the clergyman who delivered his sermons impromptu so that the devil would not know what he was going to say. He admitted that in the United States there was more liquor consumed during the past year than during the previous one. But there were more people to do the drinking, and it was certain that there were now more prohibitionists than ever before. Moderate drinkers presented the greatest difficulty in the progress of the temperance cause. They took a drink once a week or once a month. Many of this glass they refused to vote for prohibition or local option. Consequently they exerted a greater influence for evil, and against the cause of temperance, than the common drunkard. Bro. Stearns then illustrated the power which example in good or evil exerts, and closed his address by stating that carefully compiled statistics announce that while the drinker averages only 35 years of life, the total abstainer averages 64 years.

Rev. Mr. Hicks was introduced to the meeting. He told his audience he once heard a temperance advocate say that "the moderate drinker was a bloody, high-handed worker of iniquity." At the time he was a moderate drinker himself, and he felt that he had been insulted. But he soon acknowledged that the description was a true one, and joined the Sons of Temperance. Temperance people had to fight alone for the cause of temperance. No one else would assist them. In the grand work temperance literature exerted a powerful influence. It provoked inquiry, created thought and produced conversions.

Bro. Clapp delivered an eloquent address, urging the necessity for the union of temperance people on "both sides at the line."

Bro. Bradley denounced as false the idea that "it did not pay" to work for the temperance cause. It paid to work for any righteous cause. Not only in heaven did the reward come, but in this world also, as was evidenced by the gratitude of poor creatures who had been saved from the demon of drink. Anything that was right in the sight of God must succeed, and, therefore, the cause of temperance must ultimately triumph. If the laws of the country were made by its women the temperance millennium would not be far distant.

Bro. Dennisson announced that there were 17,000 Sons of Temperance in the State of Pennsylvania.

Bro. Ed. Carswell delivered a brief address full of humor and replete with interesting anecdotes.

The meeting was then brought to a close with the singing of the National Anthem. In the intervals between addresses the choir of the church sang appropriate hymns. The audience was a large one and included many ladies. Among those present was Rev. J. C. Quinn, formerly of Manitoba and the Northwest Territories but now of Dakota.

In a Business-like Way.

The committee charged with investigating the City Commissioner's department, of which Ald. Dodds is the chairman, has had but one meeting since its appointment. It will be called together shortly when a mass of information will be submitted to it, which will enable the members to deal intelligently with the subject. This information is the result of numerous communications which the chairman has caused to be sent to all the principal cities in the States and Europe, asking for information as to the local methods of managing this department of civic work. The replies will be printed and presented to the committee in such shape that the members can understand the points at a glance.

The Central Bank and the McDonald Estate.

It has been decided by the Central Bank liquidators that, in the interests of the bank's debtors, it is advisable for them to take over the D. Mitchell McDonald estate from the assignee. Accordingly a motion will be made in chancery desiring the assignee to hand over the estate to the bank on an agreement that all the creditors will be paid a dividend of 25 cents on the dollar.

Father Clow Heard From.

Father Clow, after a lengthy slumber, is going to give a grand dog-swimming and dog-racing contest in the near future.

Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, Minute Books, Price and Memo Books. Best goods only. Grand & Toy, Leader-lane. 231

STANLEY WILL OPEN THE FAIR.

His Excellency Will be Here Sure—A Great Room on Hand.

The Industrial Exhibition Board met yesterday afternoon. Mr. Withrow presided. Things in connection with this year's fair are having a big boom.

The chairman presented a lengthy report on the necessity for the extension of accommodation in the grounds for wagons, etc. To secure this as economically as possible it is suggested that extra dairy buildings be put up elsewhere and that the present building for that purpose be raised six feet, which, with an excavation of four feet would give two buildings of 50 ft. x 100 ft. One of these would be used as a dining hall and the other for a fruit exhibition. The report also pointed out the necessity of better means of ingress to the grounds.

A large number of encouraging communications were read. A letter was read from Mayor Clarke stating that the Governor-General was certain to open the fair. The Mayor of Vancouver, B.C., wrote saying that city was going to co-operate in securing a good show for the western provinces. Hon. T. Greenway, Premier of Manitoba, wrote announcing that the province would be largely represented.

Manager Hill reported that the applications for space already exceeded those of any other year, and that Manitoba, British Columbia, East and West Algoma, the Northwest Territories, Haliburton, etc., had already applied for nearly all the space in Agricultural Hall, leaving the Board no other course but to greatly increase the space.

A lengthy discussion took place on the report of the Finance Committee to carry out the chairman's suggestion of last year. The committee stated that the cost of raising Agricultural Hall, etc., would be $8557, alterations to kitchen and lunch bar about $150. The cost of the alterations in the railway station was not stated. The committee recommended that all steamboat and railway passengers should in future enter at the Dufferin-street gate and that the present railway and steamboat entrances be closed. Plans showing all the proposed alterations were submitted. The report was then adopted.

The C.P.R. and G.T.R. have agreed to give the same terms for ordinary trains as last year, and the special excursions will be a little cheaper than any previous season. It was decided to invite the members of the Dominion and Ontario Governments to the opening and to close the grounds to the public on Aug. 1.

The president reported that he had seen the City Council as regards the renewal of the lease, etc., but the final decision of the Council has not yet been given.

The date of the fair is Sept. 10 to 22.

Walking Sticks and Canes—largest assortment and cheapest in Canada. Oak sticks ten cents each, Ash only five cents. Alive Bollard, Cheap Tobacconist, 199 Yonge-st. 136

The Judge and His Hack Fare.

Mr. Charles Brown, livery stable proprietor, was charged yesterday at the Police Court with demanding a higher rate for the use of one of his hacks than allowed by tariff. Judge McDougall was the prosecutor. He stated that he engaged a hack from the defendant's stables on Saturday, June 30, and he and his wife were driven from the corner of Church and King streets to Heydon Villa, the residence of the Judge, Bloor and College-street west. The tariff rate was $1, but the defendant sent him a bill for $1.25. His Honor stated that he brought the charge against Mr. Brown because, being a Police Commissioner, complaints had continually reached him of overcharges by livery stable men, and a case having occurred with himself he considered it his duty to have it inquired into. Mr. Brown explained to the court that he interpreted the tariff to permit him to charge by the hour. On the occasion referred to by Judge McDougall the driver was away for an hour and a half, which would entitle him to exact $1.50 as his charges. The Magistrate held Mr. Brown's contention erroneous and fined him $1 and costs or 10 days.

Cash Register for sale, $175, cost $225. Mars & Co., 300 Queen-st. west.

At the Police Court.

The Police Magistrate yesterday sent