Baron Hayashi On the Situation

Interview With Japanese Minister in London Reviewing the Struggle.

Poor Harvest in Manchuria Will Render Russia's Position Desperate.

London, May 3.—Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister here, said to the Associated Press today: "The immediate result of General Kuroki's success will probably be a movement on Fenghuanchang, which the Chinese have fortified with their usual brick structures. Since the commencement of the war the Russians doubtless have added earthworks, but their loss of guns yesterday must seriously diminish their defensive strength.

"I understand that Russia had only 100 guns in Manchuria. If that is the case her artillery strength has been diminished almost one-third.

"They fight well, those Russians, and Fenghuanchang will not be taken without a hard struggle, unless General Kuropatkin again changes his plan of campaign. The announcement that the Russians would not contest the crossing of the Yalu has proved as we thought, to be misleading. Thirty thousand men is far too large a body for a general to face the enemy with if they merely intended to hamper his movements. Kuropatkin evidently meant to make a determined resistance, but he either under-estimated our strength or disposed his forces in the belief that we would not venture a frontal attack.

"I take from the despatches received that we have now practically secured control of both banks of the Yalu. In consequence our base will probably be moved to Antung.

"I expected yesterday's battle would be more decisive, especially in view of the number of Russian troops opposed to us. Its significance must largely depend upon our ability to pursue the enemy."

Reviewing the whole future of the struggle that has just commenced in such deadly earnestness on land, Baron Hayashi said: "The duration of the war must lie rather with Russia than with Japan. For the moment the military advantage is with us, for Kuropatkin has extended his front, and we can strike where and when we will. Our aggressive movement may be carried on to Mukden, perhaps to Harbin or further, but before long there must come a stage of the campaign where Russia will assume the role of the invading power, and where we must act solely on the defensive. From the beginning it has been so, and our aggression is, and has been, but a means toward the eventual repulsion of an invading army.

"General Kuroki himself probably cannot say at this moment at exactly what point our aggression will be changed into the defensive. Kuropatkin, so I believe, says he will not undertake to drive us back until he has 300,000 men ready to take the field. I think that at least 5 per cent. of that force will die from sickness, so that to keep his force at the maximum required, Kuropatkin will always have to be transporting 15,000 men from St. Petersburg; no small task.

"This year's harvest in Manchuria, I learn, promises to be bad. A million Russians there, in addition to the army, must be fed. We have, or shall have, closed every source of food supplies except by the Siberian railroad. Even with double track and no men or munitions of war to transport, the problem of feeding the Russian population and army now in Manchuria would be in itself intensely serious, but with a single road, which is Russia's only vital sinew, it seems almost impossible and famine appears inevitable.

"With this dreadful accompaniment of war, there is only too likely to be a rising among the Manchurians. They may attack the Russians or they may attack us. Either case is bad enough to contemplate.

"To help us sit down and wait all these contingencies, we are working day and night on the Korean railroad, and by October the finished portions of the road between Fusan and Seoul will be completed and a new line from Seoul to Wiju will also be ready. Locomotives are coming from the United States, and as soon as they arrive we will have a strong and rapid line of communication through all Korea, which almost touches our own mainland, and we will not be likely to suffer from want of supplies or reinforcements.

"As regards Port Arthur and Vladivostock, the situation is somewhat different. I cannot say anything about the movements of armies that have been mobilized, but there is no doubt that the Liaotung peninsula will, if only success attend our land forces, be cut off from supplies. Neither Port Arthur nor Vladivostock can be taken from the sea front, but I think you will find Port Arthur either taken by our land forces or starved out by September. The Chinese are smuggling provisions into Port Arthur now from Chefoo, but only to an immaterial extent, and that will soon cease.

"Vice-Admiral Togo will doubtless remain on watch outside Port Arthur. By September, when the hurricane season comes, he should be able to safely house his fleet in a Japanese port. No fleet, Russian or Japanese, could be particularly effective then. I scarcely think Russia will send her Baltic fleet to face our autumn hurricanes."

Referring to the long period which elapsed between the declaration of war and the land fighting, Mr. Hayashi said: "The waiting which taxed the patience of the rest of the world, has been a busy and exciting time with us. Our troops have been continually marching and working in anticipation of striking the blow which would initiate the campaign in Manchuria.

"The most unfortunate incident of the campaign up to date is Vice-Admiral Kamimura's misfortune in missing the Vladivostock fleet. It seems from here that it was a pity the vice-admiral did not stay outside that port instead of trying to find the Russian in the open sea."

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.

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for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates all poisonous matter from the body.

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for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

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Sassulitch Was Too Stubborn

Dreadful Slaughter on the Yalu Contrary to Kuropatkin's Orders.

Now Claimed That the Japanese Loss Exceeded Three Thousand.

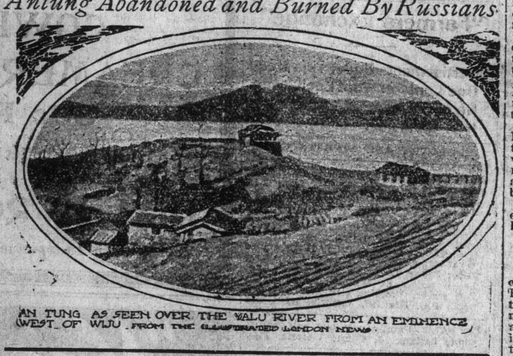
Attack New Chwang.

St. Petersburg, May 3.—Lieut.-General Sakashoroff, in a despatch dated May 2nd to the general staff, says: "On May 1st, two vessels, apparently torpedo boats, approached to within a distance of six kilometers from the west of Siniuchin, west of Haichi. At first two steamers were observed cruising near the coast, then a squadron of ten vessels sighted steaming toward the northwest. No ships were sighted in the neighborhood of Yinkow."

St. Petersburg, May 4.—The official report of the appearance of a number of Japanese ships off Kaiping and Siniuchen on the west coast of Liaotung peninsula, below New Chwang, foreshadow the disembarkation of Japanese troops with the intention of cutting off Port Arthur.

The war may now be said to have begun in deadly earnest.

Antung Abandoned and Burned By Russians



ANTUNG AS SEEN OVER THE YALU RIVER FROM AN EMINENCE WEST OF WIJU. FROM THE ILLUSTRATED LONDON NEWS

from it if at some future day it had to be used for traffic of a serious character," indicated a desire to remind the German people that their relations with France are doubtful. This is important in view of the fact that there is at present no diplomatic incident of the remotest gravity pending between the French and German governments.

Indeed, from all outward appearance, there is not a cloud on the European diplomatic horizon, and consequently it is not surprising that the French people are unable to account for the German Emperor's manifestations of ill humor with France, otherwise than that he is displeased at the renewal of friendly relations with England and Italy.

BANKER AGAIN ARRESTED.

New York, May 3.—Wm. Muirhead, former president of the Globe Surety Company, was arrested today for the second time as a result of his connection with the suspended securities company. The complainant in this case is Max Kaplan, a manufacturer of artificial flowers, who alleges that he borrowed $300 from the Globe Security Company and repaid it, but that the note given was not returned. Yesterday Kaplan alleges he received a letter from the First National Bank, Mountville, Pa., saying that the bank held the note and demanding payment.

PORT SIMPSON.

Schooner Diana Has Trouble With Crew—Ore Shipments Commenced.

Port Simpson, B. C., April 28.—The schooner Diana has been in port for nearly a week. She belongs to the Victoria sealing fleet. After arriving at this port a part of the crew deserted and the rest became drunk and were arrested by Constable Flewin. They had their hearing before Justice of the Peace Kergin and two of those who were in the trouble were fined $50 and costs, while one was fined $25 and costs.

There is to be some ore shipped from properties owned by Mr. Stewart, of Seattle, on Portland canal. It is stated that this ore will pay about $600 to the ton. It will have to be brought out by pack trains a distance of fifty miles, and which will cost $40 per ton. Mr. Creasy of this town states that he will do the packing of ore from his mine to tide water.

Chief Dudeword of the T'Sampeans Indians is sealing on the west coast of Queen Charlotte island. Seals are to be found in this vicinity yet to some extent, but their fur is of an inferior quality.

There is still great anxiety about the terminal point for the Grand Trunk Pacific road. Of course it is firmly believed that the road will come to Simpson, but until the company finally makes its selection, there is a hesitancy which borders on stagnation as to the beginning of enterprises and business.

DR. WOODEND ARRESTED.

Prominent New York Operator Is Charged With Grand Larceny.

New York, May 3.—The police had been searching for Dr. Woodend for several days. A warrant had been issued against him charging him with grand larceny. Today the district attorney's office received a telephone message from John Wanger, Woodend's attorney, saying that Woodend was at his home and ready to surrender himself. A detective sergeant went to the house a few minutes later and placed him under arrest. Woodend said he had not been far away from New York. He returned home he said because on Sunday he read in the newspapers that he had been accused of grand larceny. Woodend was held in $5,000 for a hearing on Thursday. Woodend was arrested on a warrant issued on the complaint of E. H. Goodwyn, of Parksburg, W. Va., who alleges the loss of $8,600. While in the courtroom Dr. Woodend said: "I will make a statement later that will clear me entirely on the charges made against me. That is all I will say now." The safes in the office of Woodend & Co. were opened today by a representative of Receiver Gruber, but little of value was found. In one of the safes the searchers found a few shares of various stocks which had probably been held by the firm as security and $23 in money.

DREW COLLEGE BURNED.

Carmel, N. Y., May 3.—Drew college, one of the pioneer educational institutions for women in the country, was destroyed by fire today, entailing a financial loss of fully $100,000, with only $25,000 insurance. The big dormitory which housed more than a hundred students, the members of the faculty and a number of servants, was the last building to catch fire, and all escaped with their personal belongings. The fire started in the Smith memorial hall, and when discovered was beyond control. One by one the several buildings were swept away. The cause of the fire is unknown. Drew college was conducted under the guidance of the New York conference of the Methodist Episcopal church.

BRAZIL PREPARES FOR WAR.

Rio Janeiro, May 3.—It is rumored that orders have been issued for the mobilization of the Brazilian troops and for the concentration of all the forces in the first military district at points on the frontier where Peruvian troops are reported to have crossed into Brazil.

THE CAPTURE IS NOT CONFIRMED

Taking of New Chwang Lacks Confirmation in the Latest Advices.

London, May 4.—The Daily Chronicle's report of the capture of New Chwang is not confirmed from any quarter, and it is hardly likely it is true. However, official despatches seem to indicate that the Japanese are directing their attention to this point.

A special despatch from St. Petersburg asserts that Lieut.-General Sassulitch fell into an ambuscade owing to the Japanese intercepting a telegram from General Kuropatkin.

According to the Standard's St. Petersburg correspondent, General Kuropatkin is recalling the troops from the neighborhood of Gensan. He is, the correspondent says, opposed to fighting many minor actions.

The Standard's Shanghai correspondent, says that before evacuating Antung, the Russians expelled the population by forces. He adds that the Pekin government has refused General Ma's request to be permitted to expel the Russian troops from the west of the Liao river.

The correspondent at Shanghai of the Daily Telegraph says it is understood that all noncombatants, officials and valuables have been removed from Dalny, and that all the guns from the disabled warships at Port Arthur have been taken ashore to the forts.

The Daily Mail's Chefoo correspondent reports that the Japanese fleet is off Port Arthur.

BOILERMAKERS STRIKE.

New York, May 3.—A general strike of the members of the Brotherhood of Boilermakers and Iron Shipbuilders in the shipyards and shops throughout the metropolitan district is threatened against the "open shop" which is now in existence in the shipyards here, though unionmen are employed in many cases. There are 5,000 boilermakers employed in the district with 2,500 helpers. Conferences of the employers and employees have ended in a deadlock.

RUSSIAN ACTIVITY.

Seoul, Saturday, April 30.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—The activity of the Russians in the province of North Ketsang, Kyong, Korea, continues. Five hundred Cossacks are reported to have advanced to Kiljua, a town on the coast, about 170 miles north of Gensan, and a second party numbering 340 men, is twenty miles behind the first. It is said that the Koreans are repairing roads to facilitate the movements of the Russians.

THE TERRITORIAL CATTLE SALE

Fourth Annual Auction of Pure Bred Stock to Be Held At Calgary.

The time is fast approaching when auctioneers Paisley, Johnston and assistants will wield the hammer at Calgary, and those who are "in the know" declare that the task is not by any means going to be an easy one. The growth of this sale has been truly phenomenal, and demonstrates beyond doubt that the stockman of the West is progressive enough to appreciate the great advantage of being able to examine hundreds of bulls before making his final selection and that when the animal he wants is brought under the auctioneer's bid is as good as his neighbor's, and to secure his choice of bulls he will only be required to pay a shade more than some one else is prepared to give for the same animal. The system is eminently fair both to buyer and seller. Animals bring their true value and buyers do not have to pay fancy prices for inferior bulls or cows. Individuality tells every time, but good breeding also receives its due consideration.

The entries for the fourth annual association sale of pure bred cattle, which takes place from the 11th to the 13th of May, have now closed, and the number has far surpassed expectations. At the first sale in 1901 sixty-four head were offered; in 1902 two hundred and twenty head were listed; in 1903 the number reached two hundred and sixty-eight, while this year about four hundred entries have been received, making a very substantial increase over previous years' sal. The breeds that will be represented at the forthcoming sale are Shorthorns (227), Herefords (130), Galloways (16), and Aberdeen Angus (6). There are males and females of each breed entered. These animals will be collected from no less than twenty-three railway stations in Assiniboia, Alberta and Saskatchewan. The total shipment will aggregate about twenty-five carloads in addition to 120 head, which have been produced around Calgary and will be driven in to the sale by trail.

In connection with the horse fair which takes place on the 10th of May, a new departure has been decided upon in adding a foal show. The pure bred cattle show, which takes place on the same date, will also be well patronized. There is now no doubt whatever that this year will witness at Calgary the largest stallion show ever seen in the West. Entries are now being received and indications are that at least sixty or seventy stallions will line up before the judges. W. S. Sparks of Canterbury, England, and W. S. Conn of Ottawa will judge horses, and Robt. Miller of Stouffville, Ont., and A. P. Ketchen, assistant to the Dominion Live Stock Commissioner, will officiate in the cattle classes.

Very satisfactory arrangements have been made for transporting spectators and buyers to Calgary for the auction sale and shows. Tickets for the general public will be issued from all stations in Assiniboia and Alberta between Moose Jaw and Banff to Calgary and return at a single fare. Tickets will be issued only on May 8 and 9, good to return until May 14, 1904. Members of any of the Territorial live stock associations outside of the above district should purchase single fare tickets and obtain standard certificates, which will entitle the holder to secure a return ticket free at the Calgary ticket office. Passengers from the province of British Columbia attending the sale and conventions at Calgary should also purchase single fare tickets and obtain standard certificates, which will entitle them to a free return ticket at the Calgary ticket office after being signed by the secretary of the association at Calgary.

In addition to the sale and shows, very important live stock conventions will take place at Calgary during the second week of May. The following is a list of the various meetings and other events as far as they have now been arranged for: Annual meeting of the Territorial Cattle Breeders' Association in City Hall Council Chamber at 8 p. m., May 9; annual meeting Territorial Horse Breeders' Association, same place and hour on May 10; spring stallion, foal and pure bred cattle show at Victoria Park morning and afternoon on May 10; public joint meeting in Alexander Hall at 8 p. m. on May 11; annual auction sale of cattle in the pavilion, Victoria Park, on May 11, 12 and 13. The annual meeting of the Western Stock Growers' Association will be held at Calgary on May 12.

THE GREAT STRUGGLE

Intensely Exciting Situation Developed in Manchuria.

Russians Said to Be Retreating Before Victorious Japanese.

Kuropatkin Said to Be Preparing for Retreat Upon Mukden.

Fierce Battle Fought Between Kuroki and Kuropatkin Ended in Victory for the Japanese—Russian Loss Said to Be Very Heavy—Kuroki Said to Be Pursuing Retreating Enemy—Kuropatkin Said to Be Preparing for Retreat Upon Mukden—Port Arthur Cut Off—Russians Said to Be Starving Out Port Arthur—Russian Fleet Said to Be Off Port Arthur—Japanese Said to Be Preparing to Cut Off Retreat of Russians Who Are Retreating Before Victorious Japanese—Russian Loss Said to Be Very Heavy—Russian Loss Said to Be Three Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Three Thousand Five Hundred—Russian Loss Said to Be Four Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Five Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Six Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Seven Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Eight Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Nine Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Ten Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Eleven Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Twelve Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Thirteen Thousand—Russian Loss Said to Be Fourteen Thousand—Russian 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