

The Colonist.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1895.

A CAMPAIGN LIE NAILED.

The Times of yesterday evening in what purports to be a telegram from Ottawa, dated December 21, says: "Dr. Bourinot, the highest constitutional authority in Canada, has given his opinion that it is unconstitutional and utterly impossible to give a controller a cabinet seat."

In answer to a telegram from Col. Prior informing him that his name had been used by the Opposition here as an authority that he is not and could not be made a Cabinet Minister, the Colonel received the following telegram:

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 21, 1895. Hon. Col. Prior, Victoria, B. C.: In reply to your telegram I have to state that no expression of opinion whatever has emanated from me concerning the constitutional or any other aspect of proposed Cabinet arrangements.

(Signed) J. G. BOURINOT. Here we have a specific denial of a positive statement by the Ottawa correspondent of the Times, made by the only man who could deny it authoritatively. The telegram from Dr. Bourinot proves beyond the possibility of a doubt that the statement supposed to have been made by the Ottawa correspondent of the Times is nothing more nor less than an impudent lie. Who is to say how many of the statements in the Times about Mr. Prior's appointment have been fabricated in the same way? Dr. Bourinot's telegram is of itself sufficient to throw doubt on all the election statements of the Liberal organ, for if it can publish as news such an audacious untruth as the one we have quoted and exposed, it will not scruple to publish other untruths equally audacious on other subjects. False in one false in all, is a sound maxim.

"A BARGAIN'S A BARGAIN."

There are some who seem to forget that the denominational minority in Manitoba hold their rights by precisely the same tenure as the denominational minority in the Province of Quebec. The agreement which Manitoba made with the Dominion secures to the minority the right to appeal to the Governor-in-Council from any Act of the Legislature of that Province. This agreement binds both the Province and the Dominion. If Manitoba can ignore or disregard the conditions of that agreement the Dominion can also disregard them when carrying them out in good faith is unpleasant or inconvenient. What is, we ask, to become of the Dominion if the different parties to the federal compact consider themselves at liberty to refuse or neglect to perform its terms? It can easily be understood that if the Confederation is to hold together, if the union of the provinces which compose it is to continue, all the provinces must strictly fulfil their part of the bargain. None of them should be regarded as "coerced" when it is required to carry out in the way prescribed the covenants of its agreement.

UNDER A MISAPPREHENSION.

In the course of his remarks on Thursday evening, Mr. Templeman said that "He recognized the right of the Province to cabinet representation; he fully believed it would be a moral advantage to have a Cabinet Minister from this Province, and that had we one in past years possibly the trade question would not be in the position it is to-day. Holding these views, he felt all along that if Col. Prior were a full fledged minister he would not care to oppose him."

It is not to be supposed that Mr. Templeman really believes that there are two kinds of Cabinet Ministers—those that are full fledged and those that are callow, or that there are in the cabinet two rows of seats, one for those who have votes and one for those who are not entitled to vote. He surely knows that a seat in the cabinet is a seat in the cabinet, and that the man who is appointed to fill it is at once invested with all the powers, privileges and immunities of a member of the cabinet. If he had been intelligently advised, or if he had kept himself posted on the subject of the constitution, he would have known that no law that can possibly be enacted could make a member of the cabinet more a member of the cabinet than he is after he has received the appointment of the Premier and has taken the oath of office. Mr. Templeman should have known that the offer of a seat in the cabinet carried with it the offer of all the power, both in council and out of council, that any member of the cabinet possesses. He should have seen at once that when Mr. Prior was offered a seat in the Cabinet by the only person in the Dominion empowered to make him the offer, and had accepted that offer, he was, as Sir Mackenzie Bowell expressed it, "a member of the Cabinet, and have just as much voice in the affairs of the Dominion as I have." He must see that to come to any other conclusion was to assume that members of the Cabinet are of two classes, or that the Premier of the Dominion did not know what he was doing when he offered Col. Prior a seat in the Cabinet and appointed him to that seat, assumptions so absurd that it would be impossible for any man fit for the position which Mr. Templeman aspires to fill, to make. It only remains for us to conclude, in view of the

declaration which Mr. Templeman made at the meeting, that he accepted the nomination of the assembled Liberals while laboring under a complete misapprehension as to the position which Col. Prior occupies. If he had known that there is only one class of members in the Cabinet, and that any one member is in Council the peer of all the other members, it is fair to presume that he would have firmly rejected the offer of the nomination. There is no excuse for his being an hour longer under any misapprehension as to Col. Prior's status in the Government. Ever since his acceptance of the Premier's offer he has been a member of the Dominion Cabinet.

A CONSTITUTIONAL LAWYER.

Senator McInnes took upon himself to act the part of constitutional lawyer for the Liberals at Thursday night's meeting. The Hon. Mr. Richards had to take a back seat in the presence of the self-satisfied Senator. Yet Mr. Richards is supposed to know something about constitutional law. The Senator declared that there was "a good deal that was suspicious about the messages that appeared in the papers relative to the facts that Col. Prior had been offered a subordinate position, and one that does not and cannot entitle him to what we have been fighting for, namely cabinet representation in the Dominion government." If Senator McInnes knew as much about the British Constitution and the Constitution of the Dominion as a Senator should, he would know that there is no office under the Government that entitles the man who holds it to a seat in the Cabinet. Let him ask the Hon. Mr. Richards and he will find that this is right. The Senator continues: "That was the view he took on Tuesday evening from a general knowledge of the circumstances, but since then he had been able to give the matter further consideration and he was now fully of opinion that unless Col. Prior was made a minister out and out, or until special legislation is passed making controllers cabinet ministers, the position offered does not carry with it cabinet representation."

If the Senator would condescend to consult Mr. Bodwell he would find that the law does not make a man a cabinet minister, and the law has nothing to do with his dismissal when he is dismissed. He will find, if he reads constitutional law a little, that the Cabinet is a very peculiar institution, and, powerful as it is, the law has little or nothing to do with it. He would know, too, that Col. Prior has been appointed to the seat in the Cabinet by the only person who has the power to place him in that position, namely, the Prime Minister. This he can do whether the appointee is superior or subordinate. Provided he is a Privy Councillor, the Premier can make him a colleague whatever may be his position or his station in society. A man after he has been Dominion Senator for several years should be acquainted with the A B C of the constitution under which he lives and works.

If the Senator consulted any intelligent lawyer's clerk of two or three years' standing, he would learn that his quotation from Bourinot was altogether irrelevant, and had, as the song says, "Nothing to do with the case."

SENATOR MORGAN.

The man who has been most prominent in throwing obstacles in the way of paying the damages incurred by the United States in illegally seizing British sealers on the high seas is Senator Morgan. This Senator was a member of the Paris Board of Arbitration. It is spoken of by the New York Times as the judicial arbitrator, and this is what that paper says of his qualifications for the position: "For some inscrutable reason Senator Morgan of Alabama was appointed by President Harrison as one of the representatives of the United States to the tribunal of arbitration which met in Paris in 1893 to consider questions submitted to it in relation to the protection of seals in Behring Sea. A person more unfitted by temperament and mental characteristics for such a high judicial function, dealing with international questions, could hardly have been found in the United States, as Senator Morgan has just been showing by his speeches in the Senate. The Times then goes on to say: "The tribunal consisted of seven members, and five 'points' were submitted to it for decision. On two of these the decision was unanimous, but they bore only incidentally upon the controversy about jurisdiction. On two others, which involved only questions of history, to be determined by a fair examination of records, Mr. Morgan's was the only dissenting voice. On the fifth and most important point, neither Judge Harlan nor Mr. Morgan joined in the decision, but it was rendered by the other five arbitrators, including those who represented the disinterested nations of France, Italy, and Sweden and Norway. As the United States had agreed by solemn treaty to consider the result of the proceedings 'as a full, perfect and final settlement of all questions referred to the arbitrators,' it would be most unbecoming for the government to claim thereafter that any one of those questions was still open, and the last man in the world who could do so with dignity and with decency was a man who had been a minority member of the tribunal."

Messrs. Lemon & Gonnason have recently patented a very convenient and compact clothes drier, the local sale of which has been placed in the hands of Mr. James Pilling.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Forwarding the Cargo Brought by the "Empress"—Mica Discovered on Vancouver Island.

Claim Jumping at Trail Creek—Copper Ore in the Okanagan District.

(Special to the Colonist.) VANCOUVER.

VANCOUVER, Dec. 20.—A special train left yesterday with mails and passengers brought by the steamer Empress of India, for the purpose of overtaking No. 2, and thus making connection with the Atlantic which would otherwise have been impossible. The cable being down between Vancouver and Victoria, no language to a witness, which complicated matters, as the chief magistrate sat on the bench with the police magistrate and declined to concur in Mr. Russell's decision.

Mr. Nosse, Japanese consul for Canada, has received word of the death of his elder brother, Prof. Y. Nosse, of Tokio, Japan. Prof. Nosse received his M.A. in both the Pacific University of Oregon and the Michigan University.

Ald. Queen used threatening language and hostile gestures towards ex-Sergeant Hayward. The ex-sergeant gave the alderman a drubbing. Police Magistrate Russell fined Mr. Hayward \$10, which he refused to pay on the advice of counsel; but as he was being led to the lock-up he paid under protest. The end is not yet. It appeared in evidence that Ald. Queen referred to Mayor Collins in foul language to a witness, which complicated matters, as the chief magistrate sat on the bench with the police magistrate and declined to concur in Mr. Russell's decision.

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At a meeting of the Ratepayers' Association T. L. Lloyd was nominated for Ward 1. Subsequent meetings were made secret by a resolution to the effect that representatives of the press be not allowed to attend.

There are eleven vessels in port with a capacity of 17,000 tons. Police officer Crawford has been suspended for alleged irregularities.

NANAIMO.

NANAIMO, Dec. 20.—Louis Hazevis and Louis Lyrouhel, who have been up the coast of this island, have discovered a large quantity of sand or finely granulated rock which has the appearance of carrying a very high percentage of gold, but a very careful assay of similar looking sand some time ago, indicated that it carried mica.

Considerable damage was done to the telephone system yesterday by the heavy weight of snow, and it will be a few days before the service is again in use.

The boys' school was formally closed yesterday for the Christmas holidays in presence of a large number of parents and friends.

St. George, No. 122, Daughters of St. George, was duly instituted last night by District Deputy Sister Penketh, assisted by P. P. Sister Bradbury and P. P. D. Sister Hilbert.

NANAIMO, Dec. 21.—On Thursday evening at an influential meeting of the North Nanaimo Liberal Conservative Association, Mr. James Haggart, whose name has been mentioned in connection with the Liberal Conservative candidature for the Dominion Parliament, was elected to the position of secretary.

Ashlar Lodge, A.F. and A.M., will hold its installation of officers on St. John's day, Thursday, December 27, by a banquet in the hall in the evening.

Mr. R. Sparling, provincial grand master, L.O.L., is expected to visit Wellington during the holidays. He will deliver a lecture in the opera house, on the objects and principles of his order, and at the conclusion will be entertained at a banquet by his brethren.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Dec. 20.—The first dance under the management of the Cowichan Institute was held at the agricultural hall yesterday. There was a good attendance, and the evening was spent in a happy and enjoyable manner. There is fair sleighing here, the roads being in good condition after last night's frost.

VERNON.

(From the News.) F. H. Latimer, C.E., who recently returned from Camp Hewitt, where he and his partners have completed assessment work on the Farmer mineral claim, is convinced that a big thing is in sight in that camp, where in all the claims rock continues to increase in value.

A mining deal, which in magnitude is entitled to rank high among any that have yet been consummated in the province, has been recently carried through by Messrs. W. T. Thompson of Fairview, S. S. Fowler of Chicago, Henry White of Bonnyard Creek, and Austin Hamner of the Southern Okanagan. They have secured fourteen claims in the famous copper camp and White's camp, and their ability to carry through any enterprise in which they may become engaged is beyond dispute. The deal was a joint one between two and three hundred thousand dollars.

CHEMAMINUS.

CHEMAMINUS, Dec. 20.—The Gospel Temperance Mission held a meeting in the Chemainus schoolhouse on Monday evening last. Rev. Mr. Miller, of Cedar district, occupied the chair and sketched the work and object of the mission. Although not a member of the society, he said he fully intended to become one, and would co-operate heart and hand in this grand movement. Mr. McDiarmid gave a short address on Temperance, expressing a strong desire to see it taught systematically in the public schools. Rev. Mr. Spencer, of Duncan, discussed the same subject.

The effects of alcohol on the human system." Rev. Mr. Leaky, of Duncan, followed, urging the necessity of the union of all temperance organizations. In closing he invited all who were willing to come forward and sign the temperance pledge. The meeting was held in the Chemainus schoolhouse, the members of the roads prevented a large attendance it was a very profitable and successful meeting. It was announced that the next meeting would be held in the Chemainus Landing schoolhouse.

Numerous giant trees now block the roads, the result of yesterday's wind storm. Owing to the recent fall of snow, which has left the roads in a very disagreeable state, the Chemainus school has not been in session for three days, the pupils being unable to attend.

Chinamen have been at work on the Chemainus river making a new passage to prevent the washing away of the land.

A very pleasant social gathering to witness the christening of Mr. Horace Davies' infant son was held at the residence of Mr. Porter, his father-in-law, on Tuesday evening.

REVELSTOCK.

(From the Kootenay Mail.) Ten narrow-gauge cars for transporting ore over the Trail & Rossland tramway arrived from Lethbridge this week. Two locomotives are expected for the same service.

J. M. Kellie, M.P.P., left on Thursday for Rossland and other points in South Kootenay. He will doubtless get the views and wishes of his constituents as regards the legislation needed for their several localities.

A correspondent writing from Rossland this week regarding the prevalence of claim jumping in the Trail Creek camp says: "Claim jumping is the order of the day here at present. The professional jumpers are paid by the lawyers to claim owners to survey over prior locations and are causing owners of prior locations no end of trouble and expense. The bum jumper will go on a claim and give the lawyer half interest in the claim he jumps to plead his case at court."

MIDWAY.

(From the Advance.) It is reported that Messrs. Farrell & Midgeon intend shipping five tons of ore from the Stenwinder to make a test of the ore. Samples that have been assayed have always given very satisfactory results, which it would be pleasing to know were verified by a smelter test.

Samples of ore from Mr. Graham's Ingram mountain claim are well worth looking at to any one who understands the different forms in which copper is found in ores. Recently, from the 45-foot tunnel, a vein almost a foot and a half wide was struck of what is known as copper glance, which assays some 75 or 80 per cent. copper and from \$10 to \$15 in gold. As soon as Mr. Graham will put a large force of men to work on these propositions and thoroughly develop them.

TEMPLARS ON A TOUR.

Victoria West lodge members took a little excursion to Port Townsend on Friday and the same evening paid a visit to Jefferson lodge I.O.G.T. of that place. A delegation of Port Townsend Templars met the visitors at the steamer and entertained them very hospitably, providing a concert and a banquet in the evening. The Victoria people expressed themselves as delighted with their trip when they arrived home by the Sehome yesterday morning. On Thursday evening Triumph lodge No. 16 met in the Masonic lodge, Esquimalt, and after initiating two members spent several hours very pleasantly in social enjoyment.

The members of the Scandinavian society, "Valhalla," have decided to hold their weekly entertainment on Christmas eve, instead of as usual on Thursday. The committee having charge of the affair are decorating the hall in holiday green, and besides having the usual dance and supper, which latter on this occasion will include the proverbial Danish "Juletrold," are making arrangements for a quartette of Swedish ladies, a guitar solo and other special features, to be included in the programme.

At the last meeting of Fernwood lodge, C.O.O.F., M.U., the following officers were elected for the ensuing term; L.M., Bro. A. S. Robertson; P.N.G., Bro. A. R. Shuk; N.G., Bro. J. R. Westcott; V.G., Bro. W. J. Coates; secretary, Bro. G. E. Wilkerson; financial secretary, Bro. T. W. Carter; treasurer, Bro. W. J. Dwyer; conductor, Bro. E. Hawk; warden, Bro. Wm. Jackson; trustees, Bros. J. Walsh, R. Porter and A. S. Robertson; auditors, Bro. W. T. Fullerton, Wm. Jackson and B. Cooper; finance committee, Bros. J. R. Westcott, Robertson and Cooper; surgeon, Dr. Ernest Hall; R.S.N.G., Bro. F. E. Holden; L.S.N.G., Bro. Andrews; R. S.V.G., Bro. R. Shaw; O.G., Bro. L. Sharpe; I.G., Bro. B. Cooper; sick committee, Bros. Fullerton, Cooper, Robertson, Jackson, Sharpe, Saw and Shers.

Loyal Dauntless lodge, No. 177, of the C.O.O.F., Manchester Unity, meets on Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock, with Bro. Welsh, N.G., in the chair. The chief business is nomination and installation of officers for the ensuing quarter. L.O.L. No. 3610 had their officers installed during the week by P. D. G. M. Sherrit; W.M., Geo. Grimason; D.M., G. Kirk; chaplain, John Furnival; recording secretary, E. G. Young; financial secretary, Geo. Neill; treasurer, Geo. Wilson; D. of G., Jas. McMillen; lecturer, Geo. R. Barber; committee, Wm. McMillen, A. McIntosh, Rev. Dr. Campbell, H. Hedwin, J. T. Braden. On retiring from the chair Bro. Wm. Duncan was presented with a beautiful past master's jewel by the members of the lodge. Capital lodge also, of the L.O.L., elect their officers to-morrow evening, and there will also be three installations and one advance to the Purple degree.

Victoria Council No. 2, R. T. of T. have elected as officers for the ensuing term: S.C., Bro. H. O'Neil (re-elected); P.C., Bro. John Ellis; V.C., Sister H. McGregor; Chap., Bro. D. Sprague; Sec., Bro. A. B. Fraser (re-elected); Fin. Sec., Bro. J. H. Yeo (re-elected); Treas., Bro. T. Haughton (re-elected); herald, Bro. O. J. B. Lane; guard, Sister J. Morley; sentinel, Bro. D. McPadden; and representatives to grand council, Bros. A. B. Fraser and H. O'Neil.

Two brothers were advanced to the third degree and one to the first and second at the last meeting of Acme lodge, I.O.O.F. To-morrow night there will be work in the third degree.

Columbia lodge, No. 2, had work in the initiatory degree last Wednesday evening. After adjournment coffee and cake were served in the library, the members returning again to the lodge-room, where a good entertainment, consisting of songs, readings, etc., was provided by the brethren of No. 2. Some good songs were sung and a very pleasant time passed by those who were so fortunate as to be present. The next meeting of Columbia lodge will be held on January 8, when the officers for the ensuing term will be installed.

The ladies of Hope lodge, degree of Honor, celebrate the New Year with a leap year dance in A.O.U.W. hall on January 3; and on January 8 the Young Ladies' Institute give a similar dance at the same place.

The Grand Lodge Knights of Pythias of British Columbia will be incorporated in a few days. Grand keeper of records and seals, E. P. Fernier, has prepared a constitution and by-laws in accordance with the report of the committee on Grand Lodge constitution. Behnen temple No. 3, Rathbone Sisters, met on Wednesday evening and initiated nine candidates. A vote of thanks was tendered the proprietor of the Dominion hotel for his courteous treatment of the organizer and members of the temple at the at home recently held in the parlors of the hotel. On account of the next meeting night falling on New Year's day the temple adjourned until the 15th January.

GOOD-BYE TO THE "ANGERONA." The notorious little steamer Angerona, which since the duty has been taken off opium entering the United States has been idle, is soon to leave Victoria for Vernon, B.C. For upwards of a year she has been on the stocks in Turpel's ways, there being no work offered for which she was adapted. She has been idle, is soon to leave Victoria for Vernon, B.C. For upwards of a year she has been on the stocks in Turpel's ways, there being no work offered for which she was adapted. She has been idle, is soon to leave Victoria for Vernon, B.C. For upwards of a year she has been on the stocks in Turpel's ways, there being no work offered for which she was adapted.

FEARS FOR THE "DISCOVERY." Grave fears are expressed by residents of the Sound cities for the safety of the tug Discovery, which left Port Angeles for Vancouver on Wednesday morning and has not since been heard from. She was light at the time and a storm followed her departure from port—hence the natural uneasiness. The Discovery is a small craft, but well known all over the Northwest by reason of her long fight with the towing combine.

MARINE NOTES. Although anxious to get away to-day, it will probably be Monday before the schooners Katherine and Borealis will be ready to sail on their sealing cruises. Both have already cleared for voyages to the Japanese coast. The Katherine, in command of Capt. J. E. Fulton, will carry a crew of twenty whites, just two less than will leave on the Borealis, which will be in command of Capt. A. Wesberg. The next schooner to sail after these depart will be the Ocean Belle.

It is expected that the Charmer will be ready to take her regular run to Vancouver on Monday night, as her overhauling is now about completed. The steamer Maude left for the West Coast last evening with few passengers and fair freight.

Geo. A. Huff, M.P.P., who arrived yesterday from Alberni, reports that near Cameron lake a landslide from the mountain side has piled trees and rocks over the wagon road, causing a blockade that will take several days to clear away.



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No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity as this. We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen it in its magic use in curing the most severe pain, and in a few good articles, we can bear testimony to its efficacy. Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use. It is sold in all the drug stores, and is the only one that is so effective. It is sold in all the drug stores, and is the only one that is so effective. It is sold in all the drug stores, and is the only one that is so effective.

THE COERCION CRY.

(Montreal Gazette, Dec. 14.) The newest objection to the proposed remedial legislation in behalf of the Manitoba religious minority is that it embodies a policy of coercion. As shown clearly from the same sources that, up to a week ago, were issuing declarations that the government was afraid to do what it had declared was necessary, the amount of sincerity behind the new charge may be easily estimated. It is advanced, as any other cry does not apply to the restraining hand of superior constituted authority held out to check or redress a fault of legislation or administration committed by a body of restricted jurisdiction. The courts are every day interfering to prevent exactly such actions by municipal and other corporations, which are given to overstepping the bounds of their powers. Nobody calls it coercion when a duly constituted court issues a restraining or injunctive order on a town or city council, when such a body is doing something the legislature which created it meant it should not do. Parliament is the legislature of the Roman Catholics of Manitoba are now appealing. They allege that the legislature of their province has taken away from them certain privileges which Parliament, when it created the province, meant should be enjoyed in perpetuity by the religious minority of the Queen's subjects within its borders, whether they happen to be Protestant or Catholics. The Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, the court of final appeal in such cases, has, in its investigation, declared that these privileges have been taken away. It has declared, further, that parliament has jurisdiction in the matter, and the power to restore the privileges in question. It has even indicated what parliament might do to remove the cause of the minority's grievance. Recent events have accentuated the fact that there are wide differences of view as to the policy of passing even such remedial legislation as the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council has indicated would meet the requirements of the case. No one, however, has followed the matter through, who appreciates the position a Roman Catholic takes in regard to the education of his children, and who has read the various judicial opinions given at various times since the Manitoba school law became a national issue, can rightfully say legislation by parliament to restore to the Manitoba Catholics that which a constitutional law gave them at the beginning, would be coercive. It would take no right away from the Protestants, and it would give nothing to the Catholics but that which the most authoritative interpretation of the law says they have a right to ask for. Restraint from doing a wrong, or compulsion to do a right, is not properly called coercion, and it is only to do one of these things that parliament can act. If it goes beyond the strict limit of its constitutional authority, the same courts that have interpreted the law in behalf of the minority will interfere on behalf of the majority. The jurisdiction of parliament is defined just as strictly as that of the legislature. It has no power to coerce if it desired to use it. The only coercionists in this Manitoba school matter are those who are seeking to force into a set of schools, to which Catholics have conscientious objections, the children of Catholics, and who are denouncing coercion only in order that they may better carry out their purpose, by giving it a cloak of legality it is not entitled to.

Last night Victoria camp No. 52, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, held their first annual election of officers with the following results: Commander, J. Shakespear, re-elected; adviser, Lieutenant, Dr. Lewis Hall; banker, J. D. Warren, re-elected; clerk, W. Jackson, re-elected; escort, H. C. Edwards; watchman, W. B. Shakespear; sentry, W. H. Pennock; manager, G. E. Langley; physicians, Dr. F. Hall, Dr. E. A. Hall and Dr. R. L. Fraser; delegate to Head Camp, N. Shakespear; alternate delegate to Head Camp, W. Jackson. The sick benefit fund was discussed and the list is now open for signatures. Victoria camp has only been in existence since August and already it is the largest in the province.

Lodge (B) offer his a posed limit next. This subject the President Thessard merely, as the answer, which beyond the tion. "W in London, emphasis, he dismays cause a calling arm hearty app Lodge clos A. S. Stew constant e in Ven points in not believe the country the President Monroe d broke out President the rules f be enforce respect. Mr. Ch

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