

## To-day or To-morrow Instead of Meat Try a

### Salmon Salad

1 envelope Knox Gelatine	1 1/2 tablespoons cold water	1/2 cup milk	1 can salmon
2 tablespoons cold water	1/2 cup milk	1 can salmon	
Yolks of two eggs	2 teaspoons salt	1 teaspoonful mustard	

A can of salmon will serve twice as many people when combined with Knox Gelatine

Soak Gelatine in cold water five minutes. Mix egg yolks slightly beaten, with salt, mustard and cayenne; then add butter, milk and vinegar. Cook in double boiler, stirring constantly until mixture thickens. Add soaked Gelatine and salmon separated into flakes. Turn into fish mold, first dipped in cold water, chill and remove to bed of crisp lettuce leaves.

Get a box of Knox Gelatine at your grocer's to-day and try the above recipe.

One of a thousand dishes made with

# KNOX SPARKLING GELATINE

Write for other "twice as far" dishes given in my "Food Economy" and "Dainty Dessert" booklets. They are free. Just enclose 4c in stamps to cover postage and mailing. Address

MRS. CHARLES B. KNOX

## KNOX GELATINE

400 Knox Avenue, Johnstown, N.Y.

For further information apply to THOMAS B. CLIFT, Manager Knox Co., Commercial Chambers, Water St. Rooms 9 and 10. Sample Room 14.

"Wherever a recipe calls for Gelatine think of Knox."

## Technical Committee of Powers Appointed.

### Admiral Beatty Represents Britain -Balfour Outlines Position of Empire--Ulster Will Only Recognise Imperial Parliament.

#### TECHNICAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

At the close of the first closed session of the Committee on Limitation of Armaments, Secretary Hughes issued an official communique saying, "A sub-committee, composed of one technical adviser for each of the five powers, was constituted to take under immediate advisement questions raised by the American proposals for limitation of naval armaments and to report to the committee from time to time, the progress of their deliberations. The sub-committee is composed as follows:—Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary American Navy; Admiral Beatty, Vice Admiral Denon, Vice Admiral Action, and Vice Admiral Kato, with full powers of substituting for each adviser."

#### BRITAIN AND JAPAN APPROVE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

In union, the spokesmen of Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, today, accepted Hughes' proposals for limitation of naval armament in "spirit and principle," making only reservations for the suggestion of modifications of detail. Mr. Balfour, referring to the far flung nature of the British Empire said, "you will understand why it is that every citizen of the British Empire, no matter where he lives, never can forget that it is by the power he lives and that without it he cannot live. Taking the battleships as a basis," said Mr. Balfour, "we think the proportions between the various countries acceptable. We think the limitation of armament is reasonable. We think it should be accepted. We believe, thoroughly, it will be accepted." Mr. Balfour suggested that submarine tonnage might well be reduced, and that possibly the construction of large submarines should be prohibited. Suggestions for changes in the proposals, Mr. Balfour said amid applause, would not affect the main structure proposed by the United States. When Mr. Balfour promised the full, loyal and complete co-operation of the British nation toward Secretary Hughes' plan, the audience rose and applauded for half a minute. Baron Kato, speaking for Japan, said, "Japan has no desire for a fleet equal to the United States or Great Britain. Japan is ready to proceed to a sweeping reduction in naval armaments, but wants to propose a few modifications in the United States plan." The conference adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman.

#### CONGRATULATIONS FROM LLOYD GEORGE.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

Mr. Lloyd George called the following message to Mr. Balfour: "The Government have followed the proceedings at the opening session of

the Conference with profound appreciation, and wholeheartedly endorse your opinion that the speed made by President Harding and Secretary of State Hughes, were both statesmanlike utterances, pregnant with infinite possibilities. Nothing could augur better for the ultimate success of the conference. Please convey to both my most sincere congratulations."

#### ULSTER'S REFUSAL.

BELFAST, Nov. 15. U. M. Andrews, Minister of Labour in the Ulster Cabinet, on his return from London to-day, issued a statement as follows:—"Disgraceful betrayal of Ulster has been attempted by the British Cabinet. A suggestion has been made that we should agree to a Parliament for all Ireland with Dominion Powers. We have informed His Majesty's Government that we are not prepared to admit the ascendancy of any Parliament, other than the Imperial Parliament over ours, or to agree to its reserved services being transferred to a Parliament for all Ireland. Our Premier and colleagues have pointed out to His Majesty's Government that any discussion, based on a Parliament for all Ireland, must prove fruitless, and we have asked that this proposal be withdrawn. In the interests of peace we accepted a Parliament of our own as a compromise and final settlement. It is for our opponents, if they desire peace, to accept and work their Parliament in Southern Ireland, in the same spirit, with the object of as-

surging a happy, prosperous and loyal Ireland."

#### IMPERIAL WIRELESS.

LONDON, Nov. 15. The Post Office scheme for an imperial wireless chain has collapsed; being doomed from the outset by the aloofness of the Dominions, according to the Westminster Gazette.

#### DR. MACPHAIL SHOT.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15. Suffering from monomania in the form of a hallucination that some terrible monster was following him, S. Ogulnik, son of a prominent tailor, shot Sir Andrew MacPhail, Professor of Medicine at McGill and well known publicist, through the shoulder in the latter's office this afternoon. Ogulnik thereupon shot himself, dying immediately. Dr. MacPhail evaded two shots from the monomaniac's revolver, but was struck by a third. His wound is not serious.

#### STEAMER SUNK.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 15. The French Line steamer Maryland, 3905 tons, was rammed by the Japanese steamer Fukuyū Maru, and sunk here to-day in thirty feet of water.

#### ALARMIST CALLED TO BOOK.

EDMONTON, Nov. 15. The statement of Miss McCallum, Assistant Secretary of the Canadian Council of Agriculture to a Toronto audience that thousands of western farmers will starve this winter, has caused great indignation in Southern Alberta and is branded as an absolute falsehood.

#### SUGAR PRICES.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15. Refiners to-day reduced the price of sugar twenty-five cents, making the new price \$7.75 per hundred, but retail prices are unchanged.

#### MILK STRIKE BREAKING.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15. The first break in the ranks of striking milk handlers in New York metropolitan area, came to-day, when 400 voted to return to work.

#### Will Try Fox Farming.

ANIMALS TAKEN OVER TO ENGLAND FROM CANADA.

Experts Believe That the Ranches Will Succeed in the Old Land as Well as in the Dominion—Furmen Have Been Made Very Rapidly by Men Who Started the Industry.

An interesting experiment, which is expected to lead to the establishment in the British Isles of an important new industry, has just been begun in East Rosshire, Scotland. A number of silver foxes have been taken over from Canada to form a nucleus of a farm devoted solely to the breeding and rearing of these valuable animals. Unlike most experiments, this one will not be regarded entirely with indifference by the majority of people. The woman who hitherto has been precluded from buying silver fox furs on account of their high price will be keenly interested.

The capitalist who is always on the look-out for new investments will watch the venture with a favorable eye. The experiment's greatest claim to attention lies in the fact that it is likely to be successful. Experts say that there is no reason why Scotland and certain parts of England should not have their fox farms, just as they have their dairy, fruit, and poultry farms.

For the stock they look to Canada, where within the last seven years or so fur farms have become an industry of great importance. This is proved by the recently-published official figures, which show that there are no fewer than four hundred and thirty of these farms in this country.

The value of the land, buildings and stock on these fox farms exceeds \$5,000,000. Every year thousands of foxes are born in captivity, while many thousands are killed. In the first days of the industry investments yielded dividends of 1,000 per cent. Since then

## Side Talks by Ruth Cameron

### WHY DO WE DO IT?

"If only that letter had come last night as it should have," a woman said to me the other morning, holding out a letter she had just been devouring. "I should have saved a terrible night of anxiety. I knew I ought to hear and I was sure there was something awfully wrong."

"I don't suppose your letters ever are delayed here?" I ventured.

### Every Reason to Expect Delay.

"Heavens, yes," she said, "The mail service is perfectly wretched."

"Then why—?" said I suggestively, feeling sure she would know how to finish.

But she didn't. And I wouldn't tell her. But you, who see the thing from the outside, know what I was going to ask, of course.

### Why Look to the Least Pleasant Conclusion?

Why do we do it? Why do we spring to the conclusion that something must be "awfully wrong" when the letter does not come, or the husband is late getting home, or a telegram or Long Distance call comes—when there are always plenty of commonplace pleasant explanations.

Why, when over and over again we have seen our past fears look ridiculous in the light of after events, don't we think that these present fears may also be ridiculous?

Why can't we save ourselves suffering? Do we like to suffer? We certainly act as if we do.

### We Can Lie Down Or We Can Fight.

Can one help this instinctive fear of loss or misfortune when through our affections and our ambitions we are all so very open to unhappiness?

No, not altogether, but one can either yield to the instinct and always let it run away with one, or one can form the habit of summoning one's common sense and courage to fight it.

the returns have naturally declined, but even so the profits are enormous, and big fortunes are being made.

One fox farmer in Canada has made \$90,000 clear profit in five years. He started with a capital of not quite \$500. Prince Edward Island, where there are over two hundred of these farms, can boast many romances like this.

Fox-farming, however, is not a game for the novice to play. Foxes are fickle creatures. To rear them in close confinement you need to understand them thoroughly. Mother foxes are extraordinarily timid; they will frequently carry their young in their mouths for days, depositing them first in one place and then in another, until the little ones die of exposure and exhaustion.

For this reason the fox farmer must keep a strict watch on his charges. Keepers often have to sit up for nights on end during the breeding season in order to protect the young from the restlessness of the mothers. The actual breeding of the animals, it is to be noted, is attended with few difficulties; it is the rearing that occasions most anxiety.

What are the foxes fed on? Their diet is a varied one, ranging from mice to birds, and from insects to wild berries. Meat is given in considerable quantities, together with table scraps, dog biscuits, and milk. The danger lies not so much in the kind of food given as in the amount. The fox is a prodigious eater.

The silver fox in captivity is inclined to be treacherous towards its owner or keeper. A fox rancher in Nova Scotia not long ago lost his left hand through being bitten by one of his animals. They do not like being handled. Often they will fight among themselves, the strong ones combining to stamp out the weak. A fight in a pen of silver foxes frequently means the loss, in a single half-hour's combat, of hundreds of dollars' worth of animals and fur.

Fox farmers have one great enemy to guard against—the fox poacher. This individual goes to work in an original fashion. Instead of stealing a fox straight from the pen—a difficult matter—he contrives to release, generally at night, one or two of the animals, and then shoots them when they reach the open. In doing this, he is fairly safe, as it is naturally not easy to prove the ownership of an escaped fox in a country where wild foxes are fairly numerous.

An instance of this, and of the amusing manner in which the thief was discovered, is given in the following true story: "A fox rancher recognized a fine pet in a Hudson Bay Company store as being that of a fox which had mysteriously disappeared from his farm some time before. He communicated his sus-

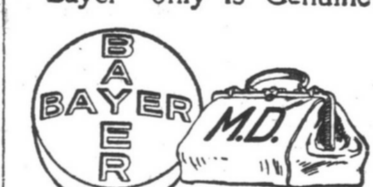
picious to the storekeeper, at the same time inquiring the source from which the company had obtained the pet. In the interests of common honesty the storekeeper agreed to co-operate in a scheme to trap the thief.

A live fox was secured and placed in the drawer where the pelts were usually kept. The suspected person—a ne'er-do-well trapper—was then sent for. He arrived on the scene, fuddled with drink. The storekeeper then explained that a remarkable thing had happened. The pelt which the trapper had sold him, he said, had disappeared, and a live fox had taken its place. It looked as if the skin itself had come to life!

Completely bewildered, the superstitious trapper went to the drawer. Opening it, and seeing a wide-open jaw and two eyes flashing at him from the darkness, he rushed yelling out of the store. The local person happened to be passing, and to him the terror-stricken man at once confessed his guilt.

## ASPIRIN

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Warning! Take no chances with substitutes for genuine "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin." Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting Aspirin at all. In every Bayer package are directions for Colds, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Earache, Toothache, Lumbago and for Pain. Handy tin boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell larger packages. Made in Canada. Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monocetacidester of Salicylicacid.

### Household Notes.

Celery tops should be served for perfect salad.

Dainty dryness is an essential of a small pattern.

Fish should be thoroughly cooked to be wholesome.

Bottled leeks are delicious with Hollandaise sauce.

The baby's underwear should be ironed on both sides.

A little sage and onion improves the chicken dressing.

## Take Care of Your Battery

Take good care of your battery this winter and it will more than repay you in service when you begin to drive again next spring. "Good care" if you are using your car through the winter means keeping it fully charged and having water put in when necessary. "Good care", if you are not driving, means the removal of the battery from the car, and storage where it can have the regular attention it requires. This service costs surprisingly little and adds greatly to the possible life and service of your battery.

Why not call up a Willard Service Station NOW before the winter sets in, and have your battery called for. It will be delivered and put on your car again next spring.

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Radiator Valves, Angle Valves, Brass Bibb Cocks, S. & W. Cocks, Globe and Gate Valves, Black, Galvanized and Brass Unions, Elbows, Tees, Bushings up to 6 inches; Pipe in Black, Galvanized and Brass, up to 4 inches; Stillson Wrenches up to 36 inches; Pipe Cutters, etc.



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WHEN IT COMES TO ABILITY, JEFF'S A BANKRUPT.

—By Bud Fisher

