A DEPARTMENT DEVOTED TO OUR LADIES

Feminine Facts and Fances-The Latest Fachion Tidti s-Snatc es of Song and Bits of Fender Sentiment, with Pere and There a Touch of Galety-Gems of Thought, Flashes of Wit and Household Recipes for the Gentler Sex.

Born at Lima, O., in 1872, her parents moved to South Dakota and from there to Chicago, when little Roberta was about 12 years old. She studied stenography and bookkeeping, and on the death of her father the young woman as-sumed the position of sole breadwinner for the family. As public stenographer and accountant she opened an office in Chicago and was remarkably successful.



MISS ROBERTA M, SHAW. This business she resigned to enter the employ of the Wisconsin and Michigan railway and rose to a confidential posi-tion in the president's office. On the reorganization of that company she became the treasurer of the Wisconsin and Michigan Railway company. Even in these days when women are doing so many things that have hitherto been considered the peculiar field of men a woman treasarer of an important railroad company is quite unique. The fact that she has risen to the position from subordinate posts where her superiors had a chance to gauge her ability shows that she must have unusual aptitude for the work.

Ideals of Womanhood.

It is the opinion of a Chicago woman who has given a good deal of observation to women in fiction that the ideal of the novelist in regard to the eternal feminine is constantly and more or less rapidly growing. From a wide scope this delver has come to divide the consideration of woman by the novelist into six periods, covering the commonplace type, the artificial type, the domestic type, the growing type, the thinking type and the

Under the head of the "commonplace type" are cited a number of characters of familiar fiction, among them Richardson's Pamela and Clarissa Harlowe. Then there is Fielding's Amelia. As still other examples of what is considered the commonplace woman are mentioned

the wife and daughters of the vicar of Wakefield and Panny Burney's Evelina. Jane Austen's Emma and Mrs. Ben-nett and her daughters in "Pride and Prejudice" are spoken of as being artificial types. Others given are Elinor and Marienne in "Sense and Sensibility:" Thackeray's Amelia in "Vanity Fair," who is referred to as "a good but silly woman;" also the clever but unscrupulous Becky Sharp, Ethel Newcome, Laura Pendennis, and Lady Castleton.

Sir Walter Scott and Charles Dickens are considered as experts in bringing out the strength and weakness of the domestic type of woman. Jeanie, Effie Deans, na, Rebecca, Amy Robsart, Agnes and Dora of "David Copperfield" fame; Lizzie Hexam, Little Dorrit, and Esther Summerson are some of the characters brought forward in support of this par-

ticular style of woman. When it comes to the "growing type," the idea of women attaining a higher individuality of their own, Charlotte Bronte's Jane Eyre, Shirley and Lucy Snowe are mentioned in company with Mrs. Browning's Aurora Leigh.

George Eliot's heroines are put forward as some of the best examples of



ALBERT TOHLET SOAP CO., Mirs.

Miss Roberta M. Shaw of Chicago is said to be the only woman in the world who occupies the position of railroad being influenced by the era of modern culture. Dinah Morris, Romola, Mag-gie Tulliver, Dorothea Brooke, Gwen-dolin Harleth and Fedalma are speci-

mens of this class of women who also figure in fiction.

The central figures of present day authors make up the "living type," and some of those mentioned are Mrs. Humphry Ward's Katherine Elsmere, Mar-cella and Laura Fountain, Thomas Hardy's Tess of the d'Urbervilles, George Meredith's Diana of the Crossways and

Hall Caine's Glory Quayle.

Whatever may be the general opinion of the position of these women of fiction there can be little doubt that they are women of interest.

Care of the Eyes. Nowhere is the comparison between an ounce of prevention and a pound of cure more applicable than in the care of the eyes. For the neglect of seemingly trivial affections, perfectly curable in their beginnings, may lead in an incredibly short time to permanent impairment of vision or even to total blindness. The care of the eyes should begin with the moment of birth. The new baby's eyes should be the first part to receive attention. They should be wiped carefully with a piece of absorbent cotton wet with a warm solution of boric acid of a strength of about 60 grains in four ounces of distilled water. After the lids have been thus carefully washed on the outside they should be gently separated and some of the solution dropped into the eyes.

In washing the eyes one should be careful never to dip again in the solution a piece of cotton which has once been used. A fresh piece must be taken each time the eyes are wiped.

The baby's eyes must be protected from the light. Its crib should be placed where the eyes are not exposed to the full light from a window, and the carriage should have a shade raised only about a foot above the baby's head.

Children often suffer from inflammation of the edges of the lids, which are red and scaly, and the lashes fall out and break off. This may betoken a general scrofulous condition, or it may depend upon some defect in the sight which causes eye strain, or it may be only a loa few applications of boric acid ointment at bedtime will generally effect a cure.

Conjunctivitis, or inflammation of the membrane covering the globe of the eye, may be due to a cold, to the action of bright sunlight or reflection from water or from snow or to eye strain from some visual imperfection. Usually the boric when the trouble cannot be permanently cured until proper glasses are worn.

Another painful consequence of eye strain is a succession of sties. When a child suffers frequently from sties, from sore lids or from conjunctivitis, the sight should be tested.

Much harm is often done to the eyes, as well as to the general health, by too long application to books, either school or story books. Three hours of looking at print by daylight and one hour in the evening should not be exceeded by any child under 14, for that is as much as his eyes, even if their vision is perfectly normal, will stand without injury .- Youth's Companion.

Influence of Mannerisms.

Self consciousness is often a barrier to popularity in social life, and it is a nalady from which some girls suffer. Not every one can be graceful and easy, but one can be self confident without being self assertive, serene and dignified without being dull. Morbid fears as to what others are thinking and overanxlety as to one's appearance may be overcome. Little nervous mannerisms, a lack of repose, consciousness of one's clothes are all bad form and to be avoided, says. The Delineator. One of the most carefully dressed as well as attractive women ever met had been required in her girl hood by her mother to attend scrupulously to every detail of her toilet and then to think no more about it after leaving her No touches to hair and drawing on of gloves were permitted after she had left her bedroom. If these apparently trifling matters had been neglected, she

was obliged to return to her room to attend to them. For this early training, which seemed irksome at the time, she never ceased to be thankful when she grew older. She acquired extreme neatness in her personal appearance and an entire freedom from any fussy conscious-

ness about it. No one can make a good impression or talk agreeably if half absorbed in putting on gloves, clasping a bangle or a pin or arranging stray locks of hair. It is a mark of good breeding to be neatly dressed in every detail and never to appear conscious of one's clothes. Sometimes one sees a girl in a street car drawing on gloves or adjusting a veil.

Even at the opera one frequently sees an occupant of a box buttoning gloves, rearranging a jewel on a bodice or touching the ornaments in the hair. These self the ornaments in the hair. scious manners in public are bad form and detract from a woman's charm.

Care of Whooping Cough. One complication of whooping cough is pneumonia, and it is this which makes the disease so dangerous in infants. This complication occurs most frequently during the winter months, while in summer diarrhes is the more serious complica-

diarrhea is the more serious complicamuch value in whooping cough. There are one or two drugs which are occasionally given to control the spasm when it is unusually severe, but they must be given only under the direction of the physician. As a rule, expectorants and medicine do more harm than good. They upset the stomach especially that of an infant, and

tne stomach, above all, should be kept in good condition, as it is upon the strength derived from its nourishment that the baby has to rely to carry it through the siege. The thing which has been found to give the most relief in whooping cough is the inhalation of plain or medicated steam. This can be accomplished by an ordinary inhaler or a kettle which is kept boiling in the room at certain intervals, the child thus inhaling the moisture laden air. A piece of absorbent cotton or sponge may be placed in the spout of the kettle, on which has been placed the medication. The steam passing through the cotton or sponge permeates the room with medicated vapor. Creosote and cresoline are considered the best substances to use for this purpose. best substances to use for this purpose, a solution of either placed in a dish and vaporized over an alcohol lamp making a good substitute for the croup kettle. Cloths wrung out in one of these solu-

tions and hung up in the room are often helpful.—Marianna Wheeler in Harper's

Small Shoes, Poor Health. Many women spoil their health by cramping and crushing their poor, unfortunate feet into shoes too small for them. This is really a most idiotic thing to do, as it not only causes the most intense pain, often ruins the gait entirely, but frequently brings about, if not really serious injury to the foot, at any rate such painful, unpleasant and uncomfort able results as corns, bunions and other

pedal disfigurements, says the Jackson-ville Times-Union and Citizen.

A woman who persists in wearing shoes too small for her cannot long remain in good health, for she learns to dread exercise because of the pain and difficulty involved. A shoe that is either too short or too narrow is such an instrument of torture that one would think no really sensible woman would ever have recourse to it, but every shoemaker knows that not a few fashionable women habitually undergo this self imposed penance, and, though they are invariably wrinkled and aged before their time and a pained, anxious and even disagreeable expression becomes permanently fixed on their once pleasant features, they still persist in thinking the game worth the candle and that the possession of "a pretty little foot" atones for all the pain, comfort and misery which are their

constant portion. A squeezed in foot, however, can generally be detected and, as a rule, is anything but a thing of beauty. The whole shape is often altered until the foot is almost deformed at length into the Chi-

nese variety. Work and Nervousness,

A little woman who is in the upholstering business says there never was work of any other kind as good for nervousness. She is a delicate looking woman, slender and not overstrong, and the work is hard, but she is in love with it and says that in the fascination of work she forgets all personal ills and that this is a world of sin and woe. She hammers away and strikes her nail on the head every time. It is strange that the part of the work which takes her to the sewing machine or gives her other kind of work sewing is the most unpleasant. and she is apt to get, as other women do to "feeling as if she should fly." But with the harder work her nerves take

Upholstery is a good work for women she says, but they must have a talent for She herself has always had more liking for a hammer and knife than for the needle and scissors, and the knowledge of work apparently came to her without an effort. One great demand that there is in the way of workwomen, she be lieves, and for a work that does not re quire a special talent, is for slipmaking. It is a delicate task and must be don well. It takes common sense and judgment in addition to a knowledge of the work. It is almost impossible, she says, when she needs help in her work to find a woman who can make slip covers in a way that is at all satisfactory.-New

In the Nursery.

Every nursery cannot have the ideal of a grate or wood fireplace. Steam heating seems expedient and there fore has come to stay. There is no use of combating adverse conditions with complaints and moanings. The thing is to do something. If our houses are heated by a system which dries out the air, making it lifeless, the question is how to replace the lost moisture by artificial means. We need not ask a chemist, architect or other expert how to do it, the simplest, most natural means in the world-evaporation-being all sufficient. Stand a shallow vessel of water on every radiator or in every register, and the air of your house will be delightfully re-freshing and healthful. To avoid unsightly effects, use ornamental vessels for radiators of metal or porcelain and granite dripping pans in registers or on radiators that are out of sight. This evaporation measure, coupled with a temperature not above 68 degrees, preferably 65 degrees, gives the ideal atmosphere for comfort and health. It is easily secured without expense and is attainable in ev-

Queen Victoria and Her Little Artists When her children were in their short frock and knickerbocker days, the queen made them write a little daily diary of their doings, which she passed upon nightly in the royal nursery. Often the youngsters were hard up for "copy" and used to appeal for help to members of the household. They repaid their helpers by giving them sketches made by themselves, which differed in no way from the dogs and horses and houses of the ordinary child. One of the house-hold, now dead, preserved some 40 or 50 of these alleged drawings, and not long since an enterprising magazine made his widow a handsome offer for them. The queen heard of this and sent for Lady H. "Please do not dispose of them," her majesty said. "I cannot bear to think of things that have so many tender and sacred associations passing into hands other than ours."

It need hardly be added that the queen's wishes were honored, and Lady H. furthermore gave the album which contained the nursery relics to the mother of the little artists.—Success.

Health and Beauty.

The first step toward clearing the com-plexion is to see that the health is good, and this can only be when all the functions of the body act freely and properly.

The liver is the most important factor in keeping the skin in good order, but its activity should not be produced by drugs.

The action of the liver is best encouraged The Baby Sick?

Then probably it's a cold. Babies catch cold so easily and recover so slowly. Not slowly, however, when you use Vapo-Cresolene. Then a single night is all that is

necessary for a cure. You just put some Cresolene in the vaporizer, light the lamp beneath, and place near the crib. While baby s'eeps he b eathesin the healing vapor. Cold losens, inflamed membranes heal, and all

trouble ceases. It's a perfect specific for whooping-cough and croup. 8

For sale by C. H. Gunn & Co., Drug-gists, Chatham.

by the free use of acid fruits, such as oranges, lemons, grapes and apples Grapes may be safely eaten in abundance if the skins and seeds are rejected. Lem on juice and hot water taken at night will correct any bilious tendency and purify the skin. The woman who strives after a clear complexion will not eat pastry, fried or greasy food of any description or nuts. When the face lacks color, eat plenty of underdone beef and take a small dose of iron after each meal. When should of course be especially avoided.

Brave and Unselfish.

Louisa M. Alcott was one of those strong spirits whose lot it is to give, not to receive; to support, not to lean; to cheer, not to complain; to help, not to be helped. Such brave, self reliant ones command no sympathy and often suffer from a loneliness which their friends little suspect. In secret they have their hours of weakness. They have moments of feeling hurt and neglected and are often pathetically grateful for some little attention.

In Miss Alcott's journal appears this sad record: "My birthday; 36. Spent alone, writing hard. No presents but father's tablets. I never seem to have many presents, as some do, though I give a good many. That is best, perhaps, and makes a gift very precious when it does come." This was like her brave, un-selfish soul.

Mending.

Always mend table linen before sending it to wash. Provide yourself with Sourishing cotton in different sizes, according to the fineness or coarseness of your linen. Paste a piece of stiff paper over the hole on the right side, and then darn very carefully with the flourishing thread on the wrong side. The darn should reach half an inch beyond the tear on all sides, and the crossing must be very neatly and accurately done. It is really more satisfactory to mend these places before they reach the hole stage, and it takes far less time.

In oiling your floor with linseed oil use a half gallon of boiled linseed oil mixed with a quarter of a pound of burnt sienna, and rub it on the floor with a large woolen rag. A strong decoction of the inside of red oak bark, set with copperas, makes a nice dye for floors. After rub-bing it in thoroughly and letting it dry, rub the floor with a waxed brush, which

Cover two ounces of flaxseed with quart of boiling water, add a quarter of pound of sugar, a pint of strained honey and the juice of three lemons. This may be taken freely in cases of cold or grip until the cough is relieved. It is of the best cough medicines.

Medium sized carrots scraped and sliced and boiled till tender in salted water may be made into a salad with the addition of a simple French dressing. Sliced parsnips, boiled first, are also liked by some persons when served as a salad.

In cooking macaroni or spaghetti it will be found an improvement to melt the butter and cheese together and add them to the white sauce, instead of sprinkling them, as usual, between layers of the

Victims in Every Home

DYSPEPSIA A DESTROYER OF HAPPINESS AND HEALTH.

> Paine's Celery Compound

Will Give You Perfect Digestion and Good Health

Dyspepsia, indigestion, and troubles resulting from imperfect digestion are eadily and permanently cured by Paine's Celery Compound. Thousands of strong and reliable testimonials from the best people in Canada prove that the great medicine is a true dyspepsia banisher and health giver. The following letter from Miss Muir, of Quyon, Ques should be read by all dys-

pepties:
"After suffering from dyspepsia fo fifteen years and meeting with many failures with other medicines, I decidfailures with other medicines, I decided to use Paine's Celery Compound, having heard of so many cures by its use. The Compound, after I had used it for a time, produced miraculous results and banished all my troubles. sults and banished all highest seasons. From a condition of helplessness—being unable to sleep or eat—I now feel well and strong. I am astonished at the result, as my trouble was an old and chronic one.

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AT LOWEST PRICES

Our Carpets cannot be surpassed for choice colors and fashionable designs. Prices va.y from 25c to \$1.25. All carpets over 50c yard sewn and laid ffee of charge.

The Health Mattress is made of pure elastic fibre, interlaced to prevent getting uneven, and covered with pure white cotton, guaranteed to be sanitary. Price \$4.50.

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The Ostermoore Patent Elastic Felt Mattress is a perfect bed, price \$15. Besides these we have good mattresses at \$2.50, \$2.75 \$3 and \$3.50,

IRON BEDSTEDS Iron Bedsteads which are sanitary, easy to hardle and look well range in

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WHICH WOULD YOU RATHER?

Bother with coal and ashes all summer-or have the cool, clean comfort given by an

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of the season.

with the added satisfaction of be ing money in pocket at the end



OXFORD burners have a special patented construction that makes them extra economical with gas, so that the season's expense will be less than if using any other fuel.

Why not appreciate the convenience, economy and satisfaction they offer. Many sizes and styles-all modern in cost. SOLD BY

Chatham Gas Co., The GURNEY FOUNDRY CO, Limited, Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver.

The warm season is now here and those who are not already supplied

Refrigerators

Will certainly need one, and Geo. Stephens, Quinn & Douglas have the finest 'assortment of these goods in Chatham. They have both American and Canadian makes in all sizes, and their are right. They also have a fine assortment of Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tongs Lawn Hose, Sprapers and Sprinklers, and everything for gardening purposes. Their prices are low and their goods are good.

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An Elegant Line of

STRIPE SUITING

Just passed into stock, very popular goods

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Some of these suitings will be exhibited in our east window for the next few days.

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TEA and TEAS Glenn & Company, William Street

Import direct from London, England, the finest Ceylon, Assam and China Teas. Try our English Breakfast Tea, 35c and 40c. N. B. Cottages at Rondeau to rent for the

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DR. A. McKENNEY, DENTIST, Grad-uate of Philadelphia Dental College, also of Royal College of Dental Sur-geons of Ontario. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain. Stairway next to King, Cunningham & Drew's, Hardware Store, King St. East.

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LODGES.

A. F. WELLINGTON Lodge, No. 46, & A. F. & A. M., G. R. C., meets & A.M. on the first Monday of every month, in the Masonic Hall, Fifth St., at 7.30 p. m. Visiting brethren heartily welcomed.

WM. E. CAMPBELL, W. M. ALEX. GREGORY, Sec. ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORK-

MEN.

Attention-All Workmen are expected to meet at their Lodge, 6 p. m., May 26, for annual Sunday parade to Vic-toria Ave. Methodist Church. Bring your badges. Our mission is to build up, not tear down, but in every way we can help comrades upward. Remember the A. O. U. W. has proved for 32 years the best and cheapest fraternal life insurance, especially workingmen. CHAS. KELLY, J. R. SNELL, M. W. Recorder

... Disappointed ...

For the benefit of those who came during the week for opal goods and Chinaware at sale day prices, John McConnell will sell, on

Saturday, May 25th inst., at the same price as we sold on the 20th of April. Remember, after sale day goods advance to the usual retail price. We will also sell during the day dinner sets, tea sets, and chamber sets at cut rate prices.

Groceries for the Day

7 lbs. cooking figs, 25c.
Dried peaches, 10c per lb.
15c, glass jar baking powder, for 10c.
Six bars Sweet Home Soap, 25c.
Corn starch, 6c. per lb. 1,000 parlor matches for 5cts.
11b. fresh ground coffee, 15c.
1 bottle good pickles for 9c.
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Extra value in T of all kinds. John McConnell

That Persistent

That sticky secretion in the throat and air passages, that sense of tightness across the chest—"danger signals!" For

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and be on the safe side. It s a remarkable cure for all THROAT and LUNG AFFECTIONS. Pleasant to take, being composed of Wild Cherry, White Pine, Balm of Gilead Bud, Blood Root, Etc. 25c a Bottle at

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WHERE THE ARK CAME IN. "No," candidly admitted Noah, "the ark is not exactly a Herreschoff fin-keel; I didn't know anything about aluminum when I planked her top sides, and her canvas is not cross-cut,

Oor, K ng and 5th

nor does she carry a spinnaker.
"But," he added, complacently, "we are right in it when it comes to mas-