STOESSEL'S RECEPTION IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Loudly Cheered and Presented With Flowers, but Welcome Rather Tame.

Several Provinces in Poland Declared in a State of Siege by the Governor-General.

Gorky's Family Incensed Because He Has Been Transported to Riga.

St. Petersburg, March -Lieut.-Col. Stoessel arrived in St. Petersburg this morning from Moscow. A quarter of an hour before his train was due it looked as if not more than a hundred persons would be present to welcome the defender of Port Arthur, but their number augmented rapidly and when the train steamed into the depot many hundreds, chiefly women, crowded the platform. War Minister Sakharoff and Admiral Zilotti in behalf of the admiralty welcomed General Stoessel, who was loudly cheered and presented with flowers. After receiving the personal congratulations of friends, the General, looking bronzed and in good health, passed through the cheering crowd to a reception room, stopping now and then to shake hands with admirers. Behind the General came Mrs. Stoessel, leaning on the arm of a military officer. She looked to be even more bronzed than her husband, and smiled happily at the warm welcome accorded him. It was remarked that the General's hair had turned quite white.

In the reception room, General Bog-danovitch welcomed General Stoessel. In so doing he referred to the internal trou-bles, saying that when Gen. Stoessel left Russia calm prevailed, while now an in-ternal enemy was endeavoring to under-mine the prestige of the state.

the present crisis.

When the reception ceremonies were over the general and his wife entered an open carriage and drove through the Nevsky Prospect to the residence of Lieut-Gen. Prince Viazmsky, a member of the Imperial Council, where they will stay. The crowds in the streets lustily cheered the general. The absence of military and naval officers from the military and naval officers from the platform was very noticeable. Only a few military men and no naval officers excepting Admiral Zilotti were present. A large force of police surrounded the railroad station, while the route to Prince-Viazmsky's residence was patrolled by numerous detachments of Coscacka and Life Guards apparently in sacks and Life Guards, apparently in expectation of a hostile demonstration. Altogether, the general's welcome was-by no means in the nature of a popular by no means in the nature of a popular demonstration, and lacked genuine en-thusiasm. Two months ago all Russia was singing the praises of the defender of Port Arthur, yet when he came home comparatively few people assembled to cheer him.

Martial Law in Poland. A Warsaw cable: The Governor-General of Poland to-day proclaimed a par-

Health of Its Women.

500 women present that healthy Canadian women were so rare as to be

This seems to be a sweeping state-

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Com-

Avenue, Toronto, Ont., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—
"Being a mother of five children, I had

had experience with the general troubles of my sex. I was lacerated when one of my children was born, and from that hour I date all of my afflictions. I found that within a few.months my health was impaired, I had female weakness and serious inflammation

Miss Helena Mc Kinnon Mrs. Anna McKay

pound, has restored more Cauadian irregular, suppressed or painful men-women to health than all other reme-dies in the world. It regulates, placement or ulceration of the womb, strengthens and cures diseases of the

timale organism as nothing else can. tion of the ovaries, backache, bloating, or thirty years it has been curing to the worst forms of female comparison, or are best with such symptoms as dizziness,

Such testimony as the following faintness, lassitude, excitability, irriould be convincing.

Mrs. Anna McKay of 326 Spadina melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, blues, and hope-

months my health was impaired, it is also washes and serious inflammation if requent flooding. I became weak and zy, but kept on my feet, dragging through work without life or pleasure. A neightwho had been helped by taking Lydia E, who had been helped by taking Lydia E, who had been being the month of the month of

Lrdia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fall.

Ont., writes:

When women are troubled

lessness, they should remember three is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A light heart, a cheerful countenance, and all the charms of grace and beauty

are dependent upon proper action of the bodily organs. You cannot look well unless you feel well.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women

Russia calm prevailed, while now an internal enemy was endeavoring to undermine the prestige of the state.

Replying, Gen. Stoessel said he had heard while at Constantinopue of the disorders in Russia, and since then had travelled in South Russia, had spoken to the people, and had noticed their tranquility of mind, especially their loyalty to the Emperor. He was confident that the people would remain loyal, and that Russia would issue victorious from the present crisis. suburban railroads have also ended and all Warsaw railroad communications

are now restored. St. Petersburg, March 1. — Maxim Gorky's family and relatives are great-ly exasperated by his treatment, and maintain that a breach of confidence has been committed, the order for his un-conditional release having been signed when bail was deposited. The relatives say that if he had known he was to be transported to Riga he would have pre-ferred to remain a prisoner at St. Petersburg. He requested permission to re-side in the Crimea owing to one of his lungs being affected, but the request

THE FIGHTING.

Capture of the Head of the Shakhe River Bridge Confirmed.

A St. Petersburg cable: Two brief lespatches from Gen. Kouropatkin, dated Feb. 27 and Feb. 28, confirm the capture of the head of the Shakhe River bridge. Attacks of the Japanese on Gauto Pass were repulsed Feb. 27 and again Feb. 28. The Russian advance guards still hold their position at Kudaza. The sharp-shooters continue to harass the whole

Health of Canadian Women A Subject Much Discussed at Women's Clubs-The Future of a Country Depends on the

OPEN TREMENDOUS FIRE.

Tree Hill. Sachetun, Manchuria, cable says: The artillery fighting continues along the whole front of about 100 miles. The whole from of about 180 miles. The seastern detachment near Kondayu has repulsed the Japanese attack. The Japanese have also been driven in from

Gauto Pass.

At the bridge over the Sha River a At a large State Assembly of Mothers prominent New York doctor told the 00 women present that healthy Canaian women were so rare as to be linost extinct.

So much better that I kept on the treatment and it made me a strong and well woman. The few dollars I spent for the medicine cannot hegin to pay what it was worth to me." Miss Helena McKinnon of Sand Bay, Contaminent the Japanese.
It is rumored that a division of Jap-

anese on the extreme right is marching north and has reached Kalama. This seems to be a sweeping statement of the condition of Canadian women. Yet how many do you know who are perfectly well and do not have some trouble arising from a derangement of the female organism which manifests itself in headaches, backaches, nervousness, that bearing-down feeling, painful or irregular menstruation, leucorrhea, displacement of the uterus, ovarian trouble, indigestion or sleeplessness? There is a tried and true remedy for all these ailments. Lydia E. Pinkham: Vegetable Com-

A FLANK MOVEMENT.

The Cossacks and Infantry Menacing Japanese Right.

Rusisan left.

An independent detachment of Cos sacks and infantry, with a few guns, is reconnoitring southeast of Kiupingtai, seeking to outflank the extreme Jap-

anese right.

Press despatches state that Russian detachments of dozen companies each, attacked at several points along the front on Sunday and Monday.

The Japanese, on Monday, shelled the Russian front. The reply was spiritless. It is uncertain whether the spiritless and the Russians was due to the

But the Grand Dukes Object to Granting the People More Liberty.

St. Pete rsburg cable: The great



GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR, Who is condemned to death

Japanese front. aused considerable alarm by the use of hand grenades at Sandiapu during the night of Feb. 27.

Russian Army Headquarters, Huan Mountain, cable says: After an all-night battle, the Russian forces which seized the railroad bridge across the Sha River retired, after having destroyed the Japanese fortifications at the further end of the bridge, and thrown the Japanese forces there into consternation. The Japanese losses were heavy.

The attack on the bridge began at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening. Under cover of a heavy bombardment by field, siege and mortar batteries, Russian chasseurs dashed forward, and, crossing the bridge, which was illuminated by the Japanese searchlights, drove back the defenders and occupied the further end of the bridge. Then the chasseurs threw up hasty entremchments, and soon drove the Japanese from their defences at the end of the bridge. An hour later other chasseurs rushed across the bridge and seized and fortified a thicket opposite Lamuteng, overcoming a number of wolf holes and wire entanglements, and blew up the Japanese redoubts. The artillery kept up the bömbardment and succeeded by midnight in demolishing the Japanese searchlights.

Then a stubborn fight in the dark-

Then a stubborn fight in the darkness bengan, the gloom being but slightly alleviated by the pale light of the stars and the reflection from fires kindled by the explosion of shells. The Japanese brought up their quiek-fire guns and forced the Russians to abandon the thicket, from which position the Japanese proceeded to bombard the regiments holding the head of the bridge. The fight was desperate and at close quarters. The Japanese rushed up heavy columns of reinforcements, Then a stubborn fight in the darkcolumns of reinforcements, up heavy columns of remiorements, and charged repeatedly across the river, strewing the ice with the bodies of their dead. At dawn the Russians retired across the river, carrying their wounded, but leaving 100 dead behind.

The Russians were exultant over the losses inflicted upon the Japanese in this rally, and are eager to renew the

The Japanese Pouring Shells on Lone

Cunsilai Pass and from the vicinity of

furious struggle continues. A small wood nearby has continually changed hands, but is now definitely occupied by

A Tokio cable: The Ashahi states that the Russians, when driven out of Tsinhocheng, retired to Kiupingtai, a strongly fortified camp on the main

less reply of the Russians was due to the fact that they are short of heavy ammu-nition or whether their guns were out-

THE CZAR WILLING.

and overshadowing question for Rus-sians, that of granting the people a voice Selo. Emperor Nicholas has panies there stuck to their positions.

and, it is confirmed, ble alarm by the use of at Sandiapu during the Headquarters, Huan says: After an all-night Denmas, educational and other bodies, Baumas, educational and other bodies, he has received thousands of private memorials. In consultations with his advisers the Emperor has displayed sympathy with the aspirations of the people, and expressed concurrence in the opinion that something must be done to bridge the chasm between himself and them. Since the death of Grand

Duke Sergius some of the influences at court which formerly were antagonistic take the same view. Nevertheless, the Grand Ducal party as a whole still holds out, yielding nothing.

The Ministers with whom the Emperor

has been discussing the problem since the inauguration of the Cabinet Council three weeks ago entertained divergent In substance, the proposition which

the Emperor now is considering is the establishment of a National Assembly based on direct class representation, to sist in a consultative capacity and propose laws—in other words, yielding the form, while retaining the essence of autocracy. The majority of the Ministers have expressed the opinion that such a measure, coupled with the reforms enunciated in the manifesto of Dec. 25, 1904, guaranteeing equility before the law, reguaranteeing equality before the law, responsibility of officials, and practical freedom of the press, will meet the present situation. All, however, recognize that such a solution can be only temporary. An assembly of this kind would be an anomaly in the Russian Government and soon must give way to a regular nent, and soon must give way to a regu

ment, and soon must give way to agreed
lar Parliamentary body.

This fact is equally recognized by the
Liberals, whom the proposed form would
not satisfy, but who would hail it as a
practical victory for future constitu-

tionalism.

M. Witte is said to have told the Em after a step has once been taken.

THE STRIKE MOVEMENT.

The Authorities Puzzled and Anxious

Over Attitude of Workingmen. A St. Petersburg cable: The strike situation throughout Russia has been rendered distinctly more critical by the bold demands of the St. Petersburg workmen yesterday, confronting the Government again with the necessity of yielding everything in the fact of a threat, or of seeing all hope of a permanent settlement of the strike here and elsewhere through like agencies, dashed to the ground. But the worst feature of the situation is that the authorities are now convinced that the leaders of the workmen, in pursuance of a deep political plan, are managed by a shrewd hidden agency, which is deliberately trying to prevent a sectlement. The authorities seem to be at their wits' ends and in the meantime rumors are again affont bold demands of the St. Petersburg workthat the action of yesterday was pre-liminary to a big demonstration on Sat-urday, and there are similar reports of urday, and there are similar reports of a projected demonstration of workmen of Moscow to signalize the emancipation anniversary. The police apparently do not know what to expect, but their general fear of the outcome is based on the discovery at Moscow and at Wirballen, Russian Poland, of quantities of bombs, many boxes of which have been shuggled into Russia, and it is reported that the demonstrations may be backed by the use of hombs against the troops. the use of bombs against the troops.

The strike movement has suddenly as-ned active form in the Ekaterinoslav and Don Cossack Governments. miners of the Donetskiy coal mines, numbering over 200,000, threaten to walk out on Monday.

TOOK THREE VILLAGES.

Russ and Jap Bombard Each Other-Japs Capture Town.

General Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, via Fushan, cable: During the night the Japanese infantry crept forward from the hills, and took three small rillage's in front of Witosan, on the plain close to the river, which has been the scene of so many outpost affairs. One column advanced northwest and captured the town of Kodaiaes, fifteen miles from

Witosan.
One village which the Japanese occupied was subjected to a fierce bombard-ment of solid shot, but the two com-

GRAND DUKE VLADIMIR CONDEMNED TO DEATH

By the Terrorists and He is III and Aging, but He Refuses to Act a Cowardly Part.

The Grand Duchess Follows Him About So as to Shield Him From Assassins.

A St., Peterbsurg cable: . Theutter impotency of the police in the face of the terrorist organization is shown by the increasing boldness of the latter all over St. Petersburg. Even on the steps of public buildings simple notices of Grand Duke Sergius' death were found. They read: "The sentence of death passed upon Sergius Alexandrovitch was executed Feb. 17. (Signed) "The Fighting Organization of the Social Democratic Party." Moreover the notices were neatly printed, a thing unknown in the day of the late Interior Minister Von Plehve, when similar notices were always run off on copying machines. The secret police then were too close

on the heels of the terrorists to permit of the use of a printing press.

the Grand Dukes Marie Paylovna, the efforts of his falming and the wails (wife of Grand Dukes Cyril and Boris), whose husband is high on the list shaken off restraint, declaring that he functions the first of the function of the first of the function of the function of the first of Grand Dukes Cyril and Boris), whose husband is high on the list of those condemned to death, is trying to shield his life with her own. Since Red Sunday, the Grand Duke has not only been showered with threats and warnings but has twice received from abroad formal letters signed by different groups informing him of his seatence to death and of the assignment of men to execute it. At the same time, him saving that his sentence was tement groups informing him of his scatence to death and of the assignment of men to execute it. At the same time, like the Grand Duchess Elizabeth, in the case of Grand Duchess Elizabeth, in the case of Grand Duchess Elizabeth, in the case of Grand Duchess farie was notified that her life and her sons' lives would be spared and she was appealed to not to go abroad in her husband's camp. The letters naturally terrorized the family and household of the Grand Duke and he has aged greatly during the last few weeks. Under the methods of the Terrorized the family and household of the Grand Duke and he has aged greatly during the last few weeks. Under the methods of the Terrorized the family and household of the Grand Duke and he has aged greatly during the last few weeks, under the strain of what he says is the unjust criticism which placed the responsibility for the bloodshed of January 22 wholly on his shoulders. Although the Grand Duke's health has been failing for over a year he is now cleanly a specific to the week drawing and though the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the imperial family to thrust aside all question of the safety of the saf

The Grand Duchess Marie Pavlovna, the efforts of his family and the warnbeen failing for over a year he is now cessions and to sanction the most dras-almost a complete wreck. For a time tic measures of repression.

Most Dreaded Scourge of All Ages Now Conquered.

New Orleans Physician Repeats Miracle,

But With Science Instead of

gone from his once expressionless eyes, Louis Sinet, a 15-year-old New Orleans boy, of Creole parentage, has been dis-charged from the Louisiana Lepers' Home, as the first leper who has ever been absolutely cured by less than di-vine agency in the history of the world. Success has crowned the treatment advine agency in the history of the world. Success has crowned the treatment administered in the Louisiana Lepers' Central American States. leprologist of the home, and the world's tained in this fact that there are fully authority on leprosy, and a short time ago the boy was released from the asylum without a trace of the disease for which he was committed to the home port states, "are entirely without atten-

four years ago.

In the history of the world there is no greater miracle than the healing of the lepers. The healing of the ten outcast world's experience to the contrary. and afflicted sufferers at the touch of the Nazarene has been one of the staple evidences of his divinity. Yet here, in these modern days, this very miracle has been accomplished. It was not done at been accomplished. It was not done at chance to brush against in the course of a touch in the twinkling of an eye, but years of patient labor and unremitting care were required to take away the taint of the most awful affliction. taint of the most awful affliction under which the world suffers. Every moment of the day in the life of this boy and of all the other patients in the home is hedged about by the regulations of the physicians, and every movement of each patient, man, woman and child, are carefully prescribed.

Yet the miracle is not less great on account of the number of years required to perform it. When Louis Sinet was hitherto incurable." committed to the home, in October, 1902, his body was the color of coffee. He was covered from head to foot with leprous ulcers; his face was blotched and puckered up with open sores. He had no eyebrows or lashes; his mouth was drawn down sidewise across his face. When he smiled—so light-hearted a boy the face with the smiled solution of the Philippine Islands. The acquisite method of the Philippine Islands is the property of the Philippine Islands is When he smiled—so light hearted a boy was he, that even in the depth of this misery he could smile—the contortion of his face was most horrible. Now he is pleasing to look upon. His face is clear, with a slight color in his cheeks, a most unusual thing in a Creole. The skin is as tender as that of a baby, having virtually been made over. There is a new growth of hair and lashes on his once bald head and unshaded eyes; and the eye, which was formerly dull, bleared and glassy, without expression, is clear, and shadows all the emotions of his mind.

Every one of the Philippine Islands is infected; one-tenth of the population of Guam is infected; one-tenth of the population of Guam is infected; one-tenth of the population of Guam is infected; one-tenth of the population of Function in the isolation hospital at San Lazardo. There is a lazaret in nearly every important city in our new accuri-tions.

And despite the world-wide prevalence of this terrible scourge, up to 1897 that of a divine miracle feebly held out to the leper. No human agency was sufferings. Dr. Dyer has declared that the contortion of his face was most horrible. Now he is pleasing to look upon. His face is clear, and is delivered provided in the infected; one-tenth of the population of Guam is infected; one-tenth of the populati

Ten other patients at the Louisiana Lepers' Home, the only institution in the world, or in the whole of history, where an attempt has been made to intelligently cure leprosy, are on a fair way to

and the treatment means is indicated, blue perseverance, not for days, but for months and years. If the remedy is taken early enough, and maintained, leprosy can be cured in any case except where the patient is in the last stages,

terrible inroads that the sources of life have been sapped, and there is not sufficient foundation on which to build a

"In ten years the catalogues of incurables diseases will have been lessened by one disease. The awful scourge of leprosy will: have been cut out of the list of irremediable visitations and placed on the same harmless list with typhus, typhoid, yellow fever, cancer and tuber-

culosis."

Eight months ago the announcement was made by Dr. Dyer, in a lecture before the Jesuit College in this city, that leprosy had heen cured. The news was flashed over the habitable globe within 24 hours. Incredulity was expressed by the whole world. Telegrams came from far away Russia and Germany. A prominent Berlin specialist, hitherto deemed the world's authority on leprosy, sent a long letter to Dr. Dyer, asking for information. The International Dermatological Congress, which meets every logical Congress, which meets every three years in Europe, and contains the ..ew Orleans, March a.—Cured of leprosy, with his face clear from the fearful scurf of the dread disease, as smooth as a girl's, and with the glassy stare gone from his once expressionless even Louis Singlet and the conference held last September in Berlin. His address was one of the conference held last September in Berlin. His address was one of the conference held last September in Berlin. His address was one of the conference held last September in Berlin. Berlin. His address was one of the features of the whole congress, not only at that convention, but since its organ-

ization many years ago.

Before that congress Dr. Dyer presented a paper on Leprosy in North America," which contained statistics of

may receive special treatment, and the danger is not even recognized by the city's medical authorities.

"There are 2,300,000 lepers in the world," said Dr. Dyer, commenting on this report. "Three million out of an estimated population of 1,438,680000, souls, or one for every 500 souls. Out of every 1,000 persons that walk the habitable globe, there are two afflicted with this awful and loathsome disease,

The figures are appalling: 20.000 lepers in Japan, 200,000 in India, 2,000,000 in China, and thousands and thousands in the Philippine Islands. The acquisi-tion of the Philippines, Guam and Porto in nearly every important city in our , new acquistions.

to the leper. No human agency was known to be available to mitigate his sufferings. Dr. Dyer has declared that he has discovered and is daily employing an indisputable cure of the disease.

"There is no secret about the process," he says. "I am not claiming to have made any wonderful discovery. Simply by the application and continuation of the methods that have been used for the disease was known. "Leprosy in all but the most advanced stages can be cured at the Louisiana Leprosy since the disease was known, Lepers' Camp," says Dr. Isadore Dyer. "All the treatment means is indefatigation and continuation and continuation

St. Petersburg-Gen. Stoessel was today received in audience by Empere Nicholas, who invited him to lunched