- 48. That after article 60, the following be inserted:
- 61. In any case where a succession renounced in the name of a minor has not been accepted by any one else, it may be afterwards accepted either by the tutor authorized by the judge, on the advice of a family council consulted anew, or by the minor become of age; but it is so taken in the state in which it is then, and the sales or other acts legally made during the vacancy cannot be questioned.
- 49. That article 63a be struck out and the following inserted instead thereof:
- **63***a*. Actions belonging to a minor are brought in the name of his tutor, except those for wages, which minors when of the age of fourteen years may bring alone to the amount of fifty dollars.

No action brought by a tutor can be maintained unless he show that the act of tutorship has been registered.

- 50. That after the article 65 the following be inserted:
- 65a. A tutor cannot transact in the name of the minor, until he is authorized by the court, by the judge or the prothonotary on the advice of a family council. Accompanied by these formalities, transaction has the same effect as if madewith a person of age.
- 51. That article 77 be struck out and the following inserted instead thereof:
- 77. An emancipated minor may grant leases, for terms not exceeding nine years; he may receive his revenues, give receipts therefor, and perform all acts of mere administration. He is not relievable from these acts, except in cases where persons of age would be so.

TITLE TENTH.

OF MAJORITY, INTERDICTION, CURATORSHIP AND OF JUDICIAL.
ADVISERS.

RESOLVED :--

52. That after article 17, the following be inserted:

17a. No one, with the exception of husband and wife, and ascendants and descendants, is obliged to retain the curatorship of an interdicted person for more than ten years; at the expiration of that time, the curator may demand and has a right to be replaced by another.