

OPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Visit Should Mean an Improvement in the Average of the Local Club

CUBS ARE DROPPING

Nationals Losing Ground in Spite of Gaining—Will Play International Tennis in Spain

Royals started out well in the Jersey City game that is won the contest, but not so good defence work, but because they pitched hard. The locals made six errors, were able to make the grade. Should they form that won the majority of the Newark game, the locals ought to clean up on this week.

Thanks to good pitching by Lee, DeLoach, 4 to 1 and kept the Hustlers out of the game, for the Orioles lost another to the Boston team under the ladder.

Way down in the box the Giants managed to get the five game series with the Reds. Closed their New York season with a double. They hit Matty in the first but the Giants good ones off Red pitchers and won by a margin, 7 to 2. In the second the Reds hit in the 8th, but in that session they pitched for five runs and won out.

are now five games behind the leaders, for whitewashed by the Phillies yesterday.

the Athletics' winning streak yesterday in a batting rally in the 8th inning.

standing the war in Europe, the international for the Davis cup will be played in all probability. The Australians will be the winning team at the end of this week in the winning nation will meet the American at the West Side courts in this city.

to say nothing of boys. Nothing seems probable just now, but human nature is much the same and it will be surprising if Wall Street does not lead ultimately investment of much foreign capital in America.

Flower failure of an old hand mark passes suspension of this historic market. The debacle of 1897 in which its value shrank millions. In part it was due to shrinkage. The primary cause of its however, date further back. Largely they equal of the death of its founder, Rowell in 1898. Personality counts. Individual great majority of cases, is the keynote of body can be justly blamed for not doing it. R. P. Flower did for as a business matter he was in a class by himself. Some of the magnetism which attracts the rich and appearance more like a farmer than had the faculty of gathering around him confidence and their money. His direct honesty and inborn optimism appealed persistently. The lesser rich and many who were attracted to him by other qualities was charitable. He built the hospital in his name. He was true to his friends. He money to men who were down and out in Congress. He was an ex-convict in State. This political power gave him a life in finance. The money kings, as he patronized and backed him. William Henry Rogers, D. O. Mills, Anthony George Pullman, H. H. Porter, the Breckinridge, are a few of the multi-millionaires who followed the death of Rowell P. Flower.

Big Surpluses.

WEATHER: FAIR

XXIX. No. 77

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CALL OFF KING'S CUP RACE

JAPAN TO STAND BY BRITAIN

LUSTANIA NOT RECALLED

The Journal of Commerce

MONTREAL, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 5, 1914

THE BUSINESS MAN'S DAILY TWO CENTS

BRITAIN'S DECISIVE ACTION PUTS HEART INTO ALLIES

Kaiser Pleads Again With Italy to Come to His Aid When He Sees Great Britain's Fleets Lined Up With Entente—Germany Thrown Back by Belgians and Defeated by French in Mediterranean.

(Special to The Journal of Commerce.) London, August 5.—The decisive action of Great Britain last night in declaring war on Germany had a stimulating effect on the other two members of the Triple Entente and the allies of the Entente, Belgium and Serbia. With daybreak this morning, on land and sea, Germany's forces were repulsed in certain instances with considerable loss of men and ships. This at least is the gist of persistent reports, few of which, however, have the mark of official confirmation. Early in the day came the news that the German fleet in the North Sea had been decisively beaten, but later came the message that the British Admiralty had no news of such a success. In an engagement in the Mediterranean, however, the French fleet captured two German cruisers and sank one as they fled from the British squadron.

The mobilization of the English army is being rushed to-day, and the despatching of troops across the English Channel is expected momentarily. Important battles occurred to-day on French, Russian and Belgian soil. The Kaiser's troops were driven back at Petit Croix, but in Russian Poland, their march was unchecked. Here villages were burned over a large territory. The government has commandeered automobiles for military purposes, the first time in history that motor cars have been seized for this use. The situation here is comparatively calm, which is in marked contrast with Paris, St. Petersburg and Berlin, where rioting has been in progress throughout the day.

No Wheat Shortage. There is no immediate fear of a wheat shortage. The Home Office issued a statement to-day saying that in addition to a four months' supply of wheat actually in the country, or being harvested, there are large consignments on the way already near British shores. Undismayed by the persistently neutral attitude of Italy, Germany made further representations to-day to the effect that Italy now was morally bound to come to the aid of the Alliance, as Germany had been attacked. While it is not thought that Italy will be so allured by the alleged pangs of the Germans, a close watch is being kept on the southern kingdom by the Allies, especially in view of the fact that she is mobilizing, and the effect of her added strength would tend to turn the balance in the Mediterranean in favour of the Alliance.

GERMANS DEFEATED IN MEDITERRANEAN. Toulon, France, Aug. 5.—Advices have been received here of a naval battle between Germany and France in the Mediterranean Sea, in which the Germans were defeated, suffering the loss of one ship and the capture of two others. The German dreadnought, Goeben, and the cruiser Breslau, are the vessels said to be in captivity. The scout cruiser Panther is the vessel believed to have been sent to the bottom. It is said that the three German warships, after bombarding French fortified towns along the Algerian coast, sailed for Gibraltar, but were intercepted by a British fleet which had put out from Malta. The Germans turned about and started back toward Algeria. In the meanwhile the French squadron had been despatched to protect Algeria. This squadron came up with the Germans, and the battle immediately followed.

The cruisers Panther is said to have been badly smashed up by the French fire. A shell exploded in her magazine, and she was blown apart, most of her crew perishing. After fighting for some time, the Goeben's machinery became disabled, and she hauled down her flag. The Breslau, left alone, endeavored to make her escape. Two French cruisers gave chase, overhauled the Breslau and after a sharp engagement, forced her to surrender.

The number of dead and wounded on the German side is reported to be large. Nothing is known in regard to the French casualties, or whether or not the French warship suffered any material damage by the German fire.

GERMANY PERSISTENT. Rome, Aug. 5.—Germany is still persistent in her demands that Italy meet her treaty obligations and line up with Germany and Austria in the war. The German Ambassador to-day formally notified the Foreign Office that Germany had been attacked by France and England, and demanded the aid pledged in the treaty.

GERMANY AGAIN ATTACKS LIEGE. Brussels, August 5.—Avenge their defeat at Liege by Belgian troops, the German invading force early to-day fell back on Vise and burned the town. Then they sent a force to Argenlieu which also was fired. In the clash at Liege, the Belgians turned the right wing of the German army which attempted to force its way through Belgium to the French frontier. They numbered 80,000, and the right wing which has been reinforced has renewed the effort to drive the Belgians back from Liege. The Germans have the additional support of the artillery which had not come up yesterday when the battle began. It is said that the Germans lost heavily and that many Belgians were killed in Liege and in the two towns that were fired.

BELGIANS REPULSE GERMANS. London, Aug. 5.—Germans cross the Meuse at Eysden, meeting resistance. 80,000 were forcing the advance on the city of Liege. There they encountered the Belgian militia. After stubborn battle, the right wing was forced to retire.

SENTIMENT CHANGING IN ITALY. Rome, Aug. 5.—The war party is demanding that Italy rescind her declaration of neutrality and join with Germany and Austria. There has been remarkable change of sentiment as result of despatches from London, saying that England had declared war on Germany.

WHAT IS UP GERMANY'S SLEEVE?

Boston, August 5.—London cable to the Post says only one event can prevent British army being sent across English Channel, either into France or Belgium, and that is annihilation of British fleet in battle now impending in North Sea. Great question that is agitating every mind is what hidden reliance has Germany. Alarmists are prophesying that Germany has some unknown explosive or some undreamed of new instrument of war. To observers it seems evident that Germany has determined upon arrogant suicide. Germans are displaying considerable activity on German-Russian frontier, and are apparently headed for Warsaw.

HEAVY FIRING STILL CONTINUES. London, Aug. 5.—Heavy firing at sea is reported from Hull, and it is believed German and British warships are engaged in battle in the North Sea. The firing has been heard since daybreak, and opinion is that British and German scouts are in the engagement. The main column of the German war fleet is reported to be still close to the German naval base at the mouth of the Elbe River.

DARDANELLES AND BOSPHORUS CLOSED. Constantinople, Aug. 5.—The government closed the Dardanelles and the Bosphorus to foreign vessels.

ONLY ONE DIRECT CABLE. New York, August 5.—Commercial Cable Co. announced that its cables to Emden, Germany, as well as Azores, are broken. Route to Emden was the only direct one for communication with Germany.

GERMANS USE ARMORED TRAINS. Paris, August 5.—After receiving advices that German troops had entered France near Creys and Lunelville, President Poincaré called a special meeting of the cabinet. The Germans opened fire this morning on the military customs house at Petit Croix, near Belfort. They are pouring into Luxembourg over the Basseval and Remich bridges across the Moselle. The Kaiser's troops are using armored trains and have brought a number of these to the frontier to be used in the attempt to capture Paris.

PRISONERS REACH BERLIN. Berlin, August 5.—First prisoners taken in fighting between Russia and Germany arrived here to-day. They were 60 Cossacks captured in opening skirmishes along frontier. 300 other Cossack prisoners were taken to Koenigsberg and 200 to Kliestern.

SHOOTING OFF SANDY HOOK. New York, August 5.—Passengers on board the Kaiser Wilhelm II, and the President Lincoln, both of which arrived at Quarantine this morning, say they were awakened at 3 o'clock by reports of cannonading outside of Sandy Hook. Captain Dahl, of the Kaiser Wilhelm II, said shots were distinctly heard, although nothing was visible on the water. Both vessels came in with lights covered.

GERMAN STEAMER SEIZED. Manchester, Eng., August 5.—German merchant steamer Dryad was seized at her dock here, 17 members of crew belonging to German navy were detained.

HYMN BEFORE ACTION.

(Rudyard Kipling.) The earth is full of anger, The seas are dark with wrath; The Nations in their harness Go up against our path! Ere yet we loose the legions— Ere yet we draw the blade, Jehovah of the Thunders, Lord God of Battles, aid!

High lust and forward bearing, Proud heart, rebellious brow— Deaf ear and soul uncaring, We seek Thy mercy now; The sinner that forswore Thee, The fool that gazed Thee by, Our times are known before Thee— Lord, grant us strength to die!

For those who kneel beside us At altars not Thine own, Who lack the lights that guide us, If wrong we did to call them, By honor bound they came; Let not Thy wrath befall them, But deal to us the blame. From panic, pride, and terror, Revenge that knows no rein— Light haste and lightning error, Protect us yet again, Cloak Thou our undeserving, Make firm the shuddering breath, In silence and unwavering To taste Thy lesser death! E'en now their vanguard gathers, E'en now we face the fray— As Thou didst help our fathers, Help Thou our best to-day! Fulfilled of sign and wonder, In life, in death made clear— Jehovah of the Thunders, Lord God of Battles, hear!

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO POWERS.

Washington, August 5.—The following message was sent to the Rulers of Germany, Russia, Austria, France and England: "As official head of one of the powers signatory to the Hague Convention, I feel it to be my privilege and my duty under article Three of that convention, to say to you in the spirit of most earnest friendship that I should welcome opportunity to act in the interests of European peace, either now or any other time, that may be thought more suitable; as an occasion to serve you and all concerned in a way that would afford me lasting cause for gratitude and happiness."

CHANGES IN CABINET. London, Aug. 5.—Lord Beauchamp, First Commissioner of Works, has been appointed to succeed Lord Morley. Walter Runciman, Minister of Agriculture, succeeded Burns.

GERMAN FLEET IN BALTIC. St. Petersburg, August 5.—War Office announced Russian army had established contact with the enemy along greater part of the frontier near Bialo-brzegi. A German fleet of 19 ships was signalled yesterday in the Baltic, sailing from Memel in direction of Libau.

LORD HALDANE AND LORD KITCHENER SUMMONED. London, August 5.—Lord Haldane and Lord Kitchener were summoned to War Office by Premier Asquith. Shortly afterward cabinet was called into session.

RUSSIANS REPULSED. Memel, Germany, August 5.—Russians attacked Memel today, but were repulsed by the garrison.

SIR JOHN FRENCH SUPREME. London, August 5.—Times says, Field Marshall Sir John French will be given supreme command of the English army as soon as mobilization is completed. Sir John is regarded as one of the best versed military authorities in the world and in England's opinion ranks with the greatest generals of all time.

TO VOTE WAR FUND. London, August 5.—Premier Asquith announced in House of Commons he would request a credit of \$500,000,000 to be voted to-morrow.

WILLEHAD REPORTED CAPTURED. Ottawa, Ont., August 5.—German steamer Willehad is reported captured by British cruisers between Newfoundland and Cape Breton.

ADMIRALTY CONFIRMS REPORT. London, August 5.—Admiralty confirms report sinking of British ship laying mines by Germans. Destroyer Pathfinder was pursued by German cruisers in North Sea and narrowly escaped capture.

ENGLISH QUIET AND DETERMINED. London, Aug. 5.—The Government's proclamation of state of war between Great Britain and Germany was read from the steps of the Royal Exchange with picturesque ceremonies.

There is no showing of frenzied enthusiasm over here, as there is in other European capitals. The people are taking the situation quietly, but their grim determination plainly shows in their actions. The War Office announced that the government had taken control of all railroad lines, and gave out list of names of ten railroad general managers who are to act as committee to operate roads during the war.

All papers here issued two special editions an hour. War Office sent out notices instructing all regulars and reservists to proceed immediately to their appointed posts without waiting for an official call.

WORK OF BRITISH WARSHIPS. New York, Aug. 5.—German Atlantic Cable Co. announced that the cut in communication between America and the Azores occurred at 1.30 this morning. This was presumably the work of British warships.

RESERVISTS TO RETURN. New York, Aug. 5.—Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island to-day estimated the number of men who will go abroad or seek to go abroad to engage in warfare as follows: Germans 10,000, Austrians 12,000, Servians 10,000, French 10,000, Russians 5,000, English 5,000, Unclassified 10,700.

GREAT BATTLE IN NORTH SEA. Margate, Eng., Aug. 5.—A tremendous cannonade was heard far out at sea to-day, indicating that a great battle was on in the North Sea.

GERMANS BOMBARD NAMUR. Brussels, Aug. 5.—German artillery is bombarding Namur at junction of the Meuse and Sambre rivers, 26 miles southeast of Brussels. Namur is a city of 35,000, and is strongly fortified.

Reports indicate that German invaders are turning southward, and heading for the French frontier. AVIATOR DROPS BOMBS. Chemnitz, Aug. 5.—(Saxony)—A French aviator dropped a number of bombs over Chemnitz early to-day. Six persons were killed and a number injured.

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BRITISH GOVERNMENT ABANDON PLAN TO GUARANTEE WAR RISKS

Now Proposed to Open a Bureau For Voluntary Insurance of War Risks on Goods in British Ships. New York, August 5.—A cable Tuesday said that the British Government had guaranteed war risks on existing grain contracts for English account. This it was thought partly paved the way for wheat shipments from the United States. Advances now are that the plan has been abandoned on account of the difficulty in fixing cost on the receiver. It is proposed now to open a bureau for voluntary insurance of war risks on goods in British ships for the United Kingdom only. Further plans will be cabled here to-morrow.

MILITIA MOVE IN EAST.

(Special Correspondence.) Sydney, August 5.—At an early hour to-day the local militia regiment, the 94th Victoria Argyle Highlanders, will be on the move. An intercolonial special train starting from Orangetown at an early hour this morning while moving east, will pick up the several companies of the regiment en route to Sydney. On arrival there the local militia will be quartered in the Arena rink and afterward distributed. A special express to-day will also arrive at Halifax with four hundred regulars who will be distributed in proper quota at Sydney Mines, Sydney, Glace Bay, North Sydney and Louisbourg for the protection of the cable and wireless station and the steel plants and collieries; in all nearly one thousand Canadian militia will be stationed in Cape Breton. Permanent militia are replacing the garrison at Halifax, the latter to be sent forward to England via Quebec.

BRING IN LUMBERMEN.

(Special Correspondence.) Ottawa, August 5.—Several hundreds of the men employed in the bush by the J. R. Booth Company have been called to Ottawa by the company. Owing to the financial stringency the slackness of building operations and the big accumulation of the company's stock of lumber and pulp wood has been to greatly restrict for the balance of this year the getting out of more raw material.

JAPANESE FLEET IN READINESS.

Tokio, Aug. 5.—Japanese fleet has been ordered to be ready to put to sea. A German warship has been sighted in Tawshima Straits, watching vessels of the Russian volunteer fleet.