SPORTING GOSSIP

Big League Baseball Games

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; Pittsburg, 3.

New York, May 26.—New York defeated Pittsburg in the first game of the series here today by a score of 4 to 3. Cooper, of Pittsburg lost the game in the third inning when he lost control, and issued three bases on balls. His fumble, and a sacrifice fly netted New York two runs. Benton, of the Giants, was well supported with men on the bases. The score:

Pittsburg	001000020	3	7 2
New York	02200000x	4	8 3

Cooper and Sweeney; Benton and McCarty.

Chicago, 1; Boston, 0.

Boston, May 26.—A single by Ray Powell with two out in the first inning was the only hit made off Phil Douglass, who pitched Chicago to a 1 to 0 victory over Boston today. A triple by Manning followed by Kilduff's single through Smith, scored the only run. Manager Mitchell of Chicago was ejected from the park by Umpire Byron for protesting a decision. The score:

Chicago	000100000	1	10 0
Boston	000000000	0	1 1

Douglass and Killifer; Rudolph, Northrop and Tregrassor, Gowdy.

Brooklyn, 5; St. Louis, 2.

Brooklyn, May 26.—Zach Wheat's home run over the right field wall in the eighth inning today, with the score tied, proved to be the winning tally, Brooklyn defeating St. Louis by a score of 5 to 2. A double, two singles and a careless throw to the infield by Heathcote which caused his summary removal by Manager Rickey, added two more runs in the eighth. Meadows was poorly supported.

St. Louis	000000200	2	6 2
Brooklyn	00010013x	5	13 2

Meadows and Clemons; Cadore, Grimes and Krueger, M. Wheat.

Cincinnati, 7; Philadelphia, 5.

Philadelphia, May 26.—Cincinnati celebrated "Pat" Moran day here today by beating Philadelphia 7 to 5. The Reds' manager was the recipient of numerous gifts from local fans and the players of the home club. Eller was hit hard all through the game, but the hits were well scattered and he was saved more than once by sharp fielding. The score:

Cincinnati	000005200	7	13 1
Philadelphia	110000111	5	12 4

Eller, Fisher and Rariden; Wingo; Packard, G. Smith and Adams.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

St. Louis, 2; New York, 1.

St. Louis, Mo., May 26.—While New York was attempting a double play which would have retired the side in the tenth, Sisler scored from second with the run that gave St. Louis its second straight victory over the Yankees, 2 to 1. The score:

New York	0100000000	1	12 1
St. Louis	0000001001	2	5 2

Quinn and Ruel; Gallia and Billings.

Cleveland, 12; Boston, 7.

Cleveland, May 26.—Boston pitchers were wild and ineffective today and Cleveland won, 12 to 7. Morton who started the game for Cleveland, was driven from the box in three innings while Coveleskie, who replaced him was hit hard. Gardner's hitting with men on bases was a feature. The score:

Boston	003103000	7	13 4
Cleveland	12016101x	12	13 0

James, Caldwell, Pennock, Ruth and Walters; Coveleskie, Morton and O'Neil.

Philadelphia, 8; Detroit, 5.

Detroit, May 26—Ten bases on balls, four errors and a wild pitch by Kallio aided Philadelphia in breaking Detroit's winning streak 8 to 5 today. The visitors scored five of their runs in the eighth by bunching hits with three passes. The score:

Philadelphia	000111050	8	7 2
Detroit	000104000	5	9 4

Perry, Kinney and McAvoy; Boland, Cunningham, Kallio and Ainsmith.

Chicago, 3; Washington, 2.

Chicago, May 26.—Chicago bunched hits today and defeated Washington for the second consecutive time, 3 to 2. Chicago was out-hit by the visitors but sensational fielding by Jackson, Risberg and Schalk kept the score down. The score:

Washington	100000100	2	8 0
Chicago	11100000x	3	6 0

Thompson, Craft and Picinich; Williams and Schalk.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Reading, 4; Newark, 2.

At Newark—

Reading	100021000	4	5 1
Newark	020000000	2	4 2

Wienert, Keefe and Dooin; Pich, Jensen and Bruggy.

Binghamton, 5; Rochester, 2.

At Rochester—

Rochester	00020000	2	5 0
Binghamton	103000001	5	12 0

Jersey City, 12; Baltimore, 5.

At Jersey City—

Baltimore	300020100	5	10 2
Jersey City	20603100x	12	14 1

Kneish and Herbert and Egan; Zellars and Hyde.

Toronto, 4; Buffalo, 1.

Buffalo, May 26.—Buffalo and Toronto battled for sixteen innings here this afternoon before the Maple Leafs finally put over three runs and won by 4 to 1. Toronto scored one in the seventh and Buffalo one in the eighth. Bobby Heck went the full distance, while Harscher was taken out in the tenth after filling the bases, Thomas finishing, and losing by being hit four times in the end. The score:

Buffalo	0000100000000	1	6 4
Toronto	0000001000003	4	12 1

American League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Chicago	20	7	.741
Cleveland	17	8	.680
New York	11	9	.550
St. Louis	13	11	.542
Boston	9	13	.409
Detroit	10	15	.400
Washington	8	14	.364
Philadelphia	5	16	.238

National League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
New York	16	6	.727
Brooklyn	16	7	.696
Cincinnati	16	9	.640
Philadelphia	10	10	.500
Chicago	12	13	.480
Pittsburg	11	14	.440
Boston	5	15	.250
St. Louis	6	19	.240

SPORTING GOSSIP

Dempsey Showed Speed At Toledo

Big Fighter Stepped Four Fast Rounds With Bill Tate, a Sparring Partner Yesterday

Toledo, O., May 26.—Boxing with the speed and dash of a lightweight, Jack Dempsey today stepped four rounds with Bill Tate, the giant negro sparring partner, in the fastest workout the challenger has had since he began training for his championship battle with Jess Willard here July 4. Dempsey went through his paces this morning, as Trainer Jimmy De Forrest believed the heat of the mid-afternoon would make strenuous boxing unpleasant.

When the crowd arrived in camp this afternoon Dempsey was obliged to do some shadow boxing, tugging at the weights and bag punching to satisfy the hundreds of onlookers who made the trip to camp with the expectation of seeing some ring work.

Tex Rickard, promoter of the contest, was a visitor at the camp. Rickard heard nothing definite in regard to Willard's departure from Los Angeles, but assumed that the champion had started for Toledo as scheduled. Ray Orchard, Willard's business representative, is on the way here, having left the coast yesterday.

"TESS MAYFLY" WON.

In addition to the local dogs mentioned in yesterday's Standard who won at the Montreal Dog Show, Gerald McCarthy's English setter bitch "Tess Mayfly" won in the novice, limit, open, Canadian bred and the ribbon for the best English setter bitch in the show.

SCOUT TROOP CHALLENGE.

The Portland troop of Boy Scouts challenge any Scout ball team in the city to a series of games for a suitable trophy, and an answer is requested at the Portland Methodist Y. M. A. hall next Monday evening at eight o'clock.

OPENING POSTPONED.

The official opening of the St. John Baseball League in the West End, which was to have taken place last night, was postponed on account of wet grounds. The opening of the St. Peter's League was also postponed, and if the weather is favorable this evening the first games will be played.

Canada Should Have a Government Able To Administer Its Affairs

(Continued from page 1)

every one was idle. Since sailing we have had no word.

I have no intention of discussing the merits of this question. In the absence of news it would be absurd. It is possible that every other legitimate manner of redressing grievances had been tried. It is also possible that a few men, on one side or the other, are endeavoring to use the rest of the population for their own selfish advantage. It is, of course, possible that a few men, absolutely regardless as to results, are desirous of subverting all law and order. It is unfortunate that, in this kind of action, the innocent suffer with the guilty, and usually more severely.

But, it is to another phase that I wish to draw your attention. If there is one thing more than another that has been brought home to the people of Canada, as well as other countries by the war, it is the necessity of first considering essential matters. It is not essential that the present government of Canada should remain in office, much less any particular member of that government. It is not essential that the next government should long remain in office. The ambitions of individuals do not matter. But it is essential that there should be a government—a settled government—able and willing to properly administer the laws of the country in regard to life and property upon principles of absolute justice and equality. If the laws are wrong there is a constitutional way of changing them. If a government is bad it can easily be disposed of. But there is no possibility of Canada succeeding and developing its great natural resources as it should except under settled principles and proper administration of law and order. It is not essential whether you arrive some time tomorrow or the day after, or if you leave Halifax on the first train or the second, but it is essential that, when you get home, you realize your own responsibility in connection with these matters and endeavor to influence your friends along the same lines so that we may have a peaceful Canada, continuing to occupy the proud position among nations for which her sons and daughters have so gallantly struggled.'

MORE SERIOUS NOW

Than Ever Before Because of War-Reduced Reserve Strength.

The war has been far-reaching in its effects. It has caused worry and anxiety in every home, and has affected the health of every family. It has aggravated chronic troubles, increased their tenacity, and made all Spring ailments more serious.

As a result, a blood-purifying stomach-toning Spring medicine is more necessary this year than ever.

People still take Hood's Sarsaparilla because it is an old family friend, has proved it merit to three generations—as a Spring and all-the-year-round medicine in purifying the blood, expelling humors, restoring appetite, relieving rheumatism, banishing that tired feeling.

It combines roots, barks, herbs, and berries often prescribed by physicians for Spring ailments of the blood, stomach, liver and kidneys. Hood's Pills are a good cathartic.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING WAS STRONGLY ENDORSED BY CITIZENS

Resolution Asking for Its Establishment Passed at Largely Attended Meeting in Board of Trade Rooms Last Night—School Board and City Council Asked to Act—Committee of Fifteen Appointed.

According to the unanimous vote of a large number of citizens at a meting held at the Board of Trade rooms last evening, St. John needs a vocational school, and has asked the proper authorities that such a school be established.

Mayor Hayes presided, and after explaining that the meeting was called at the request of a committee, asked R. E. Armstrong to act as secretary and referred to the following persons as having sent their regrets at not being able to show their interest by being present—Dr. J. Roy Campbell, R. Downing Paterson, Hon. Dr. Roberts, Rev. G. A. Kuhring.

Fred Magee, M. L. A., was introduced.

Mr. Magee stated that he was an old resident of St. John and a tax payer at present. In 1917 a committee had been appointed by the government of which he was a member. They had investigated the question of vocational training thoroughly, studying it in Canada and the United States. An act was passed which gave New Brunswick power to go ahead with vocational training schools the Province paying 50 per cent. of the maintenance of the schools when established in accordance with the act.

The need of the province was foreman and competent workmen, and a vocational school would supply such a demand. At present in St. John there is no way of putting pupils in touch with their life work. For those who do not chose the cultural education there is no place where they can be trained in trade or fitted for proper employment.

Mr. Magee said he was not criticising the splendid school system in St. John, Moncton and Fredericton, but that he felt they should be supplemented by vocational training. He pointed out the very large percentage of pupils who leave school unprepared to make a living with their hands.

In New Brunswick 3.2 per cent. of students only are to be found in the High School, and one out of every two hundred graduate. This represents an enormous human wastage, an economic loss of millions. There is only one road for students to go through the High School to the University. With the cultured idea the vocational training must be adopted if we are to give a fair chance to all.

Mr. Magee told of the unanimous endorsation of the vocational bill, and said that the representatives from St. John were enthusiastic supporters. It was time when 95 per cent. of the pupils are destined for industry that serious steps were taken.

Conditions in London, Ont., where the city pays $19,000 a year for vocational schools, and in other cities were described. What was needed is a school where boys and girls can get stenography, bookkeeping, courses in plumbing, carpentry, motor mechanics, steamfitting navigation or any other trade or calling free—an industrial high school side by side with the cultural high school. St. John would not have the distinction of being the first city in the province as Woodstock had already applied to the government for a grant, but it might be the second, and Mr. Magee suggested that the meeting take action and recommend that the city council ask the Board of School Trustees to establish vocational training in St. John.

The aid given by the federal government was explained, showing that some $32,000 would be available for the Province if New Brunswick spends that much, and how the money may be taken for buildings or the purchase of property. Evening schools for both sexes were included in the programme. It was believed that $100,000 could be raised by public subscription in St. John in one week.

Professor Fletcher Peacock was the next speaker, and he endorsed the arguments of Mr. Magee, but laid emphasis on the fact that vocational training did not alone teach the earning of money, it must also include courses in social problems, in government in moral conduct, music and literature so that each citizen should be not merely a productive unit but socially effective. In 1918 there were 1272 pupils in Grade I. in St. John schools. In Grade II. there were 108, eighty of whom graduated.

Professor Peacock explained the follow-up system adopted in the United States, and read a letter showing the accomplishment of a boy graduate of Holyoke, Mass. He spoke of the methods of organization, telling of the compulsory system of many nations and states. The system is democratic and no distinction must be made. He trusted that now that the machinery is available it will be used and hoped that the movement would be forwarded without delay.

A. M. Belding said that fifteen influential organizations were represented at the meeting. He then read the following resolution:

"Whereas, Under the act of legislature relating to Vocational Training, passed in 1918, it is provided that when any city or municipality makes provision for such training, the province will pay half of the cost of conducting such a school or classes; and

"Whereas, It is estimated that with an initial expenditure of $5,000 a good beginning could be made in St. John, looking to the eventual establishment of a thoroughly equipped vocational school.

"Therefore, resolved, That this meeting appeal to the city council to make the necessary grant and ask the Board of School Trustees to appoint a vocational Training Board as provided by the act; also that as time is an important element in the case the council and board be urged to take action with the least possible delay. And that a copy of this resolution be sent to the council and school board."

Frank Potts, M. L. A., in seconding the resolution suggested that no better peace memorial could be planned than such a school, and felt sure that many citizens would freely give $100 apiece; he himself would be glad to be among the number. This suggestion received hearty applause.

W. Frank Hatheway speaking in favor of the motion suggested that the business college building next to the High School should be acquired for a vocational business college.

R. B. Emerson and L. P. D. Tilley, M. L. A., thought the amount asked for should be larger.

Dr. H. S. Bridges congratulated Messrs. Magee and Peacock on their clever addresses and said that his own mind was made up years ago to the necessity of vocational training.

Rev. R. F. McKim spoke strongly in favor of the project.

Peter Sharkey asked for a proper representation of the labor societies on the board. A. M. Belding explained that the sum of $5,000 was all that it was felt would be possible for the council to grant at this time and with this an expert could be engaged who would relate the vocational training to the present school system, start evening classes, while working up to larger plans. Citizens might be required to contribute the $50,000. In answer to Mr. Sharkey, Mr. Belding stated that there was a labor representative, Mr. Maxwell, on the provincial board, as well as a member representing the farmers, and that the Trades and Labor Council had passed a resolution favoring the plans. Dr. Emery explained that the School Board had to be asked by the Council and the Mayor told of the Council's action.

R. L. Rising moved a resolution asking for the appointment of a committee of fifteen to be named by the chair. He praised the St. John schools highly.

A vote of thanks to Messrs. Magee and Peacock was moved by R. B. Emerson, seconded by Rev. Dr. Hutchinson and carried.

The meeting closed with the National Anthem.

The following were named by the Mayor as members of the committee to co-operate with the Vocational Training Board:

W. K. Ganong, Fred A. Campbell, A. H. Wetmore, Mrs. T. N. Vincent, A. M. Belding, L. W. Simms, Geo. R. Melvin, W. S. Fisher, Geo P. Hennessy, Mrs. R. J. Hooper, W. F. Burditt, Major Johnston, Mrs. J. W. V. Lawlor, P. W. Thomson, F. W. Daniel.

Ottawa Extends Hearty Welcome To Sir Robert

(Continued from Page One)

the budget, and there is Cabinet reorganization. In the matter of the budget Sir Robert is called upon to walk where the Finance Minister feared to tread. In other words, his problem is to devise a budget that will strike a balance between the extreme high protectionists of the east and the extreme low tariff advocates of the west. In this he is not likely to be wholly successful, because, with the tariff still the main pillar of revenue, and the need for revenue vital, a substantial reduction of customs duties is out of the question, and this means that Mr. Crerar, Minister of Agriculture, will quit the Cabinet and take with him, if not completely across, at least to the centre of the House, some dozen or fifteen Unionists. But that, at the worst, is the very maximum of possible danger. For the budget, while not containing important tariff alterations, will make some temporary reductions, and these, strengthened by promise of scientific tariff revisions after expert investigation, will hold the overwhelming bulk of the government's supporters together.

Cabinet reorganization will likely follow upon the heels of the budget, and a number of ministers are likely to disappear with the shuffle. Mr. Burrell, Secretary of State; Mr. Doherty, Minister of Justice; Mr. Cochrane, without portfolio, and Sir George Foster, Minister of Trade and Commerce, are almost certain to go. Mr. Carvell, it is felt, will retire of his own volition, and Mr. MacLean, who has been one of the administrative pillars of the Cabinet, will, it is said, resign because of poor health. This number, with the addition of Mr. Crerar, will mean that at least half a dozen new ministers will have to be brought in—in itself an exceedingly difficult task.

SAGE TEA DANDY TO DARKEN HAIR

It's Grandmother's Recipe to Bring Back Color and Lustre to Hair.

You can turn gray, faded hair beautifully dark and lustrous almost over night if you'll get a bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" at any drug store. Millions of bottles of this old famous Sage Tea Recipe, improved by the addition of other ingredients, are sold annually, says a well-known druggist here, because it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that no one can tell it has been applied.

Those whose hair is turning gray or becoming faded have a surprise awaiting them, because after one or two applications the gray hairs vanishes and your locks become luxuriantly dark and beautiful.

This is the age of youth. Gray-haired, unattractive folks aren't wanted around, so get busy with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound tonight and you'll be delighted with your dark handsome hair and your youthful appearance within a few days.

CANADA'S NAVY DURING WAR REVIEWED BY MR. BALLANTYNE

The Atlantic Coast Patrol Consisted of 10 Auxiliary Patrol, 12 Canadian Trawlers, 7 Canadian Sweepers, 36 T. R's, 36 Drifters, 15 F D Drifters, All Manned by Canadians—Rainbow and Niobe Did Efficient Work.

Ottawa, May 26.—In the House this afternoon Hon. Charles Murphy asked if, in view of the serious situation in Western Canada, in regard to the strike at Winnipeg, and threatened strikes at Calgary, Edmonton and other places, the government had any information to give to the House.

Hon. A. K. MacLean replied that there was nothing substantially new to state to the House in connection with the Winnipeg strike, excepting that the telephone service was almost normal and business activities are being gradually re-established. There was no additional information as to the possibility of a strike in Calgary and other western cities.

Mr. Mackie asked what steps had been taken in regard to the situation in Edmonton and Calgary. He was, he said, in receipt of communication that a sympathetic strike had been declared and there was likely to be danger to property and persons.

Mr. McLean replied that no official intimation had been received by the government or by the Department of Labor. Until some intimation were received, the government could not very well express an opinion about it.

Mr. Richardson asked whether the postal employees in Winnipeg returned to work at 11 o'clock this morning as they had been notified to do.

Mr. McLean replied that the department had received no information from Winnipeg today respecting the postal employees. The last word received was that they were likely to return, but there had been no confirmation.

Mr. Lemieux asked the Minister of Finance if men employed in the income tax offices in Montreal and elsewhere were appointed by the civil service commission.

Sir Thomas White replied that the appointments were made by the government on the recommendation in the first instance of the commissioner of taxation.

The bill respecting the St. John and Quebec railway passed the committee stage, and just as that formality was over, Sir Robert Borden and Hon. A. L. Sifton entered the chamber. The Premier got a good reception from his followers, and after bowing his acknowledgments, he crossed the floor and shook hands with Mr. D. D. MacKenzie, Hon. Rodolphe Lemieux and Hon. Charles Murphy. He chatted for a few minutes with the leaders of the opposition, and then passed around the benches on the Conservative side, shaking hands with each member.

He also greeted all the members on the opposition side of the House.

The House went into committee on a bill to amend the act respecting the appointment of a harbor master at Halifax. This bill was passed through the committee stages and given third reading.

Mr. Ballantyne moved a resolution preceding a bill instruction the governor-in-council to appoint the Minister of Marine to be the pilotage authority for any pilotage district.

A Royal Commission had recommended such a course, and Mr. Ballantyne thought it would mean increased efficiency in the pilotage system. The resolution was carried and a bill based upon it was introduced.

The House then went into supply on a vote of $238,900 for salaries in the Department of Naval Service. Mr. Ballantyne took opportunity to reply to charges made some days ago by Mr Duff against the naval service of Canada. Mr. Duff, Mr. Ballantyne declared, had seen fit to make a long list of the most inaccurate charges against the loyal officers and men who had defended Canadian coasts in a most efficient manner.

Mr. Duff interrupted that he had done no such a thing. He added that he had strongly commended the officers and men.

Mr. Ballantyne:

"The honorable member must know that when he makes charges of inefficiency and blundering and ridicules the Canadian naval service he cannot now rise in his place and say that he did not make the charges."

Referring to Lieutenant Julian, whom Mr. Duff had cited, Mr. Ballantyne said that Lieutenant Julian, when war broke out, did not know the bow from the stern of a ship. The charges had been made for political purposes, and Mr. Ballantyne went on, it had always been a matter of great regret to him that the naval defence of Canada had ever got into political controversy.

"When next session comes," he continued, "I am satisfied that the government will place before parliament a naval policy that will receive, not only the unanimous approval of members of parliament, but also the general public."

Mr. Ballantyne declared that the Rainbow was in commission with a full crew, on July 18, 1914, and her Captain was instructed to prepare for war. She began active work on August 4, and her activities extended from Panama to the northern coast of British Columbia. She cruised 150,000 miles, but when the United States came into the war, it was decided that her crew could be used to better advantage on the Atlantic. The Niobe was ready for sea on August 31, 1914, and her first duty was to escort a vessel with the Royal Canadian Regiment to Bermuda. She subsequently formed part of the New York patrol. She was paid off in September, 1915, after having steamed 30,000 miles. He said there was nothing in the charge that her boilers were in such condition that she was unseaworthy.

He denied that Sir Douglas Hazen was to blame for Canada not having done more in connection with the naval service, although he held that Canada had done her share, and he read a despatch to the government from the Admiralty which stated that naval assistance was necessary and Canada's effort should be concentrated on the land forces.

With regard to the statement by Mr Duff that a German vessel should have been captured by the Niobe on its way down the St. Lawrence, Mr. Ballantyne said this vessel left Montreal on August 1. She reached Boston on August 5. No prizes were made in the North Atlantic because the German vessels simply stayed in port.

He stated that the Atlantic coast patrol consisted of the following: 10 auxiliary patrol vessels, 12 Canadian trawlers, 7 Canadian sweepers, 36 T. R.'s, 36 drifters, 15 F. D. drifters, 6 United States submarine chasers and 1 United States torpedo boat. The whole of these were manned by Canadians excepting, of course, the United States vessels. This patrol took care of 1,800 miles of coast line and the force was maintained at sea two-thirds of its time. The Canadian patrol discovered several German mines.

Mr. Ballantyne denied that money was wasted at Sydney or Halifax and it was absurd to say that masters and mates were taken from merchant vessels and kept at Halifax for months at a time.

EXERCISES AT ACADIA COLLEGE

The Closing Programme Was Carried Out Yesterday When Prize Winners Were Announced.

Special to The Standard.

Wolfville, May 26.—The closing exercises of Acadia Seminary took place today, the weather not dull but rainy. A May day exercise was given by students of the physical training department. Marie Hay was the May Queen. Others who took part were Mary Brady, Margaret Brady, Doris Crandall, Lucille, Gabriel, Kathleen Proctor, Mona Parsons, Ellen Spencer, Muriel McBay, Beatrice Phillips, Phyllis Pollard, Doris Bagley, Mabel Grant, Leah McCallum, Jean Creighton, Constance Cann, May Proctor, Eileen Dodge, Mabel Pollard, Nettie Colwell, Helen Thompson, Helen Simms, Mary Lusby, Hilda Kinsman, Josephine Churchill, Hilda Wry, Doris Starratt, Dorothy Slipp, Kathleen Archibald, Muriel Turner. The director Miss Deane was warmly congratulated on the results of her work. In the class day exercises in the afternoon by the graduating class, a programme was carried out in which the following named took part: Marie Wilson, Marie Hay, May Clark, Mrs. Ford, Nelen and Marjorie Fitch, Ella Warren.

The members of the class are Viola Marshall Black, Mary Adella Clark, Hilda Marie Cox, Elizabeth Helen Fitch, Nancy Marjorie Fitch, Sarah Jamieson Ford, Marie Hay, Ruth Irene Hennigar, Lois Giffin Lomant, Thelma Grace Oxner, Beatrice Evelyn Phillips, Irene Margaret Rand, Ella Jean Warren.

In the programme of graduating exercises those who took part were: Cassie Smallman, Violet Holden, Lois Giffin Lamont, Marie Hay, Ella Jean Warren, Frances Eaton Dewolfe, O. Marie McC. Wilson, Lillian Russell.

At the Boys' Acadia closing it was shown that the attendance had been the largest in the history of the of the school, the net enrollment being 227, which is 38 larger than the previous high record. In the matriculating class there are 31; middle class, 31; junior class, 15; business class, 94; special students, 14; manual training class, 62. The boys enrolled were 164, and the girls 63. The boys winning high distinction were: H. B. Camp, Woodstock; Cecil Fraser, Halifax; Mark K. Inman, Argyle; J. R. McGorman, Lechine; Kenneth Munro, Dartmouth; John V. Stevens, Kingston; George Hannington, St. John.

The prize list follows:

The leader of senior class, H. B. Camp, Woodstock, $10.

Leader of Middle Class—M. B. Vail, New Glasgow, $10.

Leader of Junior Class—Donald Murray, Dartmouth, $5.

Leader of Business Class—Edward Kirk, Antigonish, $10; bookkeeping prize, H. Wiley Day, Bath, N. B., $5.

Spelling prize—A. G. Rooney, Mount Denson, $5.

High aggregate for the winter term, L. G. Pick, Wolfville, $5.

Leonard prize essay on "Reconstruction in Canada," (26 essays submitted)—First prize, D. S. McLeod, Charlottetown, $35; second prize, J. R. McGorman, Lechine, $25.

An announcement was made that the Academy students had pledged over $1,000 toward the erection of the new memorial gymnasium which it is hoped will be completed before next year.

EMPLOYERS WARD OFF THREATENED TORONTO STRIKE

Grant Metal Trades a Forty-eight Hour Week Without Deduction from Present Pay.

Toronto, May 26—The possibility of a general strike in Toronto was greatly lessened today by the announcement made this afternoon that the employers of the meta trades had conceded a forty-eight hour week without deduction from the present pay; double pay for overtime, and a recognition of the principle of collective bargaining. The strikers are asking for a forty-four hour week but it is thought that they may accept the compromise this afternoon and avoid an appeal to the other trades unions for a general strike which question is to be voted on tonight.

RE-INFORCEMENTS

Snappy Styles for Young Men

have just been received in

New Waisted Suits
New Spring Overcoats
New Raincoats
New Shirts, Collars and Ties.

Gilmour's, 68 King St.

10% discount off soldiers' first outfit

THE WEATHER

Maritime—Fresh winds, cool with showers in many places.

Washington, May 26—Northern New New England: Partly cloudy Tuesday; warmer in Maine. Wednesday fair. Moderate west winds.

Toronto, May 26.—The weather has been cool and showery today in the Maritime Provinces, while in Western Canada, the Prairie Provinces, it has been fair and warm.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	48	64
Vancouver	46	56
Kamloops	52	68
Calgary	52	78
Prince Albert	62	86
Moose Jaw	61	89
Port Arthur	48	64
Parry Sound	44	70
London	48	79
Toronto	50	83
Kingston	46	66
Ottawa	48	82
Montreal	50	78
Quebec	44	64
St. John	46	68
Halifax	46	50

POSLAM BRINGS JOY OF CLEAR HEALTHY SKIN

To skin that once was eruptional and unsightly Poslam brings again the glow of health for many. And what relief when blemishes long tolerated are at last disposed of! A highly concentrated healing power qualifies Poslam for this work. Like a pacifying balm to burning, irritated surfaces. You should not suffer—should not allow any skin disorder to remain in evidence one day longer without finding out just what Poslam can do for it.

Sold everywhere. For free sample write to Emergency Laboratories, 243 West 47th St., New York City.

Poslam Soap, medicated with Poslam, brightens, beautifies complexions.

VOLCANIC ERUPTION KILLS THOUSANDS

Tokio, Japan, May 26—(By the Associated Press)—Sixteen thousand persons were killed or injured in a volcanic eruption in Central Java on May 20. This information is contained in official advices from Batavia.

GODDARD BEAT CURPHY.

London, May 26—(By the Associated Press)—Frank Goddard tonight beat Jack Curphy, in the tenth round of a twenty round contest for the heavyweight championship of Great Britain and the Lord Lonsdale belt.

MAILS FOR CALGARY.

It was reported that word was received yesterday at the post office that all mails for Calgary are to be stopped.

LIFT OFF CORNS!

Drop Freezone on a touchy corn, then lift that corn off with fingers

Doesn't hurt a bit! Drop a little Freezone on an aching corn, instantly that corn stops hurting, then you lift it right out. Yes, magic! No humbug!

A tiny bottle of Freezone costs but a few cents at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the calusses, without soreness or irritation.

Freezone is the sensational discovery of a Cincinnati genius. It is wonderful.