EIGHT PAGES

The Standard.

THE WEATHER
Local Showers

VOL. IV. NO. 60 SAINT JOHN, CANADA, TUESDAY, JUNE 11, 1912. PRICE TWO CENTS

SOME DIFFICULTY TO OBTAIN CANDIDATES

Selection of Copp Made Trouble in Albert

SUBSTITUTE FOUND

When Westmorland Kicked Dr. Lewis was Induced to Run, but Fight Lacks Enthusiasm --- Opposition Sorely Disappointed.

Special to The Standard.

Albert, Albert County, June 10.—The government workers in this county are in a position to send in the best kind of good news regarding the outlook here for the return of the government candidates on the 20th of the month. The ticket that has been put up by the opposition is in many ways for newspaper purposes only, and the greatest part of their fighting is being done for them through the columns of the opposition press. These papers have not a shred of evidence on which to base their predictions that the opposition candidates in this county will be victorious. As a matter of fact the outlook here was so disappointing from an opposition standpoint that Mr. Osman, the hero of many a fight here, refused to be drawn into the campaign this time, and plainly told the party managers so. As this sort of statement would look very bad if allowed to go to the public, the story was concocted that Mr. Osman's business interests kept him out of the fight. Had it not been for that he would have been tickled to death to carry the standard of Mr. Copp to "victory" and so on ad nauseam.

In their extremity the opposition set upon no less a personage than the doughty Mr. Copp as their standard bearer. There was a very grave doubt about his chances in Westmorland, even at that early stage in the game, and it was thought better to give him another chance for his political life. Consequently Mr. Copp was nominated. Then came a wail from Westmorland to the effect that the naming of Mr. Copp in Albert was playing havoc with the already disorganized party in Mr. Emmerson's county, and that win or lose he must stick to the ship. This settled Copp, and Dr. Lewis was chosen to fill the gap.

In connection with the selection of the popular young physician, for Dr. Lewis is popular, there are stories told. In the first place he is not at all convinced that the Flemming government should be opposed, and is not inclined to stand as a machine man to jump at Mr. Copp's bidding. There is very little chance that he will have an opportunity to go to Fredericton in the first place, and there is a greater possibility according to party men who know him well, that he will not enter into the fight with anything like the enthusiasm he could show if he were on the winning side.

Then the opposition in Albert sorely miss the loaves and fishes which the old government was accustomed to promise to the voters. The people realize that they can gain nothing for their county by opposing the government candidates, and they are also in accord with many items of the government policy. Consequently it is a very spiritless campaign the opposition men are putting up, and this is in direct contrast to the energetic work being done by Mr. Dickson and G. D. Prescott, who already have their battle well in hand.

Government meetings all over the county are being well attended, and there is considerable enthusiasm. It is generally recognized here, however, that the contest is too one sided to attract much interest, and people realize that there is not a seat in the province which the opposition can consider safe.

One hardened party man from Moncton, evidently a reader of the Telegraph, was here on Saturday and talked a lot as to the probability of Mr. Copp becoming premier. He was asked if he cared to wager a small amount of real money on that possibility, but declined. Then he was given the chance to wager that the opposition would not get ten seats in the entire province and again he declined. Finally a wad of generous proportions was extended with the challenge that Mr. Copp himself would be beaten, and that there would not be five opposition men in the next house. This offer was also declined, so the bystanders who saw the incident were forced to the opinion that his opinions were largely based on the fact that he was afflicted with a species of adult colic coupled with chilled feet. Whether there are four or five opposition men in the next house is not germane to the question here. The main fact is that the opposition candidates in this county do not stand today a ghost of a chance of their election.

LOOKS LIKE CLEAN SWEEP IN CARLETON

Record Crowds Turn Out To Hear Candidates Speak.

Recital of Improvements Effected by Flemming Government Arouses Great Enthusiasm—Premier at DeBec.

DeBec.

Special to The Standard.

Woodstock, June 10.—C. A. Lewin presided at one of the largest meetings within the memory of the proverbial oldest inhabitant at Enton tonight. Hon. H. F. McLeod and Donald Munro were the speakers and the impression created is only one of the influences in this section of the county which will help to pile up a record vote for the Flemming government on the twentieth.

The speakers were at their best, and as they enumerated the improvement, effected under the wise administration of the present local government, how the roads had been repaired until they were the equal of any to be found anywhere, how in accordance with their pre-election pledges the government had secured a considerable decrease in the cost of school books, how the working man had been protected, and finally how honest and careful expenditure and collection of the public revenue had supplanted the lax and dishonest methods of the old government, the enthusiasm of the audience at times seemed almost sufficient to raise the roof.

That Carleton county will vote practically unanimously for the return of the government to office is a foregone conclusion, and that this section of the county will be in line to do its quota of the work is equally certain.

Premier Flemming addressed an enthusiastic meeting at DeBec and was accorded an ovation scarcely less striking than the receptions given him in the larger centres. Every where the Premier and the principles which he represents are daily gaining in popularity, and the evident appreciation of the audience tonight was but another indication of the growing esteem in which he is held.

PLANS TO IMPROVE SHIPPING ROUTES OF THE DOMINION

Marine and Fisheries, Hon. J. D. Hazen, is initiating an active policy of improvements of Canadian shipping routes, and in connection with that work the keel has just been laid for a new hopper dredge for use on the St. Lawrence. It will be the largest one in operation there. An early start has been made on the channel dredging operations which are to be pushed forward this year with much greater activity than ever before.

OUTSIDE TALENT FOR OPPOSITION

Laetare Roy, of Quebec, Imported to Inject New Life into Dicsouraged Followers.

Intelligence of Acadiens Insulted---Stump Speaker Has no Knowledge of Provincial Politics and Frequently Displays His Ignorance --- Misleading Statements About Oyster Beds.

Special to The Standard.

Buctouche, June 10.—Fine meetings were held at St. Pauls and St. Marys yesterday. Large crowds were present at both meetings. Great enthusiasm was manifest. Anselme D. LeBlanc was chairman at St. Pauls and Coun. Maxime J. O. LeBlanc, chairman at St. Marys. Eloquent speeches were delivered by Hon. D. V. Landry, Col. Sheridan and Dr. Bourque. The finest bridges in the whole province are to be found in St. Marys and St. Pauls, solid stone structures, permanent bridges, built at a cost provided out of ordinary revenue.

J. Robidoux M. P. called upon, also spoke at St. Marys. He referred to the oyster fisheries and showed that it was the policy of the old government to lease the oyster beds. He produced the printed form of the lease prepared by the old government. He was opposed to the leasing of the oyster beds and the bill passed at the last session provided for better safeguards for the rights of fishermen. Formerly, under the old government the federal government could lease oyster beds, as instanced in the Barnes case while now under the new bill no leasing could be done without first obtaining the consent of both the federal and local governments and both governments had declared themselves as opposed to the leasing of oyster beds.

The Parish of St. Pauls will vote two to one in favor of the government, and St. Marys, the home parish of O. J. LeBlanc, will give a large majority to Hon. Dr. Landry, Messrs. Bourque and Sheridan.

A New Departure.

A novel departure has been made by the opposition in Kent. They have imported a Quebec gentleman to stump the Acadian sections of the county in the interests of the opposition candidates. The name of P. J. Veniot's successor is Laetare Roy, of Levis, Quebec. A defeated candidate in the last local elections in the province of Quebec, he is what is generally known as a spell-binder. He spoke in Barnes Hall Saturday evening and at the church door after mass on Sunday.

As might well be expected, of course, Mr. Roy who may be a fine young man, does not know the first thing about provincial politics in New Brunswick and failed to discuss them He talked about Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the leader of the Liberal party, and spent most of his time eulogizing him

He also referred to the oyster fisheries and stated that the government had already leased the oyster beds, which is a brass-faced falsehood. As a matter of fact there is only one oyster area under lease at Buctouche, the Barnes oyster bed, and that was leased under the old government and Mr. Flemming, the premier, has declared that the policy of the government was against the leasing of the oyster beds. But practically the entire speech of the Quebec orator was devoted to Sir Wilfrid Laurier and appeals to sentiment.

There is an impression in the bigger provinces that the people of the Maritime Provinces live in the backwoods and no doubt Mr. Roy's visit to Kent county is a result of that impression, otherwise no man in Mr. Roy's position entirely ignorant of the issues at stake in the present provincial contest would be brazen enough to undertake to leave his own province to come to New Brunswick for the purpose of enlightening our people on local politics and showing them how to vote.

As far as the Acadians are concerned it can safely be said that they are a wide awake and well read people and are as well posted on matters political as the people of Quebec or any other part of the Dominion. Mr. Roy was no doubt, brought into the county by Messrs. Atkinson, LeBlanc and Berdages, the opposition candidates and their action in this particular, is a direct insult to the intelligence of the people concerned.

SAYS HE WANTED THE TITANIC TO CARRY MORE BOATS

Shipbuilder Explains He Suggested Alternative Plans Which Were Not Adopted—Submitted to Inquiry.

London, June 10.—Alexander Carlisle, the Belfast shipbuilder was among the experts who testified at the resumed Titanic inquiry today. He said unqualifiedly that there were not enough boats on board the Titanic and declared he said over and over again to Lord Pirrie and others. He had prepared alternative plans arranging for four boats and two boats on each pair of davits. The plans were submitted to J. Bruce Ismay while Harold A. Sanderson, another director of the White Star line and Mr. Alson were present. Neither of the plans was utilized because the Board of Trade had not insisted on an increase in the number of boats.

LIBERALS MUST TAKE THE RESPONSIBILITY

The Borden Government proposed to aid road construction in all the Provinces. The share of New Brunswick would have amounted to $50,000, or about $400 for every parish in the Province.

The bill passed the House of Commons although opposed by the Liberals.

In the Senate Senator King seconded an amendment moved by Senator Power and supported by the Liberal Senators which prevented the bill from becoming law. Sir Wilfrid Laurier endorsed the action of the Senate.

Liberal candidates complain that the roads of the Province are in bad condition but they do not explain that had it not been for the partisan action of the Liberals in the Senate of Canada the Government of New Brunswick would have had $50,000 more to spend this season on the provincial highways.

ACCIDENT TO VISITOR IN RAILWAY TOWN

One of British Manufacturers Injured in Automobile Smashup.

Car Overturns and Rolls Down Embankment and Prominent Passenger Sustains Broken Arm—Taken to Hospital.

Special to The Standard.

Moncton June 10.—The visiting British captalists to the number of about 60, under the direction of W. Leonard Palmer of the London Financial News, reached Moncton about one o'clock this afternoon and were met at the station by President Lodge of the Board of Trade, and a large number of other leading citizens. Twenty-two autos had been provided, and the party being some hours late at once proceeded to the oil and gas wells at Stoney Creek in Albert county.

The trip was marred by an unfortunate accident. While proceeding up a hill a mile or two this side of the wells one of the autos lost its power and the chauffeur started to back up to get a fresh start; when he applied the brake it did not act promptly and one of the wheels left the side of the road. The car overturned and rolled down the embankment some 25 feet high at that point. Fortunately the occupants of the car were thrown out and did not go down with it, otherwise the result might have been fatal As it was, Mr. Warwick, architect of London had one arm broken, while James Edwards, the Grand Trunk agent here, and the chauffeur, named Leblanc, were badly bruised and shaken up. First aid was given by a medical man in the party and the injured were hurried back to Moncton and placed in the hospital for further treatment.

The majority of the party who were ahead of the auto to which the accident occured reached the oil fields and made an inspection of the principal gas wells and expressed themselves as greatly surprised and pleased with the tremendous pressure.

Afterwards the party continued to Hillsboro where they were entertained at luncheon and inspected the property of the Albert Manufacturing Company. Returning to Moncton the visitors were entertained by President Lodge of the Board of Trade at a lawn party at his residence, and saw the natural gas in use in various industries and in illuminations at the lawn party, Mayor Robinson presiding. Brief speeches were made by Governor Wood, R. W. Hewson, K. C., Mr. Palmer and others.

AUDIENCE CURBED COPP'S ELOQUENCE

Opposition Leader Was Told To Shut Up

THEN HE SUBSIDED

Tweeddale Subjected to Same Treatment and what was Meant for a Big Rally Finally Subsided in a Fizzle.

Special to The Standard.

Andover, June 10.—Big Chief Copp and Little Chief Tweeddale addressed a meeting in the court house here this evening. They made a big noise, emphasized by the silence of the audience which refused to respond to their fiercest flights of eloquence. Mr. Copp devoted most of his time to the collection of the crown land revenues, saying that lumbermen were thieves, most of them having got their licenses from Blair 19 years ago, and were now cutting on the crown lands. He said Flemming had broken every promise, and was no credit to the people who elected him. At this the audience broke its silence and requested him to close his harangue.

Mr. Tweeddale then took the floor and drew a pathetic picture of the condition of the roads, saying they were worse than they had been for thirty years. He made a lot of other wild statements, and was called to order by a man in the audience and obliged to eat crow, a part of the performance which provoked the first signs of enthusiasm on the part of the audience. The Little Chief then started on another tack and drew such a dreadful picture of the condition of the province that the audience were horrified and called upon him to cut it out which he did with bad grace.

On the whole the leader of the opposition did not have a happy time here and there is likely to be an increased demand for Kickapoo medicine to offset the tired feelings which he aroused among the people.

FARMERS WILL SUPPORT THE GOVERNMENT

Present Administration Has Done Much to Assist Agriculture

People Assured of a Square Deal If Mr. Flemming's Supporters Are Returned—The Telegraph's Error.

Special to The Standard.

Gagetown, June 10.—The St. John Telegraph is expressing a good deal of satisfaction in the fact that in some of the county constituencies the opposition have been enabled to get farmers on their ticket, and has said many complimentary things about those engaged in agricultural pursuits. Of course those kindly remarks will equally apply to the farmers whose names have found a place on the list of government appointees as well.

There can be no question that the country's interests would be better served if the representation of farmers in the legislature greatly exceeded in numbers that of past years, and were numerically as strong in proportion to the section of the population engaged in agricultural pursuits as is the representation accorded to the professions and other occupations. This would be along the lines suggested by the Farmers' and Dairymen's Association at their meeting at Fredericton last winter. The farmers are very glad that the public men of the province realize that successful agriculture and up-to-date methods in the cultivation of the soil and in the growing of the various forms of crops and fruits lead to betterment of all classes of society.

If the results of the elections should prove that a larger representation has been drawn from the farmers than usual, it is good to know that this inovation will have the kindly assistance and support of the Telegraph.

If, however, the Telegraph had its way in the elections, and Mr. Copp were made premier, the advantage would be largely dispelled. Mr. Copp is not a farmer, nor does he belong to or sympathize with the class of people who are adding to the wealth and prosperity of the province by their daily labor. He is not expected to make two blades of grass grow where one grew before. And while every respect is due and is paid to his profession he should not feel badly if the farmers decide to retain as premier a gentleman who has given the best possible evidence of his purpose and desire to assist in every possible way the greater development of agricultural possibilities and the back to New Brunswick movement.

No premier of the province since confederation has had a stronger hold on the people than Hon. Mr. Flemming has got now. Mr. Hazen while leader of the opposition, and during his term as premier, accomplished what few men in the province could have done. On his retiring from the provincial arena to enter upon and assist in the administration of federal interests he left a very worthy successor in the person of Hon. J. K. Flemming, who has been sufficiently long in office to enable the people to form their judgment of his ability and qualification for the position. His work in connection with the negotiations for the construction of the St. John Valley Railway (which is now under construction) will stand out prominently as a great achievement and success under many difficulties.

The farmers as a body will not willingly lose the services of so faithful a friend, and will therefore go to the polls on the 20th inst, and cast their ballots for those who are pledged to support him.

BIG STRIKE IN ENGLAND

300,000 Transport Workers Ordered Out As Result of Rejection of Conference Offer.

London, June 10.—Three hundred thousand transport workers in Great Britain will give up their jobs and all foreign and coastwise shipping will be tied up indefinitely, if the union men obey the orders of the general council of the Transport Workers' Federation, which today sent telegrams to every port in England, Scotland and Wales calling for a national strike.

The ship owners today decided to reject a compromise, the terms of points of the government's proposals were a general organization of the employers to treat with the unions and money guarantees by both sides as insurance against violations of agreements. The employers maintain that their interests are so diverse that any organization embracing all would be impossible; they consider the cabinet's proposals, particularly the financial feature, impracticable and set their faces strongly against giving a labor monopoly to the unions.

When the federation council learned of the employers decision it sent telegrams broadcast signed by Rob Gosling, chairman, reading:

"The employers point blank refused to accept the proposals for a settlement. The national executive recommend a general stoppage at once."

OUT OF SYMPATHY WITH LEGISLATION, LOREBURN RESIGNS

Lord High Chancellor Not In Accord With Views of Government Superceeded By Viscount Haldane.

London, June 10.—Earl Loreburn, Lord High Chancellor since December 1905, resigned today. Viscount Haldane, secretary of state for war, was appointed to succeed the earl.

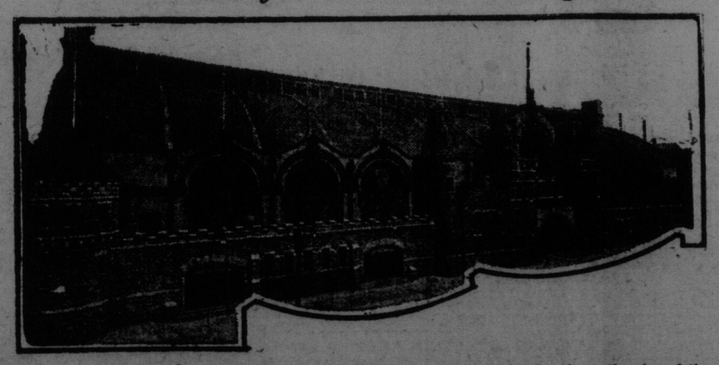
Lord Loreburn is known to have been out of sympathy with much of the recent radical legislation and to be openly hostile to the attitude of the Reginald McKenna, secretary of state for home affairs, in refusing adequate protection to non-unionists who were willing to take the place of the dockmen out on strike.

NEW LIFE SAVING STATION ON SHORES OF THE PROVINCE

Minister of Marine and Fisheries Takes Steps to Prevent Wrecks on Miscou Island—Work Starts Soon.

Ottawa, June 10.—A new life saving station is to be established on Miscou Island on the north coast of New Brunswick, in Gloucester county. The spot is a dangerous one and the scene of many wrecks. Upon instructions of the Hon. J. D. Hazen, Commander Thompson of the marine department, has visited the locality and made arrangements for the establishment of the station and crew. There will be telephone communication with the mainland.

Republican Convention Getting Too Big Even for Enormous Chicago Coliseum



The Coliseum at Chicago is a pretty, roomy structure—which is why the republican national committee has got into the habit of choosing Chicago as the convention city—but unless some new system of representation is adopted even that big hall will soon be too small.

The republican national convention is growing like a pure food baby. In fact, it's keeping even pace with those famous "infant industries" over which it has always shown parental anxiety.

Just now Taft and Roosevelt are having an awful scrap for delegates. Each has about 500 and is scratching for the other 40 necessary to make a majority of the total membership of 1078. If either had had 500 delegates in the first two conventions of the party, 1856 and 1860, he would have been almost unanimously nominated.

Each state has two delegates for congressional district and four at large. The country is growing and the number of districts increasing. The following shows the size of the convention, from infancy to old age:

1855, 555 delegates; 1876, 756 delegates; 1884, 820 delegates; 1892, 904 delegates; 1908, 976 delegates; 1912, 1075 delegates.

There is a movement on foot to change the apportionment so that each state will vote in the convention in proportion to the size of its republican vote at the last election and to make the ratio such that the convention can be kept within reasonable bounds.