Miramichi and the North Shore, etc.

MAID SERVANT wanted. See Miss Hutchison's Advt.

HON. MR. SNOWBALL is at home, the Senate having adjourned until Tuesday next.

LAWN PARTY.—A very pleasant lawn party, under the auspices of St. John's Church congregation, was held on the grounds of John Shirreff, Esq., Chatham, on Tuesday evening.

SIR JOHN:—Send 25 cents in coin or stamps to J. F. Messervey, photographer, Chatham N. B., and receive by return mail a cabinet photograph of the late Sir John A. Macdonald.

THE McLEOD WILL CASE:—A cablegram from London announces that the appeal from the judgment of the Supreme Court of Nova Scotia in the McLeod (Halifax) will case has been dismissed. This settles forever the long contested case.

AN INTERESTING SWIMMING MATCH is to take place at Newcastle to-day between two dogs owned respectively, by Messrs. James Brown and John McKane, for sufficient stakes to make the event attractive to those of sporting proclivities. The race will be across the Miramichi and return.

GRIST AND CARDING MILL BURNED:—The grist and carding mill of Rev. Fr. Richard, on the Aldoune River, near Richibucto, was burned on Tuesday evening of last week. A quantity of grain and wool was destroyed. The property was insured for $1000 in the Quebec and Western companies.

IN LYNN:—Alfred B. Stapleton, who graduated at Mr. Raddock's machine shop, Chatham, and went away a few weeks ago, is now employed in the Thomson-Houston shops, where he has been for more than a month. He writes a very interesting letter to a friend here and is evidently going about with his eyes open.

THE DRIVES:—The heavy rains of last week have brought out the logs hung up in the streams earlier in the season, and there is no doubt now that all will reach the booms. The last to get out will be Hutchison's drive on the North Branch Sevogle, on account of its being so rocky making driving a slow process, but it is expected they will come out all right.—*Advocate.*

SHINGLES:—The *Canada Lumberman* quotes a lumber dealer who says the present activity of shingle mills in the Dominion, said to be quite unusual, is caused by a strong American demand for shingles, and explains that people in the east have for years been using tin and galvanized roofs to a large extent, which they have found will not stand the weather; consequently they have gone back to shingles.

MORE HONORS:—Richard F. Quigley who recently received the degree of Ph. D. from His Holiness, the Pope, was this morning notified by the authorities of Laval University that he had been made an L. L. D. by that institution. Mr. Quigley is an L. L. B. of Harvard. Laval university dates back to 1663. Mr. Quigley is to be congratulated upon the many honors which he has received during the past few months. —*Gazette.*

ARCTICA GOLD DISCOVERY:—Application has been filed in the crown land department, under the new act relating to mines and minerals, by Mr. J. DeWolfe Spurr, for a license for 125 acres in the Nauwigewauk gold district. Analysis of the conglomerate rock of that place shows sufficient gold to warrant the opening up of the mine. Several other parties, who have interest in the same locality have also filed application for areas. A partial survey has been made.—*Telegraph.*

LOWER GODSPEED MAILS:—Post Office Inspector King returned from the North Shore on Saturday evening, where he made arrangements for the despatch of letters, etc., from these places without delay. The custom has been to deliver the mails for these places at Bathurst and after remaining in the latter office all night, to be forwarded next morning. Now the postal clerks will put the mail off at Gloucester junction, with the result that Caraquet and other places may be reached early in the evening.—*Globe.*

A NEW MINING ENTERPRISE:—A number of Moncktonians, including Messrs. J. Benton, C. E. Northrup, P. S. McManus, W. Watson and W. A. Metzler, have secured a license to prospect for coal on an area of five miles on the Cocagne river. If coal is found in paying quantities it will no doubt be a rich thing, for besides the nearness to Moncton the opportunities for shipping to P. E. Island and North Shore ports are unexcelled. The area is about five miles from the B. and M. Railway.—*Times.*

THE MILITARY CAMPS:—Following is the programme of military camps for this season: Military district No. 8—At Sussex, 22nd September to 2nd October. This will comprise D company Infantry School Corps, four troops 8th Princess Louise New Brunswick Hussars, the Newcastle field battery, the Woodstock field battery, the 67th and 71st battalions. Military district No. 9—At Aldershot, N. S., 15th to 26th September, and to include the 68th, 75th and 93rd battalions.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING:—Miss Keefe, daughter of John Keefe, of Skinner's Pond, P. E. I., was killed by lightning on Sunday night, 12th inst. She was engaged to be married in a very short time, and was spending the evening in the front room with her lover, when she was struck dead by the fatal fluid. Her lover was struck senseless and had a marvellously narrow escape from death. All the other inmates were made insensible by the stroke and the house was wrecked. Miss Keefe was a fine girl, 25 years of age.

A SERIOUS ACCIDENT happened in the I. C. R. yard at Moncton, last Friday morning. A flat car loaded with stone broke down, and to repair it jackscrews were used and the body of the car with the stone on it jacked up. James Bourque crawled under the car to do some repairing. The shunting engine came along and struck the car, knocking the jacks from under it. The body of the car fell on to the wheels and in some way caught Bourque's legs. His right leg was badly injured, the thigh bone being crushed and broken and the flesh and muscle badly bruised. The left leg was also bruised.

BIG PROFIT:—"The floating of a raft of 2,000,000 feet of lumber by ocean from St. John, N. B., to this port will revolutionize the lumber trade," said Mr. H. E. Hennessy yesterday. Mr. Hennessy is engaged in the lumber business, and he continued: "The profit on this one raft will be from $40,000 to $45,000 when all expenses are paid." The value here is about double that amount. So you see men can afford to risk the lumber at sea, and even lose one raft in three or four and still make tremendous profits by this new means of transporting it here from the cheap forests above us."—*New York Press.*

HYMENEAL:—A number of friends were present at the residence of Jas. Brown Esq., Newcastle, on Wednesday evening last, to witness the marriage of his niece Miss Adams to Mr. Coulson Hubbard of Caraquet. Miss Ethel Young acted as bridesmaid and Dr. R. Nicholson as groomsman. The presents were handsome and numerous. The happy couple left immediately after the ceremony for a tour to Quebec, receiving the usual send off of a heavy shower of rice. They will spend a week or ten days touring and then settle down at Point Marcel, Gloucester Co., where Mr. Hubbard is engaged in business. Miss Adams' many friends here wish the happy couple every happiness in their journey.—*Advocate.*

AN INDIAN BURIAL:—Yesterday a very peculiar procession wended its way through the streets of Gibson. It was an Indian funeral. A little child two years old had died and was laid out in a neat wooden casket. Over this was thrown a bright scarlet cloth, and wreaths of flowers and crosses of wicker work reposed upon it. Ropes were tied round the coffin with loops forming the handles, and by the loops four little girls carried the corpse. There were about twenty young people in the procession, the most peculiar thing being the entire absence of the full grown or aged. They deposited their burden at Sunny Hill and each one taking a flower from the coffin returned to their homes. There was no ceremony at the grave.—*Gleaner.*

KILLED BY A FALLING TREE:—James Little, sixty-five years of age, while chopping at Coal Branch, Kent Co., on Thursday last, was struck by a falling tree. The tree had lodged, and while Mr. Little was endeavoring to get it clear it fell upon him breaking his arm near the shoulder, cutting his head badly and bruising him terribly. Not coming home to tea Mrs. Little started out to look for him, finding him a short distance from the place of the accident. Help was immediately summoned; and a doctor despatched for but he was dead before the doctor reached the house. He only lived about an hour after getting to the house. It is thought from appearances that he had been struck shortly after dinner and had lain until evening. Much sympathy is shown for the bereaved wife and family of two sons and three daughters.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company.

This old and reliable Company was established in 1836, and is now represented at Chatham by Mr. Warren C. Winslow. The risks, amounting to over thirty millions of dollars, carried by this Company for the Canadian public, its large investments in Canada of $1,403,493.18, the immense resources of a company with assets amounting to over forty-two millions of dollars, together with the fair and prompt settlement of all claims under a policy of insurance issued without any conditions calling for 60 days or any other delay in payment, combine to place it in the front rank of Insurance Companies.

In the Curling Rink.

The annual sale and tea, to be held by the ladies of the Guilds of St. Mary's church, in the curling rink, Chatham, on Tuesday next, will be an attractive and entertaining affair. The articles to be offered are all excellent of their kind, and the tea and refreshment departments promise to be very inviting, while the music will also be a great attraction. The building is spacious and comfortable and with its tasteful club room opening off the main body of the rink and reached from the public square, seems to be especially adapted for the purpose for which it is to be used on Tuesday evening for the first time.

Miss Shirreff at St. Luke's.

Miss Annie Shirreff, of Boston, who is visiting Chatham friends, delighted a large congregation at St. Luke's Methodist church on Sunday evening by singing two solos during the service. She has the gift of a magnificent soprano voice, cultivated to artistic control and possessing the power of captivating those who listen to it. We hope she will afford her friends the pleasure of hearing more of it during her visit.

A Popular Lecture.

A great treat is in store for the audience here that is to attend the proposed lecture of Rev. Theodore E. Dowling, Domestic Chaplain to the Anglican Bishop of Jerusalem and the East. The Rev. gentleman will, probably, lecture on the subject of "Daily Life in Palestine." Everybody is interested in the historic land from which he comes, and will, doubtless, be eager to hear from one so capable as Mr. Dowling, facts upon which a comparison may be made between its past and present. The lecturer exhibits a copy of the Torah (from Bagdad); Jerusalem phylacteries; photographs of the Holy Land and Syria; photographs of the Patriarchs of Constantinople Alexandria, Antioch and Jerusalem; and a large assortment of carved mother-of-pearl Bethlehem shells.

The date of the lecture will be announced later.

An Important Case.

A little more than two years ago the Steamer *Silvio* of Newcastle-on-Tyne was loaded with deals by Mr. Snowball at this port. When the time came for signing the bills of lading the captain wanted Mr. Snowball to insert "deckload at shipper's risk." This was refused and the captain kept the steamer here two days on demurrage charge of £30 a day against the shipper and then signed "acceptance" bills under protest. On arriving in England with the cargo the steamer held is subject to the demurrage charge. On 7th inst. the case was heard before Mr. Justice Day, at the Assizes in the first nisi prius court, Newcastle-on-Tyne. Judgment was given against the steamer and in favor of Mr. Snowball's contention. It is said the cost to the owner of the vessel is about £1000. A. A. Davidson, Esq., acted here for the steamer and R. A. Lawlor, Esq., for Mr. Snowball.

That "Liberal" Association.

The *Advocate* is furnished with the following report:—

The adjourned annual meeting of the Association was held in Chatham, in the Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening last, at which were present a number of Liberals from various parts of the county.

The President, Mr. William Murray, took the chair, thanked the meeting for the honor they had conferred on him, and briefly stated the objects of the meeting. The Secretary, Mr. Warren C. Winslow, read the minutes of last meeting which were approved of and confirmed.

Among other matters discussed was the establishment of a newspaper to advocate the Liberal party and to take the place of the "Advance" which had deserted the Liberal party and gone over to the Conservative party, and a committee was appointed to take the matter into consideration and to report at the next meeting of the Association to be held on the 20th of August next.

Matters in connection with the revision of the electoral lists were thoroughly discussed and the best means suggested for a thorough revision. A committee was appointed to have names added to the list and to see that those disqualified are taken off. The suggestion was made that the revising officers hold courts in the different parishes of the county, or at any rate in Chatham and Newcastle, which would aid greatly in a proper list being made. The editor of the "Advance" did not venture to put in an appearance.

The Liberals of Northumberland will, no doubt, read the foregoing "official" report of the meeting referred to with an amused interest. They will perceive that the chief object of the gentlemen who hold these alleged Liberal meetings is not so much the promotion of Liberal interests as to secure the scalp of the ADVANCE. The editor of the ADVANCE has not been able to take the same view of matters political in the County as the perverts of the Conservative party who entered the Liberal Association here in 1887 with Hon. Mr. Mitchell and, hence, the present agitation. These active, but politically unreliable persons have induced one genuine liberal—Mr. Murray—to become their President, and they seem to imagine that solitary recommendation will make people forget all about their political antecedents. It is not yet ten years since the name of the most active member of the committee appointed to establish the new party paper, appeared appended to the following advertisement:—

A meeting of the corporation of the World Publishing Company will be held at Bowser's Hotel, Chatham, on Monday, the 27th day of March instant, at seven o'clock p. m. for the purpose of organizing said Corporation.

Signed, T. W. CROCKER [and others.]

Dated 12th March, 1882.

The same gentleman had long been one of the leading Conservative agitators of the County, but having been cast off by that party as one of the fleet with more sail than ballast, he and other privateers have taken the hulk of the old liberal flagship and having stolen her colors are now impudently flying them. The attempt of these gentlemen to establish a paper to take the place of the ADVANCE will, doubtless, be about as successful as that made under their auspices when most of them were yelling in the conservative interest a few years ago. If they only realised how ridiculous a figure they cut before the more level-headed men of both parties in the County they wouldn't court publicity as they do. Neither Liberals nor Conservatives can afford to waste their time over the immaturities of professional agitators who aspire to be organizers after having made records as rebels against party rules and discipline.

Picnic at Bartibog.

The annual picnic under the auspices of Rev. Mr. Morrissy's congregation, at Moody's point, Bartibog, came off on Tuesday and was favored with delightful weather. The attendance was, as usual, large and represented nearly all parts of this and portions of other counties. The Str. St. Nicholas, with woodboat attached carried excursionists from points up river, while hundreds went on foot and in carriages. There was boat and other racing, base-ball and other games, besides amusements of different kinds. Messrs. McEachren Harrington, and Duplacey furnished special music that attracted much attention, while the general music by St. Michael's Society Band delighted everybody and elicited very favorable comments on the proficiency of that organization. The base ball match between Chatham and Newcastle nines was won by the Chatham boys with a score of 18 to 3. To much cannot be said in praise of the thoroughness and efficiency of the committee's arrangements which so largely contributed to the enjoyment of all who attended. The venerated pastor of St. Peter's is fortunate in having so many in his own and other congregations who seem to delight in furthering his efforts for the good work in which he is engaged.

Be Soothed.

Our neighbor, the *Advocate*, seems to have a very evenly-sustained bad temper, the manifestations of which are most emphatic whenever that bad man, the editor of the ADVANCE, gets within range of it. We ventured, last week, to mildly state our ignorance of the means by which a newspaper could go to a festival, whereupon the *Advocate* proceeds to intimate that it was a typographical error due to want of watchfulness on the part of its editor which caused its columns to contain a ridiculous statement. If it had made this confession and not proceeded to abuse the ADVANCE and apply naughty and ill-tempered epithets to its editor, people would say the *Advocate* was a truly good paper, but as it has become as furious over the matter as Burke's dog when he bites at passing waggon-wheels, its readers wonder why it "rages so horribly." We know,—It has, simply, a bad temper, which it cannot control. It has become chronic and neither experience nor our good example in such matters seem to have any soothing effect upon it.

[For the "Advance".]

Barnaby River.

INSTALLATION OF THE FIRST RESIDENT PASTOR —ORDINATION OF A SUB-DEACON, ETC.

Sunday, 19th July, was a red-letter day in the annals of the R. C. Congregation of this place. The Rev. Edw. P. Wallace, hitherto Assistant R. C. Pastor at Campbellton, where his services were so highly appreciated by both Priest and people, was installed as the first resident Pastor at the pretty little Church built at Barnaby River some years ago, and which had more recently been attended as a mission by the Rev. N. Power, the worthy R. C. Pastor at Nelson.

The pleasure to the people was enhanced by the ordination to sub-deaconship—the first advance in Holy Orders—of a young ecclesiastical student, Mr. Wm. A. Lawlor, son of Mr. Wm. Lawlor, builder, of Chatham. This ordination would have taken place in the Pro-Cathedral, at Chatham, but that the Bishop, having decided to be at Barnaby River for the installation of its new Pastor found it more convenient to bring with him the young levite to ordain him there. Moreover, as this young ecclesiastic had formerly been a school mate at Chatham, under the Christian Brothers, of the new Pastor, Father Wallace, and of Father Knight, who assisted the Bishop as Arch-deacon at the ordination, this was a happy occasion which united these three friends of boyhood. Father Wallace, the new Pastor, had made his theological course in the Grand Seminary of Montreal, under the learned and holy Sulpitians; Father Knight had spent six years of his clerical studies at the celebrated Propaganda College, Rome, and Mr. Wm. A. Lawlor, who was to be ordained, had passed the last three years of his theological course, with marked distinction, at the Laval University, Quebec. The other two stages of this young clergyman's ordination are to be:—Deaconship, on next Saturday, feast of St. James, Apostle, and Priesthood, on Saturday, 15th August. His first Mass will be chanted on the following day, Sunday, 16th of August —all in the Pro-Cathedral, Chatham.

We offer our congratulations to all interested; to the Rev. Mr. Lawlor we wish every success and usefulness in his future career as a faithful Minister of the Supreme Good Pastor, who says: "Learn of Me because I am meek and humble of heart"—Virtues which already distinguish Mr. Lawlor, and which are not incompatable with the zeal and learning necessary for the Pastoral office.

Doaktown Notes.

JULY 20.

The temperance excursion to Doaktown from Fredericton was a grand success. About 600 people were gathered from various points along the line and met in a grove on W. Swin's hill. The 71st Battalion band accompanied them. They were met by the temperance organization of Doaktown, which escorted them from the train to the grounds. Seats and a large platform had been provided beforehand. All the singers that could be mustered, with the organ from the hall, were on hand, and when the party came to the grounds, appropriate words of welcome were spoken and sung. The band struck up "Coronation," which was accompanied by many voices from the platform and grounds. The addresses of welcome were responded to by speakers from Fredericton. The largest congregation that ever met in Doaktown was now comfortably seated and addressed by Mr. Robinson, from Newcastle, and gentlemen from Moncton and other parts. The audience joined in singing and music from the band. Refreshments were served on the grounds, many bringing their own baskets. It was a day to be long remembered for real, hearty, social enjoyment, many friends meeting that had not met for years and many coming that had never been on the Miramichi before, by whom the scenery was much admired. In the evening all gathered at the train, which ran down to the grove for them and with hearty goodbyes and waving of handkerchiefs the train started out to the music of "Auld Lang Syne."

About Hemlock Extract.

"About half a wood-boat load of barrels of extract are lying on the wharf waiting shipment. These were brought from Poquoic by Messrs. Munroe and Day by tow boat. They are away after more. Each barrel contains the extract from four cords of hemlock bark and is valued at forty five dollars per barrel. The extract will go in a wood boat to St. John and from there be shipped to London, England. Why leather can not be tanned here, as well as in other parts, especially when the principal ingredient of the process has to be got here is a question hard to solve. The extract mentioned above will be worth about seventy or eighty dollars per barrel in England, but the extra price is of no benefit to the people here. Something should be done to revive the work of tanning in this city.—F'ton *Gleaner*

It is from statements such as the foregoing that many people get entirely erroneous ideas of special subjects with which the general public are not familiar. In the first place, there isn't any such place as "Poquoic." There is a place called Pokiok, or Poquiock, in the parish of Dumfries, not far from where the *Gleaner* is published, and there is an extract manufactory there. The product is, however, much the same as that of the well-known Miller works, which are located in different parts of Canada and other hemlock-producing countries, although the Miller extract is quoted a shade higher in the Britis's market than any other, owing no doubt, to its having a well-sustained reputation of some forty years. There is no reason why barrels of the Pokiok product should be very much bigger and worth very, much more than those of other extract factories, especially when they appear to the naked eye to be about the same size, nor can one understand how the Pokiok manufacturers manage to get the extract of four cords of bark into a barrel, when others can fill a barrel with the product of 1½ cords and receive at least as high a price for it. The *Gleaner* is evidently "mixed," not only in the matter of the size of the barrels and their contents, but also on prices, for the value of a barrel of hemlock extract of similiar quality, size and weight to that made at Pokiok is $15 or $16. The difference between that and the price named by the *Gleaner*—$45—is so great as to show that our Fredericton contemporary hardly knows what it is dealing with. This extract is a very heavy article, the barrels weighing about 500 lbs each, so that four of them go to the short ton. It would be interesting to know whether our *Gleaner* friends—in the multitude of matters which are engaging their attention—have not become confused over the barrels, bark and tons, which are important factors in what seems to be as novel a subject to them as the difference between a contractor and one who has already performed a contract. They are, evidently, misled into confounding tons with cords and, rather than state that four barrels of extract make a ton, put it down that four cords of bark make a barrel of extract. They ought to go out into the open air and shake themselves together, after which they may be able to declare with reasonable accuracy the relationship between the facts and their statements. Their evidently wild shot at quantities and prices of these mysterious barrels is suggestive of the horse and bung episode, in which the narrator did not exactly know whether the horse pulled the plug out of the bung-hole and slaked his thirst with the water, or pulled the water out of the slake and bunged his thirst with the barrel, or whether he barrelled the water with his thirst and slaked the stopper with the bung; or whether he slaked the bung with the stopper and watered the barrel with his thirst. When the *Gleaner* next sees people about Fredericton with a product so novel to it as bark extract appears to be, it will do well to send its staff to the other end of the city, so as to give its readers a chance to obtain for themselves such information as will satisfy their curiosity. They may not, perhaps, get so many pointers in this way as the *Gleaner* would supply, but they will avoid learning a great deal that isn't true.

Presbytery of Miramichi.

The Presbytery met at Newcastle, on the 14th inst. The clergymen present were Revds: T. Johnstone, N. McKay, W. Aitken, J. D. Murray, A. F. Thompson, W. J. Fowler and John Turnbull. The following elders were duly commissioned: George Sutherland, Redbank; John Shirreff, St. John's, Chatham; W. H. Gundley, Blackville; Capt. Thos. Hall, Bathurst; Robt. Main, Richibucto.

Rev. J. D. Murray was elected Moderator for the current year and Rev. N. McKay was continued Clerk.

The following standing committees were appointed:—

Augmentation: Messrs. Aitken and Johnstone and the elder for Newcastle.

Home Missions: Messrs. Hamilton, McLeod, Robertson and Capt. Hall.

State of Religion: Messrs. Rosborough, Murray and Alexander Fraser.

Sabbath Schools: Messrs. N. McKay, J. D. Murray and the Dalhousie elder.

Statistics: Messrs. McCoy, Fisher and F. W. George.

Systematic Beneficence: Messrs. A. E. Thompson, A. F. Carr and John Shirreff.

Temperance: Messrs. J. H. Cameron, F. A. McLean and the New Mills elder.

The session records of Redbank, Blackville, St. Andrew's, Chatham, St. John's, Chatham, St. Luke's, Bathurst, and Eusmings were examined by committees—approved and attested.

Rev. H. B. McKay, of Wallace, N. S., was on motion of Mr. Johnstone nominated as Moderator of the ensuing Synod.

Mr. J. D. McKay, Catechist at Protectonville, submitted a discourse on a text prescribed for him. The discourse was adjudged highly creditable and was very cordially sustained. Reports relating to Mr. McKay's work in Protectonville were submitted to Presbytery which place him in the front rank as a home missionary.

Mr. Thompson submitted a letter addressed to him by the Chief Superintendent of Education, in answer to questions asked, from which it appears that at a meeting of the Board of Education held on the 8th May, 1891, Bathurst was made an examining station for "*teachers of the Religious Orders*;"—that a special examination at the public expense, was held at the convent at Bathurst on the 9th June, for the convenience of persons of the Roman Catholic faith and that an examination of the same kind was held at the same time in the city of St. John for the same purpose, when six candidates, all Sisters of Charity, were examined, while all other candidates are obliged to attend the regular examination at Fredericton. After discussion and serious consideration of these facts it was unanimously resolved—

1. That the Presbytery regards the action of the Board, in thus specially favoring a particular class and peddling the educational machinery of the country from place to place to accommodate members of any religious or other order as a weak and discreditable proceeding and especially so when it is done in violation of the nonsectarian spirit of our educational law.

2. That the Presbytery urge upon the Government the necessity of a full and impartial examination into this whole matter with a view of bringing to a speedy termination this flagrant injustice.

3. That a certified copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Attorney-General.

After attending to a variety of routine business the Presbytery adjourned to meet in St. John's Church, Chatham, on the second Tuesday of Sept., at 10 o'clock, standard time.

N. MCKAY, Clerk.

Proceedings Against Scott Act Inspector Brown.

Mr. W. S. Brown, Scott Act inspector for Northumberland, was before John Fotheringham, Esq., J. P., at the Chatham Police Court on Thursday last, on the charge of having removed liquor seized under the Scott Act from the custody of the authorities. The informant in the case was Mr. Stephen Duthie of Nelson, and the proceedings were under the Larceny Act. The testimony of Police Magistrate Murray, John Richardson and James Gillis showed that Brown, in his capacity of Scott Act Inspector, went to policeman Gillis, in whose custody the liquor in question was, and told him, in effect, that Hayes' case had been arranged with Police Magistrate Murray, and a part of the arrangement was that the liquor was to be handed back to Hayes. The policeman, believing this to be true, delivered the liquor one night to the person (Richardson) named by Brown to him. It appears that no arrangement of the kind stated by Brown had been made, nor could it be made save in violation of the law. Brown was held in $400 bail to be tried at the next term of the County Court, which is to open in Newcastle on Tuesday next. His bondsmen are Messrs. R. A. Lawlor and Capt. J. J. Brown in $100 each and himself in $200. R. A. Lawlor, Esq., appeared for the prosecution and Mr. R. B. Bennett for the defence.

It will be remembered that at the late meeting of the Municipal Council, Councillor Kerr of Chatham, referred to this alleged violation of the law by Inspector Brown. Mr. Kerr stated the circumstances under which it was alleged that the Inspector had induced policeman Gillis to restore the forfeited liquor to Hayes, whereupon Mr. Brown, who was present said there wasn't a word of truth in it. There must be great prevarication somewhere, for policeman Gillis makes a very positive and circumstantial statement of the facts and Police Magistrate Murray says Brown practically admitted to him the truth of Gillis' story. When the matter is before the County Court it will, doubtless, be thoroughly investigated, and Mr. Brown's side of the story heard. There is no doubt, whatever, that the law was utterly disregarded in the matter of the liquor seizure in question. How the parties implicated will escape punishment, or whether they can succeed in doing so at all remains to be seen.

Young Men's Christian Association of Chatham.

Meetings held every week in their rooms up-stairs, Barry's Building, as follows:—

Sunday morning at 10 o'clock, for Prayer and Praise.

Monday evening at 8 o'clock, for Bible Study.

Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, for Training Class.

All young men are most cordially invited to any or all of these meetings.

Testimonial to Rev. M. F. Richard.

At a meeting held in Rogersville on the sixteenth of July, the following resolutions were adopted.

1. *Resolved* that a banquet be organized in Rogersville for the fifteenth August, national feast of Acadie, and that a testimonial be presented to Rev. Mr. Richard, promoter of colonization, as a mark of gratitude and appreciation for the good services which he has rendered to this important work and to Rogersville in particular.

2. *Resolved* that appeal be made to the Acadians of the Maritime Provinces and to the friends of our venerable pastor to aid in our enterprise and to give us their friendly support for the success of our work.

3. *Resolved* that request be made to the principal citizens in each locality, praying them to open lists of subscriptions, and to name a treasurer who will become, by this act, an active member of the general committee.

4. *Resolved* that Messrs. Cosime Arseneau and Patrice Chiasson be authorized to collect funds for the proposed aim.

5. *Resolved* that a lecturer be invited to give a lecture on colonization on the evening of the fifteenth August and that a concert be organized for the occasion.

MICHAEL SAVOIE, President.
CALIXTE C. CHIASSON, Secretary.

Grover Cleveland at Fredericton.

The news that Mr. Coleman of the Barker House, Fredericton, had received a despatch from ex-President Cleveland, engaging rooms for himself and party on Wednesday last, was welcomed in the celestial city with a spirit of enthusiasm that one sees manifested only on important occasions, such as a meeting of the legislature or when there seems to be a turn in public sentiment giving rise to hops that the Scott Act will be repealed.

Enquiry as to the authority on which the announcement was made, set all doubts at rest, for Mr. Coleman said there was no need for concealment and he, therefore, allowed the despatch in question to be inspected by the class of doubters, who, not knowing his well established reputation for veracity, appeared to think the news too good to be true.

When the regular trains were all in and the expectant crowds failed to see Cleveland amongst the arrivals, Coleman was asked what he meant by getting up such a story, but Mr. H., a knowing St. John newspaper man who had just "come off" from a confidential interview with him, took charge of several of the enquirers, while Fred, himself, explained to the remainder that gentlemen of Grover Cleveland's position didn't travel on regular trains, and would arrive late in the evening on a C. P. R. special. As the special had not come by eleven o'clock and there was uncertainty in reference to the hour of the expected arrival, the crowd thinned down to the last man shortly before midnight.

Just as Coleman was preparing for his bed-time devotions, his last act being to give orders for a buggy to be in readiness the next forenoon at ten to drive a friend out to Killarny farm to see the 33-lb. frog, the St. John newspaper man appeared upon the scene and with the tone of one who had an inside track with his host, asked if "he" had come yet.

"Yes," said Mr. Coleman and he's in his room.

"Did you give him my message?"

"Dear me, I really forgot it."

"Well, I must see him. What's the number of his room"

"Eighty three, but he's retired by this time, for he is to leave early in the morning. So you mum't disturb him.

"That's a nice go, isn't it. Here's Ellis away fishing at the North Shore, and I have the whole coast clear, to down the *Globe* on the biggest yankee that ever came to the province, and you spoil my chance of an interview by your forgetfulness."

"Easy my dear fellow; he's not going until six in the morning and you can see him then and still be in time for your paper of to-morrow.'"

And, so, it was arranged that H. was to be called at 5.30 next morning. He appeared a little before six, and Coleman was moving about the office, like a man who had just discharged important duties to his own or some other country. Nevertheless he wished Mr. B. good morning with a child-like blandness and in return, "Is he up yet?"—was anxiously fired at him. Fred leaned over the office counter and, after a pitying glance at his journalistic guest said, "Yes, and I've been up since two. Some officious person told him last night that John V. Ellis was fishing on the Tabusintac and he started on his special over the Canada Eastern at four this morning."

When the citizens who called at the Barker that morning learned that Mr. Cleveland had come and gone in the manner described by Mr. Coleman they were disappointed. Then, some envious person discovered that a receiving blank had been purloined from the telegraph office the day before, and the St. John newspaper man was told that Coleman was Worthy Grand Chief Gehazi of the Fredericton Ananias Club, so about eleven o'clock a. m. he appeared at the Barker office counter and asked for his bill in a tone of deep seated intensity. Having paid it, he declined to have a coach to take him to the station, didn't want his baggage checked, wouldn't have an early dinner and even refused a parting cigar tendered by the genial entertainer of the ex-President. He didn't leave town, but merely changed quarters, going to the Queen, where he said that he saw a placard in a certain apartment in the Barker on which was printed, "He hateth a liar," and if he were Fred Coleman he would take it down. Coleman, however, declares he is simply the victim of circumstances and if his most distinguished guests choose to come and go between two days he can't help it.

Mothers!

Castoria is recommended by physicians, for children teething. It is a purely vegetable preparation, its ingredients are published around each bottle. It is pleasant to the taste and absolutely harmless. It relieves constipation, regulates the bowels, quiets pain, cures diarrhœa and wind colic, allays feverishness, destroys worms, and prevents convulsions, soothe the child and gives it refreshing sleep. Castoria is the children's panacea—the mother's friend. 35 doses, 35 cents.

Royal Templars.

The Royal Templars met in Grand Council at Doaktown on Tuesday of last week and continued in session through that day and the following. They sat Tuesday night until one o'clock, and Wednesday night until two o'clock.

A large number attended the sessions and much important business was done. There was much harmony of feeling among the members, and much more than the usual amount of legislation was completed.

Various committees reported and several important suggestions were made, which, however, await the decision of the executive at its coming session in Fredericton. These suggestions refer to the conduct of the work of the order and to temperance matters in general.

It was decided to hold the next annual session with Tay Council, York Co., opening on the second Tuesday in July.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:—

J. A. Thompson, Fredericton, Grand Councillor.

Robert L. Young, Tay, Vice Councillor.

Rev. J. S. Mullin, Stanley, Grand Chaplain.

W. L. Macfarlane, Nashwaaksis, Grand Secretary.

Edwin Ashford, Fredericton, Grand Treasurer.

John Hinchey, Bloomfield Ridge, Grand Herald.

Miss M. M. Mullin, Stanley, Grand Deputy Herald.

John W. Haynes, Durham, Grand Secretary.

Rev. Mr. Wass, Boiestown, Superintendent White Cross Degrees.

W. Attridge, Doaktown, Superintendent Cadets.

W. T. L. Read, Fredericton, Grand Councillor.

J. A. Thompson and Rev. J. S. Mullin, representatives to the Dominion Council.

The committee on the state of the work reported through the chairman, E. C. Freeze that quite a number of new councils had been organized during the year, among them Penniac with a present membership of 140 and Oromocto with membership of 40. The total membership for the province is over 700, divided among 30 councils in active operation. Several others are to be resuscitated this year.

Rev. Mr. Wass for the committee on white cross work and R. Phillips for the committee of cadet work reported that steps were being taken to press these lines of work.

A committee was appointed to meet representatives of other temperance bodies to endeavor to secure candidates for municipal provincial and Dominion electoral campaigns.

The per capita tax was reduced from fifteen to ten cents.

The Parle-McGreevy Scandal.

In his examination before the Commons Committee on Privileges and Elections, Mr. Nicholas K. Connolly, a member of the late contracting firm of Larkin, Connolly & Co., said the first contract his firm had with the Public Works Department was made when Hon. Alexander Mackenzie was premier and minister of Public Works. He positively denied any knowledge of any money having been paid by his firm to Thomas McGreevy for his influence with the Government, and felt sure that he would have been aware of any such payment if made. He knew nothing of the payment of $25,000 to Mr. McGreevy to secure the acceptance of the firm's tender, and said that to this day he knew of no trap door in any of Mr. McGreevy's offices in Quebec, and he never went down through a trap door, as alleged, to be a party to making the notes for Thomas McGreevy. In all the disputes at the time of the audit, when Murphy was held to account for the money for which he produced no vouchers, it was never mentioned by Murphy or by Robert McGreevy that any of the money had gone to Thomas McGreevy. At the time the firm was dissolved witness had offered to sell out his interest and that of his brother for $50,000. They had 5½ per cent interest. Murphy agreed to buy, but the Harbor Commissioners would not release the Connolleys or Captain Larkin and instead of selling out they decided to buy out Murphy.

Witness was certain that Thomas McGreevy did not know that his brother Robert had an interest in the contracts. The reason for his belief was that going one day in 1889, about the time of the dissolution of the firm, into the office of Thomas McGreevy he found Robert there in an excited state, and in explanation he said that Michael Connolly had told Thomas something that he should not have told him, this being that Robert had an interest in the contract. He wanted witness to get Michael to go back and tell Thomas that it was not true that Robert had an interest in the contract. He felt certain that up to this time Mr. Perley also had no knowledge of Robert McGreevy's interest.

Mr. Henry then cross-examined the witness as follows:

Q. At page 183 of the evidence of Mr. O. E. Murphy there is a statement in regard to the alleged discovery of payments said to have been made by you to Laforce Langevin and to Sir Hector Langevin of $5,000 each. What have you to say with regard to that statement? A. I never gave Sir Hector a dollar, nor his son Laforce Langevin.

Q. Or to any one for them? A. No; to no one for them, either directly or indirectly.

Q. Is there any truth in the statement of Mr. O. E. Murphy with regard to your having told him you had done so? A. There is no truth in that statement.

Q. At page 186 there is a statement to the effect that you were told by Owen E. Murphy that he had made two payments of $5,000 to Sir Hector Langevin. Is it true that he made that statement to you? A. He never made that statement. I never could get him to tell me how he paid the money.

Q. Did he ever tell you he had made payments of $5,000 each to Sir Hector Langevin? A. No; he never told me such a thing.

Q. You say he never told you he had paid money at such a time to Sir Hector? A. No.

Q. At page 187 there is a statement of an alleged payment to a son-in-law of Sir Hector Langevin, the proprietor of a paper called La Courrier du Canada, of $3,000 in December 1887. Did you ever make such a statement? A. I never did.

Q. Did you ever tell Murphy that you had ever made such a payment? A. No; I did not know this gentleman at that time.

Q. In a statement of alleged payments in connection with Quebec harbor improvements is an item of $1,000 and another item of $3,000 under date of August. Mr. Murphy was asked what explanation he could give to the committee as to the item of $4000, and at page 188 the answer is: Mr. Connolly told me had paid the $4000. to Sir Hector Langevin. A. I never told him anything of the kind.

Q. Did you ever tell Mr. Murphy you had paid $4,000 to Sir Hector Langevin?

A. No; I never did.

Q. Did you make such a payment?

A. Sir Hector never spoke to me about money and I never spoke to him.

Q. Did you ever state you had ever paid such a sum to Mr. Thomas McGreevy?

A. No I never did.

Q. Were you made aware of the fact or did you tell the fact to Mr. Murphy, at that time or afterwards, that these two payments of $4,000 and $1,000 were made as he stated in his evidence, to Thomas McGreevy? A. No.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Port of Chatham.

ENTERED.
From Sea.

July 17—Bk Agustina, 896, Dahl, Glasson Dock, bal, N. B. T. Co.

17—Bk Tomasso T, 636, Capova, Swansea, bal. N. B. T. Co.

21—S.S. Catalan, 976, Oramochea, Arcsibo, bal, J. B. Snowball.

ENTERED.
Coastwise.

July 15—Sch Caughnawaga, 14, Dugay, Tracadie, fish, W. Murray.

15—Sch Mamie, 15, McRae, Tignish, gen'l cargo, Master.

17—Sch Brilliant, 76, Kuping, Picton, coal, Pulp Co.

17—Sch Wild Brier 2, 24, Costain, Miminegash, castie, Master

18—Sch Ross, 17, Ache, Shippegan, lobsters, J. B.