quainted with the gence, profess to know everything. Even up to the day previous Government had received the views of these gentlemen in reference to the tariff. They had matured the policy as expeditiously as possible. It was a task greater than ever before devolved on any Canadian Government, and it was more expeditiously accomplished than far less work of the same kind by Mr. Cartwright in 1873.

After referring briefly to the estimates and expenditures of last year he proceeded to deal with those of the present year and argued that, with the late tariff notwithstanding, the steps taken by the Government to economise in the administration of the public service, there would be a de-

veas, 136; nays 51.

The Tariff.

On Friday afternoon last Hon. Mr. Tilley delivered his Speech on the Budget. He referred to the condition of Canada now in comparison with what it was when he submitted the Budget in 1873—then, he said, everything appeared to be prosperous. There was an increasing surplus and revenue in the face of a gradual reduction of taxtion. He could tell what was to be the probable expenditure of the country lost and revenue in the face of a gradual reduction of taxtion. He could tell what was to be the probable expenditure of the country lost and property in manufactures and taxted to extend them arket elsewhere for their surplus products, and our Americapital in the banks and general prosperity in manufactures of their country. Lying as we do alongside that great country were looked upon as a desirable market for their surplus products, and our Americapital in the banks and general prosperity in manufactures and trade. All his, he he said, was changed. There had been a change of Government policy, yeth hoped, although the outlook was so gloomy, there was a silver lining to the cloud. Referring to the "apparent delay" in bringing down the National Policy he accounted for itely the fact that the Government was completed only on 19th October and then had to seek re-election. Proceeding he said:—

is we the fact that the Government was completed only on 19th October and then had to seek re-election. Proceeding had to we had to said that they have had their agents in every taken had they are to encourage or the Dominion seeking purchasers when had they are to encourage or the opposition of Now York and Boston, and that under those circumstances we have be paid. This was the condition in which I found the Dominion. There was an uncertainty as to what might terms with the had to maintain the country and was reluctantly withdrawn, but that state of things was inevitable. It was inevitable that the Finance Minister to London might be avoided. The anawer was, 'No; his presence here is absolutely necessary.' Under these circumstances, I proceeded to London and I placed a loan of three million of the country, but the Government should be at his post in order to prepare measures for the meeting of Parliament, a cable message was sent to our agents on the other side, asking if it was not possible that the visit of the Finance Minister to London might be avoided. The anawer was, 'No; his presence here is absolutely necessary.' Under these circumstances, I proceeded to London, and I placed a loan of three millions of dollars we repeated here is absolutely necessary.' Under these circumstances, I would have been manufactures of that country, but the Government was placed at a time explain why it was not effected at an earlier and more favorable date.

He next referred to the process of tariff-changing and said Government had called to its aid the views of practical men accountry that receives our natural product without any taystim agreement in the same of t country's varied without any taxation, everything that we have to send to her, apart from our mental than the send to her, apart from our mental than the send to her, apart from our mental than the send to her, apart from our mental than the send to her. interests, for they did not, although possessed of an average amount of intelligence, profess to know everything. Even take a larger amount of the two millions.

smiths that and old in Palanta Greenmont, the control of the property of the p

7	we will hist give the St			Jewelry & other manufac-	
ler	such of his comments as			tures of gold and silver, also watches,	26ре
ıu-	moment, and our space	vill per	mit:	Junk (old) and oakum,	iree
nd	ARTICLES	NEW	OLD	Lard, per pound, Lard untried,	2 c lb.
at		UTIES	DUTIES	LEAD in pigs, blocks & bars.	10pc
na-	Agricultural implements not			Oid and scrap, In sheets,	10pc 10pc
so	otherwise specified.	2;	171	Pipe,	20pe
ry	Ale, beer, porter, when im- ported in bottles of 6 quarts,			Shot, Manufactures, if not other-	25pc
ers (	twelve pint bottles to be held			wise specified,	25pc
Vell	to contain one imperial gallon —per imperial gallon,	18	18c	LEATHER, sole, tanned but rough or undessed,	10pc
EF	Ditto when imported in			Morocco, skins, tanned but	Tope
as	casks or otherwise than in bottles-per imperial gallon.	10c	12c	rough or undressed.	10рс
is	bottles-per imperial gallon, Animals, living, of all			sole and belting, tanned, not waxed and all upper lea-	
ent	kinds, not elsewhere specified — per cent.	20 4	10	ther leather, Ditto dressed and waxed.	10pc 20pc
ge	Artificial flowers— "	30	171	Japanned, patent or en-	
ch	Books, printed periodicals and pamphlets bound or in			All other leather and skins	20pc
ve	sheets not being foreign re-			tanned, not elswhere specified	20ре
nd	prints of British copyri ht works, not blank account books, nor copy books, nor hocks to be written or drawn			Boots and shoes and other manufacture of leather and	
ve	books, nor copy books, nor books to be written or drawn			belting.	25pc
re- est	upon, nor reprints of books		- 4	Lumestone, Lumeer, viz, boards & plank.	1.00:on
of	upon, nor reprints of books printed in Canada, nor Bibles, prayer books, psalm and			sawed, of boxwood, cherry,	
he	hymn books,	6e lb.	5%	chestnut, hickory, mahog- any, oak, pitchpine, rose-	
lt-	Bibles, prayer books, and psalm and hymn books			Wood, sandaiwood, Spanish	
om	per cent.	5	5	cedar, and whitewood; not shaped, plane or other-	
on,	Music, printed, bound or in sheets,	6c lb.	1710/	wie manufactured,	free
nd ed	Playing cards - per cent.	30	17½% 25	MEATS, fresh or saited, or actual weight as received in	
he	BREADSTUFFS - barley per bushel,	15e	Free	Canada, except bacon & hams,	le lb.
eat	Buckwheat ditto	10c	"	On bacon and hams, dried or smoked.	2e lb.
he	Indian corn, per bushel, Oats, per bushel,	7½ 10	"	On other meats not specified	2e lb.
ed	Rice, per pound.	le	10	3. olasses imp. direct,	25pc 25pc
so	Rye, per bushel, Wheat, per bushel,	10e 15e	Free	NAILS and spikes, cut le per	
	Peas per bushel.	10e .	4.	lb. and 10 per cent ad val- roem; ditto, wrought and	
led	Beans, per bushel, Buckwheat meal or flour,	150		pressed, whether garvanized or not, ac per 1b and 10 per	
ter		le.	"	cent ad valorem,	
nat	Oatmeal, per pound, Cornmeal, per barre, Rye flour, per barrel,	40c	"	Nails, composition and for	00
he	Rye flour, per barrel,	50e	11	sheathing, Oakum,	20pc free
of of	" near mour, per parret.	50e 2e	171pc	Oils, coal and kerosene, dis-	
iat	Rice and sago flour, per lh. Brass, in bars, bolts and			naptha, benzine & petroleum,	
on	sheets— per cent. Old and scrap—ad valorem	10		products or petroleum, coal shale & lighte not eisewhere	
he	- per cent.	10		specified, per wine gation.	6c
rn-	Wire, round or flat "Seamless, tubing drawn,	10		Con-niver medicated,	20pe
en	p'ain, fancy, and unfinished -per cent.	10	171	Lard oil, Liuseed or flax seed oil,	20pc
iet	ther tuling. "		17½ 17½	(raw or boiled) Neatsfoot oil,	25pe
in-	Brick " Butter,	20pe	175 pc	Ulive or salad oil,	20pc 20pc
of	Carriages, cars, railway car-	10	4c ''	Whate oil in condition as	201 e
he	riages, wagons, sleighs and wheelbarrows- per cent.	1.5	173	on landing,	free
nd	CANDLES, tallow, per pound,	2c		on Cloth for floors, stamped, painted, or printed, not	•
gn gn	Parafine, wax - "	4e	171% 174 175"	otherwise specified,	25pc
we	All other, Cheese,	20% 3c lb.	50.	ORGANS, cabinet or reed or-	
I	China and porcelain ware		171	gans, having not over 2 sets of reeds each,	\$10. 7
nk	- per cent. Clocks, or parts thereof	20	17½	Do., having over 2 and not over 4 sets each,	15.
re	- per cent. Coals, anthracite and bitu-	35	17.5	Do., having over 4 and not over six sets,	1
nd a	minous, per ton of 2,000 lbs.	50e	free .	Do., having over 6 sets. 2.0	20.
ets	Coffee green per pound, Roasted or ground and all	2c	2e	and in addition thereto an ad-	
we.	imitations of and substitutes			on the law market value	
ıa-	for per pound, COPPER in pigs —per cent.	Se 10	Se free	Paper of all kinds, not else-	
ot	Do., old and scrap, "	10		where specified	20pe 7
we	Do., old and scrap, "Bars, rods, botts, ingots, sheets and sheating, not polished or conted."			Paper hangings, Envelopes and all manufac-	tope
ur	ibiled of conted,	10pc	free	tures or paper not otherwise	
ur	Wire, round or flat, Rivets and bars,	10pe 30pe	17½pe	Specified, Paper collars, cuffs & shirt	25pc
ed	Tubing,	10pc	free	fronts,	25pc )
ay	Manuactures of, not else- where specified,	30pc	17½pc	Pertumery, including toilet preparations, viz., Hair oils,	
ın	CORDAGE for ships' purposes,	15pc	5	tooth, and other owders and	
ve	All other, Corron wool & cotton waste,	20p : free	17½pc free	washes, pomatums, pastes, & all other perfumed prepara-	
at	On manufactures of, viz,			tions for the hair, mouth or	
ds	grey or unbleached and bleached cottons, sheetings,			skin, Pianolortes, on all square	SOpc \
re-	drills, ducks, cotton or can-			Pianolortes, on all square pianolortes, whether round cornered or not, not over 7	
er	ton flannels, not stained, painted or printed—one cen-			octaves a specific duty of	
n-	per square yard and 15 per ct.		1916-	\$ 5; Oh all other square	
le-	on all cotton wadding, bat-		17gpc	pianofortes, \$.0; on concert, semi-concert or parlor grand	
on	ting, batts and warps, carpet			semi-concert or parlor grand planofortes, \$50; upright planofortes, \$0, and in addi-	
at	warps, knitting yarn, hosiery yarn, or other cotton yarns, under No. 40, not ableached.			tion thereto an advalorem	-
be	under No. 40, not ableached, dyed or colored -2 cents per			duty of 10 per cent, upon the lair market value therof,	
in	pound and 15 per ct. ad val-			Pitch, coal and coal tar	10pc
38-	orem if bleached, dyed or colored, 3cents per pound and			Plants, truit, shade, lawn and ornamental trees, shrubs	
	Por ground and				

and plants,
Plaster of Paris, ground,
calcined or manufoctured,
Plated and gilt ware of a'l 20pe inds,
Playing cards,
Pork (see meats).
Pork treases of all kinds Putty, 25pc
Rice per pound, 25pc
Rice per pound, 1c lb.
Sait or the fisheries in bulk
Salt in bulk not for the fisheries,
Salt in barrel salt in barrels, bags and bler packages.
Sand, glass & emery paper, Seeds, flower, garden and other seeds for agricultural parresses, in bulk or in large saccels, seeds put up in small papers. Spirits and strong waters, denexa run, whisky and unmammerated articles of like itse kinds, terral enumerated articles of like like kinds, per gal. Brandy, "\* Old Tom Cin, per imperial gai on, Other spirits, viz., cordials, rum shrub, Schiedam schn'ps 1.324 rum shrub, Schiedam senn ps Tafaia bitters, and unenumer-ated articles of all kinds, per imperal gallon, Stationery of all kinds, not 10pc cabinet makers' & all other mechanics' tools, Edge tools of all kinds, in-**30**pe couge roots of all kinds, in-cluding axes and scythes, saws of all kinds, Cutlery and other manu-tacuties of steel, and of iron and steel, not otherwise spe-cified, cified,
Fire arms, v.z., muskets,
rifles, pistols, shot guns, &c.,
Grinds:ones, in the rough,
per ton or 18 cubic feet,
17½pc Be. Ib. and 25pc, Su, ar (lower grades for manafactoring) duties taken off packages when imported direct, but daties are ad-vanced lypc; drawback on export of manufactored arti-

cie promised.
TEA, ilack, per lb., 2c and 10pc
Green and Japan, per lb. 3c and 10pc
Ten per ct. to be added to
above if from United States.
TIN, in blocks, pigs and bars, 10pc
In plates and sheets, 25pc
Tin Ware, stamped, and
inpanned ware. 25pc japanned ware, Tobacco, 25c per lb. and 12c ad vilotem 25pc no change. act vitorem Cigars and Cigarettes, 50c and 20c ad valorem. Snuff, 25c lb-and 124c ad vaorem.
FURPENTINE, 1aw or crude,
Spirits of,
20pc Trunks, satchels, valises, nd carpet bags, Type, printing, Varnish, not elsewhere spefied, 20pc Imperial gallon, and and ad valorem 20pc. EGETABLES, viz. potatoes, Tomatoes, All other vegetables, WINES, champague, &c., pints,
ido.,
bottles of more than

ware, but it is manufactured extensively in this country, and all we require can be produced in the Dominion. It is proposed to select those articles that we can produce and to impose a duty of 20 per cent. on earthenware and stoneware, and on C. C. ware an ad tolorem duty of 30 per. cent., while all other china, porcelair and imports of that kind come pudge the continuous of that kind come pudge the continuous representating revenue of the past year, and that estimated for the current vear.

Judgment of the Government is dust, while the average import of coal into the Domi-nion of Canada during the last few years has been from eight hundred thousand to-nme hundred thousand tons, and while the anthracite coal would continue to be largely imported, the Nova Scotia coal would take the place of part of it. In the estimates of the Government, out of 800,-000 or 900,000 tons now imported, pro-bably there will still be 350,000 of authra-

The longest debate of the session to by Mr. Blair affirmment to submit this proposition. One of the proposals submitted by the Government of France through Sir A. T. Galt was that we should place a cluty on French wines at the same rate precisely as that charged in England, namely, 25 cents per gallon, or a shilling sterling. Negotiations, though the senses fully according sterling. Negotiations, though with reference to rates of duties imposed by each country. The proposition I am now about to make, if we arrange with Spain and France, will meet the circumstances of the case by the withdrawal both in Spain and France of the 30 per cent advalored advances of the case by the withdrawal both in Spain and France of the 30 per cent advalored advances of the case by the withdrawal both in Spain and France of the 30 per cent advalored at the same as in England.

The longest debate of the session by Mr. Blair affirming the the Government in the figure on a resolution by Mr. Blair affirming the the Government in the undesirability of the Government in the Government in the undesirability of the Government in the Government

15. > 17½pc

SHIPEUILDING MATERIALS. Cordage for ships, 15 per cent; for all other purposes, 20 per cent.

I may here state, for the information of the House, that, at the opening of my remarks I referred to a proposition of the Government, to treat all articles manufactured in the Dominion and exported from in this way, there shall be no drawback in the material manufactures, which have paid duty on their exportation. The proposition is to treat new vessels of every description as one export, with the exception of cordage, for if we allow a drawback on it, we shall close the establishments maintained now for the supply of ships.

It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It is proposed to increase the duty on cordage It per cent, which duty ships would have to pay, but iron in pigs, bolts and blooms paying duty and being used in vessels, would have the duty paid back, so, practically, ships will be regarded like all provinced and province and the crand southern Rail way Company, and other particulars regarding the Railway.

The House met at ten o'clock and after the transaction of a little routine business took recess till 2.30, when Mr. Blair moved for the House, that, at the beautine discusses to workness the whole and painful local treatment, as the Favorite Prescription is a safe, sure, and speedy cure. Hundreds who had been bed-rid den for years have been restored to per fect health by its use.

Invalins, do you wish to gather flesh, to acquire an appetite, to enjoy a regular formation of the heart, hysterics and whites, these motion in Fror detailed statements showing the number of miles of railway built in the novator? It so, commence at once and use the Quinine Wine prepared by North-Province, railways aided by

other articles exported, all duties being re- vincial stock, railways aided by grants of many years as the best appetizer and tonic

injure the lumber interest, because they now have a very important article used by their people at about the same rate of duty at which they have had it before—I refer to pork. They have tea at a cheaper price than before; they have molasses cheaper, which enters largely into consumption with them; they have, as have every other class of exporters in the Dominion, especially the shipping interest, many advantages under the propositions that we are about to submit that they did not upon before. It has been in the interest of the lumbermen and of commerce generally.

Mr. Lynott in the chair.

Mr. Lynott in the

The present Government and our pre-political influence by a man of no experidecessors had expended large sums of money for the improvement of the navigation of our rivers and of our crasts, in the crecition of lightouses and in their maintenance. This, of course, is an advantage to the This, of course, is an advantage to the shipping interest. A proposition is to be submitted to the House, which you will Mr Gillespie did not favor biennial elec-

and disabled some than the country, the advantage of that without imposing a duty as was suggested on the work hand see per gallon.

Wines of all kinds containing less than 20pc of alcohol and not worth more than 48c. per gallon.

Wines of all kinds containing less than 20pc of alcohol and not worth more than 48c. per gallon.

Other wines, exept sparkling—New Tariff, 40 to 70c. per gall, and 30pc at val.—old tariff, 72c. per gallon.

COTTON GOODS.

The principle the Government have adopt d with respect of any o. these articles [not only cottons] is this: That where there are certain classes of articles manufactured—for instance, certain grades or descriptions of manufactures, uch as Cotton goods under the schedule—the policy of the Government is to select for a higher rate of duty those that are manufactured and can be manufactured in the country, whether the thousands the country and, give those that are not made country and, give those that are not made country and, give those that are not made in the country who are unemployed shall seek employed shall seek employed shall seek employed the principle upon which sobtrustees were appointed—by rotation, and thought not the principle of the shipping to the exporters, and for that matter the importers of the commerce of that without truching interest, the matter the importers of that without the commerce of that without imposing a duty ass was suggested on the matter. It is the matter the importers of the commerce of that without truching interest, the matter the importers of the commerce of that without truching interest, the mining interest, the bill, were beneficial to the Country were beneficial to the Country were beneficial to the Country the minds of the people were excited the matter, we have arrived it to a sappear to me now, sir, that we have arrived to decide where we are to remain in the position to decide where the existing laws upon our statutes the country would be closed up, and money invested in it lost. The time has arrived. It is did not meter t and disabled seamen and some other trainings, but we thought it desirable to give the shipping to the exporters, and for that matter the importers of the commerce of the country, the advantage of that withspecificate of duty those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and, give those that are not made in the country and give those that are not made in the country who are une mployed shall see connections that are not made here and grows and that the difficulty in a doing it is difficulty and a line can be cicarly and distinctly drawn. One of the great difficulty and a line can be cicarly and distinctly drawn. One of the great difficulty and the very delegation was the under valuat on of goods, and I may atteched that the difficulty, and they also ask you for power and authority such as the United States wateries to do any country in the difficulty, and they also ask you for power and authority and a set of the United States exercises to-day to fix them selves, through their officers, the value of the goods in the country from whence they are imported. The great difficulty have pointed out is stated on all hands, it makes but little difference for us what while our engine that the different countries what the valuations of the goods are in even country, or shall find in the boundary in the production of the goods in the country from whence they are imported. The great difficulty have pointed out is stated on all hands, it makes but little difference for us what while any or the production of the goods are in even country, and all we require to a difficulty, and to reach certain special country is a state of the production of the goods are in even country, and all we require country to make the production of the state of our agricultural and other productions they a

per cent.

COAL.

In dealing with this matter the Government had to consider what, in their judgment, would give the market of the Dominion to the coal deposits of Nova Scotia, because they are principally there. We know that upon this subject there has been some conflict of opinion, but the judgment of the Government is that, while the average import of each interest of the subject was rather an estimate of the revenue expected under the proposed fiscal changes.

Mr. Mackenzie— What I desire was rather an estimate of the revenue expected under the vold be attended to continue the such disadvantageous and numilating terms."

Mr. Mackenzie— What I desire was rather an estimate of the revenue expected that the valid better explained as we came to the items.

In any state, hewever, that we estimate an increase from the operation of this new and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles when an immediate relief that the continue the continue the continue the such der such disadvantageous and numilating terms."

Allow a cold to advance in your system and thus encourage more serious maladies, such as Pneumonia, Hemorrhages and Lung troubles when an immediate relief that the continue the such as a such a such as Preumonia, Treased relief the moved the first resolution.

[Mr. Cartwright followed Mr. Tilley Report will be continued next week.]

Such as Preumonia, Treased Report will be continued next week.

Such as Preumonia, Treased Report Report will be continued next week.

Such as Preumonia, Treased Report Report in the government of the country requires and we do believe the country will justify us in collecting such a revenue as will meet the requirements of the country.

He then moved the first resolution.

[Mr. Cartwright followed Mr. Tilley Report will be continued next week.]

Report will be continued next week.

again and he is displaced, through some

find in the estimates of extending a telegraph line down the St. Lawrence. This proposition was submitted to the people of the Dominion by that able and exc.

New Brunswick Legislature.

We have a special correspondent in the Wanted the contract there has been and a constant increasing demand and without a single report of faiture to do its work in any case. Ask your Druggist as to the truth of these remarks. Large size 75 cents. Try it and be convinced.

Be it ordained by the Municipal Council of the country of output of the property bably there will still be 350,000 of bituminus still imported, giving the Nova Scotia coal the balance of 400,000 tons, with, of course, an additional supply, if, as we expect, our policy is successful in consequence of an increased demand for coal to

Prescription had cured the diseases and Fredericton, March 15. weakness peculiar to women, induced Dr. THE GREAT FEMALE Cordage for ships, 15 per cent.; for all The House met at ten o'clock and after Pierce to sell it under a guarantee. La-

other articles exported, all duties being returne to manufacturers.

An hon, member—What size of ship?

Mr. Tilley—All sizes and descriptions We propose 10 per cent duty on all toreign vessels seeking registration in the Dominion. This extends to all parts of the Dominion.

Now, Mr. Chairman, I have not now touched upon all the changes we propose to make, and they will be carefully read, no doubt, from the chair, but I have dealt with the larger and more important ones. It appears to me, Mr. Chairman, that the government bave endeavored, and I think the House will agree with me, whether successfully or not, to carry out, the policy that we were pledged to carry out. We have endeavored to meet every possible interest, including the mining, the manufacturing and the agricultural interests. We endeavor to assist our shipping and brilding interest, which is in a very depressed condition. We have endeavored not to injure the lumber interest, because they now have a very important article used by their people at about the same rate of duty of the propose to manufacturers.

An hon, member—What size of ship?

I and and in what Counties of the Province the Province the Province the Province of the Province the Province the Province the Province of the Province the Province the Province of the Province the Land of the Province of injurious to the most delicate constitution.
Remember to ask for the "Quinine Wine

> RADICAL CURE For CATARRH 4

Instantly relieves and permanently cures Sneezing or Head Colds, called Acute Catarrh; thick, yellow, and foul Mattery Accumulations in the Nasal Passages, called Chronic Catarrh; rotting and sloughing of the Lones o the Nose, with discharges of loathsome matter tinged with blood, and proposition was submitted to the people of the Dominion by that able and experienced gentleman, a member of the House. I need not name him because the interest he has taken is well known. This proposition is in the interest of commerce and of our shipping. It is in the interest of this industry that exports any article from this country to the old, because an expenditure of this kind will reduce the rate charges in the shape of insurance and other charges on the ship, and that is more absolutely in the interest of the exporter than it is to the owner of the ship.

But while we have been looking around to see what new modes of taxation to obtain a revenue you will observe, sir, that by these propositions we are resorting to no new mode of taxation. It was suggested that the shipping interest might fairly contribute towards the maintenance of the lights. In older times they did contribute in some of the provinces. We obtained a sufficient amount from shipping to maintain these lights and the hospituls for sick and disabled seamen and some other tings, but we thought it desirable to give the shipping to the exporters, and for the cold and the people and the people with blood, and ulcerations often extending to the Kye, Ear, Throat, the contribute towards the maintenance of the bill. He thought a change of elections.

Hon. Mr. Adams approved of the principal of the bill. He thought a change of elections, without injury to Municipality to defect the same and the contribute towards the maintenance of the lights. In older times they did contribute with great care until the people had the maintenance of the lights. In older times they did contribute the subscipation of the body, cleaning the enter the bill only proposed to the principle of the bill in the absence of expressed public senting the entered did not reach him for two years. He added Chronic Catarrh. Also, Hay Fever, Nervous Headache. Dizzines called Chronic Catarrh. Also, Hay Fever, Nervous Headache. Dizzines of Nerve Power.

The Grat Chronic Catarrh. Also, and beyond recuperation, it will effect a permient cure in every case. Hundreds of teatimonials attest its wonderful curative properties. Every druggist who has ever sold it will cheerfully bear witness to its marvellous efficiency.

Frice with improved inhaler, Treatise, and Directions, 81.

> COLLINS VOLTAIC ELECTRIC PLASTERS

Electricity and Healing Balsam. Instant Relief from Pain and Soreness.

Instantly and mysteriously a electrical forces generated by this wonder u plas acts upon the nervous system, banishin 1 ain a Weakness, rousing the dormant Musc. into new life, stimulating the Liver and kidness, curing Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Eliious Colie, Cramps and Pains. Pains.
Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Weak Spine,
Weak and Sore Lungs, Coughs and Coda, Weak
Back and Kidneys, Nervous Affections, Weak
Stomach and Bowels, Ague and Liver Pains. Enlarge: Spileen, Females-Weakness, Shooting Pains
through the Loins and Pack, Lack of Strength and
Activity, Nervous. Muscular and Spinal Affections
relieved and cu. ed when every other praster, liniment, lotion and electrical appliance fails.

PRICE 25 CENTS. Be careful to call for Collins' Voltaic Electric

Hew Advertisements. LONDON HOUSE

CHATHAM, N. B. AM offering the balance of my Stock of

DRESS GOODS, PRINTS,
COTTONS, FLANNELS, TWEEDS,
HOSIERY, SCARFS, CLOUDS,
UNDERCLOTHING, TRIMMINGS, &c. AT VERY LOW PRICES. A well assorted stock of Groceries, Hardware d Cuttlery always on hand,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL, Flour, Corn Meal, Tea in chests, half chests and quarter boxes, Tobacco, Sugar, Soap, Butter, Lard, Hams and Bacon, cheap for cash. March 20, 1879. RICHARD HOCKEN.

HAY. POR SALE, 20 TONS GOOD HAY. Opposite Chatham, March 15th., 1879

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH. A PUBLIC LECTURE will be delivered by the

Thursday, the 27th inst., AT 7,30 P. M. SUBJECT;

THE GREAT PYRAMID OF EGYPT.

pect, our policy is successful in consequence of an increased demand for coal to supply the growing manufactures of the country.

The longest debate of the session took country.

Worth \$10 a bottle in equal to supply the growing manufactures of the forward asthma when the sufferer is almost dead for want of breath and something is re-

EEMEDY