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 to order for you.

J. DUNN & CO.
 WHOLESALE DRY GOODS AND
 CLOTH MANUFACTURERS.
Miners' Outfits
 A SPECIALTY.
 VICTORIA, B.C.

NOTICE
 Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date the undersigned intends to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 320 acres of land situated at the South Arm of Teslin Lake—East side of the Arm—commencing from the southwest corner post of George Byrnes' claim; thence east 80 chains to the north 80 chains to the line of Alfred J. Thomas' claim, thence west 40 chains to A. J. Thomas' northwest corner post, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement along the east bank of Hamlin River and the east shore of the Arm.

JAMES ANDREW GRANT,
 Victoria, B. C., 13th October, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that 60 days after date the undersigned intends to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 100 acres of land situated on the South Arm of Teslin Lake, west side of the Arm, commencing at the southeast corner post of A. Boyd's claim, thence south 40 chains along the west shore of the Arm; thence west 40 chains; thence north 40 chains to A. Boyd's line; thence east 40 chains to the point of commencement.

CHARLES EDWARD THOMAS,
 Victoria, B. C., 13th Oct., 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and remove timber from off a tract of land situated on the west side of Bennett Lake, in the District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a post planted below the falls on a river flowing from the west and falling in to Lake Bennett near its south end, then 20 chains north, thence westerly following the sinuosities of the river and 20 chains therefrom a distance of 240 chains, thence southerly 40 chains to a point 20 chains from the river, thence south 40 chains following the sinuosities of the river and 20 chains therefrom a distance of 240 chains, thence north 40 chains to the place of commencement, and comprising about 1,000 acres.

H. A. MUNN,
 September 17th, 1897.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a special license to cut and remove timber from off a tract of land situated in the District, and more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a post on the west shore of Bennett Lake about 8 miles from the south end of the lake, then west 80 chains, then north 80 chains, then east 80 chains more or less to the shore of the lake to the place of commencement, and comprising about five hundred acres. Tract No. 2, commencing at a post on the west shore of Bennett Lake about 9 miles from the south end of the lake, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, then east 80 chains more or less to the shore of the lake, thence south following the sinuosities of the lake to the place of commencement, and comprising about 600 acres.

J. HOLLAND,
 September 17th, 1897.

WANTED.
 Canvasers—"Queen Victoria: Her Life and Reign," has captured the British Empire. Extraordinary testimonials from the great men; send for copy free. Marquis de Lorne says, "The best popular life of the Queen I have seen." Her Majesty sends a kind letter of appreciation. Selling by thousands; gives enthusiastic satisfaction. Canvasers making \$10 to \$40 weekly. Prospective agents, THE BRADLEY-GARRETTSON CO., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED.
 Men and Women who can work hard talking and writing six hours daily, for six days a week, and will be content with ten dollars weekly, address NEW IDEAS CO., Medical Building, Toronto, Ont.

WANTED.
 The address of Arthur Charles Hancock, of St. Agnes, near Buxton, Cornwall, architect and surveyor; last heard of at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, British Columbia, about six years ago. Any information as to date and place of death (if deceased) will be thankfully received by the Chief of Police, Victoria, or Mrs. D. Hancock, 702 Galloway, Buxton, Cornwall, Oct. 9-17-97.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM \$1.50

BRAVE HIGHLANDERS
 Display Remarkable Heroism at the Storming of Dargal Ridge.
 Colonel Mathias' Striking Appeal to His Men and Their Noble Response.

Simla, Oct. 23.—Dispatches from Kharappa say that it is impossible to praise too highly the conduct of Gordon Highlanders at the storming of Dargal ridge. When Brigadier-General Kempster realized that the British gun fire, aided by the mountain battery from Fort Gulistan, could not dislodge the enemy, he went forward in person to move the Gordon Highlanders and the Sikhs into the fighting line for a systematic assault.

Colonel Mathias, commanding the Gordon Highlanders, addressed his men in this striking appeal: "Men of the Gordon Highlanders: Our General says that the position must be taken at all costs. The Gordon Highlanders will take it." The men gave a ringing cheer and when the advance column they bounded after their leader, the officers at the head.

When they came down the slopes after the successful charge they were spontaneously cheered by all the other regiments.

The Gurkhas also behaved magnificently throughout the engagement. Capt. Robinson of the Gurkhas led with great gallantry. He led his men across the river to cover. Finding the force there insufficient he returned alone over the death trap. He was mortally wounded while leading the second rush to support the first contingent.

Many acts of heroism by the rank and file are reported. The total casualties of the day were 134, and the Gordon Highlanders lost 29 in the rush through the line of fire.

General Westmacott's brigade is now encamped in the Khan Ki valley. He has cleared the enemy from the heights commanding the valley and destroyed their towers.

Simla, Oct. 22.—Dispatches received to-day from Kharappa announce the plan of campaign against the insurgents has been so far successfully carried out that a junction has been effected between the British forces under General Dyer, Messrs. Biggs and General Sir William Lockhart. After the storming and capture of Dargal ridge, the Samana ranges, by the troops of General Biggs, on Wednesday afternoon, the plan was for the latter to push on so as to hold the frontal hills, and then continue his advance to Kharappa, where he was to join forces with the column under Sir William Lockhart. This has been done, and the two columns are now camped about two miles from Kharappa.

The British troops met with only slight resistance, but the enemy are massed on the hills around Kharappa, and desultory firing is proceeding.

Capt. Arnold, of the Dorsetshire Regiment, Lieut. Diagswall, of the Gordon Highlanders, and Lieut. White, of the Sikhs, are among the British officers severely wounded in addition to those previously cited.

THE TEXAS THIS TIME.
 Steam Launch Boiler Blows Up—No One Fatally Injured.
 Boston, Oct. 22.—The boiler in one of the steam launches of the battleship Texas blew up while alongside the battleship last night and a number of men, including two officers and a surgeon, were injured, none fatally.

A SPOKANE TRAGEDY.
 An Insane Man Murders His Wife and Child.
 Spokane, Oct. 22.—When Mrs. A. J. Lynch entered the residence of C. W. Kessler late yesterday afternoon, she found Mrs. Kessler dead from a shock of the four-year-old son with a bullet through his head. The husband and father has been arrested. He is half insane and it is thought he killed his wife and child.

SURVEY OF SEAL ISLANDS.
 United States Will Complete This Work This Season.
 Washington, Oct. 22.—General Duffield, of the coast and geodetic survey, has received word from the Pribiloff Islands, under date of Sept. 6, which indicates that the party now engaged in a survey of the seal islands under the direction of his son will complete their labors this season. His information was that the survey of St. Paul, Walrus and Otter Islands and rookeries has been finished, leaving St. George as the only island left unurveyed.

FILIBUSTERING MUST STOP.
 Spain to Notify the United States Government to This Effect.
 London, Oct. 22.—The Madrid correspondent of the Daily Mail says that Senor de Lome, Spanish minister to Washington, has been instructed to notify the American government that henceforth filibustering expeditions will be regarded as breaches of international law. Such, at any rate, is the substance of his instructions, though it is just possible that the form in which they will be carried into effect may modify their import.

HONORED
 Princeton University Bestows Degree of Doctor of Laws Upon the Governor-General.

Much Interest Taken in Commemoration Proceedings—Distinguished Visitors Present.
 Princeton, N.J., Oct. 22.—The one hundred and fifty-first birthday of Princeton university was celebrated here to-day. More than usual interest was manifested this year in the commemoration on account of the presence of Grover Cleveland and Lord Aberdeen, governor-general of Canada.

The academic procession of Princeton trustees and undergraduates formed at Manhattan church at 7 a.m. and marched to Alexander Hall in a body led by Grover Cleveland, Lord Aberdeen and President Patton.

The exercises were opened by Dean Murray with prayer, then Grover Cleveland read an address. At the conclusion of the ex-president's speech the degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred upon Lord Aberdeen, who then addressed the assemblage.

WILLIAM IS AMBITIOUS.
 Germany to Make Increases in Her Army and Navy.

London, Oct. 21.—The German government, according to a special dispatch from Berlin, published to-day, in addition to the sums of money which will be asked for to increase the strength of the navy, will shortly ask for further increases in the army estimates. While at Wiesbaden, the dispatch adds, Emperor William struck the list of the army in pursuance of the policy of placing younger men in the most important posts. It has already been decided that the German army manoeuvres of 1898 will be held in Alsace Lorraine, and that they will be on an unprecedentedly large scale.

STARVATION AT DAWSON.
 Capt. Hooper Says the Alarming Reports are Not Exaggerated.
 Washington, D.C., Oct. 22.—Capt. Hooper, commander of the Behring sea patrol fleet, who has arrived in Washington to attend the seal conference, said to-day that the reports concerning the scarcity of food in the Klondike region have not, in his judgment, been exaggerated. In the neighborhood of Dawson City are about 5,000 miners whose supply of provisions for the coming winter are no greater than are barely sufficient for half that number during the last winter. Great suffering would be the inevitable result of this scarcity of food. Although some of the more vigorous among the miners might attempt to get away on the ice of the Yukon, the chances were that a considerable number of these will perish of hunger and exposure.

Ball heads are becoming too frequent among the middle aged. This can be prevented by the timely use of Hall's Vegetable Sulfur Hair Renewer.

A GOOD SHOWING.
 Large Increase in the Volume of Trade Shown by the Statement of Exports and Imports.

News of the Sifton Party—Application for a Charter for Another Coast Railway.
 Ottawa, Oct. 23.—The statement of exports and imports for the quarter ending September 30th last shows a large increase in the volume of trade as compared with the same time last year, the aggregate. The increase in exports was nearly twelve million dollars. This is exclusive of the billion increase, which for the month of September alone was over six million dollars. Turning to imports, they show an increase of over three hundred thousand dollars, with decrease in the duty collected of eighty thousand dollars. The returns for Vancouver, B. C., however, have not been received for three months. When they do come to hand they will amount to not less than ninety thousand dollars, and this will show an increase in duty for the quarter, notwithstanding the reduced duty by reason of the preferential tariff and its extension to other countries than Great Britain. Imports for the month of September show an increase of about one hundred thousand dollars over the same month in 1896. The export figures for both quarters are as follows:

	1896.	1897.
Produce of the mine—\$ 2,637,122	\$ 3,644,759	
Produce of the fisheries	2,640,324	2,482,061
Produce of the forests, 12,487,806	13,808,569	
Animals and their products	11,920,223	15,441,855
Manufactures	2,925,598	2,213,527
Miscellaneous articles	84,586	80,223
Totals	\$35,811,563	\$47,654,759
Increase for 1897, \$11,843,256.		
Imports for past three months were \$32,990,471, as compared with \$32,684,822 in 1896; an increase of \$306,649.		
Exports for the month were \$12,057,115, as compared with \$11,330,069 for 1896, an increase of \$727,046. Duty was \$1,910,175, as compared with \$1,820,001, an increase of \$90,174.		
Imports for the month were \$16,900,088, as against \$10,497,531, an increase of over \$6,400,000.		

A. P. Collier, private secretary to Hon. Mr. Sifton, reached Ottawa to-day. A letter has been received here stating that the Quadra with the Sifton party reached Skagway all right and everyone was well on board.

Application is to be made next session for an act to incorporate a company to construct a railway from Burrard Inlet at or near the city of Vancouver, B.C., to the city of New Westminster, thence in an easterly direction through the Hope mountains, south of the main line of the C.P.R., to the Columbia river and Lethbridge in Alberta, with power to build a branch line to Kamloops and to some point on the Gulf of Georgia at Marangou, and to navigate vessels on the coast and inland waters of the province.

The appointment of Dr. Fiset as senator is gazetted. The proclamation has been issued appointing 25th of November as Thanksgiving day.

Sir Henry Joly is endeavoring to secure the introduction of the metric system in Canada. He has procured a set of instruments from Paris and will present them to the normal and training schools so as to make teachers familiar with the system.

The supreme court has ordered judgment to be entered in the case of the Union Colliery Company vs. the Attorney-General of British Columbia, in the terms of the decision announced last Tuesday.

Messrs. McEvoy and McConnell, of the geological survey, predict a great boom in mining in British Columbia as soon as cheaper smelting is procurable.

CANADIAN TRADE.
 Weekly Statement Issued by R. G. Dunn & Company.

Toronto, Oct. 21.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly statement of trade in Canada says: "The trade distribution at Montreal taken as a whole, is of a very fair, reasonable character with most houses, but for hardware, paints, oils, etc., a steady demand is reported, and the general tendency is towards a strengthening in values. Cements are moving freely and prices are firmer, owing to an advance in Europe and the scarcity of freight for the season. Shortages of supply is anticipated.

Boot and shoe manufacturers have completed the bulk of the fall shipments and will be shortly preparing for the usual stock taking, so that no very heavy buying of leather is expected. Wholesale grocers report satisfactory business for dried fruits. Cheese and butter values show some slight weakening, but the outward movement from this port continues brisk, cheese alone exceeding 100,000 boxes last week.

The general report regarding remittances is that the improvement noted late in the month of September is maintained. The market is a shade firmer, and the few banks who were quoting 3 1/2 per cent. for call funds, have now made the rate 4 per cent. in conformity with the majority. The discount rate remains at 6 to 7 per cent.

General wholesale trade at Toronto is fairly satisfactory. Prices continue very firm with an upward tendency. Business is active in hardware and metals, and prices are firm. Groceries are in fair demand with prospects bright. The tone of the leather and hide markets is firmer.

Large quantities of wheat have gone for export of late, and prices rule steadily around 80 cents at Ontario points. Coarse grains, however, are inclined to be heavy. Hogs are lower, while cattle, mostly, which are in limited supply, are firm.

Money markets are unchanged, with prime commercial paper discounted at 6 per cent. and call loans 7 per cent. Funds for the week are 3 1/2 against 5 1/4 for the same week of last year.

THANKS FROM INDIA.
 Canada's Large Contribution to the famine fund acknowledged by Sir Francis Maclean.

Ottawa, Oct. 22.—Mr. Courtney, deputy minister of finance, has received a letter, dated Calcutta, 17th September, from Sir Francis Maclean, chief justice of Bengal, in reference to Canada's contribution to the Indian famine fund, of which Mr. Courtney was the honorary treasurer. After thanking all parties in Canada for assisting the sufferers in India, the letter proceeds to say that outside the United Kingdom and India itself Canada was the largest contributor.

DEATH ON THE TRAIL.
 Klondikers Over the Chilcoot Find Very Hard Conditions—Mother and Children Perish.

Provisions at Lake Linderman Are as High as at the Klondike Gold-Fields.
 (James W. Langan in S. F. Chronicle.)
 Lake Linderman, Sept. 23.—Three hundred yards up the mountain side, on a knoll that commands a magnificent view of the surrounding country, is a little latticed box. It is a lonely looking spot, but, then, graves are always more or less depressing. The story of this little four by six sepulchre is particularly sad, involving the obliteration of almost an entire family.

Five weeks ago a family named Card, of Montana, started for the gold fields. The journey from Dyea to Lake Linderman was easily made, but once this point was reached their troubles began. One morning the mother awoke to find her baby girl dead in her arms. A few days later the little boy, a bright-eyed lad of seven, sickened and died. Last week the mother died. Those who saw her during the last few days of life say her heart was broken. Well, the husband has gone on to the gold fields. He told me that he might just as well die there as at his former home.

The story of the three graves in one, by the side of the trail that leads to the headwaters of Lake Linderman, is repeated in some way at every camping ground this side of Dyea. On Tuesday last a Seattle man died at Long lake. At the foot of Deep lake is a rude grave made of stones. On the headboard is roughly carved the following: "He was known as Paul." I tried to learn his name, but no one seemed to know it.

From Dyea over the Chilcoot pass was not as bad as expected. The spot where the Seales is a piece of ground probably 200 feet each way. I started with a seventy-pound pack, and I was at Crater lake in just 55 minutes.

From the foot of Crater lake to Long lake, a distance of four miles, one travels the roughest imaginable. Up and down hill, over sharp-pointed rocks, across weary wastes of snow and ice, and half a mile through a mountain stream that more than icy cold. Add to this a pelting rain and a wind that not infrequently blows one down, and some idea of what is to be encountered may be gained. A Long lake man, one of the prospectors camp, pending the arrival of the goods. The water is bad, and, in consequence, there has been much sickness and one death.

The good of the prospectors ferry their goods across the lake, the cost being \$10 a ton if the wind is not blowing very hard, and \$15 a ton if the water is rough. There is a portage of 400 yards from the foot of Long lake to Deep lake, ferrying on the latter body of water averaging half a cent a pound. From Deep lake to this point there is a portage of two and one-half miles, over a rough piece of trail as one would care to take even a light pack.

I would not advise anyone to undertake the trip at this season of the year with less than \$1,000 in cash. Expense is not what is least expected, and to be stranded in this country is a calamity. The prospectors have little or no sympathy for each other. Last week I was taken sick at Long lake and, though lodging in a tent, and after much persuasion, was taken in. I stayed two nights, eating nothing during the while and only drinking two cups of beef tea. For this accommodation I paid \$6.50. Flour is selling at 50 cents a pound, and beans for 75 cents. There is no bacon to be had at any price, while fresh meat—a little is to be had occasionally—sells readily at 75 cents a pound. To get a letter back to Dyea involves an expenditure of 75 cents. Nails are worth \$5 a pound, while pitch and oakum are scarce at any price. Everything else that is needed is proportionately high.

The exigencies of the occasion and man's ingenuity will overcome many difficulties. Yesterday I saw a man vainly endeavor to buy some pitch. Finally he purchased a broken-down horse for \$25 and used the skin to make his boot.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
 Absolutely Pure
 ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

CABLE NEWS.
 Paris, Oct. 21.—Major Moses P. Handy, special commissioner from the United States to the French international exposition of 1900, reported seriously ill yesterday, starts to-night for Havre, thence he will sail for Southampton and start for home on Saturday. The physician called to attend him found the latter's heart affected, and absolute quiet is indispensable, though his condition no longer causes serious apprehension.

London, Oct. 21.—Sir Hamilton D. Young has been appointed Governor of the Imperial Ottoman bank at Constantinople, in succession to Sir Edgar Vincent, resigned.
 Munich, Oct. 21.—Baron von Crailsheim informed the finance committee of the Bavarian diet to-day that the condition of demented King Otto has not materially changed, and the Prince Regent did not desire an alteration in the regency. He maintained that modification of the constitution would be possible "only in the event of most urgent circumstances."
 London, Oct. 21.—Dr. Geo. C. Davis, a popular citizen and widely known as prominent Mason, took an inhalation of chloroform last night and was found dead in bed this morning.

IT IS A DEAD ISSUE
 The Press of London Agree That the Bimetallite Agitation is Virtually Killed.
 The Times Wonders How Wolcott's Proposals Could Be Treated With Gravity.

London, Oct. 23.—The morning papers comment at length on the correspondence regarding the bimetallic proposals of the United States Monetary Commission. The Times says: "When the extent and significance of the American proposals come to be generally understood we will be surprised if even bimetallics venture to contend that they could be accepted as the basis of any serious international agreement. Sir Wolcott's dispatch is an admirably reasoned state paper. As to the American proposals, aside from the re-opening of the Indian mints, it is difficult to understand how they could be treated with gravity by British statesmen. It is really amusing—we do not like to use so harsh a word as impertinent—that some gentlemen from the United States should come here to tell us how to improve our methods of currency and banking. The counsels of the fox that lost his tail are discounted by the common sense of mankind."

The Daily Chronicle says the public will read the story of the negotiations with little surprise. It calls Senator Wolcott's proposal "cool," and asks: "What of Mr. Balfour and his promise in the house of commons in March last year that the government would re-open the Indian mints?"

The Morning Post, Daily Telegraph, Standard and Daily News all comment upon the sweeping nature of Senator Wolcott's proposals. The Daily Telegraph admits it was "very adroit to take advantage of India's financial difficulties."

The Daily News says: "Had the proposals been known, public opinion would have killed them in a single day, but the cabinet containing Mr. Balfour has taken three months to give them their quietus."
 "The whole press applauds the government's decision and agrees that the bimetallic agitation is virtually killed."
 A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of influenza, and, recognizing it as dangerous, he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations included therein, we concluded to make a first trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic, and the cure was a permanent and speedy one. We have no hesitancy in recommending this excellent Cough Remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.—The Banner of Liberty, Libertytown, Maryland. For sale by Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale druggists, Victoria and Vancouver.

That tired, languid feeling and dull headache is very disagreeable. The two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring, it is really far better than any remedy I know of.