

## LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

English Oarsmen Preparing to Receive Cornell Crew—Rowing Intelligence.

Cliveden Not for Sale—Designer Watson Interviewed—Other News.

London, June 2.—The arrival of the Cornell crew on the Thames is eagerly awaited by the English oarsmen. The American visitors immediately after their arrival in England will proceed to Henley in order to finish their training. Quarters have already been secured for them by Mr. A. T. Hastings, representative of the Cornell crew here, and everything possible is being done to make the Americans happy and comfortable. The coming boating regatta at Henley promises to be the most exciting event in years, and several of the English rowing clubs have been greatly strengthened in view of the visit of the Cornell crew to England. Guy and Vivian Nickalls, the celebrated English oarsmen, have joined the London rowing club and the Thames rowing club has an exceptionally good crew in training.

The report that William Waldorf Astor is trying to sell Cliveden, his magnificent English estate, is incorrect. On the contrary, Mr. Astor is making important alterations and improvements at Cliveden. He is often seen on the river in his steam launch and he still refuses to allow parties to land at Cliveden and picnic in the woods, which the Duke of Westminster, the former owner of Cliveden, always permitted.

Seldom if ever have so many Americans been present at the Derby as when Lord Rosebery's Sir Visto won the blue ribbon of the turf on Wednesday. As a result it was estimated there were ten hundred trans-Atlantic visitors on Epsom Downs, and they nearly all went there in style on coaches and had seats on the grand stand and in boxes which cost a small fortune. They generally became impressed with the fact that racing is far more expensive here than in America. The result of the Derby seemed a surprise to Lord Rosebery as much as anyone. He looked sadly changed since he won the Derby a year previous with Ladas. The premier carried a white umbrella and the effect upon him of his recent illness was plain.

The Afghan Prince Nazrullah Khan viewed the scene apparently unmoved from the royal box. Nothing could persuade him it was not all arranged before hand for the Prince of Wales to win the first race, the Caterham plate, with his entry Courtier, and for the premier to win the Derby.

It is announced here that Count De Castellane, who recently married Miss Anna Gould of New York, intends to devote a part of his wife's fortune to a grand racing stable. He has already bought several horses which will soon be run in the races at Ascott, France.

Mr. George L. Watson, designer of the Britannia, Valkyrie and other yachts, in an interview during the week said he regarded the fact that the defender is a keel boat as a moral victory for the British design. He added it was a pity in point of interest that the defender had not struck to the centre board. It appears after the last race between Valkyrie II and the Vigilant off Sandy Hook in 1893, when Mr. Watson was asked for his opinion of the centre-board he put it in a writing in an envelope and asked that the envelope remain unopened until the next international race. Mr. Watson said in the interview, "I then said the next cup defender would be a keel boat."

A dispatch from Stockholm says Count Ludwig Douglas, governor of Upsala, has been appointed foreign minister for Sweden in succession to Count Carl Lönnerdal, who has resigned.

A Vienna dispatch says: Six persons were blown to atoms to-day by an explosion which occurred at Mayer & Roth's gunpowder factory at Felddorf. A Constantinople dispatch says the Turkish government has asked permission to delay making a reply to the proposals of the powers looking to reform in the administration of Armenia until after the Bairam festival, which commences on Monday. The representatives of the powers have declined to grant the request of the Porte and insist upon having an immediate answer.

A dispatch from Port Said says two hundred houses were destroyed by fire to-day in the native quarter of this town. The commander of the British gunboat "Dryad" landed men and pumps to assist in quenching the flames. Many natives were wounded.

Berlin advices say: The silver question will come up for discussion before the Bundesrat during the commission week at the instance of Prince Hohenzollern, the imperial chancellor, and with the co-operation of the Prussian ministry.

The German bimetallic union has adopted the following resolution: "Whereas the bimetallic movement in England, according to our information, is on the eve of victory, and whereas it would be a doubtful policy to attempt to carry out international bimetallicism with the co-operation of France, the United States, etc., so long as England adheres to the gold standard; it is resolved by the German bimetallicists to keep Germany's action in the currency question dependent upon England's participation, always provided that the measures calculated to bring about international bimetallicism including England, and urge the speedy adhesion of England to this programme."

Emperor William has ordered a repetition in his presence of Reubenstein's musical drama "Christus," which has just had its first performance at Bremen. The repetition of "Christus" will be given at the new palace at Potsdam. On Monday last Emperor William, with his own hand, pulled out the first loose tooth of tiny Prince Oscar and the latter is making a birthday present of it in a handsome casket to his English governess. The little prince was born July 27, 1888.

The King of Saxony has during the past six months frequently received menacing or scurrilous letters, some of them threatening his near death by dynamite. The author of some of these epistles has been discovered at Dresden in a youthful laborer of unfortunate antecedents. His confession implicates others and the handwriting in the letters indicates that at least six persons must have aided the composition. Three more arrests have been made since Tuesday. It is significant that the foreign office here has been obliged by circular to call attention to the fact that in view of the unwillingness of the French courts of justice to assist the German courts or authorities in gaining information about incriminated persons in custody in Germany, it is better to request the aid of the German embassy at Paris, or the German consul at Havre, Bordeaux or Marseilles.

The tablet which the Emperor William has ordered to be placed on the Bismarck dock in the precincts of the University of Göttingen arrived yesterday. It is inscribed, "To the Great Chancellor by Wilhelm II."

The works in connection with the Elbe Trave canal were inaugurated with much ceremony yesterday at Lubeck. The international annual exhibition of art was opened in the glass palace at Munich by Prince Leopold, the prince regent. All the princes and princesses of the royal house of Bavaria were present.

General von Caprivi, the ex-chancellor of the German empire, removed permanently yesterday to his nephew's estate at Skryon, a small village near Krossen. London, June 1.—A dispatch from Edinburgh says a fire broke out to-day in the Fifeshire main colliery and nine men were killed while trying to quench the flames. In addition several would-be rescuers of the men were seriously burned.

Vienna, June 1.—Two sharp earthquake shocks were felt at Laibach, capital of Duxy of Carinthia, yesterday.

Paris, June 1.—M. Pierre Legrand, who had been minister of commerce in several cabinets, is dead.

Alexandria, June 1.—Three British warships left this port for Djeddah in order to insist on punishment of the Bedouins who are concerned in the murder of the British vice-consul there and wounding British consul, Russian consul and secretary French legation. The remainder of the Mediterranean squadron has gone to Beyrout.

Advices from Hamburg report a great petroleum fire in progress six miles from that city at the works of the Brown Trading Co., which has destroyed five tanks of oil and a great deal of other property. The fire has been mastered, although the inner tanks are still burning. The damage done is estimated to amount to 200,000,000 marks. During the fire huge mounds of earth were thrown around the burning tanks, thus preventing the flames from spreading to the adjoining factories and houses. As already cabled, the Kaiser factory and American Company's petroleum depot were saved, as the wind drove the flames in the direction of the Elbe. Thousands of barrels of petroleum, in addition to the oil contained in the five tanks previously referred to, were destroyed. Different fire brigades which fought the flames and the Pioneer battalion did excellent work and succeeded in keeping the fire from spreading to the laborers' cottages as well as saving a great amount of other property from destruction.

A dispatch received at Madrid from Havana says: Col. Samora in the neighborhood of Arroyo Caeco, attacked a band of 400 insurgents led by Antonio Maceo. The troops lost one sergeant and one bugler killed. Insurgent loss unknown. They carried away several killed and wounded. Last Maceo's insurgents attacked a detachment of soldiers at Esternon, but after five hours' fighting, the insurgents retired with a loss of 17 dead and wounded. Major Arminian has been engaged with bands of insurgents. Accompanied by Zayas and Castille in the province of Santa Clara. Several insurgents were wounded. The bands were dispersed and sought refuge in the woods. Another band of insurgents has been raised in the province of Camaguan, near Santa Clara, the capital of the province of that name. Troops in and about Santa Clara have combined a movement in pursuit of the insurgents in that province. The report that Mador Guerro, the insurgent leader, has been killed in the engagement between the insurgents and the regiment of Isabella the Catholic, confirmed. The insurgents have burned sugar plantations and several houses at Caminos.

## COLUMBIA SALMON.

An Expected Reduction in the Pack of 50,000 Cases.

The Astorian's weekly salmon report says: Fully sixty-five carloads, or about 26,000 cases, of salmon have already gone forward since May 10 from this point. The pack of the whole river to date is estimated at 129,000 cases. This leaves the pack to date almost even with last year. Owing to low water in the Upper Columbia it seems certain that the total pack of 1895 will fall short of 1894 by fully 50,000 or 60,000 cases.

A future for him—First boy—I wonder why Big Mike doesn't train for a prize fighter?—Mebby he ain't got any dramatic talent.—Street & Smith's Good News.

No Condition Powders like Dick's Blood Purifier.

## POLITICAL AFFAIRS IN JAPAN

Remored That Count Ito Will Retire From Active Political Life.

Yamagata May be Requested to Form a Ministry—Army Returning.

Tokio, May 19 (per steamer Belgio to San Francisco, June 1).—The popular expectation of ministerial changes in Japan grows stronger every day. Although nothing has yet happened to prove that Count Ito contemplates immediate retirement, his early disappearance from the political stage is regarded as a certainty, and the attention of the official class is chiefly directed to questions bearing on the succession. Reports are received from Kioto that Count Yamagata will be requested to form a cabinet, and that the position now held by Viscount Muratsu will be tendered to Viscount Aoki, the present envoy to Germany, or to Count Okuma. As regards the heads of other departments, no curiosity is displayed. Everyone feels that the interests of the nation will for some time mainly depend upon the management of foreign affairs, and that the selection of a foreign minister for this branch of the administration is of first importance. Viscount Aoki has once before had charge of the foreign office, which he conducted prudently, but without winning high distinction. He is by no means considered the equal of Mutsu in ability, but he would be content to serve as the prime minister's actual as well as nominal subordinate, which would be essential to the smooth working of any cabinet led by Yamagata. This, however, could not be expected of Okuma, who is one of the most powerful men, intellectually, in the country, and with whom no member of the existing cabinet, except Mutsu, can at all be compared. If Okuma joins an administration he will rule it, no matter who is the titular chief. It is not probable, therefore, that he will take a foreign portfolio, unless a prime minister is appointed who will accept his guidance and carry on the government as he may direct. It is unfortunate, in the present condition of affairs, that Viscount Mutsu should be compelled by any stress of circumstances to abandon his post. His colleagues, one and all, may retire without injury to the public service, but his talents are especially fitted for the duties which will soon devolve upon the foreign minister, and his recent experiences give him advantages in many respects over even Okuma. In demanding his withdrawal, the heedless populace will deprive the state of one of the few servants who are qualified to deal with the impending international complications.

The greater part of the Japanese army will return from China early in June. Portions of the second and fourth grand divisions will remain on the Leaotung peninsula for garrison service, and a brigade of the sixth division will occupy Loikung island, Weihsaiwei harbor. Those troops are to retain the positions specified until China shall have fulfilled the conditions of the treaty.

The Japanese authorities in Corea have completed a census of Spoul, the first ever known to have been taken systematically. One hundred and eighty-seven thousand, four hundred and two inhabitants are reported—123,554 males and 63,848 females.

The Russian authorities announce that torpedoes have been laid at Vladivostok, and that vessels will be permitted to enter the harbor only in the day time and in charge of pilots. As to whom this precaution is directed against nothing is known.

## HOW SERUM IS MADE.

A Chicago Paper Gives the Formula of the Cure.

Chicago, June 3.—The Tribune gives the formula for the preparation of the serum from which such wonderful results in the treatment of consumption, bacilli, tuberculosis or consumption, is made in veal or beef bouillon; bacilli are obtained from sputum patients and in the bouillon multiply with extreme rapidity. The product is a concentrated fluid, highly toxic in character. This is injected hypodermically into the blood of a perfectly healthy horse. The animal is immediately thrown into a fever thereby and the injection is repeated day after day until the fever abates and the injections no longer have any effect. The animal is then said to be "immunized." This process requires from one to three months' time, the length depending on the animal's resistance to treatment. When immunized blood is drawn from the horse's neck, placed in a sterilized bottle and kept at a temperature of 40 degrees in a refrigerator. In the course of a month the constituents of the blood separate so that the serum can be decanted. The treatment is a hypodermic injection of a few drops of serum daily into the muscles of the patient's back.

## CARIBBO MINES SOLD.

French Syndicate Secures Control of B. C. Mines.

Three hundred and twenty acres of valuable mining property in the Caribbo country has just passed from the hands of Seattle owners, into the control of a French syndicate, says Sunday's P.M. The claims were owned by C. J. Gormley and C. H. Weibert, of this city, and by Sam S. Johnstone, of Caribbo, and brought to the three men \$50,000 in cash. For some time previously negotiations have been going on by which the syndicate was to build ditches and other improvements to develop the property, but when a report was made it

was so favorable that the capitalists decided to buy. At the head of the syndicate was M. des Essards, a lawyer, a journalist and member of the Paris municipal council. During his absence from home M. des Essards had a commission to examine into the hospitals and public schools of the far Western country.

The claims are located on the Quesnelle river, one of the largest tributaries of the Fraser, and lie about midway between the mouth of the river and the forks. The nearest railroad station is Ashcroft on the Canadian Pacific, about 200 miles from the mines and a like distance from the coast. The mines are some 500 miles from Seattle. To reach them one has to go by stage 150 miles after leaving the railroad, and then get over the remaining space on foot.

Mr. Weibert will return to the Caribbo region in a week or ten days. The claims just sold, he says, are in the neighborhood of the Caribbo and Horsefly, in both of which President Van Horne of the Canadian Pacific is interested. The latter claims have been developed to a considerable extent, and water has been conveyed sixteen miles through steel pipes manufactured in Scotland. As an evidence of the richness of the mines, which are placer, he states that a fifty-two hours run from water obtained by damming up a snow gulch resulted in a clean up of \$7,500. The gold is rather coarse and the gravel easily worked. The French experts brought out by the des Essards syndicate figure on an average of sixty tons to the cubic yard, although sometimes there is as high as \$5 or \$6 per cubic yard. The syndicate has added to the claims bought from Messrs. Gormley, Weibert and Johnstone, a mile strip lying along the river and will at once, it is thought, put up extensive plants.

## THE DOMINION PARLIAMENT

The Opening of the Sault Ste. Marie Canal Will Take Place June 13.

The Government Refuses to Produce Papers—British Columbia Matters.

Ottawa, June 1.—The official opening of the Sault Ste. Marie canal takes place on the 13th of June. Arrangements have been made to run a special train from Ottawa with bring all the members of parliament, including the opposition, to the affair. The Liberals have supported the building of the canal, but they are opposed to the errors of construction the unnecessary extras paid in connection with the work.

The Sabbath observance bill was considered in the Commons and two clauses passed. Mr. Mars made a strong defence of the Sunday newspapers published in British Columbia.

The government superannuation bill as introduced will nearly double the contribution of all the civil servants.

The temperature was 98 in the shade to-day.

Mr. Foster told Dr. Landerkin to-day to look at Todd's Parliamentary Government to see who recommended Canadians for Imperial honors.

The government has not reached a decision regarding the board of customs experts.

The British Columbia members had a long interview with the minister of justice to-day in regard to the Fitzsimmons case. During the next few days he will make a thorough examination of the papers, and meet the delegation again on Tuesday next.

British Columbia Artillery—C. St. Anbyr, Pearson is to be Adjutant, with the rank of Captain, not Major as recently gazetted without his knowledge. Dr. George Hall Duncan is to be surgeon, vice Hasell, retired.

Sir Mackenzie Edwell stated, in reply to Senator McRae, that the provision of allowance at the Victoria post office will be abolished and the clerks given salaries commensurate with the amount withdrawn.

The supplementary estimates were considered to-day. Sir Charles Tupper said he expected a discussion regarding the British Columbia penitentiary affairs, but preferred it to take place on the main estimates.

There was a long discussion to-night on the franchise act.

Counsel for the condemned men urged on Sir Charles Tupper the commutation of the death sentences in the Hender-shot murder case.

The Commons yesterday had a long wrangle over the refusal of the government to bring down papers ordered by the House. Finally Foster promised to bring them down.

## BEHRING SEA REGULATIONS.

The Zone Should Be Extended from 60 to 200 Miles.

Washington, June 1.—It is stated at the British embassy that the new Behring Sea regulation, which Sir Edward Grey announced in the house of commons yesterday, is one perfecting the phraseology of the present act, without altering or extending its substantial features. It will not, it is said, enlarge the zone or extend the closed season, as these points are fixed by the Paris award and are not subject to variation until the new award is made. Officials of both governments appear to agree, however, that the protected zone should be extended from 60 to 200 miles, as expert testimony establishes the fact that female seals go far outside the 60 mile limit and can be slaughtered without regard to the government patrol. A change in this particular cannot be effected, however, until the governments have further conferences.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

## SAVED MUCH SUFFERING.

REV. FATHER BUTLER'S INTERESTING EXPERIENCE.

Suffered From an Abscess in the Side Which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Cured After Other Medicines Failed.

Caledonia, N.S., Gold Hunter.

Faith leads many to believe, yet when one has experienced anything and has reason to rejoice, it is far stronger proof than faith without reasonable proof. About four miles from Caledonia, along a pleasant road, passing by numerous farms, lives Rev. T. J. Butler, the parish priest of this district. Reports having come to the ears of our reporter about a wonderful cure effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, he called on Mr. Butler to seek information on the subject. Mr. Butler spoke in very high terms of the Pink Pills, and said that they saved him untold suffering, and perhaps saved his life. The reverend gentleman felt a little hesitancy at giving a public testimonial at first, but after our reporter remarked that if one was really grateful for a remarkable cure he thought it was his duty to give it publicity for humanity's sake, he cheerfully consented. His story in his own words is as follows:—"I was led to take Pink Pills through reading the testimonials in the papers. I was troubled with an abscess in my side and had tried many different medicines without avail. I took medical advice on the subject, and was told I would have to undergo an operation to cure it which would cost me about \$100. At last I determined to try Pink Pills, but without a great feeling of faith of their curing me. One box helped me and I resolved to take a three months' course and give them a fair trial. I did so, and to-day I am completely cured of the abscess in my side through using Pink Pills, and I always recommend friends of mine to use Pink Pills for diseases of the blood." As Father Butler is well known throughout this county his statement is a clincher to the many wonderful testimonials that have appeared in the Gold Hunter from time to time. On inquiry at the stores of J. E. Cushing and N. F. Douglas, it was found that Pink Pills have a sale second to none. Mr. Cushing on being asked if he knew of any cures effected by them, replied that he had heard a great many personally say Pink Pills had helped them wonderfully. If given a fair and thorough trial Pink Pills are a certain cure for all diseases of the blood and nerves, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, partial paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance, nervous headache, nervous prostration and the dread feeling therefrom, the after effects of la grippe, diseases depending on humors in the blood, such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. Pink Pills give a healthy glow to pale and sallow complexions and are a specific for the troubles peculiar to the female system, and in the case of men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail, postpaid, at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Beware of imitations and substitutes alleged to be "just as good."

Ingersoll, June 1.—Nathaniel Cove, a farmer, 64 years old, committed suicide last night by hanging, due to fretting over the death of his wife.

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## OF THE DOMINION.

Big Pork Factory at Milton Partly Destroyed by Fire.

of '66 Honor the Dead at Toronto—Tramps Seize a Freight Train.

June 3.—A dozen tramps in possession of the caboose of R. freight train coming west portage yesterday. They got out of the city and took to the three of them were captured. Sutherland says the survey son Bay railway to the W. is completed and constructed to-day.

Year-old child of James killed on the railway track on Saturday.

June 3.—Annie Webber, daughter of the proprietor of the Hotel, was accidentally killed on the railway track on Saturday.

June 3.—Two persons were killed and five others hurt by railway smashup on Saturday. A. Leman and John Gross, were the two fatally injured.

June 3.—The extensive pork W. Fearman was partly destroyed at an early hour yesterday. Some lard pounds of cotton seed oil was the loss is estimated at

June 3.—The P. P. A. ed here with such a flourish is, practically dead.

June 3.—Robt. Denison, Q. county judge of Peterboro, died on Saturday.

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June 3.—Stocks opened generally firm.

June 3.—About one-half of the River Mills returned morning. Seventeen workmen to work at the Maunton three mills in Fletcher's plant than two hundred men at any enough weavers to operate looms.

June 3.—At an early hour springing a locomotive on the road set fire to the woods Run, a small settlement 17 west of Kane. When the oil men realized the extent of the fire they immediately sent Hunter Run. They fought high Saturday night and all they succeeded in getting out. The National transit water from their Hunton to a point in advance of and thus prevented the damage valuable property. A of loss and about 50,000 lock were destroyed; five and much valuable timbered. The fire burned over bare miles.

## WINNING \$100 Reward

to any one who will give on as will lead to the person or persons imitating which consists of the letters Stamped in Bronze

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