## The Weekin Times

Friday, Victoria, June 15, 1894.

THEIR VARIOUS SONGS.

Premier Davie at Burnaby said: "If a business proposal in reference to the Canada Western scheme was laid before them (the government), it would be considered!" Chief Commissioner Vernon at Vernon said: "No proposition of any description had ever been laid before the government by the promoters of this railway, and it would receive no vestige of support if it were ever broached." As if to reconcile the different attitudes of the two ministers the Vancouver organ of the government breaks forth in this way: "It seems to be almost an impossibility for the opponents of the government to tell the truth. They are so used to making misstatements on public questions that they have got lying down to a fine art. For instance the morning paper, without turning a hair, says that Mr. Davie at Burnaby, a few days ago, admitted that the government would probably aid the scheme,' that is the Canada Western railway. Now anybody who was at the meeting will testify to the fact that the premier made use of no such language or anything approaching it. A government would be unworthy of trust which would refuse a proposition of this character before the details had been laid before it and it is its duty to hear everything that can be said in favor of such an undertaking. That, however is an entirely different thing from acceding to the request of the promoters, and further than this neither the Hon. Mr. Davie nor any of his colleagues have ever gone. The Oppositionists will find that the electors will pay no heed to their silly cry that .the Canadian Western or British Pacific will be built should the Opposition sustain defeat. Even should there be the vaguest possibility of such a thing being attempted the Mainland has a majority in the legislature, and there are many Island members, like Mr. Hunter, who disapprove of the whole affair." All this must be very interesting to those persons in Victoria who are told that they should vote for the government ticket because the government, if returned to power, will give the British Pacific scheme such assistance as will ensure its completion. How can the government do this if Mr. Vernon and the World are

#### THE FORTIFICATIONS.

The following dispatch appears in the Post-Intelligencer, and seems to have been sent by the Associated Press from

Ottawa, June 8.—Ten days ago word was received by the Dominion government from the imperial authorities that they would continue to employ Chinese laborers on the fortifications now course of construction at Esquimalt, B. This information was in response to a letter addressed to the Dominion government at the request of Col. Prior, member for Victoria, submitting that there was plenty of white labor to be ob-

The letter from the imperial authoriply states that as the British government is paying for the fortifications it will continue to employ any labor which it sees fit. This is considered by all but ultra-Tories to be a slap in the face of

Canada. The statements made in the dispatch The statements made in the dispatch wound the doctor was of the opinion are probably fairly accurate, for they contact that it was not self inflicted, as the vey only such intelligence as was to be expected. The imperial authorities undoubtedly control the situation and can employ any class of labor they please. It is not likely they will have the labor of white men at the Chinese rate of wages they are offering. But it is not the fact that the British government is paying all the expenses connected with the fortifications, for we have a very distinct recollection of the Canadian parliament voting a large sum of money to aid in their building.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Honolulu Bulletin of May 26 says: "This paper is authorized to state, emphatically, that the cruise of the British warship Champion is not in the slightest degree connected with the cruise of the provisional government's chartered steamer Iwalani. The Champion has gone to Waimea, Kauai, for target prac-Champion had been ordered to take possession of Necker Island for Great Bri-

The Vancouver World asserts that Mr. Forster "voted with the nays against the motion of Hon. Robert Beaven to prohibit Chinese being employed on the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley railway, and likewise nay on the motion of Hon. Robert Beaven prohibiting Chinese being employed on the Crow's Nest & Kootenay." In the journals of the House Mr. Forster's name appears on the affirmative side on both of these motions. Apparently the organ is not willing that its master, the premier, should outdo it in the use of mean and petty falsehoods intenda beautiful pair the premier and the or-

gan make! The constitution prepared for Hawaii by the provisional government seems pretty well calculated to keep the party represented by that government in power. Under it the Islands will constitute a republic where personal freedom will be very much smaller than under many | other aged six mother. monarchies. In fact there are some very tyrannical provisions. For instance, only those who abjure monarchy will be allowed to vote, while freedom of press and speech is not to include the advocacy of a return to the former system of government. As the men who oppose such

restrictions on personal and press liberty are interlopers they display a very fair amount of "nerve" in thus arranging matters to suit their own interests. It must be admitted, however, that they can quote many precedents in their own behalf, including some from the history of British colonization.

### NANAIMO.

Nanaimo, June 8.-It was rumored year terday that Dr. Walkem intends to withdraw from the contest in South Nanaimo. It will not surprise the opposition party as one of the government men stated some time ago that pressure would be brought to bear on the doctor to prevent him from contesting the constituency so that one of the ring might stand a

chance of being elected. The banquet tendered to Dr. Praeger at the Windsor House last night by the board of trade was the most brilliant that has been given in the city. All the talented speakers residing within the city and district were present, and the doctor was eulogised in glowing terms for the prominent interest he had taken in the

welfare of the city. There are several bicycle riders from Victoria and Sound cities already here for the races on Saturday at Northfield. E. W. Bradley of Victoria will probably stand a good show, especially as he has one of the best machines in use. J. H. Simpson, attorney for Vipond

will appeal to the full court in Victoria against the judgment of Judge Harrison in the case of Vipond vs. the corporation of Nanaimo. The ground of appeal has

Nanaimo, June 9.—The wife of S. W. Lobb shot and killed herself last night in her bedchamber. The husband, who was in the house, at once alarmed neighbors, who on arriving found the lady dead, having been shot through the heart. Mrs. Lobb was one of the most highly respected ladies in Nanaimo. Sne was well connected, and until the inquest s held little can be said as to the cause

Nanaimo, June 11.-The inquest touch ing the sad death of the wife of S. W. Lobb was held on Saturday in the old court house. In consequence of the deceased being of high social distinction the building was packed by citizens who were eager to hear the cause of the death of one so well known and respect ed. She left no note or letter stating her troubles, or that she premeditated the crime of suicide; no word to the husband she was devoted to: no wish expressed for the future welfare of the two children whom she adored, so that it is no wonder the friends who formed her circle refused to believe that she took

her own life. The evidence taken by the coroner in no way proves that she did so. husband states that he had been drinking heavily, which so preyed upon the mind of deceased that it caused her to takeher own life. He goes on to say that he was in the act of getting out for another drink when he heard the shot fired and discovered that his wife had shot herself. He immediately ran to Mr. J. Lister and informed him of the tragedy, and he was not dressed at the

Mr. Gowland, a friend and neighbor of the deceased, expressed the conviction in her evidence that from her knowledge of Mrs. Lobb that the deed was not committed by her own hand, and in defence of Mr. Lobb the witness always found him agreeable and of a gentlemanly de-

Dr. Praeger, in giving evidence, stated that the deceased had repeatedly comof employment of Chinese labor, but sim- of her husband and implored the doctor to have him taken to an asylum for the cure of inebriates. He treated the husband for intemperance and remonstrated with him for his drinking habits. but the advice was rejected with signs of clothing in the vicinity of the wound showed that it had been burned too much for a shot taken at close quarters, and from his personal knowledge of the deceased he was further convinced that she would not do the deed. He explained that Mrs. Lobb had asked his advice as to protection for her person, on acof the threats made by her husband to kill her while he was under the

nfluence of liquor. Dr. McKechnie, who was called to see the deceased as soon as possible after death ensued, explained in detail that the wound could have been easily selfinflicted. The deceased had been shot through the heart; he had extracted the bullet in the presence of the jury. Taking in the surroundings of the domestic affairs of the deceased, he thought quite possible that the wound had been

self inflicted. The diagram of the room, and the position the deceased was found in, appeared to favor the statement made by

the husband. For the defence Mr. Cane asked that no statement be now asked from Mr. tice and will return on Tuesday." This Lobb, as he was dazed and had not propis in correction of a statement that the er control over his faculties; he was pros trated with grief, and in looking at the man the court could not help agreeing with his statement. He had not been placed under arrest, but had merely been sent for as a witness, and he came. Lobb for quite a period has been engaged as accountant in the offices of the New Vancouver Coal Co., and prior to his residence here he occupied a good position in the east. He appeared to feel his posi tion acutely without seeming to realize the full force of it. He possesses a gen tlemanly appearance, but only a few days ago he commenced to drink again. When he tasted liquor he lost all control

over himself. The coroner summed up the evidence at great length and the jury were closeted for over an hour, when they returned the following verdict: "That on the 8th of June Adelina Noble Lobb came ed to injure political opponents. What to her death by a bullet wound at her residence on Victoria road, Nanaimo, but not suicidal; but by whom or how the jury are not prepared to determine."

Lobb is now incarcerated and will be

brought up for a preliminary hearing on Tuesday next. The body now lies at Hilbert's undertaking store, pending instructions from the friends of deceased in the east. little children, one three years and the other aged six months, are left to mourn

A Boon to Horsemen.—One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a curb from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused lamps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, sweeny, stifies and sprains. George Robb, Farmer, Markham, Ont. Sold by Geo. Morrison.

AN OPPOSITION MANIFESTO. The Government Impeached by a Van couver Convention

The following appeal to the people of British Columbia was submitted to and endorsed by a convention of the opposition held at Vancouver on Friday even-

To the People of British Columbia: The members of the legislature in opposition to the present government appeal to you to give your verdict at the pproaching election in condemnation of the corruption and extravagance which have marked the career of the admin-

We need scarcely remind you of the causes which have checked the progress of the province and paralyzed its development. The years immediately following the completion of the Canadian Pacific railway witnessed a rapid advance in wealth and population, as immigrants, attracted by its great natural ources, poured into the province. But these found the settler neglected that the speculator might be encouraged; necessary works of development postponed while the interests of syndicates and promoters were advanced and the credit and money of the province recklessly pledged and used for the furtherance of private and political advantage; and that to-day we have stagnation instead of progress; embarrassment instead of prosperity; and an outlook which is summarized in the words: a falling revenue and

a growing expenditure. Bad government-government actively ly, could have brought about such a condition under such circumstances in a young and rich country like British Co-

We, as you know, have urged and advocated a common sense, business-like, economical administration of public affairs, with special attention to those things which tend to promote the settlement of the country. While we welcome the introduction of capital, and would encourage its employment in every legitimate way, we, at the same time, feel that the main effort of government in a country like this should be directed to the encouragement of the producer, using the term in the wide sense which includes all who by their labor, whether manual or mental, contribute to the building up of the community, as distinguished from the speculator whose object is to profit by the work of others or by the appropriation of the natural wealth of the country.

We have therefore advocated such fiscal policy as would tend to remove the burden of taxation from the producplacing it rather upon the specula

We oppose the creation of monopolies and the importation of Chinese, who are used as the servants of these monopo lies. Our theory is that the country be longs to the people of the country, and that the main function of the governmen (which is the representative and trustee of the people) is to administer affairs with the view to make it possible for honest and industrious citizen to provide, by reasonable exertion, for his own wants and the wants of those de pendent upon him.

We oppose the reckless and wholesale benusing and guaranteeing of schemes which are more often for the benefit of some syndicate than of the provinceor which at least are first and chiefly for the benefits of the syndicates; in the case of railways, we hold that the prov. ince should at least receive value in the shape of beneficial ownership in return

In the fundamental matter of the fair representation of the people in the legisties gives no reason for the continuance plained to him of the intemperate habits lature our policy needs no explanation; son, the San Francisco oarsman, declares nor will it be denied that the slight and that he will accept Gaudaur's challenge tardy reform which has been brought about in this direction is entirely due to our ceaseless efforts.

The same remark applies to the reforms effected during the existence of the parliament which has just ceased its labors in land, school, assessment and municipal legislation. To preserve the land for those who wish to use it-instead of giving it to those whose object is merely to gamble with it; to popularize our public schools and increase their efficiency-instead of handing them over to the absolute control of an autocratic central authority; to adjust taxation to the lines already indicated-instead of arranging it to be at once a fine upon industry and an encouragement to speculation; to relieve municipalities from vexatious restrictions, giving them fuller powers of self-government, instead of keeping them in leading strings as mere puppets of the provincial executive; these and kindred matters have formed our "platform" and employed our emergies in the past, and that fact is the best guarantee

for our future policy. With confidence therefore, since our record speaks for us in no uncertain tones, we appeal to you to put the seal of your approval upon the policy which has guided us in the past and which shall continue to guide us—a policy which takes a wide outlook, embracing the common interests of the whole province, as against the narrow views of sectionalsm-a policy which holds that the interests of the many must override the selfishness of the few-a policy which sets before it, as its end and object, the building up in this far outpost of the empire of a rich and powerful province of the Dominion, inhabited by a free, prospercus and contented people.

Unanimously endorsed by the opposition convention in Vancouver W. BROWN, W. TEMPLETON. Secretary.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

FRENCH JOCKEY CLUB. Paris. June 7.-All the sporting world of Paris went to Chantilly to-day to witness the race for the Prix du Jockey Club (French Jockey Club) for threeyear-olds. The money value was 138,600 francs (\$27,770.) The distance was a mile and a half.

The race was won by Gospodara, a chestnut colt by Gamin out of Georgiana. Tojours, a bay colt by Retreat out of Totote, was second, and Styx, a bay colt by Trysten out of Symony, third. The post to 1 against Tojours and 5 to 1 against

Stvx. rise followed by Geuvanie, Tojours, Lahead and he was soon in the lead.

ning by two lengths in front of Toujours, who in turn was two lengths ahead of

Gospodara and his jockey were attacked by a mob when they were returning to the paddock. They were protected from serious injury by the police. Loud imprecations against the stables of Mr. Cunnington, the owner of the winner. were heard on the turf and in the paddock. Gospodara, although the favor-ite for the Grand Poule des Produits, a fortnight ago, ran until placed in that place and was beaten by Geuvanie. His victory to-day therefore induced the be-lief that he had not been ridden fairly in the former race. Mr. Cunnington is an English trainer and owner who has for a long time settled in France.

In the amateur scratch race at the Velodrome to-day Banker and Nelson finished first and second respectively. The distance was two thousand metres.

ATHLETICS. YALES' CHOSEN MEN.

New Haven, Conn., June 7.-The date apon which the Yale athletic team will eave to compete with Oxford on July 14, will either be June 20 or 23. The Yale team began its preparatory practice yesterday for the meeting. Those who are to go are: Captain Hickok, hammer and shot; Cady, hurdles and sprints; Sanford, quarter mile and sprints; Sheldon, jumps and low hurdles; Morgan, mile run; Woodhill, half mile.

#### THE OAR. THE VARSITY CREW.

New Haven, Conn., June 8.-The Yale faculty have gladdened the hearts of the varsity oarsmen by finally granting thempermission to leave for their quarters at New London, Saturday, June 9th. The faculty this year wished to keep the oarsmen here till the examinations were well under way, but they have at last granted the desired permission.

President Phil McMillan of the Yale navy has been at New London several times during the past week putting the Yale quarters in order and sparing no efforts to make the three weeks spent there as pleasant as possible. As usual, Captain Brown's mansion on the heights will be the home of the Yale men. The erew will take its last row on the New Haven harbor Saturday morning, and will go to Gales Ferry by train in the afternoon. The launch will stom over Saturday afternoon, and the varsity shell will be shipped by freight Saturday night. Captain Johnson has been remarkably uccessful in securing the aid of a number of fine graduate coachers for this season's drill at New London. They will be Captain Ives of the 1893 crew, Captain Hartwell of the 1892 crew, Captain Cook of the 1876 and other crews, Percy Bolton of the 1886 crew ,Al Cowles of the 1886 crew and John Rogers of the 1887 crew. Of these Captain Ives has been the principal coach of the eight this year, and will continue so at New London. "Bob" Cook will be at New London during the last two weeks of the training time. As usual his word with the oarsmen will be final, although there is no recorded instance where a conflict of

Yale graduate coachers on any matter The members of the crew as they will go to New London are: Stroke and captain, Fred A. Johnson, weight 166 pounds; No. 7, R. B. Treadway, 167 pounds; No. 6, E. R. Cross, 197; No. 5, A. W. Dater, 178; No. 4, Alexander P. Rogers, 167; No. 3, William M. Beard. 165; No. 2, Harry C. Holcomb, 164; bow, Richard Armstrong, 164; substitutes, J H. Knapp, 176; William M. Smith, 165;

Eagene L. Messler, 180. PETERSON ACCEPTS. San Francisco, June 9.-Henry Peterto row any oarsman in the world a three mile race for a stake of \$1000 to \$5000. the event to be decided in the waters of

#### VACHTING. A NEW BOAT.

The yacht Sea Drift, 32 feet long and chooner rigged was launched at Seattle n Thursday. She will probably be at Bellingham Bay for July 4th regatta. She has an oak frame, and clear planking running the full length.

JOHNSON BEATS SANGER. Troy, N. Y., June 8.—Fully 15,000 peo ple witnessed the events at the annual meet of the Troy Bicycle club. Sanger and Johnson were the only scratch men in the mile handicap, and it was the first time that these two famous riders ever met on equal terms, the result was watched with great interest by wheelmen all over the country. Johnson beat his western rival by a short yard.

DEADLY MOTH MILLERS. Believed Responsible for Many a Supposed Suicide.

San Francisco, June 8.—So many deaths have lately occurred in this city from asphyxiation that it may become a serious question whether many of them are not accidental rather than indently been turned low it has been hard for the coroner to determine. In some instances when the gas had evidently been turned low at has been thought that a sudden draught through the window extinguished the burning jet, and so the gas was permitted to escape. Investigation has suggested a new explanation, and it is that the innocentlooking moth millers are the cause of many of the fatalities. In almost every room of San Francisco may be found G. W. Dun, the naturalist, said les

"This pretty insect is causing many deaths, and people would do well to look out for them. They are harmless looking, but very dangerous. San Francisco is, though a large city, full of these meth millers. Their eggs are laid everywhere. The average man does not see a moth miller anyhow, though it flies before him half a dozen times. He hasn't trained eyes for such things. The only way he knows the millers have been around is when he discovers his clothes have been

"It is the millers rather than the little gusts of wind that put out the gas. As soon as a moth sees a light he makes for it. Most people on going to bed leave odds were 16 to 1 against Gospodara, 4 | a jet or two burning very low. At the same time the window sash is up or down. Therefore when a miller sees a There were twelve starters. Eglantier jet he finds easy access to it. A single was first away and made the run to the flip of his wings is often enough to ex-The result is that the gas hire and Styx in the order named. When | quickly fills the room and asphyxiates the rise was reached Styx was given his the sleeper. No wonder that no note He is left and that no reason can be asshowed the way into the stretch, but Gos- signed for the death. It is a mystery for podara came up and took the lead, win- which the moth miller is responsible

## MATCH-MAKING MAMMAS.

Are not always successful in making good matches. In this they differ from the E.B EDDY CO., who make Good Matches every day—and even if a flare-up occurs at times and there is a smell of brimstone in the air, the interested persons are satisfied with ...

# B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

Cases Considered in the Courts this Morning.

In the supreme court chambers this morning Mr. Justice Drake made an order allowing the plaintiff in Pearce v. Hamlin to sign judgment against the defendant. Luxton for the plaintiff. White and prescriptions were then put; (Eberts & Taylor) for the defendant. witness swore were written by

The case of Todd & Son v. Phoenix and the Union Fire Insurance Co.'s came up before Mr. Justice Drake yesterday afternoon, the ownership of an insurance was to make out that he (Campbell policy being in dispute. The plaintiffs garnished \$1800 in the hands of the insurance company, being the proceeds of a policy taken out by Phoenix in his grocery on Wharf street, and which was destroyed by fire. Phoenix had verbally assigned the policy to Lowenberg, Harris & Co. for a cash advance. Todd & Son claim they are entitled to the money on the ground that the verbal assignment does not hold good as against their claim. Judgment was reserved. E. V. Bodwell for plaintiffs, A. P. Luxton for Lowenberg, Harris & Co., and H. Dallas Helmcken for the receiver.

## THE ASSIZES.

The Concluding Chapter in the Celebrated Smith Case.

The Smith case was concluded to-day and a verdict of "guilty with a strong recommendation to mercy." Two witnesses were recalled by the court this morning and after Mr. Walls and Mr. Hall had concluded their addresses his lordship charged the jury rather against the prisoner. The offence was a new one by the code, but the principle underlying it all was that posts or stakes marking the divisions of property must not be interfer-ed with. After the verdict the prisoner vas sentenced to one hour's imprisonment and to a fine of \$5. His lordship said he need not be locked up but kept under police surveillance.

Regina vs. Dr. Morrison was then cailed and adjourned until Monday at 11 a. Hon .A. N. Richards, Q. C., and J. P. Walls have been retained by the pro-

From Monday's Daily. The assizes were continued this morning before Mr. Justice Crease. The trial of Dr. Richard Morrison, charged with criminal libel, was commenced. Hon. A. N. Richards, Q. C., and J. P. Walls are conducting the prosecution and H. Dallas Helmcken the defence. The doctor ccupies a seat at the table next his coun-

of the case. The complainant, Stephen after their Indians, sailing probably to Graham Campbell (commonly known as morrow. It will very likely be some days Graham (Isomobell) and the prisoner both before they leave the coast for the year and the prisoner both belonged to the Orange order and some differences arose between them. Not long ago the doctor met Campbell on Yates street and said to him, "How is Campbell the blackmailer?" Soon after that the pamphlet called the Converted Catholic Monthly, for May, 1893, addressed "Rev. Father A. McAfee, Hud son's Bay Store, Wharf Street, City P. O., B. C.," and on the margin of which was written "Return to G. Campbell, Blackmailer, Liar, Blasphemer and Fire Fiend"Jwas sent through the post office and received by McAfee, of the Hudson Bay Co. Mr. Richards then went on to say that in presecutions for libel often the only way for the prosecution to prove their case was by evidence of handwriting, and in this case they would put in letters and handwriting of the defendant, and thus connect Dr. Morrison with the libel contained on the envelope containing the pamphlet. The means taken by the offender in this case was not a manly one of venting spite. If he had a spite why did he not go and have it out in a manly way? No name is appended to the writing, so the man who wrote it is afraid to put his name to it-ashamed to acknowledge it. John Henry Jesse, a clerk in the Hudson Bay Co.'s store, was the first witness. He got the pamphlet out of the company's box in the post office and handed it to Andrew McAfee, a ware-

houseman. At this stage Mr. Helmcken asked that the crown witnesses be sent out of court,

which was done. Andrew McAfee was the next witness He received the pamphlet from Jesse on 29th May last, and gave it to Campbell who was an intimate friend of his. One Saturday evening he and Campbell were together on Yates street, when the prisoner came along and said, "How is Campbell the blackmayler?" John Shore was there too. He and Campbell followed to the doctor's office, when Campbell asked him what he meant by calling him and upward of 1,000,000 incandescent a blackmailer and told him if he did it again he would knock his head off. On cross-examination he remembered of great financial depression.

a meeting in Temperance hall last Janu ary at which he took off his coat in ticipation of trouble between himself the doctor

Graham Campbell said that he secretary of Orange Lodge No 1426 from which the doctor was expeli the 8th of January last. He knew doctor's handwriting. Several witness swore were written by tor. On the 8th of March last a fire in his store, and by "Fire he supposed the intention of the guilty of arson. Another pamphl dressed "I. Walsh, Orange Boodler. put in. On the corner was written turn to Father McAfee or blackmailer

The witness was being examined Mr. Helmcken as the Times West

MORE SEIZURES REPORTED Sealers Shelby and C. D. Rand Said to Have Been Seized.

R. P. Rithet & Co. received a letter from Hakodate, Japan, yesterday an nouncing that the schooner Umbrina had a catch of 1400 sealskins and the Ana conda 297. Captain Turpel received letter from the Sadie Turpel, dated May 16. At writing the Turpel had 1000 skins, and she reports the Mermaid with 1200, Vera 700, Enterprise 700 and Carletta G. Cox 550.

It is reported that the steam schooner C. Shelby, of Victoria, and the schooner C. D. Rand, of Vancouver, have been reized for violating the sealing regulations and towed to Sitka. It is supposed that the vessels will there be transferred the custody of H. M. S. Pheasant. was impossible to get any particulars to trace the news to its exact source, but the story is generally believed by sealing men. The report was brought by the Topeka which was at the outer wharf yesterday for a time on her way from Alaska to the Sound. The steamer Boscowits reports the arrival at northern points of a party of Indians who had left sealing schooners at Sitka and came 400 miles in their canoes. It is said that the Shelby was warned, but was later

caught sealing. Clayoquot and Kyoquot have been des ignated as the points on the west coast at which customs officers will be station ed to seal up the spears of the schooners going to Behring sea. The officers, who will be residents at the points named have not yet been selected. The schoo-Mr. Richards made the opening address inches Saucy Lass and Beatrice will be to the jury briefly setting out the facts The Indian schooners C. C. Perkins and Puritan, of Neah Bay, were seized on Thursday off Cape Flattery by the U. S. Cutter Grant. They had been scaling.

#### but were lying to in a gale. ON HIS WAY EAST.

Prof. W. F. King Returns from the

Alaska Boundary Survey. Professor W. F. King, head of the Canadian boundary survey party; Simpson, his secretary, and H. N. Top ley, photographer of the party, arrived down from the morth last evening on the steamer Barbara Boscowitz. They are on their way east, and will leave over the C. P. R. just as soon as they can. They came down to Port Simpson on the steam schooner Thistle, and caught the Boscowitz at that point. Professor King placed the different parties at work on the lines mapped out early in the season, and when he left they were going ahead. An effort will be made to complete the work this year, and quite likely with success. Mr. Topley secured several hundred views at different points. Some of the American party were seen at Pyramid harbor, where the steamer Hassler was at anchor. They were already busy carrying their lines

Prof. King will return from the east this fall. He will go up the coast and pick up the different parties at points f meeting which have been agreed up-

Some idea of the amount of business being done in electric circles may be shown from the fact that one company, the General Electric, since January 1st, 1894, have sold over 1,000 electric railway motors, and about 13,000 horse power in power generators and some 11,000 horse power in lighting apparatus lamps, or in all about \$1,000,000 worth of apparatus. And this during a period

Corns,

Scalds,

Swellings,

Stiff Joints.

Chilblains,

MEXICAN MUSTANG

USE

LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

Caked Breasts, Eruptions Diseased Tendons. Contracted Muscles,

It quickly cures

Cracks between the Toes,

Inflammation of all kinds.

Burns.

Bruises.

Bunions.

Piles.

Ulcers.

Old Sores.

Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, And all Lameness and

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

SPREA HAWAII

dents of Trip—I

Formal Possession Island by the Governn Minister King Led Ex

The Honolulu Star the Arawa last following account of t the Necker islands by Thursday evening, a Iwanli docked at the I wharf two days fro President Dole met Min wharf and the two of onsultation. Nothing interest transpired though the important dition, the unusual cir sitating immediate ac land and the obscurity dearth of authentic ing it, combined to mal Iwalani one of more terest. Necker island almost a sterile heap nearly 300 feet high, of coarse grass upon it, however, distinct tr itation were found. stone, sections of sto ments and fragments idols were discovered brought to Honolulu, on exhibition in the den Rule Bazaar, seen to-day. Hew gods have been on N long the barren rock man, are problems tunsolved. It would s ever, that Necker islan ited for any great len sterility but little me are offered even to is probable some party in the past to Neck boats, taking these id Birds, fish and turi abundance, and a fe

around Necker island of little commercial v man succeeded in t seals, a large turtle a Iwalani's log is abou Honolulu at 5:10 p. May, bound for Nec 23 deg. 35 min. 18 si 164 deg. 30 min. wes 1 a.m., bearing wes p.m. passed Bird isla distance three miles, for Necker island. a.m., reached it at 1 anchor in eighteen Lowered boat and pro Minister King, Capta Norton (engineer), an ing vessel in charge After considerable d made. A hard climi 260 feet high was I J. A. King hoisted read the proclamatic sion of the island i Hawaiian governmen large lava rock and habited, as there ar high, four feet wide, long. It was first shipwrecked crew had careful search reveal the opinion. Capta several images and preservation, ex marks. One great ci like a piece of sto amination, see It was placed on a s have been a sacrif ancient gods. Birds Remaining nearly for land we departed at home, steering E. Honolulu at 7 Tues The proclamation King was as follows I, James A. King, terior of the provis the Hawaiian Island mmission granted lency Sanford B. D provisional governm Islands, do hereby, provisional governm Islands, take posse known as Necker Hawaiian territory; ing within the Haw lat 23 deg. 35 min long. 164 deg. 30 m been claimed by th ment as Hawaiian year 1845, when Capt. Paty was ser

> Done at Necker is May, in the year of and eight hundred

Now, for the first Hawaiian governm able possession of pleting the chain to the possible except group. The expedit securing some ph King's party just at shows Captain King im hand, Mate Gre pearing a rifle, Ca three natives, all w ing under the Haw tion of the group we sea. Engineer North

DEATH OF BI The Bishop of New Away Sat

Rt. Rev. Acton D., D. C. C. L., minster, died at Westminster, on S o'clock, after a pai months, and at th age of 54. His lo by birth, though d English family los county of Salop, v bridge university, ating with honors e ministry of the Ch rving with dilige es in Staffordsh near Manchester. chaplaincy at Hes came intimately co amented Princess found a loving he of Miss Pelly, daug ly, Esq., who afte ciated with him in