

UNITED STATES.

President Hayes is a sensible, broad-minded, level-headed man, "make no mistake." He told the editor of the Washington Nation the other evening that he thought the time for party organs had passed away, and that journals now and then, to be successful, must be independent, praising and blaming in perfect freedom.

An excellent exemplification of the large returns which a small invention may often bring to its fortunate originator is found in the experience of Mr. Charles W. Caboon, who recently died at Portland, Me. Mr. Caboon, possessed much inventive ability, besides that quality of persistent determination to success which usually characterizes the successful inventor. It is said that he realized sixty thousand dollars out of a little lamp burner, which had an appliance for lifting the chimney so that the wick could be reached for lighting or the mouth of the lamp for filling. This saved the frequent removal of the chimney while hot, and so doubtless prevented many fingers from being burned, and many chimneys from being broken.

The Roman Catholic Archbishop of Philadelphia took to Rome as a special offering to the Pope \$100,000 subscribed in his own diocese. This is \$20,000 more than the Roman Catholics in all England sent to Pope IX. on his jubilee.

An effort is being made to induce Mr. Moody to return to Chicago in September to resume the work which he left in the beginning of the year, for the purpose of going to Boston. There seems to be a good deal of quiet opposition to this, however, on the part of official clergymen, who think it interferes with their regular work. Mr. Moody will not likely conduct a fall campaign in the city where he rightfully belongs, unless the call is unanimous.

Dr. Floyd of Virginia has discovered that the substance which gives a negro a black color is first formed in the outer layer of true skin, and that it is probably connected with the loss of vitality of the cells.

OTTAWA, July 9

Hon. Mr. Laflamme has been confirmed in his seat.

N. Y. July 9

The steamship City of Houston, for Galveston, Tex., returned with machinery disabled.

Telegrams received at the War Department state that United States troops crossed the Rio Grande, had a fight with Mexican marauders, and drove them into the mountains, recapturing stolen stock, horses, etc.

LONDON, July 9

The Russians have recommenced the bombardment of Kars, and are forming an entrenched camp on the eastern side of the city. It is also reported that they are advancing on Oltin to day, and that the Turks are massing their forces to resist the movement. It is claimed too that the Russians left wing is marching on Bayazid with the intention of re-establishing communication with Erivan.

A despatch from Semniz says the Turks evacuated on Friday morning, falling back on Rusehuk line. Turks have not been driven from Kirova. A battle, however, is expected to occur at that place.

A Berlin correspondent telegraphs that the Austrian Government has reopened the harbor of Kiek to Turkish provisioning columns.

LONDON, July 9

The Carovitch telegraphs that the Russian cavalry and one battery surprised Timova Saturday, capturing the Turkish camp, ammunition and baggage. The Turks retreated on Osman.

In the Commons this afternoon Sir Stafford Northcote said it was untrue that Minister Layard informed the Sultan that it might be necessary for English troops to occupy Constantinople.

England outdid herself in courtesy and hospitality to General Grant, and now the ex-President is on the Continent. He first went to Belgium and will visit Germany and France. In these countries he will meet with a warm reception.

Crop reports from all parts of Nova Scotia are more promising than for many years. The hay crop is expected to be heavy. Much more potatoes than usual have been planted this year, and have come up well, and are looking healthy. The grain crops promise a good yield. The apple crop is not expected to be abundant, as in the best fruit growing districts canker worms and caterpillars have stripped some of the orchards, leaving the trees as bare as in winter. Other fruits promise well.

Earl Beaconsfield has had an attack of bronchitis, and there have been rumors that he intends to retire from the Cabinet. These reports, however, appear to have no foundation in fact.

Contrary to all usages of civilized war, which forbid the firing of shells containing acids, or poisonous missiles, the Turks, during the engagement on Sunday, fired explosive bullets at Oltiniza. The corpses of several Russians bore horrible evidences to the truth of this statement.

DEATH OF REV. HENRY POPE, Sr.—This gentleman died at Halifax, on Friday morning. He was born at Cornwall, England, in 1789, and at the age 25 was accepted by the Wesleyan conference, as a candidate for the ministry. In 1816 he was appointed as a missionary to Quebec, proceed to P. E. Island ten years later, and from that date to this has remained in the Lower Provinces.

The Royal Canadian Insurance Company of Montreal has suspended, owing to the impairment of its capital by the St. John fire. This report is stated to be incorrect.

REMARKS MEETING. It is said that the hon. Minister of Militia will meet Dr. Tupper on the public platform while in Nova Scotia, and discuss the political questions of the day. If this is true, it proves that our Minister of Militia is not deficient in courage.—*News.*

The St. Andrews Standard.

Saint Andrews, July 11, 1877.

COUNTY COUNCIL.

The following concludes the business done by the County Council:

ORDERED—That the following persons be appointed Revisors with the Councilors for each Parish:

St. Andrews, —	C. E. O. Hatheway.
St. George, —	L. B. Messer.
St. David, —	Robert Smith.
St. James, —	Hugh Morrison.
Clarendon, —	Archibald Nixon.
West Isles, —	J. B. Tewksbury.
Dunfermline, —	Robert Donald.
St. Patrick, —	Chas. McKay.
Leopards, —	W. B. Reynolds.
St. Croix, —	Jas. McFarlan.
St. Stephen, —	Wm. Hayman.
Pennfield, —	John Harvey.
Dumbarton, —	A. J. McCann.
Grand Manan, —	E. Gaskill.
Campo Bello, —	G. W. Johnston.

ORDERED—That the Cattle Regulations for St. Croix be passed.

ORDERED—That at the opening of the Council each morning, the roll of Councilors shall be called by the Secretary, and the names of those present to be indorsed in the minutes.

ORDERED—That Ly-Law as to contested Election be carried.

That a committee of two persons, with the Warden take charge of County Property, and carry out all legal orders in relation thereto; and that the Committee of past session on County Property report to the committee hereby appointed, and hand into them any moneys now in their hands, with vouchers for moneys paid by them as such committee of session. The Warden appointed Councilors Russell and Stevenson to be such committee.

ORDERED—That the following bills be paid:

J. & A. McMillan,	\$ 10.98
Geo. S. Grimmer, as per	account filed,
.....	155.53
Sherrif,	100.00
Jailer,	105.00
O'Neil & Turner,	6.36

ORDERED—That all Parish and County officers having accounts that require to be audited, and all persons having accounts against the County, shall file the same with the Secretary, on or before the 15th day of December of each year, and that notice of this order be given through the press.

ORDERED—That the Committee on County Property cause all persons trespassing on the Eastern Commons to be prosecuted according to law.

ORDERED—That By-Laws as to pollars be passed as follows:

ORDERED—That Francis Williams of Milltown, be appointed a constable for the County of Charlotte.

ORDERED—That a committee of three be appointed to frame By-Laws, relating to cattle, horses, &c., going at large, and also in relation to duties of Pound-keepers and Hog-reivers, and submit the same at next January meeting. The Warden appointed Councilors McDonald, R. Stevenson, and Russell.

Adjourned until January.

IMMORAL LITERATURE.—Hon. Isaac Burpee, Minister of Customs for Canada, has ordered the seizure and destruction of all immoral publications, including the *Amateur Police News*, *National Gazette*, and *Day's Doing*.

THE GRAND INTERNATIONAL PICNIC of the Border Temperance Societies of New Brunswick and Maine, was held yesterday at Penticton Island and was a decided success. The gathering and day was all that could be desired. Owing to business matters which required attention, the writer was prevented from sharing in the general enjoyment of the occasion, and there is only space this morning to state, that the tug *Utopia* with the schooner *Nellie Clark* and upwards of 200 of St. Andrews people left here about 10 o'clock, A. M., Gov. Tilley being one of the number. The St. Andrews Band accompanied the party and played several stirring airs while the vessels were leaving the harbor. The steamer *Bala Broen* was filled with Calais people and had also their band. The tug *Jos. Baker* also went to Penticton Island having two schooners in tow, filled with representations from St. Stephen and Calais, with the St. Stephen Band. The *Utopia* returned and took the schooner *Sarah* in tow with the Woodstock excursionists, who came down by rail, and landed them on the island. The steamer *Stroud* also brought a large number of persons from Eastport and vicinity.

together with the Pembroke Cornet Band so that there was no lack of music.

All were landed safely and amused themselves in various ways until the big clouds were ready, which they partook of. In the afternoon Gov. Tilley delivered an address which was listened to with marked attention; after which the same-time crowd strolled about the island enjoying the gentle sea breeze, and delightful views.

The *Utopia* arrived here about 6 P. M., with the Woodstock excursionists, who left at once by train. About 10 o'clock the *Utopia* with the *Nellie Clark* and the St. Andrews representatives arrived at the wharf, and the other steamers proceeded to Calais.

Every one appeared pleased with the Picnic and proceedings, and we may add, that the Temperance organizations have just reason to feel proud of their Grand Picnic.

THE GREAT FIRE.—Those who have not witnessed the scene of destruction by the great fire in St. John, can have but a faint idea of the great amount of loss and suffering by the inhabitants of that city. Language fails to give a correct account of the greatest scourge that ever occurred on this continent. Truly the residents of the city are a manly race, and worthy descendants of the noble men, who were the pioneers in planting such a mart of commerce.

Already are they clearing away the debris from the site of their late stores and dwellings, and in several instances have raised the walls of houses, and are pushing on the work of construction, while others have erected temporary buildings of wood to carry on their business in. Amid so much ruin and loss they show a pluck, energy and determination which redounds to their credit. Our contemporaries, who lost their all, have purchased new printing machines, type, &c., as elsewhere noticed the *News* is issued at its former size the *Globe* has also been published in its old form on a new press, to be followed by the *Telegraph* and *Freeman*. The great and sudden shock, the immense loss, and consequent suffering, has not discouraged the citizens of St. John; its ships still float on every sea, the credit of its commercial men and manufacturers stand high among capitalists abroad, and there is no doubt it will rise from its ashes, as soon as laborers and mechanics can accomplish the task of erecting new buildings.

There is much misery and want at present, but everything is being done to alleviate the one, and to supply the other. The good feeling and munificent gifts of money from all quarters of the globe, are proofs that St. John stood high in the leading cities on this continent from east to west and from north to south, and in Great Britain. The successful work of relief is still being carried on, and it will all be required. The greatest sufferers are the respectable class of persons, who three weeks ago were in independent circumstances, but who have lost all their worldly possessions, and whose inner feelings shrink from applying for relief which their actual necessities require. The modesty of such people prevents them from applying for that assistance which they in former days rendered to others. As we before said, no one not intimately acquainted with the facts of the great destruction can form any conception of the misery and woe which has followed from this unparalleled conflagration.

THE DAILY NEWS of St. John, appeared on Friday last the former size with new type and from a new printing machine. Already have the old premises been cleared, and one story erected on the old site, where the paper is now published, and all this has been accomplished within two weeks since the great fire. Such enterprise is sure to receive a just reward. As a matter of record, the *News* contains a well written and lengthy report of the fire, with the names of the sufferers. The proprietors have outstripped their fellow journalists in the city, the older the *News* grows the more vitality it shows.

NIGHT PATROL.—The residents of St. Andrews actuated by commendable zeal, have formed themselves into a Volunteer Night watch, and each night, they take turns in rotation to keep watch over the property of their fellow townsmen; the duty is performed without any expectation of fee or reward, and we think the volunteers should at least have coffee or tea and biscuits provided for them.

STATIONS OF METHODIST MINISTERS in the County of Charlotte. At the recent conference, the following ministers were appointed:

St. Andrews,	F. W. Harrison.
St. David,	Geo. Harrison.
St. Stephen,	Edwin Evans.
Milltown,	W. W. Percival.
St. James,	F. Freeman.
Bonabec,	W. R. Pepper.
Deer Island,	T. Hicks.

NEWSPAPER PURCHASE.—Mr. Main has purchased the "St. Stephen Journal" office and will publish his paper with the title of "The Courier and St. Journal." May success crown his enterprise; he has the field all to himself.

GENEROUS.—Nelson & Sons, Edinburgh, through Dr. Rand, sent a check for £50 sterling, for the relief of St. John suffers. The money was forwarded to John Boyd, Esq., of St. John. The Messrs. Nelsons are the great educational book publishers.

A BENECTION WITH A LIMITATION.—An officer of the navy on board of one of our vessels in China, tells us this neat thing in the way of blessing:

A man on board the U. S. *Monocacy*, whose term of service had just expired, proceeded to take leave of his late officers. Approaching the commander, he invoked the choicest blessings on his head, in a brogue that left no doubt as to his native soil. And so he went from one to another with a "God bless ye!" or "May heaven reward ye!" until he came opposite the lieutenant-commander, who had frequently been obliged to suppress Pat's love for the "ardent" by stopping his leave. With a reluctant touch of his cap, and downcast eye, he mumbled out, "and may God bless you too Mr. C., to a sartin extent!"

EDITOR'S DRAWER, in Harper's for July.

NEWS ITEMS.

THE UNION ALET AND THE UNION JACK.—The conduct of the Papal Zouaves in hauling down the Union Jack on board the steamer *Queen* is most indefensible. They should have applied to the captain of the boat, in the first place, for the right to hoist Papal colors at all; to insult the British flag, and then mob brutally an officer who dutifully undertook to protect it, was to commit an act which will draw down upon them general condemnation. The Zouaves of the Union Alet should understand that the British ensign occupies by the most unquestionable right the place of honor in Canada, and however anxious they may be to exalt a banner which has to them a significance growing out of its connection with bloodless fields, they must be content to see it in its proper place, which is certainly not that of superiority to the Union Jack.

The Papal Zouaves made application some time ago to be enrolled among the volunteer force. The respect they show the British flag indicates the value they attach to the traditions surrounding it, and the loyalty which is to be expected of them.—*Montreal Star.*

The celebrated Lick will ease has been compromised. It will be remembered that immediately after his father's death, Young Lick, as John H. is sometimes called, although he is about sixty years old, being dissatisfied with the moderate fortune left him by the old millionaire, went East and proceeded to collect what evidence he could of his own legitimacy and rights to his father's millions, with a view to upsetting the trust deeds, by which the elder Lick had shortly before his death conveyed the bulk of his great wealth to various philanthropic and charitable purposes. To avert what was promised to be a long and costly litigation, the Lick trustees agreed upon a compromise with John H. Lick, by which the latter was to receive the sum of \$500,000 and abandon forever all claim to the \$6,000,000 left by his father. The public institutions to which the money had been bequeathed have not yet acceded to the compromise, but it is believed they will.

THE ACCIDENT AT THE BANK OF MONTREAL.—We regret to state that Mr. Archibald A. Scott died yesterday at 12 o'clock from the effects of the accident recorded yesterday. He was a native of Haddingtonshire, in Scotland, and has been seven years in the Exchange department of the bank here. His only relatives in this country are Mr. Crawford, of Petite Cote and two sisters, who are expected here to-night from Windsor. The poor fellow was greatly beloved by the General Manager of the bank, to his duties and beloved by his confidants for his kind and amiable disposition. It may be safely said he had no enemies, whilst he had hosts of friends.

The proprietors of the speaking telephone are putting into use in Providence, R. I., a limited extent, selecting a few specimen cases to insure the instrument a full test for practical purposes. During the past few days a small hand telephone, recently perfected, has been put on the line from the Mayor's office to the office of the Chief of Police, and on the line from the office of the Lippitt Manufacturing Company to the Silver Spring bleachery. On both these lines instruments are giving full satisfaction, and exciting a great deal of attention, that on the Lippitt line especially attracting the attention of manufacturers and business men, several of whom have expressed a determination to introduce the instruments in their business at the earliest possible moment. The small telephones are not over five inches in length and weigh less than half a pound, but do all the work for practical purposes of the larger instruments shown in the hall.—*Boston Advertiser.*

Bank of England notes are made from now white linen cuttings, never from anything that has been worn. So carefully is the paper prepared that even the number of dips into the pulp made by each workman is registered on a dial by machinery, and the sheets are counted and booked to each person through whose hands they pass. They are made at Laverstoke, on the river Whit, in Hampshire, by a family named Portal, descended from a French Huguenot refugee and have been made by the same family more than 150 years. Some fifteen years ago a quantity of bank note paper was stolen by the complicity of

an employee, and this occasioned great trouble, as the printing is a comparatively easy matter—the great difficulty with fugers being the paper. The notes are printed within the bank building, and there is an elaborate arrangement for securing that no note shall be exactly like another.

THE ENGLISH DUCKYARDS.—The authorities at the dockyards and arsenals are exercising greater care in permitting foreign officers to make a general inspection of works in progress. The latter are not to be allowed in any case to examine manufacturing processes or the improvements which it is intended to introduce in the gear of turret ships. When Lieutenant Raskazoff (Admiral Popoff's gunnery lieutenant) visited the Téméraire at Chatham a few days since, he was greatly surprised at the refusal to allow him to examine the turret, and left without inspecting any other portion of the vessel.

Barium's reward of \$10,000 for the restoration of Charley Bass has stimulated the search for him, and it is believed that it will result in his restoration. It is three years since his disappearance. It is said that the boy has been kept all this time in Western Pennsylvania.

Mr. Henry Noble of Milltown was run over yesterday afternoon by the Princeton train and lost both his legs severed from his body. He had laid himself on the track while intoxicated and gone to sleep. The accident occurred near the mill of James Macneil & Sons in whose employ he was. He is a married man but has no family.—*Courier.*

A letter from Yokohama, dated the 22nd of April, in the *Algemeine Zeitung* says that, although the government does not publish any information as to the loss suffered by its troops in the campaign against the insurgents, it has been ascertained from private sources that the average number killed and wounded has amounted to upward of two hundred a day. In the Osaio hospital there are more than two thousand wounded, and at Kobe more than three thousand. The operations on both sides have been limited to small and more or less sanguinary engagements. The most important success of the government troops has been the raising of the siege of Kiamamoto. There were several thousands of soldiers in this fortress, and the besiegers consisted of only eight hundred insurgents; yet the latter retired without losing a man, and the relieving army did not enter the fortress until several days after the insurgents had left. Although the government troops are far more numerous than those of its opponents, every effort is being made to procure recruits. Meanwhile the press is subjected to a rigorous censorship on all matters affecting the civil war. Several papers have appeared with blank spaces which had been reserved for articles and news afterward prohibited by the censors; others are published in half sheets only, and when the losses of the army are referred to, the figures are almost always omitted.

DIED.

On the 9th inst., Mary Curtin, wife of David Walsh, aged 58.

On Sunday morning, July 8, Alberta Maud, eldest daughter of James and Bessie Less, aged 4 years and 9 months.

Her spirit is fled to the regions of glory, Where all the redeemed are gathered in one; Where angels themselves are recording the story Of God's everlasting and glorified son.

Already she dwells in the bosom of Jesus, Who bade little children be brought to him here, And were we to choose only that which would please us, We had sullied her pleasures to save us a tear.

Then weep not for one who had such an accession Of joy, peace and comfort, in mansions above; You would not deprive her of such a possession.

As that of the Saviour's unchangeable love.

Those truths, which afford us such sweet consolation, And here upon earth many moments employ, Have burst on thy child with seraphic sensation.

And blazed on her vision with rapturous joy, Then read no earthly book with doubts, I implore thee, Nor harbor the thought that thy child is not blest.

She is gone to the presence of Jesus before thee, And entered with him into permanent rest.

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

July 2. Harry, McQuid, Boston, ballast.

6. Fanny Pike, Kilpatrick, New York, 271 tons coal, H. C. Guphill.

Mary Helen, Ross, Portland, flour, H. O'Neil and others.

10. Daisy, Waddell, Boston, gen' cargo.

CLEARED.

July 3. Odessa, Hooper, Boston, 1400 sleepers, Robinson & Glenn.

Mary Eliza, Bullock, Boston, hay.

Amos M. Hold, Holt, Dorchester, ballast.

Southern Cross, Patterson, Joggis, ballast.