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MONDAY MORNING AUGUST 14 1916—TWELVE PAGES

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VOL. XXXVI.—No. 13,600

The Toronto World

RUSSIANS BREAK AUSTRO-GERMAN CENTRE

Slav Troops Take 84,000 Prisoners in New Drive From Tarnopol Against Whole Austrian Forces on Line of the Stripa---Italians Push on Beyond Gorizia and Take 15,000 Prisoners in Week---French Capture Over 4 Miles of Third Lines North of Somme---British Advance Toward Martinpuich and North of Pozieres.

TIE-UP OF GREAT RAILWAY SYSTEMS OF U. S. IMMINENT

RAILWAYMEN OF U. S. REJECT ARBITRATION PLAN PROPOSED

Strike Which Will Paralyze Commerce and Throw Two Million Out of Work Is Imminent—President Wilson Seeks To Break Deadlock and Avert Catastrophe.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—A general strike on virtually all the railroads of the nation, paralyzing commerce and throwing approximately 2,000,000 out of employment, can be averted only through the good offices of President Wilson, as a result of today's developments in the dispute over the men's demands for an eight-hour day and time and a half for overtime. The controversy was laid before the president, at his invitation, after the workers had flatly rejected any form of arbitration. They had refused mediator yesterday.

British Forces in Egypt Are Pressing Turks Hard

LONDON, Aug. 13.—British forces in Egypt are still driving back the Turks who were defeated in the recent battle east of the Suez Canal. The following announcement in regard to this campaign was given out here today: "Our cavalry is still in pursuit of the Turkish rear guard, and yesterday evening had driven back the Turks to a position east of Bire-el-Manca. Although no materials or stores were found at Bire-el-Abd, there were large heaps of ashes in the vicinity of the abandoned Turkish position."

FRENCH CARRY FOE TRENCHES ABOVE SOMME

Gallant Charge Captures Four Miles of German Front.

PENETRATE MAUREPAS

Allies' Troops Take Third German Defensive Positions.

PARIS, Aug. 13.—In an attack on the third German position extending from east of Hardecourt to the River Somme, the French carried the entire German front of six and a half kilometres (four and one-sixteenth miles), on a depth of 800 to 1000 metres, three-eighths to five-eighths of a mile. This dash captured all the trenches and fortified works of the enemy and it gained the French the southern part of Maurepas Village and the cemetery. They established their new lines on the southern slopes of Hill 109, along the road between Maurepas and Clerly, and on the saddle west of Clerly. In this action they took 1000 unarmoured prisoners and thirty machine guns. Advancing southeast from Maurepas, in minor combats, the French made progress on the slopes of Hill 109. They also stopped by machine gun fire a German attack from the direction of Combes against their positions in the church and cemetery at Maurepas and they took 80 prisoners.

RUSSIANS SMASH FOE CENTRE DRIVE AUSTRIANS ON LEMBERG

Nickel in Southwest Toronto

The record of the Ontario Government in the matter of nickel will be one of the big issues in the Southwest Toronto campaign, a contest that will attract the attention of the people for this week more than anything else. Mr. Dewart, the Liberal nominee, is in the fight and his chief attack will be on nickel; so will that of Mr. Connor, the Social Democrat; also of Mr. Winberg, an Independent-Conservative candidate; also of Mr. Waldron, an Independent-Liberal; Mr. Norris, the Hearst candidate, will also define himself on this issue. All the candidates therefore must outline their attitude at the nomination speeches today; and the voters will then have a chance to judge. So will the prohibition law of the Hearst Government, which is to go into effect in the middle of September. But the big question will be nickel, with the forces against the government's nickel program divided into three or four camps. There ought to be some kind of consolidation of the four attacks to be most effective. But even if divided, the strength of the feeling against the way nickel has been mismanaged in Canada will be presented, so as to command the attention of all our people. The war is the supreme issue with Canadians today; and nickel is at this moment one of the greatest factors in the attitude of Canadians in this war, the greatest war the world ever saw; and Canada's part in it is the chief event in the history of our people since they began to shape themselves up into a great free British democracy on this North American Continent.

Czar's Forces Take Eighty-Four Thousand Prisoners in Advance from Tarnopol, Capture Many Towns, Cross Several Rivers, and Seize Mariampol, Near Halicz.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 13.—Dealing the Austro-Germans the most powerful blow sustained on any side since the war began, the Russians celebrated the birthday of the Grand Duke Alexis Nikolavitch, heir to the imperial throne, by capturing the whole region of the main enemy winter positions between Tarnopol and Buczacz on a front of about 75 miles. A partial return of prisoners taken since these operations began is given by the Russian official report of today as 1741 officers and 82,205 men. The Russians also captured 59 cannons, 38 machine guns, 45 bomb mortars and 125 bombers. They have also taken Mariampol, seven miles from Halicz, the key of Galicia. This action completes the battering down of the fortified wall which the enemy erected last winter from the Pripiet River to the Roumanian frontier. Break Austrian Centre. The Russians had proceeded well on with their operations against the enemy on the line of the Stripa by Saturday. Von Bothmer and other Teuton generals had clung to their centre lines for seven weeks, or since the big Russian offensive began. Their lines ran along the Stripa River from the Dniester to the positions in front of Tarnopol, and their left flank was protected by marshy country. At first they endeavored to relieve the Russian pressure on both wings by launching attacks in the centre in front of Tarnopol, but the Russians firmly held their positions while they kept up the delivery of hammer strokes west of Lutsk and in Bukovina and eastern Galicia. Finally, having aligned their forces, as designed by their general staff plan, they gave the Teutonic centre the requisite push to send it reeling backwards.

ALLIES MAKING MIGHTY SWEEP IN EAST AFRICA

British and Belgian Forces Bent on Rounding Up Germans.

MARCH SPLENDID FEAT

Gen. Enslin's Troops Overcome Great Obstacles—Enemy Everywhere Retreat.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The advance of a wide encircling movement by the British and Belgian forces in German East Africa is reported in an official statement issued by the war office today. The text is as follows: "The forces under Gen. Smuts began a simultaneous forward movement on Aug. 5. A strong mounted force under Brig.-Gen. Enslin undertook a wide enveloping movement north and north-west of the Nguru mountains. After traversing the centre mountains, Gen. Enslin's troops emerged on Aug. 8 at Mhonda Mission, between the mountains and the Kanga hills overlooking the M'Jonja valley, completing an arduous march of 50 miles where wheel transport was impossible. "At the same time, strong infantry forces moved into the M'Jonja valley from the north and to the eastward of the Kanga hills. On Aug. 9 stubborn actions developed at Mhonda and Matamonda in the valley, lasting until Aug. 11, when the enemy's resistance (Continued on Page 4, Column 6).

ITALIANS DRIVE AUSTRIANS OUT OF NEW LINES

Take Two Thousand More Prisoners in Pursuing Enemy.

DEBELI AND HILL FALL

Ally's Armies Capture More Than Fifteen Thousand Men in Advance.

ROME, Aug. 13, via London, 5.44 p.m.—In the Montefalco and Gorizia sectors the Italians, pressing their offensive, have driven the Austrians from fortified positions, says the official communication of today. More than 2000 prisoners were taken. The statement follows: "Yesterday on the lower Isonzo our troops, always indefatigable, met with further success. In the Montefalco sector, after two days of severe fighting, they carried Hill 121 and Debeli, further to the north they crossed the Vallone and pushed forward one kilometre (five-eighths of a mile) to the east of Oppacchiasella on the northern edge of the Carso. Infantry division No. 23 carried positions on Nadlogem (Hill 212), which were defended strongly by the enemy. We took 1565 prisoners, of which 57 were officers, (Continued on Page 4, Column 3).

DEWART PRESSES TO FORE NICKEL AND HYDRO ISSUES

In Accepting Liberal Nomination in Southwest Toronto, He Made Vigorous Onslaught on Hearst Government's Supine Attitude—Plot To Wreck Hydro Charged.

If Hartley Dewart is returned to the legislature from Southwest Toronto on Monday next it will be largely due to the aggressive campaign he is making on the nickel question and the hydro-electric situation. In his keynote speech of acceptance at the Liberal convention for Southwest Toronto in Broadway Hall on Saturday night, Mr. Dewart handled the record of the Hearst government upon these commanding issues with merciless vigor and unsparring invective. Three hundred Liberals arose and cheered themselves to a frenzied enthusiasm when Mr. Dewart declared that Sir Queen's Park long after Mr. Hearst and his colleagues had been forgotten. But the climax of the evening was reached when Rev. John Bennett Anderson, a Church of England minister, rose to his feet and called out with passionate energy: "Conservatives Protest. "I have been a Conservative all my life, but I can no longer keep silent. Mr. Dewart is right in what he says about nickel. I knew it ever since the war commenced. Canadian nickel has been going to Germany and it has been coming back from Germany to Canada in the dead and maimed bodies of the boys we have sent to the front. The scene that followed beggars description. The audience arose in a solemn compromise and agreement entered into by the two parties at (Continued on Page 7, Column 4).

BRITISH TAKE TRENCHES IN SUCCESSFUL ATTACK

Make Advance on Mile Front Northwest of Pozieres and Also Take German Positions on Plateau of Bazentin-le-Petit Towards Martinpuich.

LONDON, Aug. 13.—The British forces on the Somme front made a further advance of 800 or 400 yards on a front of nearly a mile northwest of Pozieres, and they also gained ground towards Martinpuich by capturing several German trenches on the plateau of Bazentin-le-Petit. They also repulsed a German attack southeast of Guillemont and their artillery scattered a large force which the Germans were concentrating for an attack north of Pozieres. British airmen have also been active in carrying out long distance raids and several short raids and reconnaissances. "The enemy attempted a raid near the Hohenzollern Redoubt, which was repulsed with loss by our infantry. Several Bavarian prisoners were captured. The enemy exploded a mine east of Cabaret Rouge, but we occupied the lip of the crater. We fired three mines north of Neuve Chapelle and also south of the quarries north-east of Hulluch. The enemy made no attempt to occupy the craters. "The text of the Sunday night statement follows. "Southeast of Guillemont last night the enemy made an attack with bombs which we repulsed. On our right (Continued on Page 4, Column 5).

TWO KILLED, FOUR INJURED IN COLLISION AT HAMILTON

Motorcycle and Motor Car Collided on Wet Pavement Early Yesterday Morning—Nelson Chambers and Miss Jean Secord Were Victims—Sergt. Thompson Had Both Legs Broken.

HAMILTON, Monday, Aug. 14.—Two people were killed, two seriously injured and two badly shaken up when a motorcycle, carrying three, and a motor car, carrying the same number, skidded on the wet pavement and crashed into each other with terrific force at the corners of King and Main streets, near the Delta, early Sunday morning. Two occupants of the motorcycle, Nelson Chambers, 18 Beechwood avenue, the driver, and Miss Jean Secord of Otterville, who was riding in the side car, were killed outright. Sergt. Thomas Thompson of the 205th Sportsmen's Battalion, who was riding on the carrier of the motor-

WAR SUMMARY THE DAY'S EVENTS REVIEWED

AS the result of the past seven weeks of Russian operations and of the feebleness of the Austro-Germans, which forbade them making an effective defence, the Russians have begun to clinch their victory on the Galician-Volynian front by breaking the Austrian centre on the lines of the Stripa and taking more than 84,000 prisoners as announced in Petrograd yesterday. While the Russians were driving back the Austro-Germans all these seven weeks from Lutsk and forcing the Germans to fight for their lives to defend Kovel Junction and while the Russians were clearing their left flank in Bukovina and threatening Lemberg and the plains of Hungary by operations towards Kolomea, Stanislaw and Halicz, the Austrians managed to retain their lines in the centre before Tarnopol and along the course of the Stripa down to Buczacz. By the capture of Stanislaw in the south and the crossing of (Continued on Page 2, Columns 1 and 2).

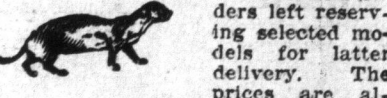
DEUTSCHLAND SUNK BY PATROL BOAT?

Report Comes From Orderly of Captain of French Cruiser.

NOT YET CONFIRMED

British Patrol Boat Said to Have Announced the Exploit.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Aug. 12.—The German merchant submarine Deutschland was sunk by a British patrol boat on the morning of August 8, according to a statement made here by an orderly of Captain Lique, commanding the French armored cruiser Admiral Aubé, which put into port today. Captain Lique tonight refused to confirm or deny the report. The orderly said that the cruiser received a wireless message from a British patrol boat in the Atlantic last Tuesday, saying she had sunk the German merchant submarine that morning. The French armored cruiser Admiral Aubé came into this port today with supplies and coal exhausted. She dropped anchor near the Austrian steamer ship Lucia, tied up here since the beginning of the war. It is reported that Captain Lique has been keeping his cruiser near this port for the last two weeks, watching for the German submarine Bremen. United States naval officers and customs officials boarded the cruiser Under international law, she is entitled to supplies in limited quantities. The Aubé is the first entente warship to seek supplies in an American port.



Vertical text on the far left edge of the page, including prices and advertisements.