used to give the Advantage to the latter, in the Point of managing Parliaments; saying, "that "when Cromwell had a Mind to get them into any "Step they did not like, he invested the House of "Commons with a Body of Soldiers, and forced the Members to vote as he directed; but this was an open Violence to the Constitution, and created a deal of ill Blood; whereas later Politicians had fallen into an easier and much surer Method of carrying their Points; for instead of silling the Lobby with Officers and Soldiers, they opened the Doors of the House, and let them into a Place, where they could do more Mischief by their Votes, that they were capable of

" doing by their Arms without".

Dangerous as Standing Armies are to the Liberties of a Nation, they are not more so, in the Opinion of some wise Men, than Standing Taxes may. prove; especially when they produce large Supplies of Money; for Armies cannot subsist unless they are paid; but with such Supplies, there is nothing but they are capable of executing. Now our Standing Taxes, appropriated to the Civil List, the Sinking Fund, and the Payment of the national Debt, produce by common Computation about five Millions a Year; a Sum which Sir W. Petty fays, will pay 100,000 Foot, 40,000 Horse, and 40,000 Seamen for a Year. There is no Occasion for a Parliament to meet for granting this Sum, fince the Taxes are laid already, and continue for Years to come. Dr. Davenant long ago foresaw the Danger, to which the Constitution was exposed from this Quarter; and therefore at a Time, when only Funds of three Millions and an half were fettled for the Security of Lenders, he complained of it "as a " great Defect in our Constitution, that sufficient Provision was not made against diverting and milapplying the public Treasure, and against