les. Feet.

Fall.

2120 1350

29 88

| | | Stage Road. | Steam, Nav. | Fell. |
|---|--------|----------------|-------------|---------------------|
| Soctions. | Miles. | Miles. | Miles. | Feet. |
| Over . : | | 426 | 2120 | 1350 |
| N.B.—Rich gold prospects are said to have been found about 35 miles below this rapid. 22 From the Rapide des Farrneaux dewn the Fraser and past the Long Rapid to Fort George. The Long Rapid may be about 70 miles below the Rapide des Fourneaux. Some of the boulders, it is said, might require blasting when the waters are at the lowest, in order to clear the channel N.B.—The portion of the Fraser, between Bear River and Fort George, waters a rich, open country, fully 80 miles in length, and extending many miles back on each side of the river; with a climate milder than that of Canada, and capable of raising wheat or any other kind of crops. The river itself is not less than 6 feet deep in the shallowest parts and 500 feet wide where narrowest, and the current is slow, more like a lake than a river. From Fort George, past the Isle des Pierres or Stone Rapid and the Grand Rapid, to the Mouth of Quesnelle River, 1490 feet above the sea | 187 | | | 635 |
| The Isle des Pierres Rapid is about 20 miles below Fort George, and only awkward when the waters are very high. The Grand Rapid is 19 miles above the Mouth of Quesnelle, and much more rapid, but straight, and it is believed, on good autherity, can be surmounted by a steamer of tolerable power | 280 | | 280 | 2270 |
| 33 From Quesnellemouth, a small rising town, SW across the fine Chilcoaten plain, by Chisicut, Benchee and Tatla Lakes, to the watershed and gap at the entrance of the | | | | |
| Cascade Mountains, on the Bute Inlet route [2347 feet above the sea]. Thence through the Cascade range, by a level valley to Waddington Harbor, at the | 1371 | | , | Rise 857 Fall |
| Head of Bute Inlet | 841 | | | 2347 |
| *** | 222 | 222 | | |
| N.B.—The particulars of this last Section with the reasons for adopting this line to the Coast in preference to any other will | | | | |
| be given further on. | | 648 | 2400 | , |

The foregoing figures re-resent the distances, with all the tortuosities of the route