

THE MOTHER LAND.

Latest Mails from Ireland, England and Scotland.

Mr. Fullam... visited... Franching to Stoke... Cork Record in Throwing the Hammer... English House Curious Results of an Investigation... Scotch News.

A respectable looking man named Frederick W. Kirk, of Larnac, is charged with having embezzled the sum of £14 (s. the property of the Manchester Fire Insurance Company, having an office in Belfast, where he was employed as a clerk.

A man representing himself as 'Captain Worth' has been arrested in Lurgan for contracting with tradesmen in the town in the name of the Commissariat Department. He represented falsely that there was an intended mobilization of troops in Lurgan.

At an alarming fire in Armagh, on May 3rd, a soldier fell through the roof of Francis Delaney's stable and was seriously injured.

John Flanagan of Kilmallock has broken the world's record at throwing the 15lb hammer. At the Gaelic tournament in Cork park, on May 3rd, his throw was 148 feet 3 inches.

David Sheehan is charged at Mitchelstown with attempting to shoot his step-mother, Mrs. Bridget Sheehan. The family lives at Rockmills.

Mr. Abel Buckley, DL, who has made his permanent residence at the Galtee Castle, has, through his agent, Mr. W. Summers, J.P., informed his Galtee tenants that he is prepared to receive applications from them for the purchase of their holdings under the Land Purchase Act. The terms of purchase, which will be based on the reduced rents, will vary according to the situation and quality of each holding. The tenants held a meeting last week and decided to open negotiations with Mr. Buckley for the purchase of their farms. During the past five years a great many of the Galtee tenantry of Mr. Buckley have bought their holdings under the Land Purchase Act, at terms which were generally regarded as equitable, and have secured substantial advantages thereby. Mr. Buckley, who is a Home Rule ex MP, has during the past few years, expended close on £40,000 in enlarging and improving the Galtee Castle.

The Irish Society in promoting a bill in Parliament for the amalgamation of Foyle College (Episcopalian) and the Academic Institution (Nonconformist) were recently quite suddenly confronted with the opposition of the Episcopalian Diocesan Council, and the hostile criticism alike of the Presbyterian and Episcopalian newspapers which had previously advocated and urged the acceptance of the amalgamation scheme. The change of front occurred as soon as it became known that the society (appealed to through the Derry Journal and the Freeman) had conceded the claims to endowment for the Catholic College of St. Columba's. Forthwith there was an outcry against the amalgamation, and orders were wired to London to oppose the bill. The society met the outbreak of the opposition by the publication of a history of the case for amalgamation, and in this it is generally admitted the society had the better of the argument against the Diocesan Council. There is now, however, a new development, with the result that the Presbyterian paper is now enthusiastic for the amalgamation, although both the other week—the news of the grant to St. Columba's being published—the same paper declared that it would be better to withdraw grants and give money for clearing off the harbour debt. The explanation of this extraordinary state of affairs is that the society by lavish endowments is buying off the opposition and anti-Catholic prejudices. Thus it is announced that it is "proposed to endow the new amalgamated (Protestant) college with £800 a year and a capitation grant of £900 a year." This is eleven hundred of a direct grant of assured permanency. Besides the University scholarships representing £800 yearly will be continued, and the Foyle and Academy scholarships amounting to £160 will also be maintained. Then there is £50 Academy and £20 Foyle "Free Scholarship Fund," and it is asked that these also shall be given as heretofore, the other new endowment notwithstanding. Furthermore, there is a sum representing £185 for repairs which is to go to cover outlay on the buildings during the year, and to be payable yearly. It will be seen at once that the endowment is a big one, and it is given to two wealthy communities. The entire allowance for St. Columba's Catholic College, as proposed, is to be £600. The action of the diocesan council and the Episcopalian in face of the society's scheme of lavish moneyed patronage is awaited with great interest.

Four Unionist farmers took up the statements of the Attorney General, the member for North Derry, at the meeting of the Northwest of Ireland Farmers Association on May 6th held in McGinley's Rooms Derry. Mr.

Giffillan (Unionist) said the member for North Derry in Parliament had stated that, owing to low prices and the failure of crops, landlords had voluntarily agreed to give reductions on the rental and on the current year. He also stated that he did not know of any such reductions, and he desired to know if anyone at the meeting had heard of them. This he however knew that a certain tenant paid during the past twenty years £3,200 rent, and which he recently applied for a reduction on the rental figure, the request was not acceded to, but he was politely told by the landlord to pay up the ordinary amount as soon as possible.

Sincere regret is felt in Newry at the death of (Sister Mary Patrick) Miss McKeown, in the convent of the Poor Clares. Deceased took the veil 21 years ago.

Eight of the stations on the County Down Railway were burglarized on the night of May 4th. Many registered letters were stolen.

About fifty carpenters went on strike in Newry. A settlement was soon reached.

A work of importance to students of Gaelic literature is now in preparation by Mr. David Comyn, of Dublin, known as an accomplished scholar, and as the first of the editors of the Gaelic Journal. It has long been regretted that the "History of Ireland" by Geoffrey Keating has never been published in the original Irish, though the whole work has been several times translated. Mr. Comyn is preparing an edition of the author's "Introduction," which will consist of the text, a literal English version, notes, and a vocabulary.

The Appeal Court, consisting of the Lord Chancellor, Lord Justice Fitzgibbon, and Lord Justice Barry, gave judgment in the case of Coyne v. Tweedy, which was an appeal by the plaintiff, the Rev. Father Coyne P.P. of Killinan, against a decision of the Queen's Bench Division refusing his application for a new trial of the action which he had brought against District Inspector Tweedy for an assault and trespass. The action arose out of a dispute for the possession of the Church of Killinan, and the plaintiff, who claimed the right of possession, had been removed therefrom by Mr. Tweedy. The jury found for the defendant.

On May 8th, in the Southern Police Court, David Breen, late superintendent of the fish and vegetable market of the Corporation, was charged with embezzlement of the money of the Corporation. Prisoner had been arrested in New York and brought back to Dublin. A remand was ordered.

A labor demonstration was held in the Phoenix Park on May 3rd. A resolution was passed characterizing as unwelcome references of Mr. T. Harrington MP, to the labor situation in Dublin.

The great submarine fete "Ishani" was opened by the Lord-Lieutenant on May 6th in the Leinster Hall. The proceeds are in aid of the St. Vincent de Paul Society.

A committee has been formed in Dublin to invite subscriptions for a memorial of the late John Kelly. Dr. Kenny is at the head of the movement.

The hair dressers of the city went on strike on May 4th. A large number of establishments at once conceded the demands of the men for higher wages.

A prolonged discussion took place in the corporation on May 4th on the following sanitary resolution offered by Councilor Leahy:

That the Lord Mayor and such members of the Council as may wish to accompany him, with Civic Officers, do attend at the Bar of the House of Commons to present a petition praying for the release of the political prisoners now confined in British jails; and that it be referred to the Committee of the whole house to take such steps as they may think necessary to give effect to this resolution, with power to incur any necessary expenditure, to be defrayed out of the Borough Fund.

Ultimately the first part of the resolution, terminating with the word "jails," was passed unanimously.

The Enniskillen races held on May 3rd were most successful.

Rivington's Ballymullen, Tralee, tweeds have been ordered largely by Lady Cadogan.

At the Knocknagoshel races, April 5th, one of the riders fell from his horse and was trampled to death.

The boats which put out in the Fenit grounds on May 6th report having met regular "banks of fish." One boat took as many as 12,000.

The Kilkenny spring races were run off in splendid weather on May 6. The meet was one of the best ever seen in Danesfort Course.

King's County Head Constable Brennan, Birr, brought before Mr. Geo. H. Shannon, B.L., R.M., a farmer named Andrew Ryan, of Rathavogue, near Roscrea, who was charged with the alleged theft of a herd of young cattle, the property of Denis Burke, also of Rathavogue.

Further progress is being made in the winding up of The Limerick Leader.

The Mayor of Limerick has received a letter from the convict, John Daly, undergoing penal servitude in Portland Prison, thanking the Corporation for placing his name first on

the list of those selected as fit to serve the office of city high sheriff this year. At the time there was (Daly writes) every hope that so generous an action would not fail to have the desired effect; but, as it was now otherwise, he addresses the present communication to the Mayor to justify the Corporation in their generous efforts on his behalf. It is (he states) as anxious to rise as near the level of a patriot as his weak human nature will permit, but he had the misfortune to stumble on a wretch, a most cunning knave who, it seems, wanted money at a time when his friends wanted a victim. When (he proceeds) he espoused the national cause thirty years ago he made up his mind to accept the consequences. Still, the desire to see his mother once more on this side of the grave has become so strong with him, after twelve years' penal servitude, as to be almost overpowering, while the desire to breathe his native air seems to have increased in proportion to the number of years he has been denied it.

A row occurred at a funeral near Pallaskey, county Limerick, and an old man named James Madigan was badly injured and succumbed to his injuries.

Mary Delahunty, of Ballymahon, is under arrest on a charge of infanticide.

Alderman Simcocks, Drogheda, is dead. As a public man he held a leading position in Drogheda.

On May 6, a meeting of the friends of Mr. Patrick Fullam, ex M.P., was held to inaugurate an indemnity fund to relieve him of the responsibility incurred by the action of Mr. Thomas Carew the previous day, when he was evicted from his farms and afterwards reinstated on payment of £2,000 in connection with the costs of the South Meath election petition. The meeting was called at about an hour's notice, and was large and representative of all sections of Drogheda Nationalists. The attendance included, The Right Worshipful Peter Lynch, J.P., Mayor of Drogheda, who presided; Messrs Francis Gogarty, T.C., High Sheriff; Alderman E. Tighe, Bernard Nulty, J.P., Luke J. Elcock, T.C., Thomas M'Court, John Costello, Borough Coroner; Thomas H. Clancy Alderman Jordan. A subscription list was opened, and close on £200 subscribed. Mr. John Mangan said they were all delighted to find Mr. Fullam reinstated in his old home-stead, and hoped the fund would be a great success. On the motion of Mr. B. Nulty, J.P., seconded by the High Sheriff, a committee was appointed to receive subscriptions in Drogheda.

Splendid meetings in the National cause have been held in Westport and Kilmenea. Mr. William O'Brien delivered addresses on the work of the Congested Districts Board.

The Trim races on May 4th were held in unfavorable weather; but were on the whole a success.

Rev. Mr. Hallows, rector of Arklow, and Mr. Williams, secretary to the Open Air Mission, were charged on May 4th at the Sligo Petty Sessions with creating disturbances.

Two of their brethren, Messrs Goghlan and Freeman, were convicted on a former occasion and were sent to jail because they would not pay a fine of ten shillings; they proceeded in a few days after to preach in the public streets, and were again summoned at the suit of the Corporation. That case was adjourned for a fortnight thinking that the case stated for the Court of Queen's Bench, Dublin, would be argued and decided in that time. However, it was not, and it was generally supposed another adjournment would take place.

But the Rev. Mr. Hallows and a force of police arriving in town by an early train gave evidence that the defendants were determined to fight it out. The cases have been adjourned till the end of June.

On May 1 his Lordship Most Rev. Dr. Clancy, Bishop of Elphin, attended in his native parish of Sooy, Co. Sligo, where he administered the sacrament of Confirmation to a large number of children. Afterwards his Lordship was presented with an address by the Catholics and Nationalists of Sooy.

Mr. McLoughlin, in presenting the address, welcomed his Lordship on his first episcopal visit to his native parish. He then read the address, which was signed by P. Clark, president of the I.N.F.; William Flanagan, V.P.; P. Cleahin, treasurer; Thomas Kelly, secretary; P. Kelly, P.L.G.; J. Turner, J. McLoughlin and James Kelly.

His Lordship delivered an eloquent reply, in which he warmly congratulated the Nationalists of his native parish on their unity and honest Nationalist principles, which he said was a proof of their true Catholicity. As if by instinct they took the right side in every crisis, and he was proud to see they kept the green flag floating over the hillsides of Sooy when it was at half-mast in other parts of the country, and his Lordship assured the Nationalists of his native parish that so long as they worked within the limits of rectitude they should have his warm support.

His Lordship visited Riverstown, and was presented with an address from the parishioners there, signed on

behalf of the people by Messrs. J. P. Judge, O. Nangle, and J. Downs.

An investigation into the circumstances attending the death of the young man, John Meagher, at Temple more, which was alleged to have been caused by injuries inflicted by members of his own family and which has caused a great sensation in the town and district, has resulted in the commitment for trial at the forthcoming North Tipperary Assizes in Nenagh of the deceased's nephew, a young man named John Longstaff. Deceased's brother was also accused of having assisted in the attack which caused the unfortunate man's death, but deceased Longstaff, the man returned for trial, with having struck him three times with an iron tong on the head, causing the fatal injuries.

Mr. Houston Sheehan, Clerk of the Nenagh Union, was out driving with his wife and two young daughters in an inside trap, when the horse attached to the vehicle bolted when crossing the bridge spanning the Nenagh river and ran at a furious rate in the direction of the town. The vehicle was capsized, the occupants being thrown to the ground with much violence. All were seriously injured.

The first appeal case in reference to the new judicial term was decided by the Lord Commission on May 6th at Omagh. The judicial rent had been fixed in 1881 at £10, a reduction of £10 had been refused. The County Court Judge had refused to vary the judicial rent. The Commissioners now set down the judicial rent to £12 10s, a further reduction of £8 5s, or a reduction of 20 per cent on the rent of 1881, of over 60 per cent on the old rent. The decision measures the extortion to which the tenants are at present subjected under the old decisions.

For the first time in its history Labour Day was celebrated in the Urbs Inacta with great enthusiasm. The day was most auspicious, and the demonstration of the united trades and labour societies was numerically and otherwise a pronounced success.

The death of Lady Mary Francis Catherine Fildes, took place last week at Bickley, Kent, after a few days' illness. She was the daughter of the seventh Earl of Denbigh, and was born in 1828. She was twin sister of the eighth Earl.

The Psychological Research Society has instituted researches in Silverton Abbey. This house, which is two miles from a Midland town, was recently described in The Standard by a tenant as undoubtedly haunted. The statement occasioned the usual amount of scoffing, and the tenant in question offered to allow any two gentlemen to investigate the affair for themselves. Accordingly, Mr. H. A. Fitzmaurice and Mr. John Pooley went down and slept alone in the house on Saturday and Sunday night, and they gave a most astonishing account of their experiences. They made an exhaustive examination of the entire house by daylight, and having taken every precaution against anyone coming in during the evening, they retired to rest both in the same room. There was dead silence until the winking hour approached, when true to the traditions of all well regulated haunted houses they heard faint footsteps in the corridor. They shouted, the footsteps ceased, and on rushing out they could find no one. They again examined the house from top to bottom, but not a trace of a human being or animal could be found. The next night they had a more exciting time. At about one a.m. they heard a noise in the ground floor corridor, as though a heavy article was being pushed along, and presently the noise approached the upper corridor until it was just outside their room door. They suddenly bolted into the corridor, but not a trace of life or explanation of the noise was to be found. They were just returning to their room when, the opposite room door being wide open, at a distance of not more than twenty feet they heard a loud bang as if a heavy weight had fallen. They ran into the empty room, but there was nothing there to account for the noise. The two gentlemen left Silverton Abbey a good deal more mystified than when they got there. There is a suggestion, too, in their narrative that they were rather oppressed by the eeriness of their experiences. They do not offer to try again. They can offer no explanation of what they heard, and altogether Silverton Abbey seems to be the best haunted house that has been heard of for a long time.

The Rev. Father Ambrose, O.S.F., of St. Francis's, Glasgow, delivered a very able lecture on the above subject before a very large attendance of the members and friends of St. Alphonsus's Young Men's Guild.

A Chance to Make Money. I read how one of your subscribers made money selling Dishwashers; I ordered one, and my lady friends were charmed, as they hate dish washing. My brother and I commenced selling them, and have made £1,700 after paying all expenses. We don't canvass any. Our sales are all made at home. People come or send for them. The Mound City Dish Washer is the best Dish Washer on the market. Our business is increasing, and we are going to keep right on until we make ten thousand dollars. We sell from 5 to 15 machines every day, and some days more. The Dish Washer is lovely, every housekeeper wants one. There is no excuse to be poor when so much money can be made selling Dish Washers. You will particulars, address The Mound City Dish Washer Co., St. Louis, Mo. They will start you on the road to success.—A Reader.

The London correspondent of the Dublin Freeman's Journal had an interview on May 4th with His Grace the Most Rev. Joseph Colgan, Archbishop of Madras, at Blackheath. His Grace is an Irishman, having been born in Westmeath in 1824. Having studied at Maynooth he went out to India when 19 years old, and was ordained priest in 1846. Accordingly His Grace will celebrate the golden jubilee of his priesthood during the present year, and the event is being looked forward to with great interest

and pleasure by the priests and Catholic laity of the Archdiocese of Madras. His Grace was military chaplain for twenty-five years, and during that period ministered to thousands of Irish soldiers in various military stations in India. Although the Archbishop has braved the dangers of the Indian climate for more than half a century he is remarkably hale and hearty. Politically he is an ardent Nationalist, and he is a keen student of every phase of the Irish political situation. He has not been in Ireland for the last 27 years, and he is looking forward eagerly to the visit he is to pay during the present week to relatives and friends in Dublin and Westmeath. He hopes to be able to remain in his native land for four or five months. His Grace travelled via Rome, and was received in audience by the Pope. His Holiness referred to Ireland and the Irish people, and his last words to His Grace were, "I love the Irish so much." Asked what his opinion was of the position of the Irish movement, His Grace most earnestly deplored the dissensions which exist. He declared emphatically that the cause of Ireland never could prosper as long as such dissensions continued, and added that that opinion was held strongly by every Irishman and friend of Ireland he had met in recent years. His Grace is desirous of meeting Mr. Dillon and other members of the Irish Party by letter before them a statement with reference to the support accorded by the Government to Catholic orphan ages and other institutions connected with the Church in the Archdiocese of Madras as compared with that given to Protestant institutions, and in accordance with His Grace's wishes Mr. Cox is arranging an interview.

A number of Catholics left Douglas on May 15th by the King Orry on a pilgrimage to Lourdes, conducted by the Rev. Father Walsh. The party sailed from Liverpool, per Moss steamer Gascony, the same night at ten o'clock for Bordeaux, and thence proceeded by train to the Shrine of Our Lady. The pilgrims and bearers of a magnificent banner, worked by Sisters of Mercy, containing the Max arms and the three legs of Men, surrounded by the rose, thistle, and shamrock, worked in silk and gold, with the inscription, "Mother of God, pray for the priests and people of St. Mary's Douglas." The banner will be placed in the shrine of the pilgrims, who return in about ten days.

The sum of £1,000 has been realized by St. Mungo's bazaar.

The Rev. Father McCabe, St. Patrick's, preached his farewell sermon on Sunday morning, previous to his departure to take charge of the mission of Dalry.

On Saturday his Lordship the Bishop, the Right Rev. Dr. Turner, administered Confirmation at Lord and Duke's agricultural school, Craig-sach, Kirkcubbin, Wigtownshire.

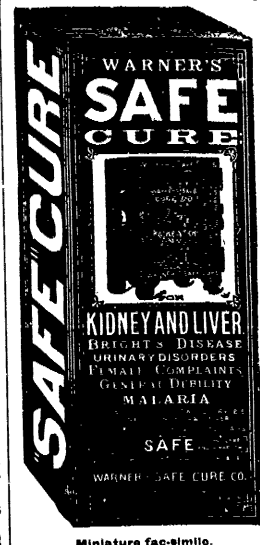
St. Mungo's School Bazaar, after running for four days, was brought to a most successful close. Sir John Neilson Cuthbertson, chairman of the Glasgow School Board, performed the opening ceremony, Mr. F. Henry, J.P. presiding. Sir John spoke in terms of warm praise of the work done by St. Mungo's School, and hoped it would long continue to be an institution of great benefit. In the course of some observations on the subject of education, he remarked that in the United Kingdom they had as good a system as was to be found in any other country. The object was to give everyone a good education, and where an especially clever child was found facilities should be given whereby the child's powers could be educated to their utmost.

Because other alleged remedies for piles, scrofula, ophthalmic eruptions, scald head, chafin, black heads, salt rheum and skin diseases generally have proved useless, don't condemn Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has never been known to fail. For instance, Nelson Simmonds, Meyerburg, Ont., writes: "I used Dr. Chase's Ointment for itching piles, and can recommend it highly. Since using it I have had perfect freedom from the disease."

Peter Vanallen, L'Amable, Que., had the sores for three years. He tried three doctors, but received no benefit. One box of Dr. Chase's Ointment and three boxes of Dr. Chase's Pills cured him completely. Large sores covered his legs and body, but the Ointment soon removed them. He will swear to these facts.

Chase's Ointment may be had from any dealer or from the manufacturers, Edmanross, Bates & Co., 45 Lombard Street, Toronto. Price 60 cents.

Mother's greatest remedy for coughs, colds, bronchial and lung affections is Dr. Chase's Syrup of Linseed and Turpentine. The medicinal taste is wholly disguised making it pleasant to take. Large bottle 25 cents.



Its Avowed Object in Europe is the Destruction of the Catholic Church.

The war of Freemasonry against the Catholic religion is described by Richard Davy in the Catholic Union Gazette, an English journal. He undertakes to prove that the avowed object of Masonry in France and Italy is the destruction of the Catholic religion. He says: "It suffices for anybody who is unconvincing of the truth of my assertions to purchase any one of the numerous publications issued by French or Italian Masonic lodges with the approval of the Grand Master. 'We must, exclaims a recent writer in Les Annales, 'stamp out Catholicism as any cost. Christianity is the enemy of progress.' 'We cannot too earnestly impress upon our brothers the necessity of ridiculing the Church and its priesthood on every possible occasion, the better to divert people from so absurd a faith as that of Rome.' 'Lockyer has failed this year in putting a stop to the hideous farces and mummeries practised by our navy in Holy Week. Let us hope that next year he will be more successful. The sailor is very credulous, and the sooner he is weaned from his superstitious the better.' 'Abolish from your houses all religious books. Erase the names of God and Christ from all books to be placed in the hands of young children.' 'Masons must do all that they can to excite the detestation and mepris of Catholicism.' And so forth ad nauseam.

From the lodge come the laws against the religious orders. The new French Minister of Public Worship has just announced to his brothers in Masonry 'that since religion has fallen to the minority and is on the point of disappearing, morality finds an asylum in the lodges.' Adriano Lemmi, the Italian Grand Orient, is constantly telling his 'brethren' that 'patriotism is not so high a duty as an anti-religious paganism. Christ must be driven to the twilight in which rest the gods and goddesses of Paganism. We must go the way of Diana, and the saints follow the gods. To help drive them away—four spirits as they are—is the duty of every good Mason.' There is no denying these words. They are printed. If another instance were needed of the subtle power of the Masons, and their fierce hatred of our religion, the following, I think, should suffice:—The week before last the subject of the building of the new Exhibition in Paris of 1900 came before the chamber. It was universally admitted that the working men employed upon its construction were entitled to a holiday each week, but the majority—every man of them Masons—insisted that this day should not be Sunday, and that on that day work should progress as usual.

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