

CANADA

No. 3

CONVENTION

PROTECTION AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF WORKERS EMPLOYED IN LOADING AND UNLOADING SHIPS
(REVISED 1932).

The General Conference of the International Labour Organisation of the League of Nations,

Having been convened at Geneva by the Governing Body of the International Labour Office, and having met in its Sixteenth Session on 12 April 1932, and

Having decided upon the adoption of certain proposals with regard to the partial revision of the Convention concerning the protection against accidents of workers employed in loading or unloading ships adopted by the Conference at its Twelfth Session, which is the fourth item on the Agenda of the Session, and

Considering that these proposals must take the form of a Draft International Convention,

adopts, this twenty-seventh day of April of the year one thousand nine hundred and thirty-two, the following Draft Convention for ratification by the Members of the International Labour Organization, in accordance with the provisions of Part XIII of the Treaty of Versailles and of the corresponding Parts of the other Treaties of Peace:

RECEUIL DES TRAITÉS

Article 1

For the purpose of this Convention:

- (1) the term "processes" means and includes all or any part of the work performed on shore or on board ship of loading or unloading any ship whether engaged in maritime or inland navigation, excluding ships of war, in, on, or at any maritime or inland port, harbour, dock, wharf, quay or similar place at which such work is carried on; and
- (2) the term "worker" means any person employed in the processes.

ET AU DÉCHARGEMENT DES BATEAUX

ADAPTER LA

Article 2

Any regular approach over a dock, wharf, quay or similar premises which workers have to use for going to or from a working place at which the processes are carried on and every such working place on shore shall be maintained with due regard to the safety of the workers using them.

In particular,

(1) every said working place on shore and any dangerous parts of any said approach thereto from the nearest highway shall be safely and efficiently lighted;

(2) wharves and quays shall be kept sufficiently clear of goods to maintain a clear passage to the means of access referred to in Article 3;

(3) where any space is left along the edge of any wharf or quay, it shall be at least 3 feet (90 cm.) wide and clear of all obstructions other than fixed structures, plant and appliances in use; and