

THE PEARL

HALIFAX, SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 27.

THE UNICORN.—This splendid boat returned from her trip to Cape Breton and P. E. Island, having been absent only five days. For a sailing vessel, under ordinary circumstances, to traverse the same route, fifteen days would be speedy. Coasters have been sometimes a fortnight and more, making the passage from P. E. Island to Halifax. This sets forth, in a strong light, the advantages of steaming. Nevertheless, for him who wishes to enjoy his time and his road, rather than to move over his road against time, the triu, sailing vessel will have recommendations. Hugging along the coast, gliding across the strait, passing slowly from mainland to island, with every opportunity of becoming acquainted with the peculiar features of each scene, and with that life which makes the sojourner undergo a "sea change," will have inducements for the student of life and nature, which will be lacking in the splendid saloons of the fiery-paced steamship. In the latter, the scene hurries by like a hastily shifted panorama, the etiquette of the drawing room is of more consequence than the peculiarities of the route, and a passenger lies down to rest.

The heavens above and the sea all round him. and wakes amid the bustle of a harbour, not more conscious of the features of the last hundred miles, than if he were at the bottom of Pictou mines all the time. Thus it is, that the most glorious things have their shaded sides. For those who want to pass as rapidly as possible from place to place, only eager not to lose time by the way,—the steamer has the wing of the eagle, and the strength of the ostrich,—but it causes some disadvantages by the rapidity of its flight.

The Unicorn, as before noticed, is fitted up, in all its parts, magnificently. The state cabin is fit for the travelling residence of a Sultan. An enquiry has been made, and it seems of consequence, whether the extreme of splendour—and, of course, corresponding expense—does not militate against a class of travellers which perhaps form the best basis for the profits of conveyances. The plainer rank of merchants, and traders generally, would perhaps rather travel in a style more in accordance with the common sense comforts of their own parlours, than under circumstances in which they would feel shackled by forms, and etiquette, and splendour to which they were unused.

As regards the Atlantic links of the steam line,—would not some comfortable, second-rate accommodations, suit the views and purses of many, who now travel by merchant craft, but whose fares might be made a profitable item in the steam contractor's books.

The Unicorn was announced as bound for Boston? Her route was altered, and she left Messrs. Cunard's wharf last night, for Quebec. Rumour says that she is to bring the Governor General to Halifax.

BIRDS.—On another page is an apology for birds. Strange as it may appear, that those beautiful people of the air, which delight by their forms and motions and music, should require apology, yet the fact would seem to be so, judging from the conduct of the lords of animal life. What a strange perversion of inclination it seems, when the wanton destruction of the winged creation is pursued laboriously, and called sport, as if the objects of slaughter were enemies of the human race. We sometimes hear of men—some of them even distinguished above their fellows, by titles of respect and honour—making a campaign in a tract where the birds have been allowed to accumulate, and killing them in heaps, for the silly pride of having to say that they had destroyed so much of life, in a certain portion of time. This would appear passing strange, only that custom has worn off the salient points of the practice. Perhaps the extract alluded to, will induce some one of our youthful readers to seek better objects of amusement, and to admire and shelter the birds which embellish the groves about his home, rather than to seize every occasion of killing, or mutilating, or at least frightening them wofully, by blasts of powder and shot. If so,—and if by the publication of the scrap, one pair of parent birds will be saved the horrors attendant on nest-robbing, the selection will not have been made in vain.

MASTER HUMPHREY'S CLOCK.—Dickens has introduced his famous character, Mr. Pickwick, to the Club at Master Humphrey's, and with him has brought Samivel and old Mr. Weller on the stage again. This is rather a novel appropriation. An author creates a character, and infuses so much of real and distinct life into it, that although the cause and end of the creation have passed, it is too vivacious to die. It, accordingly, appears again on a new scene, among new characters, as a real world personage,—but surrounded by a rich haze of recollections which give zest to every new position. We have copied some odd passages, exhibiting the Messrs. Weller at Master Humphrey's, most delightfully, rather out of place, like a couple of old friends who, having taken leave after dinner, return, unexpectedly, to add to the cheerfulness of a new party at the supper table.

ORIGINAL.—We have been favoured with a lecture delivered by G. R. Young, Esq. on a highly interesting subject. We give the

first part of the discourse this week, and hope to lay the conclusion before our readers in our next.

Critiques on Shakspeare, two of which appear in to-day's number, will afford treats for several weeks to come.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.—The arrival of the Great Western at New York, has furnished London dates to June 3d.

A new Bill, for the settlement of the Canada Clergy Reserve question, had been introduced to the Commons, by Lord John Russell. It purported to give a fourth of the property to the Church of England, a fourth to the Church of Scotland, and a half to other denominations.

The Canada Union Bill was going through the Commons.

A motion for the Repeal of the Corn Laws was negatived 300 to 177.

Registration Bills for England and Ireland were introduced. The defeat of Lord Stanley's Bill was anticipated.

A motion for the abolition of Transportation was negatived. The Timber Ship Deck Load law had been renewed for two years. York Minster suffered by fire, to the amount of about £20,000.

The season was generally promising in Great Britain.

The French had gained some successes over the Arabs at Algiers, with severe losses in men.

Among other failures in St. John, N. B., is mentioned that of Mr. Whitney, the steam boat proprietor.

Magdalen Islands, it is said, are to be annexed to the government of P. E. Island.

TEMPERANCE.—Rev. Mr. Knowlan is to lecture on Temperance next Sunday evening at the Old Baptist Chapel,—service to commence at 7 o'clock.

The signs of the times, happily, seem strong in favour of the great Temperance reformation. Supposing matters to make progress as they promise, what vast results may another generation witness. Honoured are the co-operators in such a work, and unenviable, indeed, the position of those who appear in opposition.

At a recent meeting of the British and Foreign Temperance Society, held in London, it was announced that the present number of tee-totalers in the United Kingdom might be stated at 3,250,000, of which two millions were natives of Ireland. These are magnificent results of agitation in the moral department.

A late American paper furnishes the following scrap as illustrative of that under-current in the cause, which cannot immediately appear as swelling the lists of the societies.

ASHAMED OF IT.—A writer in the New Haven Record mentions it as one of the signs of the times; that in looking over the advertising columns of the newspapers of that city, there was not found a single advertisement of rum, gin, brandy, or any other article of that description, whereas, a short time since, the papers were full of such advertisements. We guess that our respectable rumsellers (who are getting very scarce) are already more than a little ashamed of themselves.

The most striking proofs of the effects of the Temperance system, are given, when they appear connected with the trade of a country.

FLOWERS.—This is the season of those stars of earth, and happy, to the wight immured in town, appears the lot of him who lives amid verdant suburban shades, surrounded by Jillyflowers, and Jonquils, and Tulips, and Columbines, and all manner of garden beauties. While the one inhales the loaded atmosphere of streets and wharves, and sees sunrise and noon and sunset through the one dusty medium,—the other breathes the essences of all fragrant things, while his eye is charmed with scenes of indescribable loveliness.

But, happily, all who are denied the jessamine porch, and the sweet-briar hedge, and the garden avenue,—are not also denied all connection with those cheap luxuries which outshine Solomon's splendour. From the Wall flower, or the Nasturtium, or the horse-shoe Geranium—which blesses the windows of many a back room, glinting out on solitary yards,—or of many a garret which has fields of shingles for its prospect,—from these more common, but still beautiful gifts of Flora—which are tended with constant care and soul-softening sympathy, and flourish in spite of smoke and soot, and shade—to the Carnation, and the Regent, and the Coronation, and the Boquet, and many other gorgeous specimens,—a splendid list appears, which are ready to grace city dwellings with their presence, and which get the significant and endearing name of House-flowers. These may nourish much of the spirit of garden-love far from gardens, and even leave little to be desired, as regards the tint and perfume of the commonwealth of flowers.

Our ain-town here, exhibits much of this in-door cultivation, and many a window exhibits clusters which delight the eye of the passer and speak eloquently of the taste of some of the inmates of the mansion.

PASSENGERS.—In the Dolphin from Newfoundland—Mr. and Miss Piers, Miss Tree, and 24 in the steerage.—In the Courtney from Liverpool G. B.—Messrs. Buxton and Rawson.—In the Collector for Bermuda—Mr. Robinson.

MARRIED.

On Saturday morning last by the Rev. Fitzgerald Uniacke, Alfred Augustus Malet, Esquire, 8th or King's Street, to Eleanor Ann, only daughter of the late Frederick Passow, Esq.

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Martin, Mr. James Scott, to Miss Margaret Kelly.

DIED.

On Sunday evening, Charles Witham, youngest son of Mr. Robert Hodges, of this town, aged 1 year and 7 months.

On Friday evening last, after a lingering illness, Winkworth, third son of the late Mr. Winkworth, Norwood, of Her Majesty's Dock Yard, aged 46 years.

On Monday morning, Mr. Thomas Boyd.

On Tuesday, Mr. W. J. Clarke, in the 34th year of his age, for several years a shipmaster out of the Port of Halifax, son of the late Doctor Jonathan W. Clarke, of Sydney, Cape Breton.—His funeral will take place this day, at 4 o'clock, precisely, from his late residence in Brunswick Street.

Yesterday, of consumption, Catherine, only daughter of the late Mr. George Power, of this town, in the 29th year of her age.

Early yesterday morning, aged 49 years, Mr. Samuel Cupples; his funeral will take place on Saturday next, between the hours of four and five, from his late residence, Dock Yard Street, when the friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SAINT MARY'S SEMINARY

Under the special patronage of the Right Rev. Dr. Fraser.

REV. R. B. O'BRIEN, SUPERIOR.

PROFESSORS.

- Spanish.....Rev. L. J. DEASE.
French.....Rev. W. IVERS.
Greek and Latin, First Class.....Mr. M. HANNAN.
Do. Do. Second Class.....Mr. R. O'FLAHERTY.

Writing, Book-keeping, and Arithmetic...Mr. E. J. GLEESON.

- Theology and Scripture.....Rev. R. B. O'BRIEN.
Moral Philosophy and Mathematics Rev. W. IVERS.
English Composition, Reading and
Elocution.....Rev. R. B. O'BRIEN.

In addition to these enumerated above, the Classes already advertised occupy a due portion of attention.

The French Class has just been opened, and persons wishing to avail themselves of the advantages which it affords, would do well to make an early application.

Pupils for the Spanish Class will please to have their names entered at the Seminary within the next ten days.

The Philosophy Class also has been opened—Latin is the language of this Class.

Terms for Boarders—£33 per annum.

The Library of the Seminary contains very nearly 2000 volumes of the most select authors, including Canon Law, and Ecclesiastical History. There is also a good collection of Scientific and Classical Books, all of which are at the service of the Students of the Establishment.

None but Catholic Pupils are required to be present at the religious exercises or religious instructions of the Seminary.

June 20.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY.

BOARDERS will furnish themselves with a Mattress, 2 pair of Sheets, Blankets, a Counterpane, one dozen shirts, half dozen towels, a knife, fork, and spoon. Uniform for Summer: Blue Jacket, Cap, &c. light Trowsers.

June 20.

NO. 88 & 89, GRANVILLE STREET.

CALL AND SEE.

THE SUBSCRIBER has received, per recent arrivals from Great Britain, the largest collection of

JUVENILE WORKS ever before offered for sale in this town, among which are to be found a number of Peter Parley's, Miss Edgeworth's, Mrs. Child's, and Mrs. Hoffland's publications.

He has also received, in addition to his former stock, a very large Supply of Writing, Printing, and Coloured Papers, Desk Knives pen and pocket Knives, Taste, Quills, Wafers, Sealing Wax, Envelopes: and a very extensive collection of Books of every description.

Printing Ink in kegs of 12 lbs. each, various qualities; Black, Red, and Blue Writing Inks, Ivory Tablets, Ivory Paper Memorandum Books, and Account Books, of all descriptions, on sale, or made to order.

He has also, in connection with his establishment, a Bookbindery, and will be glad to receive orders in that line.

May 9. ARTHUR W. GODFREY.

NO. 88 & 89, GRANVILLE STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER has just received, per Acadian, from Greenock,

- Doway Bibles and Testaments for the use of the Laity,
The Path to Paradise,
Key to Heaven,
Poor Man's Manual,
Missal,
Butler's first, second, and general Catechisms.

May 9. ARTHUR W. GODFREY.

MR. W. F. TEULON, ACCOUCHEUR, &c.

DESIROUS that Professional aid at the Confinements of Mothers (considering themselves at present unable to afford it), might be generally rendered as in Great Britain, and other countries, offers himself to attend such, in any part of the town, at the same rate which obtains there; namely, £1 1 0 Sterling, visits during the recovery of the patient included.

Upper Water Street, Halifax, opposite Mr. Wm. Roche's Store. May 16, 1840.