from the scutellum about half the length of the mesonotum, where they terminate in two brilliant round yellow spots, also a faint median spot near the nape, heavy bunches of brown bristles on either side of the "bare space" and at the wing joint; pleura brown with some pale scales; scutellum brown with bright ochraceous curved scales and many brown bristles; metanotum brown.

Abdomen brown, closely covered with brown flat scales and a few apical ochraceous ones on the 4th, 5th and 6th segments, making minute apical bands on the two latter, apical hairs ochraceous, venter ochraceous, with dark apical bands, the ochraceous scales extending on the seventh segment so as to form small lateral spots visible on the dorsal aspect.

Legs: Coxæ brown with pale scales, trochanters with ochraceous scales; all the femora with very dark brown scales, speckled or mottled with ochraceous spots, ventrally ochraceous and with an apical ochraceous spot; tibiæ dark, mottled with ochraceous spots, the bases and apices very narrowly ochraceous-banded, and in some lights the whole tibia looks fawn-coloured; all the femora and tibiæ with many dark brown bristles; all the tarsi very dark, but in some lights appear fawn-coloured. Fore and mid ungues with a tiny basal protuberance, hardly a tooth, hind ungues simple.

Wings: Clear, with very small brown scales; indeed, for the size of the insect all the scales are small; the median scales rather heavy and Tieniorhynchus-like, the lateral scales linear. The apex of the wing is densely scaled, but the base of the sixth and third long veins have apparently never had any lateral scales, though there are a few at the apex of the sixth, and the apical half of the third is rather densely scaled. The costa shows a delicately spinous effect. The cells are long, nearly double the length of the stems, and the first submarginal is longer and narrower than the second posterior cell, their bases nearly on a line; the root of the third long vein and the mid cross-vein meet and are of about equal length, the posterior cross-vein is about one-quarter longer, and is directed slightly backward and only a little interior to the mid. Ealteres are dark, the knob darker than the stem.

Length, 7.5 mm., without proboscis.

Habitat.-Cottabato, Mindanao, P. I.

Taken December.

Described from one nearly perfect specimen sent by Capt. Eastman, M. C., U. S. Army. It is a large species, and in the hand is a rich reddish-brown, the two yellow spots on the thorax being very noticeable.