General News.

—Kingsport, Kings Co., has shipped about 30,000 bushels of potatoes to the States since Jan. 1st. The following vessels have also sailed lately, all loaded at 25 cents per bushel:—From Chipman Brook, schr. "Nota Bene," Captain Morris, 3000 busnels; Baxter's Harbor, schr. "J. V.," Capt. R. D. King, 2800 bushels; Hall's Harbor, schr. "Lizzie Newton," Capt. Moorse, 4500 bushels.

TUNNELLING UNDER NIAGARA.—Several gentlemen connected with mining and engineering progress in this city are organizing a company to tunnel under the Falls of Niagara. This connection between Canada and the United States will be made partly by tunnel and partly by tube. Certain railways are forming a combination for western traffic, and this project is part of the scheme. More detailed information will be afforded in a few days.—*Montreal Witness.*—

—At Machias, Me., Warren Longmire, aged nine years, has been found guilty of manslaughter in causing the death of Freeman Wright, eight years of age, at Pembroke, Me., October 8th, 1880, and sentenced to the State Reform School during his minority. Longmire first shot his victim and was discovered in the act of digging his grave. While doing so Wright showed signs of life, when Longmire struck him on the head several times with the spade with which he was at work.

—A cattle shipment is to take place per steamship "Edinburgh" from Halifax, the first of Messrs. Dickey & Buckley's contract. This firm will ship 325 head, all picked up in the vicinity of Amherst; Mr. Josiah Wood, 25 head; Fawcett Bros., 25 head, and Mr. Fader, 25 head. Besides this, Messrs. Dickey & Buckley expect to ship 150 tons of dead meat, in a refrigerator. Messrs. Fitchett and Chas. Ross are now in Boston, superintending the construction of a refrigerator to be placed on board the steamship.—*Sackville Post.*

☞ The "Myrtle Navy" tobacco is not burdened with the usual costs which swell the price of most articles to the consumer, the firm employ no travellers whatever, their orders come to them instead of being sought by them. The merchant does not require to keep a large stock on hand swelling its price with interest, for the factory is an immediate source of supply to him, at the cost of a postal card or at most a telegram. He loses nothing, therefore from being over-stocked. The article is a staple one, for which there is as constant a demand as for wheat or flour, and the merchant can, therefore, sell it at the minimum rate of profit.

—The weather in Paris and in the north-west of France has this winter been unusually mild. On Sunday morning, however, there was a sudden change. Snow began to fall heavily in Paris, and did not cease until evening. Traffic was greatly impeded in consequence, and whole armies of sweepers had to be set to work to clear the roads. The temperature was also very low. It sank to twelve degrees centigrade below zero, then rose to three below. There was skating in the Tuileries Gardens. Snow several inches deep covered most of the country north and west of Paris. There have been floods near Rouen, and rains have been falling in torrents at Nice.

—Mr. Robert Graham the Church of England Temperance Society delegate, who was in Montreal the other day, has decided to visit the Provinces of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, after the completion of his tour through Ontario and Quebec. The object of Mr. Graham's visit to this continent is to observe the working of such restrictive or prohibitory liquor laws as may be in force in any of the states or provinces or any portions of them, and to report concerning their results to the Society by which he is accredited. He will address meetings in the course of his tour. Mr. Graham is said to be a most eloquent speaker. He comes to Canada backed by the strong recommendation of several English Bishops and leading clergymen.

Strength of Parties in the British Parliament.

The New York *World* gives some interesting facts concerning the strength of parties in the British Parliament, the present one being the tenth under the reign of Queen Victoria and in its second session. The general election held last spring resulted in the return of the following members, there being six vacancies:

Liberals	357
Conservatives	233
Home Rulers	62
Total	652

Since the general election these figures have been considerably changed by the action of the judges trying election petitions and the bye-elections. Taking account of all the changes, the House now stands:—

Liberals	346
Conservatives	225
Home Rulers	62
Seats to be filled	2
Vacancies	18

The Liberals thus have a majority of sixty over all.

A Reciprocity Treaty with Canada.

PETITIONS TO CONGRESS CIRCULATED FOR SIGNATURES AMONG NEW YORK MERCHANTS.

A petition to the Senate and House of Representatives for the appointment of commissioners to ascertain and report a basis for a reciprocity treaty between the United States and the British provinces has been placed by Mr. Archibald T. Hoey, of No. 25 Counties slip, for signatures, in the Produce, Stock, Maritime and other exchanges, and also in a few leading business houses in this city. The petition has been circulated only two or three days and has nearly five hundred signatures, and in Boston, where it has been circulated by Messrs. Kimball & Bates for ten days, two thousand signatures have been obtained. The National Board of Trade has for the past five years agitated the question by memorializing Congress and sending delegates to Washington in behalf of the appointment of a commission, but without success until last year, when the House Committee on Foreign Affairs reported a resolution favoring such an appointment, but the resolution is yet awaiting action by the House, chiefly, it is claimed, because of the apathy of New York merchants. The petitioners propose to place the matter in the hands of Congressmen Cox and Morton, and will make vigorous efforts to secure the appointment of a commission during the present Congress.—*New York World.*

☞ Ayer's Pills are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are pleasant, safe and sure, and excel all other Pills in healing and curative qualities.

Secretary's Report for 1880, Presented at Quarterly Meeting January 8th. 1881.

To the Worthy Master, Officers and Members of Annapolis Division Grange No. 49.

I have the honor to submit for the information of Division Grange the following report of the proceedings of the secretary's office for the past year.

Another year of our existence as an organization has passed, and we are again in annual session for the purpose of giving a statement of our transactions of the past year, and making the required arrangements for the future.

The order of the Patrons of Husbandry has been established in this County for upwards of two years, and of its utility to the farmers, their wives and daughters who have associated themselves with the order with a desire to do good, no longer admits of a doubt.

The principal objects of this *order*, and which brings together its members, are social intercourse and mutual improvement; these in turn tend to stimulate industry and enterprise, and will in the end, improve our condition, not only as individuals, but as a community.

The first step in any undertaking is always the most difficult. This difficult step the farmers of this County have already taken; which is, having dicovered the need of associating themselves with the order of the Patrons of Husbandry for co-operation in carrying-out the *declaration* of our principles, such as meeting together, talking together, working together, buying together, selling together, and in general acting together for our mutual protection and advancement.

Agriculture at the present day is considered by all classes of the highest importance.

Gentlemen educated to the learned professions—men of wealth and influence, and holding the best positions in society, are directing their attention to the better cultivation of the soil. But to those who have made up their minds from necessity, or from choice, to till the ground, the means of improvement, of studying the principles of their business, and becoming acquainted with the most improved and modern practices of Husbandry; and in short, that they may become successful in their business, and thereby increase and improve the products of the soil; for the amount of a farmer's sales and of his purchases depend upon the surplus products of his farm and upon the profits of his labor; the opportunity is given them by becoming members of the Grange organization.

The privileges to be enjoyed, as also the opportunities given to farmers to educate themselves, by meeting together and imparting their experiences of their daily labor in the cultivation of the land, the breeding of improved stock, and the growing of fruit, are of no small importance, and not possessed by them outside our gates, and it is but reasonable to conclude, that by following a prudent and industrious course, our condition as members of this organization will be independent and happy.

Our quarterly returns from sub-granges in this division show a dissimilarity in progress, while a few show a limited number of new members added by initiation, others count only on last year's number, whilst our grange has failed to make returns. This condition of things, Patrons, must be regretted by those having an interest in the welfare and further advancement of the order in this County.

To arrive at the true cause of the apparent apathy among the members, would be a task I would not undertake in this report; but I may venture to remark that very much depends upon the success of any organization, in the proper selection of officers, and the zeal with which they carry through their duties.

The farmer, as a rule, being of an independent nature, and not having the opportunities of coming in contact with minds of more experience in organization and discipline, is naturally self opinionated, and hence is slow to unite in what is often considered beneficial for the common interest; therefore much discretion and good judgment are necessary, in order to keep within bounds conflicting ideas and unhappy discussions.

In this connection I might say that it has been found that when individuals join for selfish interests, and merely to monopolize the spoils and withdraw whenever they are disappointed in their expectations, apathy for a time is sure to follow, and often the organization will go under; but when individuals connect themselves with an organization for mutual benefit and improvement, they will inspire confidence among themselves, and, their efforts will be crowned with success.

We, however, encourage the hope that by renewed and continued exertion on the part of the members to keep up the interests for which the order was organized, that new life will be instilled throughout the membership, and we may yet see the order in this County flourish, and many new members added to its roll.

OFFICIAL DUTIES.

I have received from the Dominion Secretary during the year, and forwarded to the secretaries of the sub-granges the proceedings of the sixth annual session of Dominion grange held at Toronto, December, 9th, 10th, 11th, and 12th, 1879. I have also received and distributed copies of the amended constitution and bye laws.

In the distribution, one copy is intended for the Worthy Master, and one for the secretary of each sub-grange while in office; also one for the Worthy Master, one for secretary, and one for each executive committee of Division grange while in office.

At the January meeting of division grange the matter of conferring the 5th degree was brought to the notice of the meeting, and after due consideration, it was decided to have the 5th degree conferred on all candidates making application and being eligible.

I have much pleasure in reporting, that under the direction of executive committee, I made the necessary arrangements, and on the 18th of February, last, the beautiful and impressive ceremony of the 5th degree was conferred on ninety-six candidates. The meeting was a very enjoyable one throughout. Bros. Patterson, Newcomb and Jackson, of Kings County, assisting in the initiation, and afterwards interested the grange by making some well selected remarks, appropriate to the occasion; sister Miss Carrie Bowlby furnished music for the occasion, which added very much to the impressive ceremony.

I attended in September, as your representative with brother Jones and wife, the Truro meeting, and assisted in the formation of Provincial grange for Nova Scotia and the County of Westmoreland, of New Brunswick.

By notice received from brother Blanchard, of Windsor, informing me that Mr. Dustan, of Halifax, was desirous of delivering some lectures on the sugar beet question before the grangers of this County. A meeting of the executive committee was held, and arrangements made to hold meetings at Middleton, Bridgetown, Round Hill, and Annapolis town. Mr. Dustan did not coming into the County the programme was not carried out.

On 14th September last, by direction of the Worthy Master and executive committee, I called a special meeting to make and complete arrangements with parties in England for a suitable steamer for the shipment of our fruit to London, owing to certain difficulties interfering with the proposed scheme, the shipment did not take place as a co-operative effort between Kings and Annapolis grangers.

As to membership, I have to report as follows:—

Nictaux grange, No. 703, has a larger membership than any other in this division, numbering 71 contributing members, more than one-fourth of the whole number returned to division grange; Paradise west, No. 706, returns 59 subscribing members; Clarence grange, No. 709, is third, numbering 52 paying members, and the returns show that nearly one-half of the initiations during the year has been in 709; Torbrook No. 740, 37 members; New Albany, 739, 29 members, and returns show progression; Melvern Square, No. 704, 27 members

Of the 7 chartered granges in this division I have forwarded their returns for the quarter now ended.

The returns show the following results:—

Number initiated	during the year,		57.
" admitted	"	"	12.
" suspended	"	"	16.
" expelled	"	"	1.
" died	"	"	2.

Whole number of subscribing members, 275, showing a decrease of 5 under the number reported at close of last year.

Respectfully submitted,

W. E. STARRATT,
Secretary.

Officers and Worthy Master's report will be given in on next.

TELEGRAPH NOTES FOR THE WEEK

London, Jan. 12.—A terrible outbreak of fever, said to have been imported in foreign flax, has taken place at Tandragee in county Armagh. One hundred and nine persons were buried on Monday and thirteen yesterday.

London, Jan. 19.—An unprecedented hurricane and snowstorm prevails, and has extended throughout a great portion of the kingdom, doing immense damage to property. The Railways leading from London are snowed up, and the passage of trains has been made impossible. The aspect of London to-day is amazing. No one remembers any such scenes as are presented. They are almost indescribable. Vehicular traffic is entirely abandoned. Omnibuses and cabs have ceased attempting to run. The only method of transportation is by the underground railroad and the elevated road on the Surrey side of the river. The tide in the Thames is the highest ever known The docks, Blackfriars Bridge, Lambeth and the Southern districts of London, on the Surrey side, are overflowing, through the violence of the gales and the unprecedented rise of the rivers. Telegrams from all provincial towns along the sea-coast report numerous disasters to shipping and to property along the shore, and some loss of life. The damage by the flood of the Thames is estimated at £2,000,000. The storm is the worst that has been experienced here for twenty years. The Thames has flooded the houses of Parliament. Many of the members were unable to reach Parliament so that there was an exceedingly slim attendance. When the Speakers of the House of Commons wanted to open the session there were so few members in their seats that the House narrowly escaped being adjourned for the day, and thus loosing time which, in the present state of public affairs, is very precious. The Thames has risen on the Surrey, or Southern side, to a height of ten feet, flooding entire districts. Houses have been invaded by water to such an extent that they are rendered uninhabitable, and hundreds of people have been made homeless Great damage has been done to the poorer sort of houses, and there is danger of some of them being totally destroyed, or so badly injured as to make them unfit to live in after the water subsides. People are taking refuge on the roofs, and are in momentary terror lest their lives should become a pray to the rising water. The scenes are terrible, and all the exertions which are being made in the midst of the storm are not adequate to relieve the distress which prevails. No one here recollects to have witnessed such fearful sights for a generation past. A number of barges have been sunk in the Thames and several lives lost. The record of casualties cannot fall to be fearful, and it is probable that a great many will be found to have been drowned.

London, Jan. 19, (3 p. m.)—It has again commenced snowing. Reports from all parts of the country indicate that the storm is the severest within the memory of living persons. Railway traffic and telegraphic communication are almost completely suspended throughout the kingdom, and the interruption has extended to the continent. Several vessels are ashore at Yarmouth, and it is feared that fifty persons have been drowned there.

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 17.—A shocking tragedy was enacted at Lapeer village last evening. Mrs. Barnard went to the house of the Rev. E. Curtis, a Baptist minister, attacked his wife, a lady about 65, threw her down, poured gasolene over her clothing and set it on fire. She lived but a few minutes. It is believed by many that she was insane from religious excitement.

New York, Jan. 17.—A London special says the British Ministry regard war as inevitable between Turkey and Greece. The Greek Government is negotiating for swift cruisers.

New York, Jan. 18.—The *World's* London special says the Secretary of State for the Home Department states he is in possession of details which show the formation of a gigantic secret society with a local branch in every important town of the Kingdom by Fenians from the United States. Great alarm is felt at this new danger.

London, Jan. 20.—*Truth* says that the marriage of Baroness Burdett Coutts with Ashmead Bartlett will take place some day next week at her own residence, by special license.

The storm continues with unabated violence. In some places the snow is seventeen feet deep and a number of teams are imbedded in it. Trains are snowed up everywhere and some of the Provincial towns are quite isolated.

Madrid, Jan. 20.—The Guadalquiver has risen 24 feet.—A violent storm is raging on the Mediterranean.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 20.—A telegram from Valparaiso reports that a great battle has been fought near Charillos, nine miles South of Lima. The Peruvians were defeated and driven from their positions with heavy loss. The Chilians hold Ohari.

London, Jan. 23.—Much suffering is reported in England from the effects of the storm. Most of the railroads have reopened, but hardly any other travel is known. The Thames is frozen over above the bridges and the streets of London are badly obstructed by masses of snow. Trade is entirely suspended and in the poorest parts of London drinking water is not obtainable.

St. John, N. B., Jan 23.—Five ministers of Woodstock, N. B, have resolved not to attend funerals on Sundays, except in case of necessity.

This afternoon George Allison was instantly killed by falling from the roof of a five story building to the sidewalk, on King Street, fracturing his skull. For some time he had been suffering from the effects of strong drink. He was locked in a room on the upper flat, from which he clambered through the window, and while endeavoring to raise another window fell to the street.

The City of Boston's Fate.

To the Editor of the N. Y. Herald.]

In 1870 and for several years I resided at Pamrapo (Saltersville), G. J., at the shore side of New York Upper Bay. A few months after the steamer City of Boston was missing, a young servant girl at the time in my employ picked up on the beach in front of my house, among the rubbish that an easterly or southerly storm cast up on that shore, a small glass bottle and brought it in the house. Upon examining it I found a small scrap of paper about three or four inches in size, such as might have been torn from a memorandum book, pretty well soaked with oil, on which was written in pencil the words:—

Steamship
City of Boston,
Burned June 19, 1870.

A. HARRICK.

Treque.

The last word—Treque—I am not sure about the spelling, but I write it as it appeared to me.

The bottle—apparently a French one—was round, about four inches in length, about one inch in diameter, or a trifle larger, and had been used, perhaps, for hair oil, as it contained a teaspoonful or less of scented oil, sweet oil, or some light colored oil. The paper had been roughly folded or rolled, tucked in and corked up, and was well soiled or saturated with the oil, and consequently the writing was rather difficult to decipher.

On the side of the bottle was blown or cast the words, "Hygennique Societe, Rue de Rivoli, Paris."

I may be asked, why did I not make this public at the time? Because at the time there were many rumors, predictions and speculations rife and much general excitement concerning the missing vessel, and I thought it might be a hoax, as such tricks have often been played of throwing bottles into the sea with false accounts.

I therefore put the bottle and contents away in some closet, first copying the paper and adding an account of when, where, &c., it was found, and put this memorandum in my pocket. I thought it possible that the missing steamer might be heard from in a more direct manner, but if not I might bring this to light at a later day. Some months afterward I looked for the bottle, but could not find it.

The memorandum I had made concerning it I had partly worn out carrying it in my pocket. I then put it away carefully among my papers, but subsequently moving my office it was mislaid, and never came to light until a few days ago.

A portion of this memorandum, which had the date of finding the bottle, is torn and worn off, and I cannot replace this important point I think it was in September or October, but it may have been earlier or later. It would be a great satisfaction to know how long the bottle had been drifting on the ocean, the place it had been cast in the water, and how far it had travelled.

I long since came to the perfect conviction that it is a true account of the fate of the City of Boston. And now, having found my copy of the document, and believing it will yet be a satisfaction to the many parties concerned, I give it for publication with an exact account of how it was found. So far as I know no tidings of the lost steamer were ever received. Perhaps the signature "A Harrick" may be verified as the name of a passenger, officer or hand aboard. I judge it to be that of a passenger, from the circumstance of the scented oil bottle, and Treque may be the name of place of residence.

CLARE W. BEAMES, M. D.

New York, Jan. 15, 1881.

"Made New Again."

ST. CATHARINES, Ont.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D.:

I have used your Favorite Prescription, Golden Medical Discovery and Pleasant Purgative Pellets, for the last three months and find myself—(what shall I say)—"*made new again*," as are the only words that express it. I was reduced to a skeleton, could not walk across the floor without fainting, could keep nothing in the shape of food on my stomach. Myself and friends had given up all hope, my immediate death seemed certain. I can never be too thankful to those who recommended your medicines, for I now *live* (to the surprise of every body) and am able to do my own work. I desire to make this statement in order that those suffering may not despair until they have given your remedies a trial.

Yours resp'y, MRS. WM. D. RYCKMAN.

COUNTERFEIT MONEY.—We hear that photographed notes to the Union Bank of P. E. Island are in circulation here.—*St. John Globe.*

☞ WHEN EXAMINED AFTER DEATH, the lungs of those who have died of tubercular consumption are found to be honey-combed with little cells full of purulent matter. To this terrible condition the lungs of any one may be brought who neglects a cough or cold. Unfortunately, many so-called cough remedies are ineffective as well as impure, containing ingredients absolutely prejudical to the physical well-being of those who use them. There is, however, a source of renewed health and strength upon which persons harrassed and weakened by lung and bronchial affections can depend with certainty. We refer to Northrop & Lyman's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil and the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, which is justly esteemed throughout the Dominion for its effectiveness and purity. The medical faculty have long recognized the value of purified oil, obtained from the cod's liver, in throat and lung affections, and the hypophosphites are universally prescribed in cases of pulmonary decline and general debility In this preparation the phosphorus which it contains (phosphorus being an important natural constituent of the physical organism) serves to supply stamina and vitality, by enriching the blood, while the lime and soda are of incalculable service in solidifying and strengthening the bones. This medicine not only counteracts pulmonary inflammation and arrests physical decline, but is a valuable remedy in scrofulous cases. As a means of checking and compensating for the tremendous waste of bodily tissue caused by lung and chest diseases—of healing and soothing the irritated membrane of the breathing organs, and of promoting the development of pure, rich blood, this preparation has no equal. All druggists sell it.

Steamboat Meeting at Granville Ferry.

A meeting to ventilate the subject of direct communication between Annapolis and Great Britain, convened at Granville Ferry, on Monday evening last, and was attended by most of the largest ship owners of that wealthy village. The meeting was addressed by L. Delap, Augustus Fullerton, T. S. Whitman, J. B. Mills, a Mr. Starr from Cornwallis, Kings Co., and J. M. Owen. The utmost sympathy was expressed by those present, with the scheme, and promise of a large subscription to the stock list, were given. The meeting adjourned with a vote of thanks to W. A. Piggott and Alfred Troop, Esquires, who officiated as Chairman and Secretary, respectively.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions of our correspondents.

Halifax, Jan 22nd, 1881.

FRIEND PIPER,—

I am glad to see so much improvement in the MONITOR, I consider it now a first class paper, and one that ought to be appreciated in the County of Annapolis, and I hope it will be. There is not a farmer in the County who would not be benefited to the extent of ten times the cost of the subscription, by taking the MONITOR. He would get first rate reading matter for the family, good hints on agriculture, a knowledge of the leading topics of the day, and all the most interesting local news. And all for a paltry dollar and a half.

* * * *

MR. EDITOR,—

Dear Sir,—I am now receiving, as chairman of the Committee, for soliciting stock in the Western Counties Steamship Co., very interesting and satisfactory communications from large and responsible companies and firms in London, interested in the importation of cattle, apples and farm products, as well as the opening up of new steamship lines of freighting business in these products of our valley.

They all offer to take stock, and, knowing as they do the promising future for the business, are very desirous of promoting the enterprise.

One of the many suggestions made (and I think a good one) is that the Dominion Government should guarantee to the stockholders, say for five years, a dividend of five per cent on the capital invested. With this and the assurance that the undertaking is a reasonably sound one, I am assured that there would be no difficulty in placing whatever amount of stock the company may elect on the other side of the pond. All they want to know is, if we have cattle, apples and farm products in any quantity, to export. They know they have an unlimited market, at good prices, for all we can spare.

With the limited export business we are doing, had we facilities for *direct* shipments by steamers from Annapolis (as the projected Steamship Co. propose) we would effect, at the least calculation, a saving to our farmers and producers in the valley of the Annapolis alone say:—

$10 per head on cattle—2000 head—	$20,000
50c. per bbl. on apples—50,000 bbls.—	25,000
Total	$45,000

to say nothing of the market it would give them for sheep, wool, eggs, butter, hay, and in fact all farm products as well as fish, fresh and corned, from our Bay Shore and Lower Bay—while at the same time giving the S. S. Co. good paying freights.

D. Tallerman, Esq., manager of the Cold Storage Market, London Co., capital, $500,000, one of the largest receivers of American beef, sheep and apples, in London, under date of Jan. 6th, 1881, writes as follows:

"In reference to the proposed "Steamship Company, if I see that the "undertaking is a reasonably sound "one, and that it will give business to "my company, I might take and place "some shares myself.

APPLES.

"The imports of apples from America and Canada this season have "been large—about 600,000 barrels "thus far. They are a risky line, "owing to their being packed by inexperienced parties.

CATTLE AND SHEEP

"have done well, and English importations are likely to be very high this "Spring."

I trust that our people will get thoroughly awake to the vital importance of the projected line of steamers for transportation of our products to the mother country. Now that a market of such magnitude and promise of remunerative prices has been opened to us, we must at once have suitable piers and warehouse at Annapolis for accomodation of ocean steamers, and protection of cattle, fruit and products.

Having such facilities for exporting our products *would not cost* half the saving they would effect to the farmer in one year's production.

THOS. WHITMAN.
Chairman of Committee.

A Good Thing.

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German Physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in Medicine. It quickly cures Coughs, Colds and all Lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two millions bottles sold annually. Beware of medicines of similar names, lately introduced. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Sample bottle, 10 cents.

COUGHS.—"*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are used with advantage to alleviate COUGHS, SORE THROAT, HOARSENESS and BRONCHIAL AFFECTIONS. For thirty years these Troches have been in use, with annually increasing favor. They are not new and untried, but, having been tested by wide and constant use for nearly an entire generation, they have attained well-merited rank among the few staple remedies of the age.

THE THROAT.—"*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the Throat and Larynx, restoring a healthy tone when relaxed, either from cold or over-exertion of the voice, and produce a clear and distinct enunciation. *Speakers and Singers* find the Troches useful.

A COUGH, COLD, CATARRH OR SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" will almost invariably give relief. Imitations are offered for sale, many of which are injurious. The genuine "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are sold *only in boxes*

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with the excruciating pain of cutting teeth? If so, go at once and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately—depend upon it: there is no mistake about it. There is not a mother on earth who has ever used it who will not tell you at once that it will regulate the bowels, and give rest to the mother, and relief and health to the child, operating like magic. It is perfectly safe to use in all cases, and pleasant to the taste, and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all Medicine Dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Beware of imitations.

St. John Country Market Prices.

Beef, ℔ lb, 3½c. @ 6½c.
Beets, ℔ bbl., 90c. @ $1.00.
Butter, in firkins, ℔ lb 18c. @ 20c.;
Butter, roll, ℔ lb, 23c. @ 25c.
Buckwheat Four, grey, ℔ cwt., $2.00 @ $2.40.
Buckwheat Flour, yellow, ℔ cwt., $1.40 @ $1.50.
Cabbage, ℔ dozen, 70c. @ $1.00.
Carrots, ℔ barrel, 80c. $1.25.
Celery, ℔ dozen heads, 70c. @ 80c.
Cheese, ℔ lb. 9c. @ 10c.
Chickens, ℔ pair, 30c. @ 50c.
Calf Skins, ℔ lb, 10c. @ 12c.
Ducks, ℔ pair, 50c. @ 60c.
Eggs, ℔ doz., 20c. @ 22c.
Geese, each, 45c. @ 55c.
Hams and shoulders, smoked, ℔ lb, 8c. ℔ 12c.
Hog, ℔ lb. 6c. @ 6½c.
Hides, ℔ lb 8½c. @ 9c.
Lamb, ℔ lb, 5c. @ 6c.
Lambskins, each, $1.00 @ $1.20.
Lard, new, ℔ lb, 12c.
Mess Pork, ℔ bbl, $16.00 @ $16.50.
Mutton, ℔ lb, 4c. @ 6c.
Oats, ℔ bus., 48c.
Onions, ℔ bbl., $4.50.
Parsnips, ℔ bbl. $1.00.
Partridge, ℔ pair, 35c. @ 40.
Peas, per bus., 75c.
Potatoes, ℔ bbl., $1.00 @ $1.20.
Socks, ℔ doz., $2.00 @ $2.40.
Turkeys, ℔ lb, 11c. 13c.
Tallow, rough, ℔ lb, 3c. @ 5c.
Tallow, rendered, ℔ lb, 6c. @ 7c.
Turnips, ℔ bbl, 75c. @ $1.00.
Yarn, ℔ lb, 55c. @ 65c.

FISH.

Halibut, ℔ lb, 6c. @ 10c.
Codfish, " " 3c. @ 3½c.
" steak, ℔ lb 6c. @ 8c.
Haddock, " 8c. @ 15c.
Smoked Salmon, ℔ lb, 18c. @ 20c.
Smelt, ℔ lb, 4c.
Finnen Haddies, ℔ lb. 6c.
Mackerel, each, 5c. @ 4c.
Clams, ℔ peck, 15c.
Shelled clams, ℔ qt., 20c.
Fresh Herring, ℔ doz. 6c. @ 10c.
Fresh trout, ℔ lb, 12c.

Farmers' Market Halifax.

Butter, Large packages 20c @ 21c; small tubs or packages retail, 21c @ 22c.
Beef ℔ lb, by the qtr., 4c @ 8c.
Eggs ℔ dozen, wholesale, fresh, 18c @ 20c; pickled, 16c.
Cheese—Domestic ℔ lb, 6c @ 9c; Factory, new 12c @ 13c ℔ lb.
Hams and Bacon ℔ lb. 9c @ 12c.
Hay ℔ ton, $15 @ $16.
Straw ℔ ton, $7.00.
Oats ℔ bushel. 47c @ 50c.
Potatoes ℔ bushel, new, 25c @ 30c.
Pork ℔ lb, 6 @ 7c.
Apples ℔ bbl., Nova Scotia, $1 @ $1.75.
Mutton, by the carcase, 4c @ 6c.
Lamb, by the carcase, 4c @ 5½c.
Veal, by the carcase, 4c @ 6c ℔ lb.
Geese, (dead) 30c @ 60 wholesale.
Turkeys, 9 @ 14.
Green Hides, ℔ lb, 7c.
Tallow, ℔ lb, rough, 4c.
Calf Skins, ℔ lb, 9c @ 11c.
Feathers, goose, 25 @ 35c.
Wool, ℔ lb, 20c @ 25c.
Wool Skins, (lamb) 60c @ 80c.
Fowls, 25c @ 40c.
Ducks, 35 @ 50 wholesale.

SUICIDE BY POISONING.—Shortly before the Dominion line steamer *Quebec* left Portland for this port, it was discovered that the Chief Steward had committed suicide by poisoning.

SERVICES ON SUNDAY NEXT.

Episcopal Church	11 a. m., 7 p. m.
Methodist, "	7 p. m.
Baptist "	11, a. m, 7, p. m
Presbyterian, "	7, p. m.
Roman Catholic Church	4th Sunday of every month.

Marriages.

PERRY—MEDICRAFT.—At Boston, Dec. 27th, 1880, by Rev. Mr. Cook, Mr. Rausford Perry, formerly of Annapolis, to Miss Esteretta Medicraft, daughter of Mr. Robert Medicraft, of Dalhousie, Annapolis County.

LONGMIRE—GOLDSMITH.—On Wednesday, 19th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. F. Beattie, Howard Longmire of Hillburn, Granville, to Miss Edith Annie, daughter of Charles Goldsmith of Annapolis.

Deaths.

TUPPER.—At Kingston, Aylesford, Wednesday morning, 19th inst., Rev. Charles Tupper, D. D., in the 87th year of his age. Dr. Tupper had been in the ministry of the Baptist Churches of the Maritime Provinces upwards of sixty-four years.

RATCHFORD.—At Bridgetown, 18th inst., of old age, Ann, relict of the late Thomas Ratchford, aged 98 years.

New Advertisements.

OPENING FOR 1881
THE MIDDLETON
Drug Store.
IN STOCK.
The New Remedies
Prescriptions Legally Filled.
DENTAL and Toilet Goods, School Books and apparatus, &c., Stationery &c., Fine and Fancy do. Jewelry and Silver Ware warranted Goods.
TERMS CASH, NO CREDIT.
PAYZANT & Co.
Middleton, Jan. 3rd, 1880.

Subscribe for
The Monitor
KEEP YOUR MONEY AT HOME, BY PATRONIZING A LOCAL INDUSTRY, AND STOP TAKING DOLLAR WEEKLIES THAT CONTAIN ONLY GENERAL MATTER, WHILE THE MONITOR LABORS FOR YOUR BENEFIT IN EVERY WAY.
ONLY $1.50 PER YEAR.

APPLES for GREAT BRITAIN.
THE undersigned have arranged with first-class Fruit Brokers in
GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL and LONDON.
And are now prepared to forward produce to the above places.
Weekly quotations furnished on application to
Jack & Bell,
HALIFAX, N.S.

Christmas Cards,
Christmas Cards!
Christmas Cards!!
ALSO—A good assortment of USEFUL and FANCY ARTICLES, suitable for CHRISTMAS and NEW YEARS presents, at
MRS. L. C. WHEELOCK'S,
Dry Goods Store,
LAWRENCETOWN.
Dec. 15th, 1880.

New Advertisements.

Hardware AND Carriage STOCK EMPORIUM,
MIDDLETON,
Annapolis County, N. S.
WE beg to call the attention of
Carriage and Sleigh Builders
to our complete stock of Goods suitable for their use. By late importations, we have in stock:
SLEIGH RUNNERS and RAVES.
LATEST PATTERNS, BASSWOOD PANELS for Sleigh Backs and Dashers, 40x30 and 36x18.
Whitewood Boards,
16 and 18 inches wide, free from KNOTS and CHECKS—WELL SEASONED.
PLUSHES, FELTS, and CORDS for Sleigh-Coverings
AMERICAN MOSS, (XX) CURLED HAIR, (XX), and all UPHOLSTERINGS requisite,
HALF-OVAL NOSING IRON ½, ¾ and ⅞
SLEIGH STEPS, WROUGHT SLEIGH COUPLINGS,
SLEIGH and SLED SHOE STEEL, all sizes.
In fact everything that Sleigh and Carriage Builders use in their trade, will be found in our establishment.
MASURY'S PAINTS and LAKES, ground in Japan expressly for Carriage Builders, and in all the leading colors. TRANSFER ORNAMENTS.
GOLD, SILVER and BRONZE LEAF and BRONZE POWDERS.
We would call the attention of Horse-shoers and Carriage Smiths to our
American Snowball Shoes,
our very superior brand of
HORSE-SHOE IRON,
to the excellent quality of our *Small Rounds and Flats.*
MONEY'S HORSE NAILS, CARRIAGE MALLEABLES.
WROT-CARRIAGE GOODS, &c., &c., &c.
This, with our usual stock of SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE, makes one of the best assorted stocks in the Province.
Wholesale and Retail.
BESSONETT AND WILSON.
Middleton, Annapolis Co. nov.17

CARD.
Dr. E. N. Payzant,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & DENTIST.
Middleton, N. S.

Books, - - Stationery.
Buckley & Allen,
OFFER during the Autumn Season, at low prices a large stock of STAPLE STATIONERY, and School supplies. Fancy Stationery, and Stationers' Sundries. Novelties in Ink Stands and Paper Knives. Special inducements to purchasers of Photograph, Autograph and Scrap Albums. An immense variety of Bibles, Church Services and Prayer Books. All the Seaside, Franklin Square and Standard Libraries. Complete supply of the Poets, large assortment of Miscellaneous and Standard Books. Call and inspect for yourselves, Don't forget the address
BUCKLEY & ALLEN.
124 Granville St., Halifax.

Fall and Winter Clothing!
SPLENDID STOCK JUST IN.
John H. Fisher,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Side Door, Masonic Building, Bridgetown,
BEGS to inform his numerous friends and Customers, that he has but lately returned from Halifax, where he has been selecting one of the largest and most complete stock of cloth that has ever been in this town. And as the foreman of his shop is MR. COLBERT, who always makes a perfect fit, satisfaction is guaranteed.
Bridgetown, Oct. 18th, 1880.

NEW
FALL & WINTER GOODS!
JUST RECEIVED AND OPEN FOR INSPECTION
A CHOICE SELECTION OF
Staple and Fancy Dry Goods!
—IN—
OVERCOATS, REEFERS, READY MADE CLOTHING, CLOTHS, GRAY, WHITE AND PRINTED COTTON, FLANNELS, TWEEDS, WINCEYS, DRESS GOODS AND TRIMMINGS TO MATCH, BLACK LUSTRES, BRILLIANTINES, CASHMERES, LADIES SACKS, ULSTERS, CRAPES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, LADIES' KID MITTS, LADIES' AND GENTS' FUR CAPS, OVER SHOES, SMALL WARES, &c., &c.
IN MILLINERY,
HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, VELVETS, SATINS.
☞ Millinery done at shortest notice.
W. H. Miller.
Middleton, Nov. 25th, 1880. 33tf

SUGARS!
J. & W. F. HARRISON have just received
75 BBLS. GRANULATED SUGAR;
25 BOXES PARIS LUMPS; Redpath's
In store and to arrive by first Steamer from Glasgow and Liverpool:
90 CASKS R. S. Sugar, part very choice quality.
6 CASKS Barbadoes Sugar, bright and dry;
2800 Bbls. Flour principally fresh ground. Favorite Brands. 1300 Bbls. Good R. D. Meal. 150 Bbls. New York and Boston Mess. Pork, which they offer for sale at lowest market rates. St. John, June 30th, 1880.

1000 AGENTS WANTED for Visiting Cards, Books & Novelties. Outfit 35. Big profits. 50 T