CASH WILL APPEASE THE UNITED STATES FOR STEAMER SUNK

"Amount of Damages Only Question," Say Officials.

SANK WITH FLAG FLYING

Chemung, Torpedoed by German Sub, Flew Stars and Stripes to the Last.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Lloyds reports that the American steamship Chemung has been sunk.

The Chemung sailed from New York on November 6 for Genoa and Naples, and stopped at Fayal, Azores, on November 26. She was owned by the Hardy Steamship Company of New York, was built in 1888 at Buffalo and was 327 feet long, of 2,662 tons gross.

CREW ALL SAFE.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The crew of the Chemung has been landed at Valencia by the Spanish steamer Giner, says a Reuter dispatch from Valencia today.

The Chemung was torpedoed near Caneo De Gata, according to the dispatch.

The steamer foundered with the American flag flying. It is added, the captain having formally refused to lower the flag.

The submarine towed the crew to within five miles of the coast, the Valencia advices state, and then abandoned them. At the end of the day they were picked up by the Giner.

WASHINGTON UNCONCERNED.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The official report on the destruction of the American steamer Chemung by a German submarine was received by the state department from the American consul at Valencia, Spain. He said all on board had been landed safely.

The case appears to be similar to the destruction of the American ships William P. Frye and the Leelanaw, both carrying contraband, damages for which are to be awarded by diplomatic negotiations. As there was no loss of life nor apparent violation of Germany's pledges the case is not regarded as alarming.

In the long-argued case of the W. P. Frye Germany agreed that an American ship carrying contraband and sunk because a submarine could not get her into port, should be paid for in full. The amount of damages is thought to be the only subject for negotiations in the present case.

The manifest of the Chemung's cargo filed on date of sailing shows that it consisted mainly of iron and steel products, chemicals, dried fish, wooden staves, etc. Included in the cargo was 5,146 pieces of copper and 200 bales of cotton.

CREW REFUSED TO LOWER FLAG.

PARIS, Nov. 28—(Censored).—A Madrid dispatch by wireless announces the arrival at ——— of the crew of the American steamer Chemung, torpedoed in ——— by a German submarine. The commander gave the crew only a few minutes to abandon the vessel, not allowing them to take even their money and papers.

The submarine towed the lifeboats, in which the crew were placed, to within five miles of the coast, where it abandoned them. The Chemung went down with the Stars and Stripes floating at her mast.

Resist Attack On Flag.

A lively incident preceded the sinking of the vessel. The German commander gave orders that the American flag should be lowered, and German sailors prepared to put them into effect. They met with stubborn resistance on the part of Captain Duffy and his crew, who refused to haul down the colors, saying that if the ship had to be sunk, it would be with the flag flying.

Captain Duffy maintained his ground, and so rapidly were the preparations to sink the Chemung made that further discussion about the flag ceased, and after the captain and crew had been taken abroad the submarine a torpedo and three shells sent against the side of the American ship put her to the bottom.

Although angry at the action of the German commander, Captain Duffy and his men had some measure of satisfaction in seeing the flag at the masthead as the waves finally engulfed their ship.

The Chemung was registered at New York and carried a crew of 24. They found a place in two life boats and after a time on the open sea were picked up by a Spanish steamer, which took them to Valencia. Captain Duffy has made a long report of the incident to the American consul at Valencia, John R. Putnam.

FORMER GREAT LAKES CRAFT.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Chemung, which was built in Buffalo, was a sister ship of the Owego, and both were employed in the Great Lakes trade at one time. They were fitted with triple expansion engines and were the forerunners of the type of vessel, both for the navy and the merchant marine. In the latter eighties they plied between Chicago and Buffalo, making about eighteen knots, which then was considered as setting the record for speed.

IF STRENGTH DECLINES AS AGE ADVANCES FOLLOW THIS SUGGESTION

So many women grow old before their time, perhaps your wife or sister. A little while ago, buoyant, full of vigor and activity—she enjoyed life and imparted pleasure to the whole family; but now in a few short years she has faded and lost color and strength. She is just ready to develop some disease that will further weaken and debilitate. You remember how it began, failure of appetite, tired in the morning, found housework burdensome, always nervous and a little irritable. It's a shame to let her go down hill further when you can build her up so quickly with Ferrozone. The change this nourishing tonic makes in a weak woman is surprising. It gives great zest for food, increases appetite and digestion enormously. The blood gets richer and stronger and adds new life to every organ in the body. A rebuilding process works through the entire system. The first week will show an improvement, and a month or two will fatten up the thinnest, most rundown woman you can think of. Take Ferrozone for lost color, for nervousness, for weakness—use it when rundown and feeling poorly—it will do you more lasting good, keep you in better health, than anything else. Just as good for men and children, too, because Ferrozone is harmless and safe, 50c per box or six for $2.50, at all dealers, or direct by mail from the Catarrhozone Company, Kingston, Ont.

TURN HAIR DARK WITH SAGE TEA

If Mixed with Sulphur It Darkens so Naturally Nobody Can Tell.

The oldtime mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur for darkening grey, streaked and faded hair is grandmother's recipe, and folks are again using it to keep their hair a good, even color, which is quite sensible, as we are living in an age when a youthful appearance is of the greatest advantage.

Nowadays, though, we don't have the troublesome task of gathering the sage and the mussy mixing at home. All drug stores sell the ready-to-use product, improved by the addition of other ingredients, called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound" for about 50 cents a bottle. It is very popular because nobody can discover it has been applied. Simply moisten your comb or a soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the grey hair disappears, but what delights the ladies with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound, is that, besides beautifully darkening the hair after a few applications, it also produces that soft lustre and appearance of abundance which is so attractive. This ready-to-use preparation is a delightful toilet requisite for those who desire a more youthful appearance. It is not intended for the cure mitigation or prevention of disease.

New York Women Win First Round In H. C. of L. Battle

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—New York's campaign to reduce the high cost of living began today in earnest by a boycott on eggs by thousands of housewives. This was followed by a direct appeal by the National Housewives' League to President Wilson for the regulation of the country's food supply, and meetings of federal, state and city officials and investigating committees, as well as various civic organizations, at which resolutions were adopted looking to a speedy readjustment of conditions. Coincidental with the egg, there was a break in the poultry market, the price of turkeys dropping from four to five cents a pound.

Virtually every branch of the municipal government was at work today in an effort to find a solution to the food problem. A statement issued by Israel Fienberg, president of the board of coroners, declared that "the present high cost of living is directly reflected in an increase in the number of suicides, deaths from lack of proper nourishment, and birth control."

EVEN TURKS FLOUT UNITED STATES WITH APPARENT SAFETY

Refuse to Allow Interned Americans to Leave.

OBJECT TO INVESTIGATION

Washington Says Situation Requires 'Delicate Handling,' Diplomacy Being Useless.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Word that the Turkish Government has rescinded its previous agreement to allow several hundred Americans to leave the Turkish Empire via Jaffa, reached the state department today from Ambassador Elkus at Constantinople. The ambassador was informed that the Americans can not be permitted to depart because of military necessity, and that the official who made the previous agreement spoke without authority.

Diplomacy seems to have been exhausted in the situation, and it is not known what action may be taken in an effort to bring Turkey to terms. The practical internment of the Americans is a source of anxiety to their friends and indignation to the Government. It is said to be an unprecedented situation which will require most delicate handling.

The exact number of persons affected cannot be learned owing to the fact that direct communication with shore is not permitted. Many are said to be naturalized Syrians and Armenians, though a number of native American missionaries are known to be included.

The American cruiser Des Moines now at Alexandria, is due shortly at Jaffa, where she had been expected to take on the refugees. It is understood now, however, that officers from the vessel will not even be allowed to land to investigate conditions.

KAISER SAYS PRAYERS AT BIER OF FRANCIS

Talks With Young Imperial Couple at Austrian Capital.

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, via London, Nov. 29.—A Berlin official telegram says that the German Emperor arrived in Vienna in the forenoon yesterday, but left the city in the evening. Owing to a slight cold, the emperor's physicians prevailed upon him to abandon his intention of attending the funeral of Emperor Francis Joseph. The telegram says:

"The German Emperor refused to renounce his duty of bidding farewell, both personally and as supreme lord of the allied German forces to the deceased ruler. The emperor stayed quietly in prayer at the bier of Francis Joseph on which he laid a wreath. The emperor especially requested that no official reception be accorded him. The day was thus devoted quietly to the memory of the deceased, and to a talk with the young imperial couple, with whom the emperor expressed an urgent desire to have a long visit in these earnest days."

DE GIERS MAY HAVE RUSS FOREIGN POST

If Appointed Will Pursue Same Policy as Sazonoff.

[Canadian Press.]

London, Nov. 29.—A semi-official dispatch from Petrograd says that Count Bobrinsky has been removed as minister of agriculture and appointed grand master of the imperial court.

Michael De Giers, Russian ambassador to Rome, will probably be appointed foreign affairs minister in the new Trepoff cabinet, according to a Petrograd dispatch to the Morning Post. The dispatch says that, if appointed, M. Giers will pursue the same policy as that associated with the name of Serius Sazonoff, namely the complete solidarity of Russia and her Allies.

RUMANIANS WRECK RAILWAY TO BLOCK GERMANS' ADVANCE

Confident, Although Foe Is Near Capital.

LOOKING TO RUSSIANS

Hope of Entente Pinned on Sakharoff's Dobrudja Counter-Move.

DESTROY RAILWAY.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—Dispatches from the German armies in Rumania, says an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen, report that the Rumanians have destroyed the railway from Tchernavoda to Bucharest and are burning all the villages and stores of food in the course of their retreat.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—With the forces of the central powers in possession—according to German official reports, which hitherto have proved accurate, with regard to recent events in Rumania—of Curtea de Arges, an important railway terminus 90 miles from Bucharest and Giurgiu, on the railway, 40 miles southwest of the capital, anxiety as to the fate of Bucharest is greatly increased.

Field Marshal von Mackensen's capture of Giurgiu shows that this army has advanced 20 miles in a single day. Further, a Bulgarian official communication claims that the Danube has been crossed near Lom-Palanka and Vidin, and the town of Kalafatu, opposite Vidin, captured.

Nothing is yet admitted by the Rumanians of these enemy advances, but it is assumed that the Rumanians are continuing their orderly retirement toward the line of the Argesiu River. A danger, however, lies in the possibility of this retirement not being effected quickly enough to prevent an attack on their rear flank from von Mackensen's forces at Giurgiu, from which point there is both rail and direct road communication to Bucharest.

Was Rumania Asset?

It is impossible to doubt that the situation is viewed here with the greatest misgivings. The question is being frankly asked whether the accession of Rumania to the Allies' cause has brought strength or weakness, whether Russia has rendered the assistance which might have been expected from her, and whether the Allies might not have shown more initiative in attack from Saloniki; whether the collapse in Rumania is due to any lack of unity in the Allies' plans, or strategy, or whether it is due in large part to Rumania's hasty invasion of Transylvania.

On the other side of the account it has been noted that continued confidence is being displayed in Rumanian military and political circles, where the suggestion that Russia has not rendered all possible aid is warmly repudiated, and the Rumanians appear fully convinced that it will not be long before the great efforts Russia is making will bear effective fruit. They point out that the Germans have failed to secure any great number of prisoners or guns, and that the position of the Rumanian armies in the matter of guns and supplies is daily improving, thanks to the Allies' redoubled efforts.

Forecast Attention on Dobrudja.

In the meantime all eyes are turned to Dobrudja, where it is hoped Lieut.-Gen. Sakharoff, commander of the Rumanian army, may succeed in retrieving the situation by a counter-move against von Mackensen's forces in that quarter, and in the northern frontier passes, where it is hoped the Rumanians will be able to stem the further advance of von Falkenhayn's armies. Should these hopes be realized, it is believed that the Rumanians may be able to make a stand on the Argesiu River, and save their capital.

ITALY SHORT OF COAL; CAN'T PROCURE GAS

[Canadian Press.]

Rome, Nov. 29.—The high price and scarcity of coal threatens to close up the gas companies in Italian cities. This is especially true in Turin where two companies have declared that they will be unable to furnish gas after a few weeks unless England sends coal according to an agreement which they say was made before the renewal of the German submarine campaign.

The gas companies throughout the country also declare that they are being forced into bankruptcy by being compelled to fill contracts made with municipalities before the war. One solution offered is the use of electricity which is relatively cheap for cooking and heating. As a move in this direction Wm. Marconi, the inventor, has just accepted the task of reorganizing the Roman municipal electric plant.

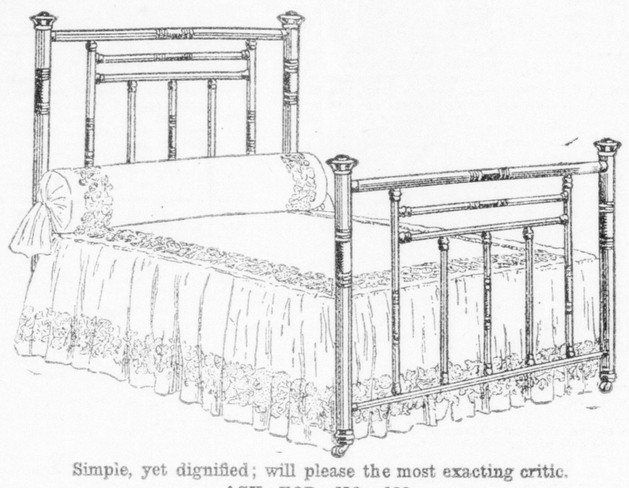
TWO VALUABLE CARGOES.

Fort William, Nov. 29.—The American steamers Charles Hubbard and E. D. Ohl cleared the local harbor today for Buffalo with the most valuable cargo of grain taken out this season. Those vessels carried combined 510,000 bushels of flax, which it is stated sold for about $2.30 per bushel, making their cargoes equivalent in value to over $1,325,000.

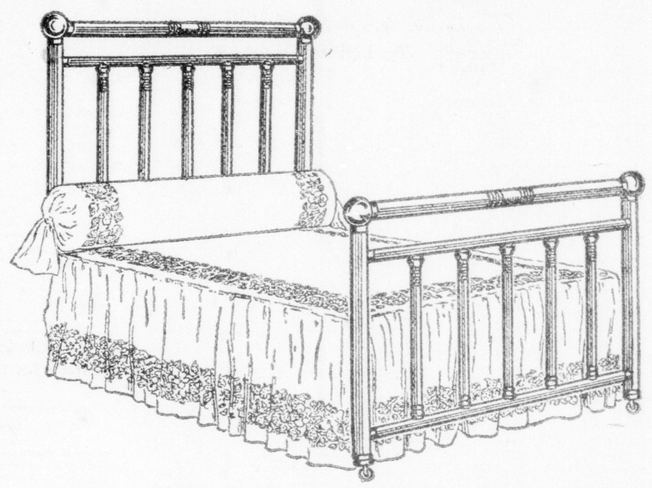
Navigation for the package freighters will close tomorrow, at midnight. Extension of policies may be had to December 11. Out of 1,607,000 bushels shipped today only 184,000 bushels went to Canadian ports.

An Ideal Ribbon-Finish Brass Bed Makes a Practical Christmas Gift

Many husbands and wives will "pool" their Christmas gift money this year and purchase something for the home. What purchase could possibly give more lasting pleasure and comfort than a bed similar to those illustrated below? (5 other designs to choose from). Always purchase an IDEAL Spring for an IDEAL Bed.



Simple, yet dignified; will please the most exacting critic.
ASK FOR NO. 932.



Will harmonize with the best in current bed-chamber furnishings.
ASK FOR NO. 956.

The great charm of IDEAL "Ribbon-Finish" Brass Beds lies in the fact that they are different—and better—than ordinary brass beds. In design and finish they will meet the taste of the most discriminating; in construction and workmanship they are truly "ideal."

You Can See These Brass Beauties Specially Displayed in the Windows and in the Bedding Departments of the Following Furniture Stores This Week.

Smallman & Ingram, Ltd. — DUNDAS STREET
The Ontario Furniture Co. — 230 DUNDAS STREET
The Peoples Outfitting Co. — 240 DUNDAS STREET
John Ferguson's Sons — KING STREET
Smith Furniture Co., Ltd. — 396 DUNDAS STREET (East London)
Wm. Trafford Furniture Co — 129 DUNDAS STREET

TRADE MARK THE GUARANTEED IDEAL LINE REGISTERED

The Ideal Bedding Company, Limited
TORONTO, ONT.

FOR YOUR PROTECTION, LOOK FOR THE IDEAL TRADE MARK.

SEE THE FACTORY EXHIBITION OF IDEAL MATTRESSES AND SPRINGS IN OUR WINDOW ALL NEXT WEEK, SHOWING THE PROCESS OF MANUFACTURE.

The Ontario Furniture Company

226-228-230 DUNDAS STREET. *PHONE 1175*

Ideal Ribbon Beds, Mattresses, Springs and Toy Beds on sale at this store. It's a pleasure for us to show goods at any time. See exhibit in our window.

PEOPLES OUTFITTING COMPANY

240 DUNDAS STREET. *W. D. Thomas & Sons.* *PHONE 5616*

TABLOID NEWS OF CANADA, THE WAR AND THE WORLD

Emil Verhaeren, the Belgian poet, was crushed to death at Rouen while endeavoring to board a train. The French Government has been requested by Senator Marchand to hold a national funeral for Verhaeren. He suggests that his body be placed in the pantheon, there to be held until Belgium is freed.

Frank P. Tinker has been made divisional freight agent of the C. P. R. at Ottawa. He was formerly chief clerk in divisional freight agent's office at St. Johns.

U. S. Government officials claim to have positive information that the evacuation of Chihuahua City, Mexico, by Carranza forces was due to shortage of ammunition.

Phil Morrisey, assistant to the vice-president of the C., B. and Q., and formerly head of the Railway Trainmen's Brotherhood, died at his home in Galesburg, Ill. He was 54 years of age.

Mrs. Mary Feeney of Montreal, was beaten into insensibility and robbed of her jewelry, $20 in money, and a railroad ticket to Montreal, by a man who waited for her in the hallway of the New York home she was visiting.

The militia guard, which has been on duty at the international bridge at Vanceboro, Maine, since the attempt made by Werner Horn, a German, to destroy it, has been withdrawn. C. P. R. detectives will guard the bridge now.

Shots accidentally fired from the British Leyland liner, Scythian, pierced the smokestack of the public health service steamer Neptune, at the mouth of the Mississippi River on Saturday. The American authorities say the shooting was accidental.

The steamer which sent out S. O. S. calls early yesterday off Sable Island was the French steamer Pro Patria which runs between Halifax, Sydney and St. Pierre and Miquelon. She has been refloated. At first it was reported that it was the French liner Amerique, which was stranded.

LARGE STORES OF FRANCE TAXED ON TURNOVERS

All Doing Business in Excess of 2,000,000 Francs Must Pay.

[Canadian Press.]

Paris, Nov. 29.—The Senate, which is debating the income tax bill, has adopted a clause taxing the profits of large stores of which the annual turnover exceeds 2,000,000 francs. The tax is one per cent on profits or turnovers from 2,000,000 to 5,000,000, 2 per cent up to 50,000,000, 3 per cent from 50,000,000 to 100,000,000, 4 per cent from 100,000,000 to 200,000,000, 5 per cent above 200,000,000.

An amendment proposing an all-round tax of 2 per cent was rejected. Minister of Finance Ribot said that this would be hard on the smaller big stores. In this connection he mentioned a certain unnamed store which paid the state 358,000 francs as license fee on a turnover of 232,000,000 francs. Under the new scheme this store would pay 430,000 francs.

OBJECT TO TISZA ATTENDING CROWNING

[Canadian Press.]

Amsterdam, via London, Nov. 29.—A Budapest dispatch to the Cologne Gazette says that the Hungarian opposition is working hard to prevent Premier Tisza from assisting the Hungarian cardinal at the coming coronation of Emperor Charles. The ground of the opposition campaign is that Count Tisza a Protestant. Efforts were made to influence the cardinal, but he declared that the first official in the kingdom could not be pushed into the background at the coronation.

STRIKING MINERS RETURN TO WORK PENDING "PROBE"

Accept Equivalent of Increased Living Cost.

GOVT. ORDERS PROBE

Its Findings Will Be Basis for New Western Coal Field Agreement.

OTTAWA, Nov. 28. — Following the conferences here between the representatives of the Government and the miners' unions, the Fernie district 18 coal strike has been called off. Messrs. Graham and Rees, the men's representatives, this afternoon wired instructions west that the men return to work.

The department of labor's fair wage officer at Calgary, Fred Harrison, will immediately investigate the cost of living at Fernie, B. C., Lethbridge and Calgary, between July 1 and November 22. The miners are willing to accept the equivalent of this increase in lieu of the 25 per cent war bonus which they made as their first demand. After Mr. Harrison reports the matter will be taken up anew with the operators.

Harrison is also to probe the allegations that immediately after each wage increase to the men the local merchants to the same or greater extent advance the price of commodities.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE.

FERNIE, B. C., Nov. 28. — This morning the Fernie coke oven employees laid down their tools in sympathy with the miners who suspended, demanding a war bonus increase proportionate with the increased cost of living.

The residents of Coalhurst thus found themselves without water. The company operating the mines there also controls the water supply system, and without warning it cut off the water to the inhabitants.

HOSPITAL SHIP WAS TORPEDO'S VICTIM

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—The Lloyds report received late today at the state department lists the Braemer Castle as torpedoed. It also reported the torpedoing of the Norwegian steamer Banztead on November 23, and the sinking of the Norwegian steamers Olfjel and Tryn and the British steamers Emlynderne and Jerseyman. Dates were not given.

SPECIAL MISSION TO U. S.

Netherlands Frisco Consul-General Is Ordered to Washington.

[Canadian Press.]

The Hague, Via London, Nov. 29.—H. A. Van Goenen Torchiana, Dutch consul general at San Francisco, who has been here in conference with the Netherlands Government, has been ordered to Washington on a special mission to confer with Secretary of State Lansing. Mr. Van Goenen Torchiana will sail for the United States next Tuesday on the Holland liner Noordam.

STATES WANTS MORE DATA AS TO MARINA

[Canadian Press.]

Berlin, Via London, Nov. 29.—The German foreign office has asked the American embassy for further details as to the place and circumstances of the sinking of the British steamer Marina. It is said that the information offered in the American note of inquiry is insufficient for the purposes of investigation.

Bride of 70 Years Sues Groom of 76 on Plea of Alimony

BRANTFORD, Nov. 28.—With six cases entered, and Hon. Justice Britton presiding, the non-jury supreme court sittings were opened at the courthouse here this morning. An action for alimony was the first case taken up. The plaintiff, Emily H. Smith, over 70 years of age, married to Joseph Smith, her fourth husband, last summer, is now suing for alimony, claiming her husband refuses to support her. Smith is 76 years of age. After six weeks of married life, Mrs. Smith claims he left her with 20 cents and a little charcoal to live on. Smith was ordered to pay $2 a week towards her support.

NOTED DIVINE TO SPEAK.

INGERSOLL, Nov. 28.—The Canadian Club will have as their guest at a luncheon at the Ingersoll Inn Thursday evening, Rev. Bruce Taylor of St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Montreal. His reputation as a speaker has preceded him, and the members of the Canadian Club are anticipating an "intellectual treat. Mr. Taylor will discuss, "A Chaplain at the Front," and doubtless will give considerable first-hand information pertaining to the war.

GEORGE SHIPWAY DEAD.

Pittsburg, Pa., Nov. 29.—George Shipway, statistical secretary of the World's Sunday School Association, is dead at his home in Birmingham, England, according to information received here by H. J. Heinz, chairman of the association. He was one of the most prominent Sunday school workers in Europe.

A "PRINCE" JAILED.

Venice, via Paris, Nov. 29.—An individual calling himself Prince Edward of Bourbon, pretender to the throne of Albania, has been condemned to three years' imprisonment for defrauding hotels in the war zone. He is said to be a gas collector of Milan named Carlo Lorito.