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1ST NEWFOUNDLAND REGIMENT HEADQUARTERS.

S. John's, Oct. 2nd, 1916.

Regimental Order.

By Colonel Sir W. E. Davidson, K. C. M. G., Officer Commanding.

Promotions:

Second Lieut. H. H. Ross to be Lieutenant, with seniority from Sept. 12th, 1916.

Appointments, Army Chaplain's Dept.: Thomas Naugle to be Temporary Chaplain to the Forces, 4th Class, from Aug. 15th, 1916.

Honours and Awards:

The name of No. 295, the late Private J. Fitzgerald, First Newfoundland Regiment, is included in the list of names mentioned for distinguished and gallant services rendered in Gallipoli during the period of Sir Chas. Munro's command of the Mediterranean Expeditionary Force. (Vide the Fourth Supplement of the London Gazette of the 11th July, 1916.)

The gallantry of this Newfoundland soldier is well known to all who live in the Colony. He belonged to the Ambulance Section and laid down his life while binding up the wounds of others under enemy fire outside the trenches at Sulva Bay, on the Gallipoli peninsula, on December 1st, 1915.

J. J. O'GRADY, Captain and Adjutant.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint James F. Blackwood, Esq., and J. A. Winter, Esq., to be members of the Licensing Board; Messrs. Edgar Hynes (Kelligrews), and Frederick G. Rideout (Middle Arm, Green Bay), to be Surveyors of Lumber; Rev. Eric S. Tarrant, to be an additional member of the Church of England Board of Education for the District of St. Anthony; Mr. Wm. H. Batten (Barnesed), to be a member of the Church of England Board of Education for the District of St. Lawrence; in place of Mr. John Greenland, Sr., retired.

Department of the Colonial Secretary, October 3rd, 1916.

If bread is allowed to get too tight before it is put into the oven it will be sour.

Any kind of corn bread or muffins is better if made with sour cream instead of milk.

Instant Relief From Eczema

You can stop that awful itch from eczema and other skin troubles in two seconds.

Seems too good to be true—but it is true, and we prove it.

Just a few drops of the simple, cooling wash, the D. D. D. Prescription for eczema, a new remedy that attracting widespread attention and the itch stops instantly. The first bottle will prove it.

Eczema, Bad Leg, Ring-worm, Salt Rheum, Barber's Itch, Psoriasis, Open Sores and Itching Rash and other skin troubles are caused by myriads of germs at work in the skin. Unless these germs are promptly destroyed they rapidly multiply, gnawing their way deep into the sensitive tissue. This is what causes that awful itch, and what seemed a mere rash may grow worse and develop into a loathsome and torturing skin disease with its years and years of misery.

Don't take any chances! Destroy the germs at the beginning of the trouble with that soothing and cleansing wash, the D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema.

If you have skin trouble of any kind, get a bottle of D. D. D. Prescription to-day. Sold Everywhere.

Reply from Citizens' Committee.

Editor Evening Telegram.

Dear Sir,—The Citizens' Committee has had under consideration the letter of Mayor Gosling to the Daily Star, in which he attempts to place responsibility on the Committee or its members, for the expense incurred by the city in connection with the "Plebiscite Election."

When the matter of the Ward System was debated by the Committee, a considerable difference of opinion was manifested and the debate was adjourned until the next meeting to enable members to consult with citizens generally. At that next meeting it was proposed that the ratifiers decide the matter in June at the election for Mayor and Councillors. This was agreed to by a vote of 24 to 1, the dissenting objecting to the "Ward System" and also to any election for Mayor and Councillors before next year.

The matter of expense came up during the debate, and the Committee was of opinion that the only additional expense would be that entailed by the printing of a third ballot paper, a matter of a few dollars.

The city has now been put to the expense, on the advice of the Board of Commissioners, of some sixteen hundred dollars by reason of the election being held in September. The same would be true of an election next winter. The time was as much a part of the Resolution as the plebiscite itself.

The Committee has deferred eight sections for consideration after the holding of the plebiscite. These sections deal with the method of election. The Committee has not yet discovered how, after the Councillors have been elected, the rest of the "charter" would need to be amended only because the Councillors are elected by any other method than that laid down in those eight sections. On this point the Committee awaits further information from the Mayor.

Thanking you, on behalf of the Committee, for many favours extended to it, I remain, yours truly,

WARWICK SMITH, Sec. Citizens' Com.

Oct. 3rd, 1916.

Your Boys and Girls

Where is the mother of yesterday who understood her boys game of football, who encouraged him in his athletics and who was as enthusiastic as he along those lines? Where also could one find twenty years ago the woman who played tennis with her daughter, taught her to golf and swim as well as sew, and accompanied her to dances, not as a staid chaperon, but as one who enjoyed dancing too?

And yet this type of modern mother exists in hordes to-day. She is no curiosity but a reality, who is gaining the companionship as well as the love of the children she has brought into the world. And who shall say that she has not made of motherhood a more human, a more understanding profession than her dear old fashioned predecessors who rocked the cradle and darned socks?

A Bouquet.

(From the Ottawa Journal.)

Here's a bouquet to the Britshers from New York Life.—

"Take them big and large, the bad with the good, the crooked with the straight, the English seem to have the best claim to be rated the greatest people now on earth. They combine more power with more character, more vigor with more wise compunctions than any other people."

Life has been most friendly ever since the start of the row. All the same, the encomium is suggestive of the impression which the British effort in the war is making upon intelligent outsiders. Before this war, even Life would not have said as much, or anything like it.

The secret of a well-packed trunk is to pack it so closely that nothing can move. If this rule is followed, frocks will not be mussed.

Frave Liebknecht

Cannot be silenced by Prison Terms and Bullets Aimed at Him.

To mention the name of Herr Liebknecht among Germans is to bring down every kind of abuse on the head of the politician who has been described as the "bravest man in Germany."

Liebknecht is a Socialist, and has always been an implacable foe of Prussian militarism, against the dominance of which we are now fighting. Although he may not have a single supporter in the Reichstag, the German Parliament—he never hesitates to trounce the system which is bringing ruin to his country. He has been shouted down and assaulted in the Reichstag, and shot at in the streets of Berlin.

Nothing, however, daunts Liebknecht for he comes of fighting stock. His father, Wilhelm Liebknecht, fought for Babel, the famous Socialist, almost precisely the same battle, during and after the Franco-Prussian War of 1870, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment in a fortress for "treasonable intentions."

Herr Liebknecht himself suffered confinement for 18 months in a fortress for refusing to stop what were regarded as "sedition" speeches. His imprisonment merely resulted in his being returned at the election of 1903 to the Prussian Landtag, one of the parliaments of the countries constituting the German Empire.

A still greater sensation was to come when, in 1912, he was elected to the Reichstag actually for the Prussian royal borough, the Potsdam constituency, where the court and military naturally constituted the greatest social forces.

An excellent speaker, with a temperament full of enthusiasm and fire, highly educated and well read, Liebknecht soon became a leader among Socialists. Although the Socialist Parliamentary group has expelled him from its ranks, his name, therefore, is no doubt that Liebknecht has a tremendous following of sympathizers. These are growing stronger every day as the people recognize what has been insisted on telling them time after time, viz., that Germany is waging not a defensive, but an offensive war, and that all the misery which has been brought to the country is the outcome of Prussian aggrandizement.

It is interesting to note that Liebknecht, like his father, is a passionate internationalist, and three years ago he visited Paris, London, and Brussels, holding forth on the necessity of combating the machinations of militarists in every country and of preserving the world's peace.

Bremen Held by British

Says American Doctor Who Has Returned From The Front—New London Still Awaiting Her Arrival.

Philadelphia, Sept. 25.—The Bremen, the second German merchant submarine, frequently reported on its way to this country from Germany, has been captured by the British and is now held a prisoner in Falmouth Harbor, according to Dr. R. T. McKenzie, physical director of the University of Pennsylvania, who returned to this country to-day after serving all summer as a major in the Medical Corps of the British army.

British officials refuse to admit the capture of the Bremen, Dr. McKenzie added, but the general public is convinced of the truth of the reports now current in every part of England.

The English news first learned of the capture," said Dr. McKenzie, "by the dispatch to Falmouth of several diamond appraisers, whose mission it was to appraise the contents of the \$25,000,000 worth of diamonds which the submarine carried."

The consignment consisted of a great variety of cut and uncut stones. It was reported, destined for several of the large diamond and jewelry firms in this country.

Dr. McKenzie did not see the Bremen, he says, nor did he know of any one who had seen her, so strict was the guard placed about her hiding place in the harbor of Falmouth.

Dr. McKenzie has been absent from the university since May, 1915.

Incandescent Gas Lighting.

The remarkable economy of the incandescent gas lamp is by no means either its chief or its only recommendation in general and universal use. The investigations of acknowledged authorities indicate that for the approximation of artificial daylight the gas mantle has at least one and one-half times the value of the carbon filament electric lamp.

This quality is highly desirable, indeed absolutely essential, where the approximation of daylight color values is important. For lighting shops, displaying haberdashery, suitings, gowns, millinery, etc. the incandescent gas lamp is not even remotely approached by any other incandescent lamp.

Of all the manifold advantages of gas light, perhaps the most important is its favourable effect upon the eyes. The development of the incandescent electric lamp with its intense brilliant and glaring filament has been accompanied by hitherto unheard of prevalences of eye troubles and diseases which are forcing themselves upon the attention of the medical fraternity. This is resulting in a greater appreciation of the soft, mellow quality of gas light and is rapidly enlarging its field of use.—July 23, 1916.

Then They Knew.

George and Ethel were married a few weeks ago, and returned from their honeymoon to a ducky little villa garnished throughout with the usual valuable but useless silverware and jewellery which kind friends shower upon the newly married.

The day after their arrival two tickets for a West End theatre reached them, accompanied by a little, scented note bearing the simple message: "Guess who sent them?" They found it impossible to identify the donor, but nevertheless decided to use them.

At the end of a pleasant evening they returned home to find the place stripped of everything. On the dining-room table lay another little, scented note bearing the legend: "Now you know!"—Answers.

Ships of Gold.

The following figures from the "Shipping World" shows the remarkable increase in the value of ships as instanced by the latest sales:—

Scottish Glens, iron ship, 1,377 tons, sold February, 1916, for about \$3,000, now sold for about \$47,250.

Aldies, steel four-masted barque, 2,492 tons, sold January, 1912, for about \$2,100; war price \$28,750.

Cossack, iron spar deck steamer, 2,222 tons, sold March, 1905, for about \$7,250; war price \$33,500.

Sarpasno, steel single-deck steamer, 1,776 tons, changed hands in October, 1915, at \$38,250; war price \$78,900.—Tit-Bits.

From Cape Race.

Special to Evening Telegram.

CAPE RACE, To-day.

Wind W. S. W., light, weather fine.

The S. S. Cranley passed inward yesterday afternoon and the three-masted schooner reported yesterday was still in sight at dark. Bar. 29.65; ther. 55.

Domestic Tragedies.

France Has a Multitude of "Enoch Arden" Stories.

There is a notable multiplication of domestic dramas of the type familiar through Tennyson's "Enoch Arden" and Balzac's "Colonel Chabert," who, lost on a Napoleon battlefield, returned home to find his wife remarried to a nobleman of the Restoration.

Thus, a Madame D— of Arras was informed at the beginning of the war that her husband had been killed. Hoping to Paris she waits some months, and then married her brother-in-law. The first husband is now on his way back from Germany, where he sees a prisoner.

Charles le Goffic cites other cases in La Liberté. He says: "In a small commune near the Channel two soldiers' wives remarried in this way. The death of their first husbands was registered, and all the papers were in order. But these husbands reappeared one fine morning, both of them with amputated limbs."

"More curious is the tale of the Breton soldier whose arm, cut off by a shell, was found on the battlefield, while the rest of him had disappeared. As the arm carried the identification plate its owner was reported dead. The wife received a certificate to this effect, and was permitted to remarry. The first husband, however, proves to be alive and inclined to insist on his rights."

The most unfortunate of these tragic misadventures was found in Switzerland recently in one of the parties of seriously wounded soldiers returned from Germany. A French visitor stopped before a man whose face was so disfigured as to seem no longer human. He asked if he could do anything for the sufferer, if he could see his family and tell them.

"Useless," was the reply, "He is dead."

The soldier had risen to the heroic delicacy of deciding that, rather than horrify those he loved, he would leave them to believe him dead.

There is a ray of light in this case, for the surgeons hold out a chance of great improvement, and if this is accomplished their patient will give up his name and come to life again. "But perhaps," adds M. le Goffic, "it may be too late."

It is said there are 70,000 French prisoners in Germany who have not been able to communicate with their families. The French law requires ten months of widowhood before re-marriage. The question is being asked whether this delay should not be extended, and Henri Robert, the eminent pleader, is one of those who think that soldiers' wives should not remarry before the end of the war.

Queen Marie of Roumania.

The World's Most Beautiful Queen.

Everybody in Roumania, from the highest to the lowest, has a good word for Queen Marie, the sweet-faced consort of our new Royal Alfy.

A daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh, Queen Victoria's second son, she is more or less, closely connected with most of the Royal families of Europe. Our own King George is her first cousin, and she bears a similar relation to the Tsar of Russia.

It was in 1893 that the young people fell in love with one another, almost at first sight, and after a brief but happy wooing the Crown Prince, as he then was, led her to the altar.

Queen Marie of Roumania.

Princess Marie was only a few months over seventeen when her engagement was announced, and a good many people in England—including Queen Victoria—expressed their disapproval of the idea of such a "mere child," being permitted to wed. But her father, the Duke, who was by the way of being a bit of a family martinet, insisted, and, of course, his word was law.

The girl Queen soon won all hearts in her adopted country. She set herself to learn the Roumanian language. She dined, on gala occasions, the picturesque Roumanian national dress. And when the Roumanian women subscribed a big sum of money to buy her a wedding present, she asked as a personal favor, to be allowed to use it in founding a School of Domestic Economy for Roumanian girls.

There is very little State about the Roumanian Court. Everything is as simple as possible, and the whole social atmosphere of the royal palace at Bucharest exactly resembles that of an ordinary country house in England.

At her beautiful summer home near Sinaita, situated high up in the Carpathian Mountains, Queen Marie is seen at her very best. Here, when indoors she nearly always appears dressed in the quaint national costume, brightly coloured and stiff, with the silver embroidery, which sets off so perfectly her fair type of beauty. Outdoors all sorts of games and sports are indulged in, chiefly for the benefit of her children, for the Queen

Shall It Be? A BONNET for the little one, A FALL HAT for yourself, OR A NICE Embroidered Collar, at 25c., Then buy this week at A. & S. Rodger's

ALWAYS THINK OF Callahan, Glass & Co., Limited, When you require Furniture for your home, as they are the CHEAPEST STORE in St. John's for HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. Every day we are having shipments of Furniture and we were very fortunate in buying at the old prices therefore we can give our patrons goods much cheaper than any other store in the city. CALLAHAN, GLASS & CO., Limited, The Big Furniture Store. THEATRE HILL DUCKWORTH ST.

Queen Marie of Roumania. The World's Most Beautiful Queen. Everybody in Roumania, from the highest to the lowest, has a good word for Queen Marie, the sweet-faced consort of our new Royal Alfy. A daughter of the Duke of Edinburgh, Queen Victoria's second son, she is more or less, closely connected with most of the Royal families of Europe. Our own King George is her first cousin, and she bears a similar relation to the Tsar of Russia. It was in 1893 that the young people fell in love with one another, almost at first sight, and after a brief but happy wooing the Crown Prince, as he then was, led her to the altar. DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS. SMALL KIDNEY DISEASE. BRIGGS'S DIABETES CURE. NUMBER 23 THE PRINCE.

To Trifle With Catarrh Is to Risk Consumption. Usually it comes with a cold. Being slight it is neglected—but the seed is sown for a dangerous harvest, perhaps consumption. To cure at once, inhale Catarrhozone. It destroys the germs of catarrh, clears away mucous, cleanses the passage of the nose and throat. The hacking cough and sneezing cold soon disappear, and health is yours again. Nothing known for colds, catarrh and throat troubles, that is so curative as Catarrhozone. It cures by a new method that never yet failed. The one dollar outfit includes the inhaler and is guaranteed to cure. Smaller sizes 25c. and 50c., sold everywhere. MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.

Fresh Cream—daily. Bishop Sons & Co., Limited, Grocery Department. N. Y. Chicken, N. Y. Corned Beef. BELGIAN HARES KILLED TO ORDER. Stilton Cheese, Gorgonzola Cheese, Cheddar Cheese, McLaren's Cream Cheese, Parmesan Cheese. Vegetable Marrows, Cucumbers, Cauliflower, White Table Onions, Lettuce, Radishes, Celery, Tomatoes, Banzelion, Spinach, Asparagus, Succotash, Pickling Tomatoes. Moirs Slab Cake. Oxford Sausage in Tomato, Wild Boar's Head, Scotch Haggis, English Brawn Sausage, Frankforts Sausage, Veal and Ham Sausage, Pork Sausage, Liver Sausage. AMERICAN BEAUTY BUTTER. Royal Mint Sauce, Red Pepper Sauce, Green Pepper Sauce, Chili Sauce, Lea & Perrin's Sauce, Bananas, Oranges, Table Apples, Grapes, Pineapples, Grape Fruit, Preserving Plums. Abdulla Cigarettes. Abdulla Tobacco. Phone 679.

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