

Sir Richard Cartwright's Reply and Amendment—Ses-sional Siftings.

From our own Correspondent.

business in all sessions

The total revenues for the year ending 30 June 1887, were \$35,754,993, or an increase over the estimate of \$455.

OOO. The estimated expenditure for that year left an anticipated deficit of \$300,000. The actual expenditure only exceeded the estimate \$57,860 and the deficit of \$300,000 has been turned into a second addition to the debt and taxation will work hardship and place us at a disadvantage to the people of the United States besides prejudicing our chances of securing improved commercial relations with the people of that country.

Mr. McLelan is this afternoon replying to Sir Richard. I have given space to the Budget and its critic because it is the most important subject brought up in each session. deficit of \$300,000 has been turned into a surplus of \$97,313.

THE PRESENT FISCAL YEAR. Coming to the operations of the current facal year ending 30 June 1888, the

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The estimates now before Parliament peal to the Minister is given. All grain must be shipped in sacks, bags or barbare been included for mail subsidies or steamship subventions. The amounts for these services and the supplementary estimates yet to be brought down added to the \$35,421,440 will it is \$1,000. thought just about

thought just about balance the revenue of \$36,900,000.

The interest on the public debt, \$10,065,000 shows an increase of \$116,000.

We are in debt in England for temporary accommodation to the extent of £1,000,000.

Sir Charles alluded to the financial

stringency of last summer, the short crops in Ontario, and the bad effect of unusual lowness of water on the lumber industry and said that by economy and prudence Canada would soon recover

prudence Canada would soon recover from the present stringency, and warned merchauts against over importations.

By the withdrawal of the larger deposits from the Sayings Bank the capital account has had to be met out of ordinary revenue and this necessitated the loan of £1,000,000 in England already mentioned and is will be necessary to mentioned, and it will be necessary to make a further loan as soon as the exact

amount required is ascertained.
Sir Charles ended his business state-

A policy of reciprocity would be ungrateful to England.

In conclusion Sir Richard moved an amendment to the motion to go into supply that the net debt of Canada in 1878 was \$140,372,000 in 1888 \$228. OTTAWA, April 31.

The debate on Sir Charles Tupper's Budget speech is in progress in the House of Commons. I will outline the main features of Sir Charles' statement which is the most important item of business in all sessions.

SESSIONAL SIFTINGS By consent the petition against H. H. Cook of East Simcoe has been withdrawn.

or a total estimated revenue of \$36,-900,000.

The estimates now before Parliament peal to the Minister is given. All grain

Nine members have died from this

## TORONTO LETTER.

Hen and a Half Problem He Should go Free.

Sir Charles ended his business statement here, and I will give the salient points of the latter half of his speech.

No tariff changes are to be made, as permanence in the fiscal policy is necessary to induce the investment of capital.

The average duty on United States imports is 47 p. c. as against 282 p. c. in Canada.

The fron duties imposed last year have been generally approved. Confederation has greatly increased inter-provincial trade.

The fisheries treaty has dispelled a dark cloud on our horizon.

A duty on steel rails is not at present advisable.

It is madness and folly to discuss up. It is madness and folly to discuse unrestricted reciprocity as the Americans
would not grant it even if we adopted it.

He made the Americans an unrestricted offer of greater freedom of trade, but
that did not commit him to it as to detrails. their work have been on the ground waiting for the snow to clear away, and that new men big with hope are daily being added to the number. There now appears to be some likelihood of the mineral wealth of Ontario getting its mineral wealth of Ontario getting its six Richard Cartwright said Sir Charles (alk about unrestrieted reciprocity was intolerable rubbiah. Each of the province of the wholesoom alteration in our policy for him. Dealing with the Budget Sir Richard made these points:

The decit for law year, 300,000, had been as a serious of the william Lyon Mackenzie side of the william Lyon Mackenzie side of the william Lyon Mackenzie side of the will be with the Budget Sir Richard made these points:

The decit for law year, 300,000, had been as a serious of the william Lyon Mackenzie side of the will be will be with; certainly the been changed into a surplus of \$97,000 the set our mining lands or mining tands or mi

FROM THE CAPITAL.

The terms of settling the C. P. R., monopoly will add an annual charge of \$525,000 for 50 years, and new demands would be made.

The present govt. have added \$30,000.000 to the taxes laid on the people in direct and indirect ways.

The Badget Speech Brought Down—A Probable Befire of \$1,000,000 for 1880—Str Richard Cartwright's Reply and Amendment—Sessary and Amendment—Sessary and seven and other preliminary matters, and as he is a man who never does things by halves, it is likely that the American capitalists who visit the Exposition will find something like a revelation awaiting them when the Ontario display of minerals is spread before their gaze. Mr Blue is now ready to receive specimens or information bearing on mining from any quarter of the United States.

To conclusion Sir Richard moved and the Province, and those who can assist in Lerdship's Reply—Grand

them nothing. Boom our minerals.

The World has also been giving a series of ably written articles on the dairying industry of Ontario. The rapid development of the cheese and creamery business has been most commendable, yet there is room for much improvement. It is becoming more and more apparent that the farmers of Ontario must let up to a considerable ex-tent on the suicidal system of cropping, and go in more for pasture and dairying. and go in more for pasture and dairying. Wm Clegg, foreman, Robert Acheson, Wheat at its present and prospective price does not and will not pay. The testimony of our leading farmers agree upon that point. It is to the pastures, to the raising of horses and to the making of cheese and batter from the best breeds of milch cows, that our sgriculturists must turn their best energies and most enlightened practice in the immost enlightened practice in the im-mediate future. The creamery business is only in its infancy, but already it has worked a revolution in the butter trade. worked a revolution in the butter trade, aworn, the members of the In this city today the enquiry is mainly arose and M. C. Cameron, Q.C., on

sheese and butter.

matter of discussion in some quarters. Has it reached West yet?

the Ould Sod, and is full of anecdotes of his early days in Tipperary.

The biggest yet of our records in this department occurred the other morning when a cow belonging to our genial host of the Exchange, A McAllister, gave birth to a calf which when born was weighed, and tipped the beam at 109 bs. ed, and tipped the beam at 109 lbs.
Our Leeburn consins can never beat this
record or yet any of the farmers round
about in Ontario. If they can beat it

Congratulating a New Judge-Lordship's Reply-Grand Jary Presentment-Besults of Trials,

GRAND JURY. Wm Clegg, foreman, Robert Acheson

CONGRATULATING JUSTICE MACMARON. rent facel year ending 30 June 1885, the total revenues expected to be realized were \$36,400,000, made up of: Customs, \$22,500,000; Excise, \$6,400,000; Miscollaneous \$7,500,000. Up to date the revenue from Customs has fallen of \$227,000 as compared with last year so that he would not expect more than \$22,000,000 from Customs, and \$36,000,000 from all sources. The expectation of the bar probably be in round numbers \$37,000,000.

THE FISCAL YEAR TO COME.

Taking the fiscal year beginning July lat next he estimated the revenue as follows: Customs \$22,500,000; Excise, \$6,500,000; Exc

the Muskoka farm house in a nice drab color this week.

The farmwork in this section made a beginning in real earnest towards the close of last week, peas being sown on Lorneside farm.

then proceededed to lay down the law of evidence governing each class of crime, in a manner which materially simplified the sifting process for the jurors. After telling them that part of their duty would be to visit the jail, and report upon the manner in which it was Lorneside farm.

PERSONAL. — Our general friend P. O'Mara, from near Benmiller has enjoying a visit here for the last ten days. The old gentlemen has seen the snows of 80 winters, and still is able te answer the notes of the violin in the dances of the Ould Sod, and is full of anecdotes of his early days in Tipperary.

The biggest yet of our records in this department occurred the other morning.

jury room.

The Crown is represented by John King, Q C., of Berlin, a well-known ad-

Court opened at 9.30 a.m., pursuant

After the grand jury had been aworn, the members of the bar

cheese and butter.

I was not in the Queen's Park on Sundar, but those who were, say the attendance was large, and that the religious debaters were there rubbing the rust off their theological weapons. I am always reminded of Mar's Hill when I get an a suting in the Park on Sunday afternoon. I don't mean to say that many or any of the speakers remind me of St. Paul. Yet the disputations and the variety of beliefs unfolded are suggestive of the old. Greek debating ground, albeit the eloquence in many cases has very little of the Attic flavor about it.

The hen and a half problem was a four days' talk here. In fact, it is still a matter of discussion in some quarters.

HIS LORDSHIF'S REPLY

was brief and to the point: If there was any one 'hing of which Canada should be proud it was its judiciary in the past. So far as he was personally concerned, he was in a measure untried in the judicial capacity. He hoped, however, that there were some years of good work yet left to him, and these he would endeavor to devote to the best interests of the Covernment in elevating him to the bench would, after he had been fully tested, be justified by his course. He thanked Mr Cameron and the bar of Huron county for their congratulations and good wishes to him.

THE ADDRESS TO THE GRAND JURY

matter of discussion in some quarters.
Has it reached West yet?

Adam Morse, a negro from Georgia, was arrested here on Monday, on the strength of a despatch charging him with attempted murder. A brutal white conductor amused himself by jabbing Morse's son with a ticket punch, wounding the lad painfully, and the indignant father threashed the conductor so severe the popel, however, that long as was the list of the nature of the crimes. He hoped, however, that long as was the list of the nature of the crimes. He hoped, however, that long as was the list of the nature of the devote themselves with such assiduity and dispatch to their daverage father would under the circum-stances.

The Address To THE GRAND JURY was the next order of business, and his lordship lost no time in giving the members of that august body, pointers to govern their cooduct: The list was a rather formidable one, not only because of the number of the cases, but on as count of the nature of the crimes. He hoped, however, that long as was the list of the average father would under the circum-stances.

Dunlop.

THE ADDRESS TO THE GRAND JURY was the next order of business, and his lordship lost no time in giving the members of the august body, pointers to govern their cooduct: The list was a rather formidable one, not only because of the other two are iname. Of the four females two are vagrants, both under sentence. The remaining three are iname. Of the court will hand high way robbery.

The Cambers of the august body, pointers to govern their counter the counter two are iname. Of the true sentence; the other two are iname. The flat was a restence; the other two are iname. The flat was a restence; the other two are iname. Of the sentence; the other two are iname. The flat was a restence; the other two are iname. The flat was a restence; the other two are iname. Of the sentence is two four females two are vagrants, both under sentence.

The Cambers of the business, and his two are sentence. The other two are iname. Of the sentence is two four fem in his possession, is under sentence; two for larceny, both under sentence; W. CLEGG, Foreman. Grand Jury Room, Goderich, May 3rd, 1888.

o adjournment.

FOURTH DAY.

JUDGE S REPLY.

Subgrand Serell.

Mr Foreman and gestlemen of the grand jury—It is unfortunate that as many inane people are confined in our is alls, as it was never intended that jails should be for the keep of insane persons. The Government has been endeavoring to provide accommodation for the insane, but owing to the fact that from some coase insanity has greatly increased during the provide accommodation have not been successful. The necessary medical and other attention cannot be had by insane persons in jail, and as a result their chances of recovery are lossened. In a short time the asylum at Orillia will be overcome. The Government attach to the kind congratulations that you, and have only to say, as I tail to the members of the bar, that I hope as years to be the will commodation for the unfortunates of our province in this respect. With regard to the kind congratulations that you, and have only to say, as I tail to the members of the bar, that I hope as years to be the will be overcoment access in the well as on the part of defendant, James Lentono, jr., for perjury. Oaler, Q.C., counsel for deft., moved that the trial of this indictinent be postponed on the part of defendant. His lord when the defendant, James Lentono, jr., for perjury. Oaler, Q.C., counsel for deft., moved that the trial of this indictinent be postponed on the part of defendant. His lord when defendant to enter into his recognition to the transmit desired the defendant to enter into his recognition to the province of the bar, for the manner in which you have exercised your powers, and now fit also provinced the province of the province of the part of the province of the province of the province of the province of the part of the province of the provi Foreman and gentlemen of the

sance for \$500, with two sureties of \$250 each. Defendent, James Lennon, ir., entered into his own recognizance for \$500, James Walson into his for \$250, and James Lennon, sr., into his for \$250, that the defendent, James Lennon, ir., will appear and try his traverse on this indictment at the next sittings of the High Court of Justice for the trial of cruninal causes for this county.

Court opened at 9.30 am, pursuant to adjournment.

Wilson v. Messett—Action on a promissory note. Oa'er, Q.C., for piff.
Cameron, Q.C., and Campion and Hastings for deft. Jury retired at 4.40 p.m., in charge of John Reid, and reurned at 5.30 p.m., with a verdict for defendant.
Cameron for defendant, moved for judgment on the verdict, and his lordship ordered that judgment be entered for the defendant with full costs of sait.

Killam v. McBride—Action on promissory note. Garrow & Proudfoot for plaintiff; Best for defendant. Verdict by consent for plaintiff for \$455.93, with full costs of suit. Judgment entered accordingly.

The Queen v. Joshua F. Baer—The grand jury came into court with a true full costs of suit. Judgment entered accordingly.

The Queen v. Charles Meyers—The grand jury came into court with a true full costs of suit. Judgment entered accordingly.

SECOND DAY.

accordingly.

Carnochan v. White—This was an action where a parent, a farmer who owns 200 acres of land in the township of Grey, brought suit to recover damages against deft. for the seduction of his daughter. The girl was allowed to work out by her father, and was asdued by her employer, White, who was a saw miller, in the township of Grey. White is a married man. Garrow & Proudfoot for plff; Wade for deft. Verdict by consent for \$500 and costs.

Golding v. Murrav—Action to construe a bill of sale and determine an active and the property of the country of t

for plff; Wade for deft. Vardict by consent for \$500 and costs.

Golding v. Murray—Action to construe a bill of sale and determine an account between plaintiff and defendant.

in the discharge of his duty.

The Queen v. Neil Murray—The grand Court opened at 9 30 am pursuant to Collins for plaintiff and defendant. Judgment was entered for defendant and full costs.

The Queen v. Neil Murray—The grand fory came into court with a true bill against Neil Murray for an assault on Charles Smith and on John Henry Robertson, constabler, in discharge of duty. Neil Murray on being called, did not answer, Mr King, crown counsel, moved for a bench warrant against him. The Court opened at 9 30 a.m., pursuant

warrant was accordingly issued.

The Queen v. Loftus E. Dancey.— Gibbons v. Clark—Action to set aside a conveyance as fraudient. Garrow & true bill against Loftus E. Dancey for Proudfoot for plaintiff; Cameron, Q.O., and Hastings for defendant. Judgment

reserved.

Lambertus v. Dalton—Action for negligently setting out a fire in the township of Ashfield. Cameron & Holt for piff; Garrow & Proudfoot for deft. By consent of counsel all matters in dispute referred to James Somerville, of Lucknow, with power to finally determine matters in dispute and costs of suit and reference.

FOURTH DAY.

deft moved that the trial of this indictment be postponed until the next sitting of this court on the ground of unavoidable absence of deft. His lordship ordered it to be so traversed.

The Queen v. John Erwin.—The duty.

The Queen v. John Hannon.—The grand jury came into court with no bill action.

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The Queen v. John Hannon.—The grand jury came into court with no bill actions to the ground of this court on the ground of this court of the ground of this court of the ground of this court on the ground of this court of the grand of this court of the grand of this court of the gr

grand jury came into court with no bill in four cases against defendant for per-Court opened at 9.30 pursuant to adjury.

The jurors for our Sovereign Lady the Queen beg leave to present: That they have examined the jai and find it clean, and the prisoners had no complaints. At present there are thirteen prisoners in the jail, nine males and four females. Of the nine males one is charged with forgery and is awaiting trial; one for having a still and worm in his possession, is under sentence; man-The grand jury came into court with no bill against the defendant for

The Queen v. Thomas C. Edmonds—
The grand jury came into court with
three true bills against the prisoner,
Thes C. Elmonds for forgery, and two
true bills against the prisoner for em-

Dungannon.

Rev D. G. Cameron is attending the