

# MORE CANADIANS GO TO FIRING LINE

## THIRD CANADIAN DIVISION TO BE PLACED IMMEDIATELY ON THE FIRING LINE IN FRANCE

The Corps Now Under Command of General Mercer Will Be Reinforced to a Full Division from the Canadians Now in England and Go to the Front.

HERE ARE NOW 60,000 CANADIANS IN TRAINING IN ENGLAND, BUT ALL WILL BE NEEDED AS RESERVES

The Reinforcement Requirements of Three Divisions Will Be Large, and Recruiting Will Have to Be Kept Up in the Dominion to Supply the Necessary Men.

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—It is officially intimated that a third Canadian division is being tendered to Great Britain by the Canadian government, confirming rumors to that effect which were cable from England last week. This will not entail the organization and enlistment of 25,000 men approximately required for the new division, as they are already enrolled and overseas.

The nucleus of the new division is comprised by the corps troops, an organization of ten thousand men over and above the first and second divisions now at the front, and commanded by Brigadier General Mercer. The balance of the division will be selected from the troops at the training depots in England, who number about 60,000. In addition, there are 35,000 men under arms in Canada, while the daily reports indicate how speedily new regiments are being volunteered. The reinforcement requirements of approximately eight thousand men on the firing line will be large, but the present authorization is a quarter of a million, and there will be no let-up in the recruiting until that total shall have been attained.

One Commander for Western Front. London, Nov. 23.—The advisability of placing the French and British forces on the western front under one commander will be raised in the House of Commons tomorrow by Sir George Scott Robertson.

Sir George has given notice that he will ask Premier Asquith whether consideration has been given to the advantage which might be obtained by placing all the land forces of the British and French under one supreme individual commander, as would be the case if the British and French grand fleets were operating together.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Macomber of Atlas, Mich., are five generations of Mrs. Macomber's family: her mother, daughter, granddaughter, and great-grandson. Mrs. Macomber's mother is 83 years old, and her great-grandson 7 months.

### Say German Kaiser

#### Will Make Peace Offer

London, Nov. 23.—A despatch to the Pall Mall Gazette from Rome says there is a declaration to be undoubted foundation for the report that Emperor Wilhelm will make an open offer of peace through President Wilson after the Emperor's coming state entry into Constantinople.

### WHAT TO DO TO GET FAT AND INCREASE WEIGHT

The Real Cause of Thinness.

Most people eat from four to six pounds of good solid fat-making food every day, and still do not increase in weight one ounce, while on the other hand many of the plump, chunky folks eat very lightly and keep gaining all the time. It's all bosh to say that this is the nature of the individual. It isn't Nature's way at all.

Most thin people stay thin because their powers of assimilation are defective. They absorb just enough of the food they eat to maintain life and a semblance of health and strength. Stuffed won't help them. A dozen meals a day won't make them gain a single "stay there" pound. All the fat-producing elements of their food just stay there in the intestines until they pass from the body as waste. What such people need is something that will prepare these fatty food elements so that their blood can absorb them and deposit them all about the body—something, too, that will multiply their red blood corpuscles and increase their blood's carrying power.

For such a condition it is well to recommend eating a Sargol tablet with every meal. Sargol is not, as some believe, a patented drug, but is simply a careful combination of six of the most effective and powerful assimilative and flesh-building elements known to chemistry. It is absolutely effortless, yet has been wonderfully effective and a single tablet eaten with each meal often, according to reports of users, has the effect of increasing the weight of a thin man or woman from three to five pounds a week. Sargol is sold by all good druggists every where on a positive guarantee of weight increase or money back.

### Canadian Casualty List

Ottawa, Nov. 23.—Eighteen more members of the Canadian army corps went down with the British hospital ship Anglia when she struck a mine and foundered in the English Channel, according to casualty lists issued from the British Department of War. Previous lists have given the names of four who perished in this manner, bringing the total announced to date to twenty-two.

Included in the list are two members of the 26th Battalion, Private John Leggett, reported to friends during the day and Private Robert Black of Latta, Ont., who is not on the original roll of the 26th, but may have joined with a draft.

Monty A. Cameron, St. Stephen, N. B., is reported killed in action with the 15th Battalion.

Among the lost on the Anglia is Major George Janin, city engineer of Montreal, and one of the foremost men of his profession in the world.

#### 9 P. M. LIST.

##### SECOND BATTALION.

George Curson, believed drowned ex-hospital ship Anglia, Nov. 17, England.

##### Killed in Action.

Ernest Beverley Boswell, Toronto Tenth Battalion.

##### Accidentally Wounded.

Frank O. Braith, Midland, Ont., Eleventh Battalion.

##### Suffering from Cerebro Spinal Meningitis.

James T. Wilson, Scotland, Eighteenth Battalion.

##### Missing.

Trueman P. C. J., England, Nineteenth Battalion.

##### Slightly Wounded.

Stanley Semereds, Russia, Nineteenth Battalion.

##### Wounded.

John W. Buchanan, Scotland; V. H. Dawkins, England.

##### Wounded and Suffering from Concussion.

William L. Murray, Scotland, Twentieth Battalion.

##### Killed in Action.

Thomas Whyte, St. Catharines, Ont., Twenty-first Battalion.

##### Wounded.

John Cady, Indiana, Twenty-second Battalion.

##### Missing.

Leonidas Joly, Vancouver, Que., Twenty-second Battalion.

##### THIRD BATTALION.

John McKenna, believed drowned ex-hospital ship Anglia, Nov. 17, Scotland.

##### Wounded.

V. A. J. Bowyer, North Harbor, N. S., Twenty-sixth Battalion.

##### Missing.

Private John R. Leggett, believed drowned ex-hospital ship Anglia, 78 Brussels Street, St. John, N. B., Twenty-ninth Battalion.

##### Missing.

Robert H. Allen, believed drowned ex-hospital ship Anglia, England.

##### MIDNIGHT LIST.

##### FIRST BATTALION.

Sergt. Dalton McMaster, Windsor, Ont., Missing, Believed Drowned ex-Hospital Ship Anglia, Nov. 17.

Lance Corporal Archie R. McDonald, Glen Roy, Ont., Missing.

##### SECOND BATTALION.

Wm. J. M. Kennedy, Toronto; Augustus Gladstone Long, Ottawa, Missing, Believed Drowned ex-Hospital Ship Anglia.

Wm. A. Steers, Port William, Ont., Wounded.

Edward Cottinham, Swansea, Ont., Wounded.

##### SEVENTH BATTALION.

Francis Daniels, Revelstoke, B. C., Missing, Believed Drowned ex-Hospital Ship Anglia.

Wm. Robert Cann, no particulars.

##### SIXTEENTH BATTALION.

Corporal Robert Shaw, Scotland, Missing, Believed Drowned ex-Hospital Ship Anglia.

##### FIFTEENTH BATTALION.

Morton A. Cameron, St. Stephen, N. B., Killed in Action.

##### EIGHTEENTH BATTALION.

B. A. Rucker, Richmond, Va., Seriously Wounded.

Slightly Wounded.

Corporal Sam Harold Leslie Tooke, Paisley, Ont., Missing, Believed Drowned ex-Hospital Ship Anglia.

George E. Knight, London, Ont., Wounded.

##### NINETEENTH BATTALION.

Wm. H. Blackthorn, Hamilton, Ont.; Christopher Danby, Hamilton, Ont.; Charles Harold Bible, San Antonio, Texas.

##### THIRTEENTH BATTALION.

Fred Richard, St. John, Que.; Antonio Courtmanche, Montreal.

##### Wounded Slightly.

S. Barribeau, Trois Rivières, Que., Twenty-fourth Battalion.

##### Died of Wounds.

Ralph C. W. Harris, England, Twenty-fifth Battalion.

##### Wounded.

Edward Cameron, Sydney, C. B.; Cyril McDonald, 51 Brookland Street, Sydney, N. S., Twenty-sixth Battalion.

##### Officially Reported Missing, Believed Drowned ex Hospital Ship Anglia.

Robert Black, Latta, Ont., Twenty-seventh Battalion.

##### Wounded.

James Fraser, Winnipeg; Ben Muir, England.

##### Drowned at Dover.

William A. Ross, Hamilton, Ont., Died of Wounds.

##### THIRTY-NINTH BATTALION.

Sidney W. Laidman, Bimbrook, Ont., Fortieth Battalion.

##### Previously Reported Admitted to Hospital Ship Anglia.

Sapper Joe Spinks, Toronto, Canadian Divisional Signal Company.

##### Missing, Believed Drowned ex Hospital Ship Anglia.

Driver Henry James Nicholson, Montreal.

##### CHURCH UNION ON THE NORTH SHORE

Presbyterian Congregations at Three Places Almost a Unit Against Scheme.

Newcastle, Nov. 21.—The vote on church union in the Presbyterian congregations of Redbank, Whitnerville and Halcob, Rev. J. F. McCurdy, pastor, is as follows:

For Against

Session . . . . . 0 8

Communicants . . . . . 2 98

Adherents . . . . . 8 129

Total . . . . . 6 232

In a recent case in Missouri, where the husband, a travelling salesman, had stored his car in a garage, leaving instructions not to let his wife use it, the court ordered the garage owner to release the car whenever the wife desired its use.

### Wealth of British Empire

Is \$130,000,000,000

London, Nov. 23.—At a rough estimate, the capital wealth of the British Empire is £26,000,000,000 (\$130,000,000,000) sterling, and its yearly income £4,000,000,000 (\$20,000,000,000). Reginald McKenna, Chancellor of the Exchequer, told an enquirer in the House of Commons today.

### OTTY THORNE IS HELD FOR TRIAL

Otty Thorne, who was held a prisoner in the county jail at Gagetown in connection with the death of Stanley Akerley and who yesterday morning was given a preliminary hearing before Stipendiary Rainsford Coos at the Narrows, was remanded to jail, and the next hearing in his case will come up in two or three weeks' time. The prisoner asked to be tried under the Speedy Trials Act.

After the hearing, which was concluded about 11 o'clock in the morning, Thorne was taken to Gagetown in charge of Sheriff Williams.

One of the chief witnesses in the hearing was Dr. Fraser, who testified that the wound found in the head, which undoubtedly caused death, was the result of a shot from a gun. Other evidence in the case brought out that the deceased left his house with a gun and three charges and that these charges were found on his person when the body was found.

It was brought out that the prisoner left his house with a 32 Winchester rifle and some shot. Dr. Fraser, when testifying, said he could not tell from the wound in the man's head what size shot had caused the death wound.

Lizzie Akerley and Albert Akerley, children of the deceased, aged 14 and 10 years respectively, testified that they were working in the vicinity of their home and were going for water, when they heard a shot fired from a rifle. This, they said, was about 20 minutes after their father had left his home and the sound of the shot, they said, came from the direction in which the deceased's body was found.

Handford Vail, another witness, who was called to testify, said that Thorne came into his house with a rifle in his hand and told that he had fired at a deer and that it had tumbled but he did not know whether or not he had killed it. He wanted Stanley Deware, cousin of Mr. Vail, to go out with him but the latter refused to go.

Other witnesses at the hearing were Mrs. Akerley, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Clark and Burton Clark, but their evidence was not of a very important nature.

The prisoner had no counsel representing him in the court at the hearing and when at the conclusion of the evidence he was asked if he had any thing to say in his defence he replied that he had not. He was then taken in charge and immediately returned to jail in Gagetown, where he will remain until his case comes up for a further hearing before a county court judge.

It doesn't cost half as much to live as it does to make a good impression on your neighbors.

General Smuts Asks for Adequate Expedition to Thoroughly Perform Work.

Cape Town, Union of South Africa, Nov. 23.—"It is the clear duty of the Union to make the territory throughout southern Africa inviolate against designs contemplated in the idea of a greater Germany," said General J. C. Smuts, commander of the expedition against German East Africa, in a speech delivered in Cape Town in connection with the recruiting campaign.

General Smuts emphasized the necessity of putting into the field an adequate expedition against German East Africa, in order to complete the work of driving the German flag from South Africa. The General added that South Africa was not protected against "the designs or advocates of a greater Germany" by a Monroe Doctrine as in America, or by distance as in Australia.

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## WAR LOAN

### DOMINION OF CANADA

ISSUE OF \$50,000,000 5% BONDS MATURING 1st DEC., 1925

REPAYABLE AT PAR AT

OTTAWA, HALIFAX, ST. JOHN, CHARLOTTETOWN, MONTREAL, TORONTO, WINNIPEG, REGINA, CALGARY, VICTORIA.

INTEREST PAYABLE HALF-YEARLY—1st JUNE, 1st DECEMBER.

ISSUE PRICE 97½

A FULL HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST WILL BE PAID ON 1st JUNE, 1916.

THE PROCEEDS OF THE LOAN WILL BE USED FOR WAR PURPOSES ONLY.

In the event of future issues (other than issues made abroad) being made by the Government, for the purpose of carrying on the war, bonds of this issue will be accepted at the issue price, 97½, plus accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash for the purpose of subscriptions to such issues.

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE offers herewith on behalf of the Government the above named Bonds for subscription at 97½ payable as follows,—

10 per cent on application.
7½ " " 3rd January, 1916,
20 " " 1st February, 1916,
20 " " 1st March, 1916,
20 " " 1st April, 1916,
20 " " 1st May, 1916.

The instalments may be paid in full on and after the 3rd day of January, 1916, under discount at the rate of four per cent per annum. All payments are to be made to a chartered bank for the credit of the Minister of Finance. Failure to pay any instalment when due will render previous payments liable to forfeiture and the allotment to cancellation.

Applications, accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent of the amount subscribed, must be forwarded through the medium of a chartered bank. The bank will issue a provisional receipt.

This loan is authorized under Act of the Parliament of Canada and both principal and interest will be a charge upon the Consolidated Revenue Fund.

Forms of application may be obtained from any branch of any chartered bank in Canada, and at the office of any Assistant Receiver General in Canada.

Subscriptions must be for even hundreds of dollars.

In case of partial allotments the surplus deposit will be applied towards payment of the amount due on the January instalment.

Scrip certificates payable to bearer will be issued, after allotment, in exchange for the provisional receipts.

When the scrip certificates have been paid in full and payment endorsed thereon by the bank receiving the money, they may be exchanged for bonds with coupons attached, payable to bearer or registered as to principal, or for fully registered bonds without coupons.

Delivery of scrip certificates and of bonds will be made through the chartered banks.

The interest on the fully registered bonds will be paid by cheque, which will be remitted by post. Interest on bonds with coupons will be paid on surrender of coupons. Both cheques and coupons will be payable free of exchange at any branch of any chartered bank in Canada.

Holders of fully registered bonds without coupons will have the right to convert into bonds with coupons, payable to bearer or registered, without payment of any fee, and holders of bonds with coupons will have the right to convert, without fee, into fully registered bonds without coupons at any time on application in writing to the Minister of Finance.

The issue will be exempt from taxes—including any income tax—imposed in pursuance of legislation enacted by the Parliament of Canada.

The bonds with coupons will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000. Fully registered bonds without coupons will be issued in denominations of \$1,000, \$5,000 or any authorized multiple of \$5,000.

Application will be made in due course for the listing of the issue on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges.

The loan will be repaid at maturity at par at the office of the Minister of Finance and Receiver General at Ottawa, or at the office of the Assistant Receiver General at Halifax, St. John, Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary or Victoria.

The books of the loan will be kept at the Department of Finance, Ottawa.

Recognized bond and stock brokers will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent on allotments made in respect of applications which bear their stamp.

Subscription Lists will close on or before 30th November, 1915.

Finance Department, Ottawa, 22nd November, 1915.

## HAVE 4,000,000 BRITISH READY NEXT MARCH

How Lord Kitchener Impressed the King of Greece and His Advisers.

6,000,000 RUSSIANS WILL BE EQUIPPED

War Cannot End But in the Complete Defeat of German Powers, He Said.

Paris, Nov. 23.—Earl Kitchener, the British Secretary of War, in conversation with Greek officials in his recent visit to Athens, is reported to have declared that England will have, by next March, 4,000,000 soldiers under arms, and will be in a position to arm and provision 6,000,000 Russians, and that consequently it would show great stupidity to think the war could end otherwise than in complete defeat for Germany.

This information is contained in an Athens despatch to the Havas Agency, which adds that Lord Kitchener admitted that the declaration of war found the Entente Powers insufficiently prepared for a long campaign, but said that the Allies had known how to utilize the time that has since elapsed to complete their military preparations.

## DRIVE HUN FLAG FROM AFRICA

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