

# The Waterdown Review

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WATERDOWN, ONTARIO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1919

NO. 26.

W. F. MORGAN-DEAN

G. R. HARRIS

## WE WILL BUY OR SELL VICTORY LOAN BONDS

Large or Small Amounts—Fully Paid or Partly Paid  
Consult Us Before Buying or Selling

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## A SPLENDID BLACK TEA

Comes from the home of the Tea plant  
A full flavored Tea of excellent quality  
**48c a lb.**  
47c a lb. in 5 lb. lots

**Eager's Department Store**

## Real Bargains

One Day Only. Saturday Nov. 8th

25c 1-lb. cans Violet Talcum	13c
35c Peroxide Vanishing Cream	23c
65c Peroxide Vanishing Cream	39c
25c Stewart's Tooth Powder	17c
25c Hydrogen Peroxide	15c
20c Asperin Tablets 13c a doz. 2 doz	25c
40c 1/2 pint Stafford's Best Ink	28c
65c 1 pint Stafford's Best Ink	49c
3 for 5c Wax Candles	4 for 5c
10c bottle Sewing Machine Oil	6c
50c Gin Pills	38c
50c Williams Pink Pills	33c
50c Fruitatives	33c
\$1 Cod Liver Oil Preparation	69c
Large bottle Russian Oil	49c
70c Neilson's Chocolate Cherry Fruit	54c
50c Neilson's Chocolate Pattie Krisp	39c
60c Neilson's Rose Buds	45c
60c Neilson's Chocolate Marshmellow	49c
5c Neilson's Chocolate Bars	6 for 25c
5c Spearmint Gum	3 for 10c

**W. H. CUMMINS**

Druggist & Stationer

Phone 152

Waterdown

## A Touching Tribute

English Children Decorate Graves of Canadians.

The following excerpts are taken from the Hythe Reporter's account of the English school children's tribute to the Canadians buried in Shorncliffe Cemetery:—

With the passing of the years and the rising of a generation which knows nothing of the horrors of war, it may be that the loving enthusiasm of the children to take the part of laying floral tributes on the graves of the Canadians in Shorncliffe Cemetery will gradually diminish; but so far as the picturesque and moving ceremony on Wednesday afternoon was concerned there was no noticeable difference. The day was perfect, and a prettier or more touching picture has seldom been presented than the one of the serried ranks of the little ones, each carrying their posy and surrounded by a Guard of Honor from the Machine Gun Corps, Royal Irish Regiment, 8th (K.R.I.) Hussars, and Canadian Forces, whilst away on the overlooking hill were grouped the mothers and fathers, sisters and brothers, and also including many in hospital blue. Among those who attracted attention were the Canadian nurses. In the centre of the square was a distinguished party which included Sir Stephen Penfold (Mayor of Folkestone) in his robes and chain of office, with his attendant Town Sergeant (W. Chadwick), the Rev. H. D. and Mrs. Dale (Hythe), Ald R. Price (Hythe Town Council), the Mayor (Cr. W. R. Co-bay) being unfortunately unable to be present; Maj.-Gen. E. M. Perceval, C.B., D.S.O.; Col. W. A. Scott, C.A. M.C., Mr. Waite, representing the Folkestone Water Company, Mr. W. E. Cross, the Amusement Association, Mr. G. Osborne, the Rowing Club, and Mr. Knott on behalf of Sir Philip Sassoon, M.P. There were also many staff officers, and a considerable number of Canadian officers.

The excellent band of the 8th Hussars under Bandmaster Cheeseman, played the following selections while the children were assembling: "Symphonie March of the London Scottish," "O Canada," and the incidental music from "The Merchant of Venice."

The ceremony followed the general lines of previous years. Led by the band of the 8th (K.R.I.) Hussars, under Bandmaster Cheeseman, it began with the singing of "The Maple Leaf." Then came a short address from Sir Stephen Penfold, who said this was the third time he had had the privilege of addressing to them a few words on the subject for which they had assembled that afternoon. The first and second years, as they knew, they were fully engaged in one of the most terrible wars the world had ever seen. Thank God they might say there was every prospect that peace was in sight, and he hoped that before another week the treaty would be signed. They were all very thankful that this terrible bloodshed had ceased, but they were not here to-day to pay a tribute of respect to the memory of those brave men who left their home and country to help the Empire in its great battle for justice and righteousness. It was rather interesting to know that after the first celebration they had there, a lady from British Columbia sent him some seeds for his children to plant in their gardens that they might lay some of the flowers on these graves. Some of the seeds had been planted there and some of the flowers had been brought. He thought this was very touching, and it must be a solace to the men of Canada who had now gone back to their own country to know that the memory of their dear ones left here was being respected. The mausoleum also reminded them of those Belgians who were driven from their country and whose cause they espoused as their own, and to whose memory they were also paying this tribute. In conclusion, he said how glad he was to see the children had come in such numbers to pay their tribute of respect.

The Rev. H. D. Dale said they might be sure their French friends did not forget to lay flowers on the graves of the brave soldiers who were buried "over there." They did not forget that they shed their blood for France as well as for Britain, and their dear brothers from Canada had done the same for the Old Country and for the cause of justice.

Maj.-Gen. H. M. Perceval said he should like them to know he had ordered no parade that day, but officers, N.C.O.'s and men had come there of their own accord.

Col. Scott said they had come there to-day to decorate the graves of the Canadians who laid in that beautiful place. The most touching and moving spectacle showed, in a striking manner, the feelings they had towards them, and the respect they paid to those who had fallen in the cause of justice and freedom.

When the people of Canada knew what they were doing there to-day, they would be profoundly moved. These men heard the call to duty and answered, and laid down their lives in the cause of what all proper thinking people deemed to be right. For those who were left there, they paid them the tribute of respect by adorning their graves, and on behalf of Canada, and on behalf of the Canadians, he thanked them most profoundly.

The National Anthem was then sung and whilst the band played a selection the children advanced and placed flowers reverently on the graves marked with the wooden crosses, on which were the names of those who had died. So many and beautiful were the flowers that they covered the ground and made it a bower of sweetness and color. In all 2,500 children from Cheriton, Hythe, Sandgate and Folkestone took part, and it can easily be imagined what a moving spectacle it presented, and one which will ever linger in the memory of those who witnessed it.

### Chinese Medicine.

Dried frogs and asbestos are common ingredients in the "order" which the Chinese doctor prescribes for his patient. For the sake of variety he may include in the prescription any of the following for which the patient perhaps may express a preference: Scorpions, rhinoceros skins, wood shavings, flies, crushed pebbles, moths, centipedes, toads, lizards, caterpillars, powdered snakes or wasps.—Christian Herald.

### Improving Western Stock.

Over two dozen young, pure bred bulls of good type, purchased by the Live Stock Branch of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture, are now at Regina ready for shipment to farmers of the province who are desirous of obtaining good breeding stock at first cost. More will be purchased as orders come in.

Canada pledged her last man and her last dollar. Redeem that pledge in Victory Bonds.

If the fighting were still raging, you wouldn't hesitate to buy Victory Bonds.

## CANADA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON LOAN

Steady Employment and Prosperity Hangs on Victory Loan.

Canada's future prosperity depends to a great extent upon the success of the Victory Loan. No country can exist upon trade within its own boundaries. Canada counts on the trade with Great Britain and other allied countries to keep the flood of good times in the country.

The surplus products of the farm and the factory find their way across the seas. The revenue of the farmer and the manufacturer is dependent on this trade relationship being sustained. The employment of many hands depends on the orders that come to the firm. The pay envelope only comes with steady employment.

Great Britain and overseas countries are still desirous of continuing trade relations, but, overwhelmed with war expenses, they must be given credits for the time being. The farmer and the manufacturer must be paid for their products and manufactured articles in cash. Therefore, Canada must finance the proposition to keep the tide of commerce coming this way. But in order to have the money on hand to do this great thing, Canada must borrow from her people.

The Victory Loan offers bonds to subscribers paying 5 1/2 per cent. interest. The guarantee behind the bonds makes them an absolutely safe investment. Victory Bonds are accepted as collateral at any bank, and can easily be turned into money at a profit. It is then to the interests of every Canadian to subscribe for all the Victory Bonds he can, for it is profitable, it is patriotic, and it is necessary for the continued prosperity of the country.

### Precious Metals.

Ontario, which has already produced 300,000,000 ounces of silver, and has the greatest gold mines in Canada, continues to make progress as a mineral producer. The total production of the Nipissing mine last year was 50,000,000 ounces of silver. The total dividends paid since the first payment in 1906 amount to almost \$18,000,000.

## Letter to the Council

Waterdown, Nov. 3rd, 1919

To His Honor The Reeve and Council of the Village of Waterdown.

Gentlemen:—

The product of our plant has sprung rapidly into favor with dealers throughout Canada, and we find ourselves completely snowed under with orders and enquiries from sources both domestic and foreign.

Our "Kiddie Cars" are the best in the world, our "Deerfoot Sleighs" will be sold in every Hardware store in Canada, and thousand upon thousands will be manufactured for foreign trade. The same may be said of other new and original lines which we will introduce, many of which will be made and sold under Patent protection.

In view of the above we partition the Village of Waterdown for a "Grant". We feel entitled to certain concessions in developing an enterprise which means much to the town. We would ask for two acres of land centrally located and in such position as to permit a railway siding from the C. P. R. Also taxation exemption for ten or twenty years.

Should we be favored to this extent we promise to erect such buildings as are necessary for the conduct of a big and prosperous business, steady employment and good wages to more than one hundred married men, in the manufacture of wood and metal products such as Kiddie Cars Sleighs, Carts, Skis, Scooters, Kiddie Koops, Play Yards, Juvenile Furniture, High Chairs, Baby Swings, Woodenware, Toys, Games, etc. etc. Many women will also be employed.

I putting this proposition to you gentlemen we feel that we ask for, only such concessions as would under the circumstances be granted by the Council of any town in Ontario. We invite your inspection of our business, its condition and character, and the possibilities which can only be limited by the amount of energy and capital invested.

THE CROWN MFG. CO.

Geo. W. MacNeill  
J. R. Minnes

## Hallowe'en

Our citizens who were forced to be about on Hallowe'en night stood agast at the uncanny sight that met their gaze; women masquerading dressed in male attire. These ladies scant knowledge of mens wearing apparel no doubt was the cause of the misfit, especially of the trousers, which were entirely too large, particularly around the waist to say nothing of the length, they being decidedly of the high-water type. The use of pillows for padding purposes gave a very aldermatic and profiteer appearance. It was thought by many that the era of high skirts was at an end and that women were about to adapt a more modest form of dress, but apparently in this they were doomed to disappointment. If females decide to don male attire, the only course left for the men to pursue is to adapt the Highland kilts; this uniform costs less, and besides it would be the means of solving the high cost of living controversy which is occupying the attention of our Government at the present time. Doubtless the fair masqueraders decided, now that the franchise had been extended to women, that they are now eligible for municipal honors, and if elected they would appear to better advantage on the floor of the Council Chamber dressed in male garb. We sincerely hope that women will give this matter serious thought, and not commit any rash act which would be liable to interpret a desire on their part to oust man from positions in Council which has been their undisputed privilege to occupy for centuries past.