

- B.C. 65 Cn. Pompey pursues Mithridates into Albania and Iberia. **J. Cæsar** is curule ædile, and puts himself at the head of the popular party.
- 63 Mithridates, being conspired against by his own son, takes poison. **Consulship of Cicero. Catilinarian conspiracy.**
- 62 Cn. Pompey returns to Italy.
- 61 Cæsar as proprætor in Spain. **P. Clodius.**
- 59 **J. Cæsar consul.**
- 58 P. Clodius tribune. Cicero goes into exile. Cæsar proceeds to Gaul.
- 57 Cicero recalled.
- 56 Cæsar receives the administration of Gaul for five years more. He crosses the Rhine, and **invades Britain.**
- 54 Cæsar invades Britain a second time. Death of Julia, Cæsar's daughter.
- 53 Cæsar again crosses the Rhine. **Crassus defeated in Syria.**
- 52 General insurrection in Gaul. Fall of Alesia. Pompey for a time sole consul.
- 51 Cæsar returns to Cisalpine Gaul. Claudius Marcellus proposes measures against Cæsar.
- 50 Cæsar is called upon to disband his army.
- 49 **Cæsar crosses the Rubicon.** Pompey and his party flee from Italy. Cæsar in Spain. On his return he is made dictator.
- 48 Cæsar consul. **Battle of Pharsalus.**
- 47 Cæsar defeats Pharnaces of Pontus: crosses over into Africa.
- 46 **Battle of Thapsus**, in which the Pompeians in Africa are defeated. Cæsar reforms the calendar, and goes to Spain against the sons of Pompey.
- 45 **Battle of Munda:** the Pompeians defeated.
- 44 **Cæsar murdered.**
- 43 War of Mutina. The **triumvirate** between Octavianus, Antony, and Lepidus. Proscription. Death of Cicero.
- 42 **Battles of Philippi.**
- 41 **War of Perusia.**
- 40 Capture and destruction of Perusia. War with the Parthians.
- 39 Peace of Misenum with Sext. Pompeius.
- 38-36 **War against Sext. Pompeius.**
- 36 Sext. Pompeius defeated in the battle of Mylæ. Lepidus deposed. Antony sustains great loss against the Parthians.
- 34 Antony conquers Armenia, and gives it to Cleopatra.
- 32 War declared against the queen of Egypt.
- 31 **Battle of Actium.**
- 30 Death of Antony and Cleopatra.
- 29 Octavianus returns to Rome.
- 27 Octavianus receives the title of **Augustus and Imperator.** Division of the provinces. Augustus goes to Spain.
- 25-13 War against the Alpine tribes.
- 24 Augustus returns from Spain.
- 23 Augustus obtains the tribunician power for life.
- 20 The Parthians send back the Roman standards.
- 19 The Cantabri finally subdued by Agrippa.
- 16-13 Augustus in Gaul, to protect its eastern frontiers.