say than that the legislation has been put upon the statute book and that the legislation is in the very best form. I think, as Mr. Dwyer says, if that legislation is taken advantage of, it will mean that you will have winter work for your men, because it will mean that the coal may be banked and may to taken in the spring up to the Province of Quebec by water.

I thought I heard somebody, during Mr. King's remarks, suggest something to the effect that Confederation was not all it should be. I want to remind you that the coal market we have to-day is largely dependent on Confederation, because of the fact that there would be no duty on coal to-day if it were not for the existence of our coal mines down here. Therefore we want to remember that we cannot eat our cake and have it too. If we are going to have a duty on coal we must have Confederation; that goes without saying.

I would like to say also, to people who discuss the matter of the fisheries and who think that outside of Confederation we we should be quite all right with regard to the fisheries and would have the United States market to ourselves: do not forget that the Colony of Newfoundland, which is not in Confederation at all and which has its own fiscal policy, has to-day exactly the same tariff wall against its fish that the Dominion of Canada and the

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