

SUFFRAGETTES ARRESTED IN LINE OF ROYAL PROCESSION

Attempted to Throw Petition into King's Carriage, as He Drove to Parliament—King's Speech from Throne Ignores Suffrage—Women Promise More Outrages.

London, Mar. 10.—Fears lest the militant suffragettes might annoy King George and Queen Mary and create a disturbance at the royal opening of parliament and the procession thereto from the palace today an occasion charged with nervousness. Nor were such anticipations groundless. Five women attempted to break through the cordon of troops while the royal procession was traversing St. James Park, with the intention of throwing petitions into the state coach. They carried the petitions in rolls tied with the suffragette colors and brandished them enthusiastically.

It is doubtful, however, if the King and Queen saw the performance. The police pounced upon the women quickly before they could get through the line of soldiers to get to the king. An enormous jeering crowd followed in their wake.

In their petition to His Majesty the suffragettes declared that law and order could not be re-established in the realm until women had been given the vote.

The five women arrested gave their names as Lillian Wilcox, Dorothy Smith, Kathleen Paget, Gertrude Vaughan and Grace Stuart. They are charged with interfering with the police.

Miss Vaughan described herself as an authoress and Miss Stuart said she was an actress. Miss Emmeline Pankhurst addressing a large meeting of militant suffragettes this evening, said it was not the intention of the women to insult the King but that they intended to use their constitutional right of petitioning His Majesty.

The text of the petition which the suffragettes proposed to hand King George was as follows: "The unrest among women and their militant revolt can never be ended except by removing their discontent. Yet for women is the only cure for militancy. "The revolting and futile policy of releasing hunger strikers and re-arresting them simply will bring disaster to the nation. Such treatment will never break the spirit of the women, though it will very likely bring about a tragedy, for although women cannot be defeated, she can be killed by persecution. "If law and order are to be established in this realm, women must have the vote. We look to see in your gracious speech from the throne a message telling us that in the present session of Parliament a law will be enacted giving votes to women."

After the foregoing petition had been read by Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, at a meeting of the militant suffragettes this evening, Miss Annie Kenny proclaimed that as there was nothing in the King's speech about suffrage "The only thing to do is to renew our militancy."

King Opens Parliament. London, March 10.—King George today opened the third session of the present Parliament after a prorogation of only two days, the briefest on record.

The state ceremony was performed in the House of Lords, where His Majesty King George and Queen Mary took their places on the throne in the presence of a great gathering of richly robed and jeweled peers and peeresses, and a goodly number of members of the House of Commons, most of whom were in court dress or uniform.

The opening was preceded by the familiar procession from Buckingham Palace to Westminster Hall. The centre of the brilliant picture was occupied by the great gilded glass coach drawn by the famous Hanoverian cream horses whose sole duty is to participate in these pageants.

A drizzling rain fell throughout the day, but this had no effect on the thousands of sight-seers who lined the route in dense masses and kept up a wave of cheering calculated to act as a deterrent to any one who might have the intention of marauding the function.

Speech From Throne. The King's speech from the throne was devoted chiefly to the steps which had been taken to bring the Balkan war to an end and to the expression of the desire of the European powers to hasten the conclusion of peace.

His Majesty opened with a respectful reference to the jubilee of the marriage of his parents, King Edward VII. and Queen Alexandra, and to his gratitude for the affection shown by the nation to the widowed Queen Mother Alexandra.

The portion of the speech dealing with the war emphasized the fact that all the great powers earnestly desired to prevent hostilities from spreading, and to see the fighting terminated as soon as possible. A large measure of success, the king said, had been achieved in establishing an agreement among them in principle on matters of the greatest importance. He continued:

"I am hopeful that the consultations between the powers will enable them not only to secure a complete understanding among themselves, but to exercise a beneficial influence in hastening the conclusion of the war."

His Majesty made a pleasant reference to the action of the British dominions which had contributed war vessels to the British navy, and also to the visit of Robert L. Borden, the Canadian premier, and other overseas ministers to confer with the imperial ministers which acts, he said, were calculated to promote the solidity of the empire.

Continuing, His Majesty said: "The discussion now proceeding in the Canadian parliament on matters of defence testify to the universal desire within the empire, for the maintenance of the common safety."

The forthcoming estimates were the subject of merely a passing mention. Nothing was said to indicate whether the government was planning an army were to be abnormally swollen. The forecast of legislation to be introduced was mentioned in a general way.

THE STUART BIGAMY CASE WAS DISMISSED

Complainant was not Ready with Promised Evidence Yesterday Afternoon, and Defendant was allowed to go

In the police court, yesterday afternoon, Joseph Stewart who has been in jail since January on a charge of bigamy, preferred by Miss Bridges, was taken into court and the complainant not having any further evidence to produce, was dismissed.

G. Earle Logan appeared for the defendant and E. S. Ritchie for the complainant. Mr. Ritchie stated he had no further evidence and that the alleged Mrs. Stewart No. 1, who was in Toronto, had not arrived in the city to testify. From what Mr. Ritchie could gather she would not be here. She could, however, be compelled to come, although she had sent her marriage certificate.

Mr. Logan said he believed that the complainant had purposely been humbugging the court; that she laid the complaint when she knew she could not get further evidence, sufficient to prove her case. He had agreed at the last hearing that if that evidence was not produced now the case should be dismissed.

Magistrate Ritchie said two telegrams and a letter from the alleged first wife had been presented, and it was on the strength of these that he had postponed the case. Further communications sent to her had not been answered. His Honor said if he dismissed this case it would prejudice the complainant from bringing it up again in Canada. Plenty of time had been given for the complainant to procure witnesses and they were not produced.

Mrs. Stewart was allowed to go into jail and procure some articles from the defendant which she claimed as her property, and then the case was dismissed.

BRITISH PRESS COMMENT

On the Borden Government's Naval Bill and the Need of Aid to Imperial Defence.

The Scotsman, Edinburgh. "The day has come when either the existence of the Empire will be imperilled, or the young and mighty Dominions must join hands with the mother land to make secure the common safety and the common heritage."

These words express the spirit and the resolve that animated the historic speech in which the Prime Minister of the Dominion unfolded to the Canadian Legislature yesterday, the policy which his government desire to pursue, and the proposals to which they are prepared immediately to give effect, in discharging the duty which Canadians feel to be due to themselves and to the Empire. Mr. Borden rose to the height of his great argument, and his words will ring not only through all the King's sessions, but through all the world. He pointed to a great peril, and he reinforced his warning and his appeal with facts and figures drawn from the most authoritative sources. But he also revealed the direction and something of the means through which salvation and safety are to be bound. Canada has already her mind and her will set to answer the appeal. She recognizes that the defence of the Empire is not only an obligation laid upon her by regard for her own interests, but a debt of honor and a symbol and proof of loyal attachment.

Standard of Empire. "Since the whole great question of Canada's part in the Empire's naval defence began to be discussed, and, more particularly, since Mr. Borden's last visit, with several of his colleagues, to England, we have added to every comment upon the subject the expression of an assured conviction that his momentous statement from Mr. Borden would be found to show Canada's determination to play a part in every respect worthy of the position and destiny as the Premier Dominion of the Empire. That conviction has been gloriously justified by the event, and the comments of the civilized world upon the Ottawa pronouncement from the highest, the most glowing tribute which has ever been paid to Canada, the new nation."

Sunday Chronicle, London. "A great wave of enthusiasm is rippling over the Empire at Canada's decision to take a hand in the game of poker that is being played between the powers. Canada is to put three Dreadnoughts into the pool. We shall not go into paroxysms of gratitude. We are glad that Canada is recognizing that the burden that we have borne, partly for her good—during the nineteenth century no less than £80,000,000 was spent by us here on protecting Canada—is a heavy and growing burden, which sooner or later we must pay down unless we get a helping hand from her. It is not merely that three Dreadnoughts are a tremendous weight on the side of peace during the present and immediate future. They mean more than that. They mean, unless we are very much mistaken, that the revelation of new resources within our possession will bring the game of poker to a sooner end than otherwise be the case."

Lord Crewe, speaking at a Liberal demonstration at Bournemouth, Eng. "They had all been impressed by the announcement made by the Prime Minister of Canada that Canada desires to aid the naval strength of the Empire. They valued far more than other consideration in regard to this the spirit which inspired the offers of contributions to the navy, the sense of kinship and oneness which promoted such speeches as that which the Prime Minister of Canada delivered the other day. It was appropriate that they should all feel that our sea power, to which we owe the existence and maintenance of our world wide Empire should be that branch of our defence to be reinforced by help from the Dominions."

Bristol Times and Mirror. "This (Canada's offer) is something wholly different from the halting scheme propounded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier's Liberal Government before it quitted office, and we believe it will commend itself to the great majority of both the British and the Canadian peoples as more comprehensive and statesmanlike. It certainly meets much more effectively the exigencies and conditions of the Empire at this moment as those were hinted at in the Governor-General's recent speech, and as they are now more fully disclosed in Mr. Borden's statement and the Admiralty's official memorandum."

Evening Standard, London. "The foreign powers now know what they are in for. They must see that the maritime force which they challenge is not that of Britain but that of the British Empire. And this in a long run will make for peace and the reduction of naval budgets. Like Canning our Colonial Statesmen are calling the new world in to redress the balance of the old. The imperial results will be as important as the international. Nothing can be better world reading than the dignified and well reasoned passage in which Mr. Borden outlined the Constitutional position."

Glasgow Herald. "Canada's splendid and unconditional offer of three Dreadnoughts to the British navy has made a profound impression throughout the Empire—we might even say throughout the whole world. The main body of the Liberals is at one with the Unionists in welcoming and appreciating the Canadian offer and those of the other overseas Dominions. The idea of a supreme and unchallengeable navy is part of the Imperial heritage of Britons, and it is an idea which is unaffected by ordinary party controversies."

NEWS IN SHORT METRE

LOCAL

Many in Hospital. There are now one hundred and fifteen patients being treated in the main general public hospital, while in the epidemic hospital there are fifteen more.

At Courtenay Bay. It is understood that the dredging of the channel at Courtenay Bay will commence on April 1st. Many of the foremen and mechanics of the staff propose building homes for themselves in the immediate vicinity.

\$980 for Infirmary. Miss Alice Dillon has handed over to Rev. Mother Thomas the sum of \$980 as the net proceeds of the recent performance of The Rose Among Thorns. This sum is to aid in the building of the new Catholic infirmary.

PROVINCIAL

Would Be Actresses. Moncton, March 10.—Three Moncton girls, who had become stage struck, started to walk to St. John last evening. They became frightened, however, and on returning to this city were arrested. They were allowed out this morning after a sharp lecture.

Wreck Blocks I. C. R. Traffic. Newcastle, March 10.—A wreck on the I. C. R. near Derby Junction blocked the traffic about eight hours, and delayed the Maritime express this morning. A car on the McKenzie special left the rails in the Newcastle yard.

Baby Scalded to Death. Sackville, March 10.—The three year old son of Reuben Sears, of Prince street, while playing about the house on Saturday, fell into a pail of boiling water and was fatally scalded. He died last evening. About ten o'clock Sunday morning two unknown men effected an entrance to the Dominion express office here, but when discovered by the clerk, escaped without getting away with any of the valuables.

GENERAL

Western Trainmen May Strike. Winnipeg, March 10.—Canadian Northern Railway conductors have issued an ultimatum to Sir Donald Mann, giving him 24 hours to accede to their demand of a nine-hour pay for an eight hour day.

The Wires All Carry The Same Message—"I Want WINDSOR TABLE SALT"

You have got to use some kind of salt on the table. You must use salt in your cooking and baking.

Are you using the best salt—WINDSOR TABLE SALT? It's the little things that count. It's Windsor salt, that will help you to make shiny dishes and save food as it should be saved. WINDSOR SALT is pure and fine and good.

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When purchasing silver you are sure of dependability and beauty if it is **1847 ROGERS BROS.**
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GRAND PRIZE COMPETITION FOR HANDICRAFT WORKERS

The Canadian Handicraft Guild is again organizing a prize competition, in connection with its big exhibition in the Arena, Montreal, next June. This exhibition will be of a far larger and more ambitious scale than anything before attempted by the Guild. Good specimens of handicraft work are wanted from all over the Dominion, and there will be an excellent chance for the sale of all work that comes up to the requisite standard. There is no entrance fee of any kind payable. A circular with all details will be sent on receipt of a stamped self-addressed envelope. Address: The Secretary, Canadian Handicrafts Guild, 586 St. Catherine St. West, Montreal.

FUNERALS.

Moncton, March 10.—The funeral of James McKay, who was killed in the I. C. R. yard here Friday evening, owing to his locomotive being sidwiped by a box car, was held this afternoon from the residence of his nephew, Allan Irving, Fowles street. An inquest into his death is being held this afternoon in the Supreme Court Chambers before Dr. C. T. Purdy, coroner.

The funeral of Daniel Gillies took place yesterday afternoon from the Mater Misericordiae Home at 2.30. Services were conducted by Rev. Dr. Reilly. Interment was in the old Catholic cemetery.

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Mr. J. E. Arsenault, a Justice of the Peace, and station master at Wellington, on the Prince Edward Island Railway, says: "Four years ago, I slipped in the station and fell on a freight truck, sustaining a bad cut on the front of my leg. I thought this would heal, but instead of doing so it developed into a bad ulcer and later into a form of eczema which spread very rapidly and also started on the other leg. Both legs became so swollen and sore that I could only go about my work by having them bandaged. My doctor said I must stop work and lay up. After six months of this trouble I consulted another doctor, but with no better result. I tried all the salves, liniments and lotions I heard of, but instead of getting better I got worse. This was my condition when I got my first box of Zam-Buk. Greatly to my delight that first box gave me relief. I continued to apply it to the sores, and day by day they got better. "I could see that at last I had got hold of something which would cure me, and in the end it did. It is now over a year since Zam-Buk worked a cure in my case, and there has been no return of the eczema or any trace of it. It would be impossible to find a case where the sores were worse than those on my limbs, and I think Zam-Buk is a marvellous healing balm or it could not have cured me as it did when all else failed."

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