

SISYMBRIUM ALLIARIA, L.

Naturalized along roadsides in Beechwood Cemetery, Ottawa, Ont., 1891. (*W. Scott.*) Only Canadian station known to us.

SISYMBRIUM OFFICINALE, Scop.

Prof. Macoun (*Cat. Can. Plants*, Vol. I., p. 46) limits the distribution of this species to Ontario and the eastern provinces. It has been since found at Sicamous, B. C.; Nelson, Kootanie Lake, B. C.; Esquimaux and Nanaimo, Vancouver Island. (*John Macoun.*)

SISYMBRIUM SINAPISTRUM, Crantz.

First noted in 1885 along the Canadian Pacific Railway in the Rocky Mountains. It has since become one of the most troublesome weeds in Manitoba and Assiniboia. Its western limit, as shown by our specimens, is Roger's Pass, Selkirk Mts., B. C. It is noteworthy that this plant thrives equally well on the dry prairies and at the summit of the Selkirk Mountains, where seldom a day passes without rain.

ERYSIMUM ORIENTALE, R. Br.

Collected at Castle Mt., Rocky Mts., in 1885, by Prof. Macoun, but not recorded, and, in 1891, at the foot of Devil's Lake, Rocky Mts. Probably introduced at the time the Canadian Pacific Railway was being constructed, and now thoroughly naturalized. Mr. Jas. Fletcher reports that this plant has become a troublesome weed in many parts of the North-West.

ERYSIMUM PARVIFLORUM, Nutt.

Rocky fields, Chaudière, near Ottawa, Ont. (*W. Scott.*) Probably introduced from the west in grain. We have no other record east of Manitoba.

BRASSICA CAMPESTRIS, Linn.

Ottawa, Ont. (*Wm. Macoun.*) Waste places, Golden, B. C., and Revelstoke, B. C. (*John Macoun.*)

BRASSICA CAMPESTRIS, L., var. OLIEFERA, DC.

Waste places, Ottawa, Ont. (*W. Scott.*)