

feeder, in 1910 another Provincial Act was passed giving the Company the right to build a new canal or feeder from any point on the original feeder to any point on the St. Louis River at or near the town of Beauharnois. This Company thus became possessed of certain rights in respect of the diversion of water for power purposes from Lake St. Francis. The shares of the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company were all owned by W. H. Robert and other members of the Robert family. On the 3rd February, 1927, Mr. R. O. Swezey obtained from the Roberts an option of all the issued capital stock of the Company and the Company's rights.

THE ROBERT INTERESTS

(5) W. H. Robert and the other Robert heirs received for the 2,000 shares of the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company and such other rights, if any, as were then outstanding in them

- (1) Cash \$1,520,000.
- (2) 200 fully paid part interests in the Beauharnois Power Syndicate.
- (3) 21,000 Class A shares of the Beauharnois Power Corporation.
- (4) 100 fully paid part interests in the Beauharnois Syndicate transferred from R. O. Swezey account, which became 200 part interests in the Beauharnois Power Syndicate.

(6) In addition to the above-mentioned 400 part interests in the Power Syndicate owned by the Roberts, W. H. Robert held a further three hundred units in his own name on which he owed \$10,000 as at December 17th, 1929. For the 700 part interests, referred to above, the Robert heirs received, on the dissolution of the Syndicate, cheques aggregating \$95,000, together with 28,000 shares of the Class A Common stock of the Beauharnois Power Corporation Limited.

(7) In the same year, Mr. Swezey applied to the Quebec Legislature for an amendment to the Act incorporating the Company permitting the construction of a canal between Lake St. Francis and Lake St. Louis. This application was refused.

(8) On the 17th March, 1927, the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company applied to His Excellency the Governor General in Council for approval of a proposal to build a power canal "which can be readily adapted for thirty foot navigation requirements also" from a point on Lake St. Francis near the mouth of the St. Louis feeder to Lake St. Louis and to use so much of the water of the St. Lawrence River as can be taken through the proposed canal without interfering with navigation and without interfering with existing prior rights in the River St. Lawrence." This application was not pressed.

(9) On the 17th January, 1928, the Beauharnois Light, Heat and Power Company applied to His Excellency the Governor General in Council "for approval under the Navigable Waters Protection Act of its plans and site of proposed works herein described and for the right to divert forty thousand cubic feet per second (40,000 c.f.s.) from Lake St. Francis."

(10) In March, 1928, by Statute of the Province of Quebec (18 George V, Chapter 113), a new section, 11A, was added to the original Act of incorporation giving the Company the right to build a new canal from any point within two miles in a southwesterly direction from the mouth of the St. Louis feeder to any point on Lake St. Louis within one and a half miles in a westerly direction along the shore of Lake St. Louis from the mouth of the St. Louis River and giving the Company the right to expropriate lands not exceeding six arpents in width.