

space has been devoted to the subject of visceral displacements, this topic having assumed quite a prominent place in recent discussions. The chapter on Typhoid Fever is undoubtedly one of the best. Under treatment of typhoid fever he states that sour milks, such as matzoon, kumyss and lactone buttermilk, are much better than plain milk. He claims that the effervescence should be allowed to a great extent to pass from kumyss before administration to the patient, and it is especially preferable when diluted with lime water. Matzoon and the thicker sour milks should be diluted with plain water or Vichy that has become flat, in order to avoid distension. Dr. Kemp recommends plenty of cold sponging with alcohol and water combined with friction when the temperature reaches 102.5 F. He is opposed to the Brand method of administering baths. He recommends the use of strychnine and Hoffmann's anodyne in the bath, which should last not more than twenty minutes. He recommends in medicinal treatment that Antipyretics should be avoided. He is in the habit of ordering magnesium sulphate every second or third day, and finds that by that means Tympanites is avoided. He makes no reference to mercurial treatment at all.

The chapter devoted to Diet is also well worthy of perusal, and, under the heading of Catarrh of the Stomach, he gives some valuable information.

*Clinical Obstetrics.* By ROBERT JARDINE, M.D. Edin., M.R.C.S. Eng., F.F.P. & S. Glas., F.R.S. Edin.; Professor of Midwifery in St. Mungo's College, Glasgow; Physician to the Glasgow Maternity and Women's Hospital; Examiner in Midwifery to the Scotch Conjoint Board; Examiner in Midwifery to Victoria University, Manchester; Chairman to the central division of the Glasgow and West of Scotland branch of the British Medical Association; Formerly Examiner in Midwifery to the University of Glasgow; Late President of the Glasgow Obstetrical and Gynecological Society, Etc. With 108 illustrations and four colored plates. Third Edition. Toronto: The J. F. Hartz Co., Limited. 1910.

It is seldom that any medical book contains half-tone illustrations of Clinical cases, and as the great majority of students gain their knowledge of obstetrics by their observations, and a