by the hawks, and that none had died of crook in the neck. Poor, happy Mother Gross! No wonder that her fealings were too many for her, and that she poured them out in the cele-brated lines:

There was an old woman who lived to a choc, the had so many children cho didn't know what to

Yother family cares seem, on the whole, to Yet her family cares seem, on the whole, to have set lightly upon b r; for she r as no wild goose, figing bouth and north with every turn of the sun, but she stayed by her nest through cold and heat, happy as the day is long, and living to be ninety-two years old. She even survived the father Goose many years, and she led and fed her numerous flook and tenderly prooded them in the enclosure on Templo place till they were able to swim and forage for them-

One of these ber daughter Elizabeth, became the wife of Thomas Fleet. And here is the fact to which we owe it that her name and the fact to which we owe it that her name and fame are spread through the world. Thomas Floet was a printer, living in Pudding lane, a place whose very name had so eavery a tuste in the dear old lady's mouth that when Thomas Floet became a happy father she insisted on going to live with him as Lurse of kenor to his son and heir. To coddle her own grandchild, in Pudding lane, was the bear deal of bleesedness for Mother Goose. Her activity and concern in the house were such as to throw what we read about busy mothers. as to throw what we read about busy mothers-in-law wholly into the shade. No doubt she would have been glad to save Rome, as certain other gerso once did with their caching, but other goese once did with their cackling, but lacking the opportunity to do this she sang her ditties from morning till night, "upstairs and downstairs and in my lady's chamber," till her son-in-law became sensibly slarmed at the fertility of her genius. Sing she must, however, for was she not a poet, full of the divine fire which refuses to be quenched? It is well for the world that she was a law unto her.off. No upstarts son in law could control her, or keep her from humming and cooing at her own sweet will.

her own sweet will.

her own sweet will.

And now it was not a Roman Senate, but a Boston printer, that her peraletent music awaked. A happy thought occurred to Thomas Fleet. He printed and sold songs and ballade at his printing house in Padding lane. Was it not a sign of something good about to come to him, that this precious mother in-law, with her endless rockings and inliables, had put herself in his way? He stopped asking the trepressible songster to rock less, and urged her to sing more. And while ahe sat in her armobiation or shuffled about the room lost in. her to sing more. And white all said in a arm-chair, or shuffled about the room lost in sweet dresms, he carefully wrote down what he could of the rhymes which foll from her lips. His notes rapidly accumulated, and in a little while he had enough of them to make a little while he had enough of them to make a volume. These he now printed, and bound them into a book, which he offered for sale under the following title "Songs for the Nursery; or, Mother Goose's Melodies for Children. Printed by T. Fleet, at his printing House, Padding Lane, 1719. Price two coppars." This title-page also bore a large out of a veritable goose, with wide-open mouth, showing that the proverbled irreversance of some-in-law is not a thing of recent origin. They were just as shory in the days of Mother Goose as now, and just as roady to turn a penny at the expense of their mothers in-law. How the immortal suther bore this profane use of her name, or what she thought in law. How the immertal author bore this reciane use of her name, or what she thought of the ungracious but shrewd Thomas Floot, history does not say. We have every reason to believe, however, that she took it just as sweetly as she had taken all the other trials and annoyances of her life,

Such is the true story of Mother Goose. Her little book started forth on its greand. It grew and multiplied with each new edition. It made her does name a household word

made her dear name a household word berever it went. What aboreou fastness has wherever it went. What shore or fastness had it not visited? Where is the home in which wherever it were in the home in which it not visited? Where is the home in which its loving rhymes are not energy. It is one of the five books which cannot grow state or be destroyed. Let us hope that the day is not distant when a memorial status will be erected to this teneship lady in one of the parks or aquares of Boeton. Let it be an appropriate symbol of her and her blessed ministry. Let it stand where the children of the city day on ther in their daily sports, trundling their it stand where the children of the city may gather in their daily sports, trandling their hoops and extre about it, and singing their hoops and extre about it, and singing their could that, memorial more fitly stand than on the triangular plot of ground at the councr of Boylston, and Dartmenth streets, so near to the Present Old South meeting house, and in tall riseas of other buildings and institutions which are the pride of Boston? If not there, yet in some place, it should be reverently sot up. And on it should be the following inscription:

scription:

Elimbeth Foster.

Hnown-in the Literature of the Nursery na...

"Mother Goost,"...

Was hom in Chairestown, Mark, 1865,
Married Issae Goost of Boston, 1692;

Necame a member of the tid South church, 1698;

Was left a wider in 1770.

The first celltion of her "Melodios" was
Published in 1719.

Sho died 1787.

"71, 92 years.

THE EARLY YEARS OF OUR LORD'S LIFE

It was in atter stillness, in prayerfulness, in the quiet round of daily duties—like Moses in the wildersess, like David among the shoepfolds, like Elijah among the tents of the Bedawin, like Jeremiah in his quiet home at Anathoth, like Amos in the sycamore groves of Tekoa—that the boy Jesus prepared Himself, amid a hallowed obscurity, for Hismighty work on earth. His outward life was the life of all one of His age, and station, and place of birth. He lived as live? the other children of peasant parents in that quiet town, and in great measure as they live now. He who has seen the oblideren of Nazareth in their red caftans, and bright tunies of silk or cloth, girded with a many-colored sash, and sometimes covered with a loose outer jacket of white or blue is who has watched their merry games, and heard their ringing laughter as they wander their thing of their little auties of their of these of their days or who has watched their merry games, and heard their ringing laughter as they wander about the hills of their little native vale, or play in bands on the hill-side beside their sweet and abundant fountain, may perhaps form some conception of how Jesus looted and played when He too was a child. And the traveller who has followed any of those children to their simple homes, and seen the scanty furniture the plain but sweet and wholesome. dren to their simple homes, and seen the scanty furniture, the plain but sweet and wholesome food, the uneventful, happy patriarchal life, may form a vivid conception of the manner in which Jesus lived. Nothing can be plainer than those houses, with the doves sunning themselves on the white roofs, and the vines wreathing about them. The mats, or carpets, are laid loose along the walls; shoes and sandals ree taken off at the threshold; from sandais are taken off at the threshold; from the centre hangs a lamp, which forms the only pramment of the room; in some recess in the wall is pieced the wooden chest, painted with bright colors, which contains the books or other possessions of the family; on a ledge that runs round the wall, within eary reach, are neatly rolled up the gay-colored quilts, which serve as bods, and on the same ledge are which serve as bods, and m the same ledge are ranged the earthen vessels for daily use; near the door stand the large common water-jars of red clay, with a few twigs and green leaves—often of eromatic shrubs—thrust into their crifices to loop the water cool. At meal-time a painted wooden stool is placed in the centre of the spartment, a large tray is put upon it, and in the middle of the tray stands a dish of rice and meat or libban, or stewed fruits, from which all help themselves in common. Both rice and meat or 1000m, or stowed trutts, from which all help themselves in common. Both before and after the meal the servant, or the youngest member of the family, pours water over the hands from a brazen ower into a brazen bowl. So quiet, so simple, so humble, so uneventful was the outward life of the family outward the family and the family and the family are the family and the family and the family are the family are the family are the family are the family and the family are of Nezareth .- From Farrar's "Life of Christ."

MINISTERS' CHILDREN.

"It is a common observation that the childen of ministers turn out worse than those of their neighbors.

When therefore the minister's child goes out into the world he finds these two heatile judgments waiting for him in many minds: first, that he is to blame if he is not better judgments wating for him in many limits; that he is to blame if he is not better than other children; second, that he is likely to be werse. Boyish pranks, that in other children are simply laughed at, are often regarded as signs of deep depravity in the children of ministers. "You're a pretty minister's zon!" is the comment often heard on the playground and on the street. But no censor, little. or big, ever thinks of asying: "You're a pretty jeweller's zon!" or "Just what you might expect of an apethocary's daughter!" The influence of theories and expectations on nefavorable, of judgments so partial and unfair, upon the character of a child can only be injurious. Is it any wonder that a sensitive boy, appressed by a sense of the unjust demands that are made upon him, and the unjust suspicious with which life conduct is regarded, should burst into terms of vexation and

just suspicious with which his occident is re-garded, should burst into tears of vexation and dissouragement, and say that it is of no uso for him to try so do right? It is not true that ministers' children, as a

for him to try so do right?

It is not true that ministers' children, as a rule, are worse than other people's children, it is true that so do of them turn out bad. Doubtiess this is sometimes due to descrive training. But is it not also in many bases due to this "bommon observation" which the minister's child cannot help bearing, and this discouraging expectation; of which he is constantly reminded. It is not wholly the minister's inult when his children do go extray. It is partly the fault of his parishloners and his neighbors, who surrounded them with an timeschare of district in which virtue can extraorly live. "Give a dog a bad name and have him." Give a child a bad name, and keep impressing it on him that he can deserve no other, and you are doing what you can to fit him for the gallows.

It might be well, thorefore, for those who are in the habit of repeating this "common observation," first to be very sure that it is true before they quote it again; seeing, to consider what the effect of giving it currency must be upon the characters of ministers children.—6. S. Trous.

SOMETHING ABOUT THE SUN.

The fact is, that the sun is nearly a million and a half times as large as our world, and more than 91,000,000 miles away. But don't think you will got any idea of this distance from the numbers. No one can. When wise men begin writing about the sun, they keep putting down numbers with long rows of noughts after them, to show how many mil-lions they mean; but they are as far from being able to imagine the distance in their being able to imagine the distance in their mind as we are. Here is one way of thinking of it. Suppose a train, going at express speed, fifty miles an hour, were to start from the earth, and go up, up, up to the sun Suppose it travelled day and night, rushing pose it travelled day and night, reaning through the air without stopping for a single moment, do you know how long it would be before it reached the sun? More than two hundred years! Is it any wonder that, at such a distance, it looks smaller than the world?

Now we shall finish with a story, to show you what false idear, and what funny ideas too, people take into their heads, when they are left to guess about the sun and the stars, are left to guess about the sun and the stars, and have no guide but a pair of eyes. There are savage tribes that think that there is a new sun every day; and there are some negroes that believe less sensible things than that.

There was an African negro who was once asked by a traveller what he thought of the sun. He believed the world was flat.

"The sun!" said he. "It comes up in the morning over there, and goes down in the evening over there, and the next morning it comes up at this side again."

"Does it?" said the traveller; "how does it go scross, then?"

it go scross, then I'

The negro was puzzled, but at last a bright idea struck him—"It gets across in the dark "
—From "The Source of the Sunshine," in Little Folks.

THE WAY TO JESUS.

There are some little girls, and boys, too, who go to Sunday-school and church every week, and yet who do not know the way to Jesus. They "say their prayers" and study their lessons; but they act all the time as though Christian life belonged to their parents and friends, and to grown people generally, while they had nothing to do with it. Now this is a great mistake. If all the children could learn the vay to Jesus, and could become Christians in carnest this year, what a wonderful thing it would be! We should never wonderful thing it would be! We should never hear a cross word, or see an angry fezo, and all the little folks would do their best to make sech other and all the world happy. They would learn their lessons faithfully, and sew their seems, and help their mothers, and in overything they would grow brighter, sweeter, purer day by day. The love of Jesus and the halit of trusting Him may be as strong and sincerein a child's heart, and as vital initseffect, as in a man's. Learn the way to Jesus. He says: "Come unto Me."—Word and Work.

INDIFFERENCE AT HOME.-Ingratitude and Indifference of Home.—Ingratitude and indifference sementimes may the character of men. A husband returns from his business in the evening. During his absence, and throughout the livelong day, the wife has been busy with mind and hands preparing some little surprise, some unexpected pleasure, to make his home more attractive than even. He enters, esemingly sees no more of what has been done to please him 'han if he were a blind man, and has nothing more to say about it than if he were dumb! Many a loving wife has borne in her heart an abiding serrow, day has borne in her heart an abiding sorrow, day after day, from capses like this, until, in pro-cess of time, the fire and enthusiasm of her original nature have burned out, and mutual indifference, spreads its pall over the house-

hold.

A Disapponered Doo.—Philip Gilbert Hamerton never told a more beautiful story than the following: "A dog was bereayed of his master, and became old and blind, passing the dark ovening of his existence andly in some corner, which he hardly ever quitted. One day came a step like that of his lost master, and he suddenly left his place. The mast who had just entered were ribbed stockings, the old dog had lost his some, and referred, at most to the stockings that he remembered rubbing his face against. Believing his master had returned after those many years of phenos, he gave way to the most cutravagant delight. The spoke, The momentary liming was dispelled, the dog went sadly back to his place, lay dow wearily, and died.

CHEETON - MONTH - MEGERNAL IS A Thanks belo God which givelle g gus the victory through our g Laced Issus Christ.

हि-स्टाइक्स-भव्याक्कस-भव्याक्कस-छ 1 COR. 15 . 57.

De shall seek for me and find me when ye shall search for me with all your heart N

SCRIPTURE ENIGMA.

This sacrifice was offered at His birth. Who lived, deepsed and poor, upon the earth.

Calling the wise mou (for he greatly feared), He asked of them what time the star ap-

peared.
Werned by an singel, thither Joseph went, Eto the dark hours of ulghs were fully spent.

He slept, and God, in pity and in leve, Gave him, in this, a glimpse of heaven above.

The tribe of tue who served God night and day,
And in the temple hved to watch and pray.

Take it the tagen you, in your Saviour's might.
In youth 'tie easy, and' 'tie rost at night.
Men saw its light, at heaven's eastern gate;
It passed before them, and their 10y was great.

8. In hasto 'twas eaten, with tho staff in

For Israel's children sought a better hand. For larael's children sought a better neur.
Her little ones as Christian mertyre slopt,
She knows not, undrefusing comfort wept.
The prophecy, a virgin shall cancelve,
Will tell the name which she her Son
should give.
Twas here in wisdom and in stature too, 10.

And grace with God and mau, our Saviour 218W. 12 The place where Christ bade his disciples

stay,
Whilst be should leave them for a time to pray.

The initials give the whole.

Toough God's great mercy, in sin's blackest

It came from heaven, to give his people light, To bid our fears in death's dark shadows

Cuiding our feet into the way of peace.

SELECTIONS

There is an innate delicacy which respects the feelings of a child, and without which so man is fit o wear the name of gentleman.

- Is your voice a sophomore : enquired a & unity muno committee man of a young , by who applied for position in the obole.

That s the smallest here lever saw, sald a - Inai s the smallest nerse a coordinate countryman outliering a Shetland pony. I indude countryman outlier acce. now, replied his Irish companion, one as small as two of him.

Pa, I came near selling my boots pesterday. You did, six: Well, ix's backy you didn tsell cm How did you come near doing it. epied.

- Mistres . 1 ome, Bridget, how much looger and you going to be about filling that pepper-box? asa pepper-ensiona. " Shure, ma ain, and it a messoil can't say how long it'll be taken me to git all thus stall in the thing through the tittle boles in the top.

A Highland pi carr who found his congrega-tion going to sleep, one Sunday, before he had fairly begue, anddonly stopped and exclaimed "Brothrew it's nau fair. Gie a mon baif a chauce. Wait till I get alang, and then if I'm nac worth listening to gang to sleep. But don't go before I get commenced this a mon a chance

The nainter Vernet related that somebout once employed him to paint a landscape with a care and the Arroma in it. But when he delivered the parties. the purchases, who enderstood activing al perspec-tive, and, "The innduction and the care were were nace, but St. Ferome is not in the carre

· Lunderstand pon, returned Cuaci, I have dies 11.

He took the painting and mane the shade darker, so that the saint spemed to sit further back. When those seman next may be printing, it spain appeared to bi a that the saint warner in the care. Vernet than natural one of the first party in the care. Verset then painted out the Aguin add returned the picture to the gentleman, who becared perfectly entisfied. Whenever he showed the picture to strangers. he said. "Here you have a picture by Vernet, with St. Jerome in his cave."

But we do not see the skint."

"Excuse me, gentlemen," returned the horsessor "he is there, for, have seen him standing at the entrance, and afterward forther back, and am therefore quite sure that he is in the core."