THE TORONTO WORLD.

A One-Cent Morning Newspaper.

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W. F. MACLEAN.

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SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1884.

Blaine for President.

Nomination by a party is not equivalent to election on polling day, but under the circumstances the candidate just selected by the republican convention will almost certainly be president of the United States, if he lives until March 4 next. No one doubts that the republicans count more voters than the democrats, the whole country over, but there is always a possibility that the minority may win through breaks and divisions among the majority. At all times party discipline or party *esprit de corps* is pretty strong with our neighbors, and no particular reason appears why republicans all over the country should not vote "solid" for the nominee of the convention.

The event confirms our anticipation of yesterday that the "dark horse" nonsense would prove to be about played out. Sensible Americans have been feeling their country disgraced by the wretched system under which its ablest men were rejected, and the White house made a prize to be won by weakness and mediocrity rather then by strength and ability. One consideration there is, which probably weighed a good deal with the convention. In 1876 Blaine had 285 on the first ballot, the next to him being Morton, with 125. He ought to have been chosen then, and doubtless would have been but for the "dark horse" dodge. On the first ballot in 1880 Grant had 304 and Blaine 284, the general leading by 20 at the start. But it was pretty well understood at the time that the third term proposal would not "take" with the country, and, allowing Grant's election to be impossible, the first place fairly belonged to Blaine. We fancy that this time Blaine must have been greatly helped by a prevailing feeling in the convention, that he had been cheated out of the nomination once before, if not twice, and that to select him now would be no more than simple justice.

Supposing Blaine to be elected, what would the event mean, and what would be his policy? In the first place, his nomination over Arthur is a distinct triumph for the out and out protectionists in the party, and a defeat for those within its ranks who were inclined to coquette with free trade. The platform adopted is protectionist enough to suit even "Pig-iron Kelly," who is reputed to be the most uncompromising protectionist in the whole United States. The Globe talks of the platform as being the production of a party whose mandate is exhausted; but our contemporary will probably get new light on the subject ere another twelve months have passed. Blaine's nomination now means that in all probability the backward step taken by congress in 1883 will be re-traced, and that the protective policy will be more firmly established than before.

If Blaine ever reaches the White house he will without doubt inaugurate a vigorous foreign policy. By some he is looked upon as an American jingo, but, as there is a good deal of the cool, calculating Yankee about him, he is not likely to be over-impulsive, or to do anything very rash or risky. In the fishery dispute Great Britain and Canada will certainly find him a far harder case to settle with than either Arthur, or Garfield, or Grant would have been; that much we Britishers may put in our pipes and smoke it. He is a man of ultra-American ideas, and probably on that account all the more likely, at this time, to be elected by a large majority.

Fair Play and Only Fair Play to Catholics.

The action of the public school trustees in deciding not to give contracts to men who were supporters of the separate schools, even though their bids were the lowest, is wrong in principle, and wrong in policy. It will only widen wounds that ought never to have been made, and provoke ill-feeling where there ought only to be harmony. Public contracts of any kind ought to be given in every case to the lowest bidder, provided he will do the work as is called for, and a man's religion—or his opinions or the institutions which he supports—ought never to come into consideration in the settlement of these matters. The board of school trustees have set a bad example, and we would like to see them retract their resolution at their first opportunity.

But on the other hand, a man's religion or the institutions which he supports ought not to be a reason for his preference. If the board of public school trustees have shown a certain amount of antipathy towards Roman catholics or those who support separate schools, the Ontario government, on the other hand, have shown a discreditable truckling to Roman catholic influence. It is a fact that there are men who have been given positions in the service of the province simply because they are catholics, and who are in no way competent to fill the offices which have been assigned to them. A notable instance is furnished by the provincial bureau of statistics, where a Roman catholic has long held the position of assistant secretary who is not competent for the place, and whom the ministers are afraid to remove simply because it will offend the catholic vote. Of all departments, that department is one in which fitness ought alone to be the criterion by which men are judged. But it seems the Ontario government are governed more by a man's religion and by regard for votes.

We would therefore like to see the school board settle their contracts by regarding only economical considerations, and the provincial government make their appointments by regarding alone fitness for office. Hatred of a creed or truckling to a creed must go.

G. T. R. and C. P. R.

The Globe's London correspondent thinks he sees signs that the two great Canadian railway companies are coming to an understanding. He says that some attention has been given in London to a paragraph appearing in the Canadian Gazette, which is thought by some to indicate a desire on both sides for the bringing about of a more amicable feeling between them. The Gazette, which speaks for Canadian Pacific railway interests, remarks that the pooling of traffic and interchange of directors, or a practical amalgamation, is quite out of the question. And the two companies must remain perfectly distinct, and, in a sense, must be rivals.

"But," it goes on to point out, "there need be no cutting of rates, no senseless waste of revenue, and we are glad to feel able to express our confidence that that calamity is not in prospect. The Canadian Pacific have begun well in regard to their Lake Superior boat service. They carry Grand Trunk passengers to the Northwest undistinguished from those who book right through by the Canadian Pacific, and the attitude of the executive chiefs of the two companies towards the Ontario and Quebec line is favorable to the adoption of remunerative and agreed rates. Now that the fight is over a little restraint and patience will make the best of the inevitable, and that is all that can be done. It ought to be as possible for these two companies to live neighborly as it is for the Midland and the Great Northern with us. Frankness, loyalty and courtesy are alone needed."

"It is, of course," says the correspondent himself, "quite possible to attach too much significance to these remarks; but there can be little doubt that, as far as the English public is concerned, any approach towards better feeling between the two companies will be welcome, and it ought to be possible in such a manner as not to affect injuriously Canadian interests."

We may at once admit that a reasonable *modus vivendi* established between the two companies would be better for the interests of Canada than the keeping up of a gigantic and costly railway war. What the country would like to see would be such a system of competition and co-operation together as would be to the benefit of both companies, and of the public too. Now, must such a combination of apparent opposites remain an ideal only, or could it possibly be made a reality? Here is something for the Canadian public to think about.

The Globe is weak these days. It is afraid to speak out an opinion. We, of course, always know that it is the old style grit, but on any new doctrine, or on anything of vital import to the people, it is afraid to state where it stands. It hedged on the independence question, and it hedges on it every day. Just exactly where it stands in regard to Sir Richard Cartwright's declaration we do not know; its readers do not know; and we are not afraid to say it does not know itself. Its review yesterday of Mr. Huntington's novel is another case in point. That novel has but one object in view, and it is this: to protest against the intolerance which is exhibited toward liberalism in the province of Quebec. But the Globe says not a word on this point, but gives the novel a general and guarded notice.

Call an Independence Meeting.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: Since Sir Richard Cartwright has come out in favor of independence the subject has become popular. Let a public meeting be held so the matter may be thoroughly ventilated. I have no doubt if a few good speakers were provided the meeting, as far as attendance goes, would be a complete success. CONVERT.

Toronto, June 5, 1884.

[The World will attend—ED.]

A Good Suggestion.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: In view of the recent blunder by a druggist's clerk, resulting in the death of Mrs. Frankish, I would suggest to the chemists and druggists the simple plan of keeping all poisons and poisonous herbs by themselves in a locked receptacle and further, labeling every drug and herb of that nature poison. The danger of making mistakes in handling the various articles would thereby be reduced to a minimum. SAFETY.

Sheriff Jarvis on the Bridle Path.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: In answer to Ald. Turner's letter in the Globe of yesterday, and after consultation with a few of the citizens who are desirous of having a place to ride, I have advised the abandonment of that portion granted by the council, from Queen street to the Guns, upon condition that we are allowed a margin in the park running parallel with the road; the entrance to this riding path to commence a short distance east of the guns, so as not to interfere with pedestrians, and to continue round to where the pedestal for the late Hon. Geo. Brown's monument is erected. The fence (with the consent of the university authorities) can be moved in about 25 feet, thus separating the general public from those who ride and effectually preventing danger to any of the citizens.

I do not advise the cutting down of a single tree; moreover, the work will be performed entirely at the expense of those desiring the path. I think our request is a reasonable one, for, as Ald. Turner says, the park is for the whole of the citizens. Toronto is destined to be a large city, and it is in the interests of the entire community that it should be made as attractive as possible in order to induce wealthy people to come amongst us.

I thank those gentlemen, both in the council and out of it, who have favored the scheme; those who opposed it I hope will now see their way to support it. It has been suggested that High park might be used for the purpose, but when the distance is considered—nearly eight miles there and back—it will be apparent that few could spare the time to go there besides being very fatiguing in summer and in bad weather impossible.

While I am on the subject of the park may I ask why our city council do not supply our citizens with the amusement and recreation that a good band would afford. We have two first-class bands in the city, kept up at great expense by the officers of the respective regiments. Why should arrangements not be made to have them play alternately each week, say from 4 o'clock to 6? I am sure that the citizens would consent to be taxed for the small expense required to accomplish this.

Apologizing, Mr. Editor, for having taken up so much of your valuable space.

FRED. W. JARVIS.

Toronto, June 6, 1884.

No Separate Schoolers Need Apply.

To the Editor of The World.

SIR: In The World of June 6 the report of the meeting of the trustees of the public schools shows that my tender was the lowest for painting and glazing, and I was awarded the work; but it can plainly be seen that self-interest and bigotry were resorted to to deprive me of it—the apparent true cause my being a catholic. Those parties who opposed my getting the work must feel very little interest in the welfare of the city and disbursement of the public money; $40 has been recklessly thrown away. The public can judge this unprecedented, unjust and shameful transaction. However, I would not make much profit by the affair. The lucky contractor higher than me may rejoice and be liberal, having $40 of the public money for nothing. Parties of every denomination say it is a scandalous and shameful affair.

This spring I tendered for painting the Roman catholic church at Hamilton. My tender was a few dollars higher than the other party. The trustees in this case acted up to what was right and honorable. This contractor was not a catholic. The public ought to insist on giving no more than my contract. If the favored contractor would object, perhaps the proposer and seconder would pay up the $40 difference; but I have my doubts about that result, as it would tickle their pockets personally, not the public. I beg to tender my thanks to those who supported me. It would seem those gentlemen by their honest, independent vote, regardless of bigotry, are mindful of the welfare and interest of the city and disbursing of public moneys. W. K. MURPHY.

"Woman and Her Diseases"

—is the title of an interesting illustrated treatise (96 pages) sent, post-paid for three letter stamps. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

Word-Twisters' Wrinkles.

Printers never speak as they pass pi. B. C. 1946.

Thermometers are now for higher.

Tender lines—love letters from a butcher.

The novelist to take into the garden—Ouida.

The woman who captures a good husband gets a real sir prize.

A pun is the lowest order of wit indulged in by the highest order of men.

Every one likes to be an admired, but do not like to add-mire to their apparel.

A horse is constantly urged when ridden by an Irishman because he always has a Pat on his back.

It has been asserted that Jack had a lonesome time when he climbed the beanstalk, but how could that be when he listened to the beans talk?

"Yes, indeed, she's a daisy," remarked a young broker, discussing the charms of a certain young lady. "She dazes you apparently," replied his friend.

Jobbins didn't mean it for swearing when he found one night that his barn-door had disappeared and remarked that it was "a door-gone shame."

A man named Yeast was married in Oregon last week. There's one consolation for the young wife. She'll have no trouble in making her husband rise early in the morning—it's bred in him.

A Bad Give Away.

From the Hamilton Spectator.

Just about now the thirsty man, as well as the drowning man, catches at straws.

—Within the past ten years not a dollar has been lost in purchasing lots in Toronto or its suburbs. On the contrary every dollar so invested has doubled itself in five years, some in three. West Toronto Junction is the rising suburb of the city and a few dollars invested in a lot there will soon double itself. Geo. Clarke of the Li-Quor Tea Co. is offering a few on terms that are acceptable to all: An entrance fee of $10, and $2 a week for 182 weeks will purchase a fine lot 50x150 at the Junction, including interest and taxes.

A Funny Printer's Devil.

"Do you know why you would make a good cook?" said the printer's devil to the city editor.

"No; why?" queried the editor.

"Because you're always boiling down," answered the lad.

Catarrh—A New Treatment.

Perhaps the most extraordinary success that has been achieved in modern science has been attained by the Dixon treatment for catarrh. Out of 2000 patients treated during the past six months, fully ninety per cent have been cured of this stubborn malady. This is none the less startling when it is remembered that not five per cent of the patients presenting themselves to the regular practitioner are benefitted, while the patent medicines and other advertised cures never record a cure at all. Starting with the claim now generally believed by the most scientific men that the disease is due to the presence of living parasites in the tissues, Mr. Dixon at once adapted his cure to their extermination; this accomplished, the catarrh is practically cured, and the permanency is unquestioned, as cures effected by him four years ago are cures still. No one else has ever attempted to cure catarrh in this manner, and no other treatment has ever cured catarrh. The application of the remedy is simple and can be done at home, and the present season of the year is the most favorable for a speedy and permanent cure, the majority of cases being cured at one treatment. Sufferers should correspond with Messrs. A. H. DIXON & SON, 305 King street west, Toronto, Canada, and enclose stamp for their treatise on catarrh.—Montreal Star.

Love is Color Blind.

They say the brunettes are arch coquettes,
That they break the hearts that love them,
But that eyes of blue are tender and true
As the sky that bends above them.

Ah! but you will find that love is color-blind,
And he comes with as little warning
To hearts that lie back of eyes that are black
As of those that are blue as the morning.

For he comes and goes as the free wind blows,
That asks not as it passes
If it touches the head of the roses red,
Or violets down in the grasses.

So all the coquettes are not the brunettes,
Nor the maidens with golden tresses.
They are those unto whom love never has come
With his kisses and fond caresses.

Extension of Johnson Street.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

Notice is hereby given that at the expiration of one month from the date hereof, the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto will pass the following bylaw to extend, open up and establish Johnston street in the ward of St. Andrew.

Proposed bylaw to extend, open up and establish Johnson street in the ward of St. Andrew.

Whereas, Alexander Manning and others have, by their petition presented to this Council pursuant to the Statute in that behalf, represented that it is desirable and necessary to extend, open up, establish and improve Johnson street, otherwise known as Johnson's Lane, in the Ward of St. Andrew, as a public highway, from Adelaide Street Southerly to the centre of the block between Adelaide Street and King Street, at the expense of the property benefitted;

And whereas it is expedient to grant the prayer of the said petition:

Therefore the Council of the Corporation of the City of Toronto enacts as follows:

I.

"That Johnson Street, in the Ward of St. Andrew, in the city of Toronto, be opened up southerly to the centre of the block between Adelaide Street and King Street, and that the line of road or street surveyed and laid out by Messieurs Unwin, Browne & Sankey, Provincial Land Surveyors, as appears by their description and plan of survey of the same dated the third day of May, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four, and which is particularly described as follows, that is to say: All and singular that certain parcel or tract of land and premises, being composed of part of Town Lot number three, on the south side of Adelaide Street, west of Yonge Street, in the City of Toronto, and which may be more particularly known and described as follows, that is to say: Commencing at a point on the south side of Adelaide street aforesaid, distant two hundred and fifty feet westerly from the intersection of the west limit of Yonge Street with the south limit of Adelaide Street, said point being the intersection of the west face of the west wall of the Grand Opera House; thence southerly along said face of said wall two hundred and five feet and ten inches to the centre line of the block between Adelaide Street and King Street; thence westerly along said centre line twenty-six feet; thence northerly parallel with the west face of said wall two hundred and five feet and ten inches to the south limit of Adelaide Street; thence easterly along the south limit of Adelaide street twenty-six feet to the place of beginning; be and the same is hereby established and confirmed as a public highway, to be known and designated as Johnson Street, in the ward of St. Andrew, in the City of Toronto, and that that portion of any of the said above described lands not heretofore dedicated for street purposes be and the same is hereby taken and expropriated for and established and confirmed as part of the said street, and that the said Johnston Street, as above described, be forthwith opened up throughout its whole length to the use of the public under the direction of the City Engineer, who, with servants, workmen, agents and contractors, is hereby authorized to enter into and upon the same and every part thereof for the purposes aforesaid.

ROBT. RODDY,
City Clerk.

Toronto, May 17, 1884.

A. T. KERR,
Member of Toronto Stock Exchange,
British America Assurance Buildings,
Buys and sells on commission Stocks, Bonds and Debentures. Orders from the country will receive prompt attention.

TO HORSE OWNERS!

GOMBAULT'S CAUSTIC BALSAM
THE GREAT FRENCH VETERINARY REMEDY!
Prepared by J. E. GOMBAULT, ex-Veterinary Surgeon of the French Government Stud.
Has been in prominent use in the best Veterinary Practice of Europe for the past Twenty Years.
A SPEEDY, POSITIVE & SAFE CURE
For Curb, Splint, Sweeny, Capped Hock, Strained Tendons, Founder, Wind Puffs, all Skin Diseases or Parasites, Thrush, all Inflammations, all Throat Difficulties, all Lameness from Spavin, Ringbone, and other bony tumors. Removes all Bunches or Blemishes, and many other diseases and ailments of Horses and Cattle. Far superior to a blister or cauterization in its beneficial effects, never leaving scar or blemish.
WE GUARANTEE that one tablespoonful of CAUSTIC BALSAM will produce more actual results than a whole bottle of any liniment or spavin cure mixture ever made.
Every bottle of CAUSTIC BALSAM sold is warranted to give satisfaction. Price $1.50 per bottle. Sold by druggists, or sent by express, charges paid, with full directions for its use.
LAWRENCE, WILLIAMS & CO.,
HAMILTON, ONT.,
Sole Importers & Proprietors for the U. S., and Canada.

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The only spring water ice delivered in the city is sold by the undersigned. Send your orders in early.

Grenadier Ice Co'y.
56 Wellington street east.
Telephone Communication.

ICE. ICE. ICE.
KNICKERBOCKER ICE CO.

We have the largest stock of pure ice, suitable for private families, offices and hotels, in the city. We deliver the same quality of Ice all the season through. We don't deliver one kind in the first part of the season and then run out, and bring some cheap trash of Ice to finish the season. We commenced our regular delivery on May the 1st. Parties favoring us with their orders can rely on being well supplied with good pure Ice all the season.

KNICKERBOCKER ICE CO.
Office 147 Richmond street west.
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ICE THAT IS ICE!

MR. C. BURNS, TORONTO.

DEAR SIR.—This is to certify that I have analyzed samples of ice taken by myself from your ice houses, and also samples of ice and water from the Bay near the Eastern Gap, whence your supply of ice was taken during the past winter, and find the ice to be of first class quality and free from any injurious matter whatever, as shown by the enclosed analysis. Yours truly, THOMAS HEYS, Prof. Chemistry, Toronto School of Medicine.—116 King st. West, Toronto, April 7th, 1884.

C. BURNS,
320 King E,

Dated 26th May, 1884.

DOMINION ICE DELIVERY—C. BURNS, Proprietor. Office 320 and 322 King street east. The above wishes to inform his numerous customers and the public generally that he has now on hand the largest and best selected stock of pure Bay ice in the city, being cut 1250 yards from shore, and 500 yards further out than any other dealer. Ice guaranteed pure all season and at lowest rates.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

Mr. J. Mason wishes to inform the public generally that he has opened the gallery recently occupied by Mr. Dufresne, 31 King west, where he intends turning out work unequalled in the city for high tone and low price. Cabinets $2.50 per dozen. Ambrotypes four for 90c.

N. B.—Mr. Mason wishes it to be distinctly understood that he has no connections in any way with the late proprietor.

We are showing a very large and varied selection of the latest designs in

Extension Top Barouches,
Victorias, Cabriolets,
Canopy Phaetons,
Road Wagons,
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Also Ladies' Park Carts to carry two or four.

We have a larger stock to select from than any house in Canada. All our work guaranteed. INSPECTION INVITED.

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Every Line Complete at
WM. DIXON'S,
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Victorias of the latest English design.
Ransom Tea Carts for One Horse.
Ladies' Phaetons, Queen and Albert Styles.

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Strong and durable, made especially for hard work.
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On Patent Springs, the only style that entirely overcomes the horse motion, and a large stock of our 2-4-6
NINETY DOLLAR BUSINESS BUGGIES
With Steel Axles, second growth wheels—the best buggy ever offered for that price.

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Delivered Daily.
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FINEST
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BEST IN TORONTO
German and English Goods imported Direct.
GREAT BARGAINS!
AT
M. HAZZA,
714 YONGE STREET.
N. B.—Gents' Furnishings of every description. Large variety of Scotch and English Tweeds.

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G. BROWN,
183½ QUEEN STREET WEST.
Work on view now executed by
Whipple's Patent Air Brush.
The Wonder of the Age.
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PERFECTION!
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EPPS' COCOA
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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—*Civil Service Gazette.*
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold in packets and tins only (½lb. and 1lb.) by Grocers labelled thus:
JAMES EPPS & Co. Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

Grindstones! Grindstones!
FOR WET AND DRY GRINDING.
A Large Assortment to Select from. Lowest Prices.
LIONEL YORKE,
Steam Stone Works, Esplanade, foot of Jarvis street. 24

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EVERY MERCHANT SHOULD SEE OUR
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CHEAPER THAN EVER.
OUR MARVELLOUSLY CHEAP
COTTONADES,
8 AND 10 OZ, TO THE YARD.
OUR WONDERFUL LINE OF GRAND
HEAVY CHECKED SHIRTINGS,
THE MARKED LINES IN
TABLINGS, "TOWELLINGS,"
& ROUGH BROWN HOLLANDS
Are Far Below ORDINARY VALUE
JOHN MACDONALD & CO.
21 to 27 Wellington St. East, TORONTO,
and MANCHESTER, England.

INVALUABLE TO EVERY LADY.
"May Dew"
The Great French Lotion for Beautifying the Face.

It conceals the evidence of age. One application will make the most stubbornly red and rough hands beautifully soft and white. Remember that "MAY DEW" is not a paint or powder that fills up the pores of the skin, and that is injurious to the skin, but a new and great discovery, a vegetable liquid that causes the cheek to glow with health, the neck, arms and hands to rival the Lily in whiteness. Impossible to detect in the beauty it confers any artificial character. It cures Greasy Skin, Freckles, Wrinkles, Pimples, Black Heads, Crow's Feet, Blotches, Face Grubs, Sun Burn, Tan, Ringworm, Chapped Hands, Sore or Chapped Lips, Barbers' Itch, Tetter, etc. It frees the pores, oil glands, and tubes from the injurious effects of powders and cosmetic washes. By its use all redness and roughness are prevented; it beautifies the skin, and will make it soft, smooth and white; imparting a delicious softness; producing a perfectly healthy, natural and youthful appearance. The best face lotion that the world ever produced. We will send "A LARGE BOTTLE" to any address on receipt of price, $1. When ordering mention this paper.
Address all letters to the MAY DEW AGENCY, 167 Church street, Toronto, Ont.
Parlors and Reception Rooms for Ladies.
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We are Offering Great Bargains
In the following lines of Household Fixings: Bedroom sets, Parlor sets, Easy Chairs, Lounges, Sofas, Spring Beds, Extension Tables, Side Boards, &c., &c.
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In all styles done on the premises by competent workmen.
R. POTTER & CO.,
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