

Northern Pedific Limes are sold to Sherian Devices in the Control of the Control

We Shall Spend \$500,000 To Give Liquozone Away.

This Company, after testing Liquozone for two years in the most difficult germ diseases, paid \$100,000 for the American rights. That is the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientifie discovery.

We are now spending \$500,000 to give the product away—one bottle to each of a million sick ones. We are doing this so that every sick one may let Liquozone itself prove what it that it cannot kill.

The result is a product that does by pyspepia as, as you know, is the very source of vital exercises. Throat Troubles Stomach Troubles Sto

Kills Inside Germs

The greatest value of Liquozone lies in the fact that it kills germs in the body without killing the tissues, too, and no man knows another way to do it. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be taken in termsly. Medicine is almost helpless in any germ disease, as every physician income.

The greatest value of Liquozone, which like to an animal, is deadly to vegetal matter. It is carried by the blood to every cell of every tissue, and no touch of impurity, no germ of disease, can exist where Liquozone it. This is our free gift, made to continue you; to show you what Liquozone is, and what it can do. In justice to yourself, please accept it to-day, for it places you under no obligation whatever.

Liguozone will do for slot have all that medicine can do for first.

Liquozone costs 50a and \$1. CUT OUT THIS COUPON

VOL. XLVI., NO

Japan's Note To Power

Answers Recent Communica Sent Out By the Czar's Government.

Chemulpo Was Not Neutral P and Korietz Fired the Firs Shot in War.

Relterates Intention to Guar tee Integrity of China and Korea.

Tokio, March 5 .- Japan addre

THE STATE OF THE S Tokio, March 5.—Japan address note to the powers today in response the recent communication from he are to the powers attacking Japan for its coordinate negotiations before a transportation of diplomatic negotiations before rupture, for its attack upon Russia out declaring war and for its a violation of the neutrality of he have been received in Japan large a spirit of amusement. The Japan large as print of amusement the Japan large as print of amusement the Japan large as print of amusement the Japan large as print of amusement. The Japan large as print of amusement the Japan large as the property of the power of the charge of violating the neutrality in the charge of violating the neutrality is a in Manchuria in which thouse of troops were assembled long better a diplomatic rupture occurred. The say they are fully prepared to accure the judgment of powers on a composon of their course in Korea where the fanded troops only after a state of existed and upon the written permiss of the Emperor of Korea. They detected the theorem is the same of the fanded troops was a neutral port at the Japanese landed on February that whether it was neutral or belliger Russian began hostilities there. We the Russian genboat Korietz steam out of the harbor of Chemulpo on Francy Sth she oopened fire on the Ja

out of the harbor of Chemulpo on I ruary 8th she opened fire on the Ja ness squadron, making the opening s of the war. The Japanese guns did respond, but the Japanese guns did respond, but the Japanese guns did respond, but the Japanese are confid of the justice and strength of the Fean position in the treaty of China a the fairness of their proposals during negotiations. They feel fully justif in commencing hostilities after break off diplomatic relations and serving tice of their intention to take independent action. They are sure their receassurances that they had no intention taking possession of Chinese territo and would guarantee the integrity a independence of Korea will be accept by the powers.

The final returns of the parliamenta elections show that over 100 new me

Reported Killed

Five Hundred Bandits Attack Russian Post With Serious

Newspaper Men Now Given Per-

London, March 3.—Hardly a word of news from the seat of war, with the exception of the Russian official despatches published here this morning, and it now seems clear that the story of the Morning Telegraph two days ago of a bombardment of Port Arthur by the Japanese on February 20th, is a re-echo of previous attacks.

From Yingkow comes the report that five hundred bandits attacked a Russian post to the west of Halchang, 42 miles east by north of New Chwang, that there was severe fighting and both sides lost heaylly. This report is discredited at Yinkow, but if it is true it indicates serious danger is confronting Russia in these well-armed brigand bands.

According to the Daily Mail's account of this affair six Japanese found among the bandits were killed. This would tend to show that the Japa are organizing the bands Reports received here from Toklo declare Japan has granted permission for 53 fore'gn newspaper correspondents to accompany the Japanese forces.

A mile and a quarter of the Siberian railroad, according to the Tokio reports, has been destroyed in the Ninguta district, between Viadivostock and Harbin.

The Tientsin correspondent of the Standard cables that the Russians are fortifying points south of Moukden, Heartrending stories are appearing in English newspapers of the sufferings of refugees from Pott Arthur on the train journey to European Russia. It is bitterly cold and there is a scarcity of food and water.

A CURIOUS IRISH LAW CASE.

A curious case wes recently brought by a lady at Doublin City Sessions. Miss Carson had entrusted the city sub-sheriff with a decree for execution amounting to £5 plus 2s, 6d, costs. The sub-sheriff executed the decree, and sent the lady a cheque for £5 2s, 6d. Miss Carson refused to take this amount, demanding £5 3s., as she had prepaid a fee of 6d, to the sub-sheriff. She brought the action in order to obtain this 6d, and pleaded her case in person. The recorder did not think that there was another woman in Dublin who would have brought an action for 6d. On examining the decree he found that the sixpense in question had been added to the amount of the decree after it had been issued by the court, and Miss Carson having admitted that she had added this herself, the recorder asked her how she dare change the decree of the court. He dismissed the action on its merits. Afterwards the recorder was informed that this addition of the sixpense was the usual custom, and was followed by the solicitors practicing in his court. Theremon he withdrew his remarks as to Miss Carson's irregular action.