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best Medicine.—Mr. Jno. Blackwell, ...nk of Commerce, Toronto, writes: "Having used for over four years from Dyspepsia ...stomach, and having tried numerous ...with but little effect, I was at last advised ...Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery ...

...did so, with a happy result, receiving ...fit from one bottle. I then tried a second bottle, and now I find my appetite restored and stomach strengthened, that ...ake of a hearty meal without any of the ...tness I formerly experienced. I consider ...medicine in the market for the stomach ...generally."

Tolen, Druggist, Gravenhurst, Ont., ...y customers who have used Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery say that it has done ...good than anything they ever used."

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What is Scrofula

It is that impurity in the blood, which, accumulating in the glands of the neck, produces unsightly lumps or swellings; which causes painful running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or many other manifestations usually ascribed to "humors." It is a more formidable enemy than consumption or cancer alone, for scrofula combines the worst possible features of both. Being the most ancient, it is the most general of all diseases or affections, for very few persons are entirely free from it.

How can it be cured? By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the cures it has accomplished, often when other medicines have failed, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. For all affections of the blood Hood's Sarsaparilla is unequalled, and some of the cures it has effected are really wonderful. If you suffer from scrofula in any of its various forms, be sure to give Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

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100 Doses One Dollar

THE SPORTING WORLD.

Football at Seaforth — Aylmer Tormentors Reorganized — Ball-Playing on the Housetop—Other Outdoor Sports.

BASEBALL.

FLYS.

The Alerts, of this city, will visit Petrolea on July 1 and play the town team for a purse.

Baseball playing on the house roof is the novel, though dangerous, way in which a number of factory hands in New York spend their dinner hour. A long cord is attached to the ball and then tied to the chimney, so that the ball cannot get out of reach.

A meeting was held at Aylmer Tuesday night to reorganize the Tormentors Baseball Club, and the following officers were elected: Honorary president, Mayor Hutchinson; president, W. W. White; vice-president, L. D. Marlatt; secretary, Wm. Black; treasurer, W. Warnock, jun.; committee of management, Dr. Fear, D. Black; captain, Wm. Mann; official umpire, G. M. Winn.

Mickey Jones, the bland south-paw twirler, now proprietor of the Walker House, Hamilton, is anxious to arrange a match between a Hamilton team and one from London. He received a letter from some Londoners on the subject a short time ago but mislaid it, and has written to Jerry McDonald with a view to having a match arranged. Half the gate receipts is what Michael expects in event of the Ambitious City nine coming here.

Eastern Association scores, Wednesday—Albany 5, Rochester 3; Providence 5, Lebanon 4; Syracuse 2, Buffalo 1.

National League scores, Wednesday—Two games at Boston—Boston 6, Brooklyn 3; Boston 8, Brooklyn 1; Cleveland 4, Chicago 2.

American Association scores, Wednesday—Two games at Boston—Athletics 13, Boston 11; Athletics 10, Boston 2; Washington, 20, Baltimore 19; Columbus 3, Louisville 2.

THE TURF.

Winners at Chicago Wednesday: Racine, Meadowbrook, Ethel, Bob Jacobs, Burch and Hydy.

The race meeting at Simcoe closed Wednesday. Lottie F. won the three-minute race and Gertie Brown the 2:40 trot. Rosa B. won the open race.

Listowel races will be held July 1 and 2. The bill includes races for three-minute, 2:32, 2:40, and free-for-all trotters and pacers, and two running races. Entries close June 22.

THE WHEEL.

What a wheelman most dreads is rising ground, especially the kind that rises up and strikes him on the top of the head.

THE TRIGGER.

At the Guelph Rifle Association's regular weekly shoot Staff-Sergt. Ogg made 103 points out of a possible 105. He used a Martini rifle, and shot from the knee at 200 yards.

FOOTBALL.

At the Seaforth firemen's celebration Wednesday the Hurons defeated a picked team from Berlin, Galt and Hespeler by 3 goals to 1.

The second eleven of the Hurons, of Seaforth, defeated Mitchell by 3 goals to 1 at Seaforth Tuesday night. The match was played by electric light.

ATHLETICS.

A purse of $25,000 has been offered by the Magic Athletic Club of Omaha, Neb., for a finish fight between Slavin and Sullivan. A $10,000 bond was filed in the bank for the faithful performance of the contract.

Dennis Gallagher, of Buffalo, will be in Rochester on June 27 to throw any five men inside of an hour that the Flower City may produce. Gallagher agrees to forfeit $100 if he fails of accomplishing his feat.

To the Deaf.

A person cured of Deafness and noises in the head of 23 years' standing by a Simple Remedy will send a description of it FREE to any person who applies to Nicholson, 177 MacDougal street, New York.

TERRESTRIAL HEALING

A branch office of the Magnetic Meridian Vitapoise Company is now permanently located at 294 Dundas street, for the purpose of giving practical demonstrations of the healing virtues of the "Vitapoise," (or miniature earth.) It is the most wonderful healing instrument ever discovered. It only fails to cure the afflicted when their case is hopeless, and it makes no difference what ails you.

If you would like to investigate "TERRESTRIAL HEALING," call at the office, and Prof Reid, will cheerfully explain to you the mysteries of the subtle healing force contained in a Magnetic Meridian Vitapoise.

Separate rooms are fitted up for the treatment of ladies and gentlemen. We want every family and physician in Canada to buy a "Vitapoise," and we will accomplish our object if an afflicted member of every tenth family will give the instrument a trial, by taking a "course of treatment." Its application is absolutely painless and is also harmless; but disease will flee from before it as if driven away by magic.

Physicians! try a "Vitapoise" on one of your patients, having either la grippe, inflammation, fever, insomnia, neuralgia or rheumatism, and thereafter your "medical case" will be a secondary consideration so long as you have a "Vitapoise" with you.

Send for catalogue which fully explains everything; free. Address The MAGNETIC MERIDIAN VITAPOISE COMPANY, 294 Dundas street, London, Ont. an

OFF FOR A YEAR.

Decision on Confederation Deferred by the Synod.

Interesting Statements Made While Discussing the Question.

The Missionary Service at St. Paul's in the Evening—Other Business Concerning the Diocese of Huron.

Wednesday Afternoon Session.

The whole of this session was occupied in discussing the scheme for the consolidation of the church, which has been already referred to. It served to bring out some of the best debating talent in the Synod.

Charles Jenkins, of Petrolea, explained the origin and object of the scheme under consideration. If the proposed General Synod had full power, as it undoubtedly would have, it must necessarily lessen the authority of the Provincial Synod. Taking up the constitution clause by clause, he commented upon each. In reference to the clause empowering the General Synod to regulate the transfer of clergy from one diocese to another, he pointed out its importance inasmuch as it could enable, if expedient, a clergyman to remove to another diocese and take with him the accrued benefits of his residence in that diocese. The church in Canada should have all the advantages of national indorsement; it would give the church elasticity to lengthen the cause so that they would be much more in touch with the people of this country. He did not see much difference between Methodism and Episcopalianism except the prominence given by the former to lay work. He was persuaded that in due time the office of the bishop in all its native power and lay work would be so brought out that the barriers between the Methodists and Episcopalians would be broken down and they would be a united Protestant church. (Applause.) He moved the adoption of the scheme as submitted. W. J. Imlach seconded the motion.

Judge Ermatinger, of St. Thomas, asked if the constitution was to be absolutely rejected or accepted, or if it was subject to amendment or suggestion.

Wm. Jenkins said desired action could be taken. It would be sent to the Provincial Synod.

M. Wilson, Q.C., of Chatham, maintained that if the submissions of the different Synods came before the Provincial Synod it would be in the option of the latter body to alter them as it pleased and draft a final scheme, which would not meet the approval of the diocese.

The bishop explained that if the scheme as before them was modified by amendment, such would be brought forward as constituting one feature of the proposed act of consolidation by the Provincial Synod.

Rev. Mr. Brown, of Paris, contended that the opinion of a Diocesan Synod could not bind the higher body. In so far as the diocesan recommendations found favor in the sight of the Provincial Synod, so far would they influence the constitution of the General Synod.

W. J. Imlach, as the seconder of the consolidation resolution at Winnipeg, eloquently championed the cause. In Australia, Cape Colony and in the United States the dioceses were being united in the same way. With Rome on one side and non-conformities on the other the church must present a united front. It had been said consolidation would lessen the power of the Provincial Synod. In political government they had a central Parliament for the Dominion and also Provincial Legislatures. Their lines of operation were distinct, and the same system was applicable to the church government. He had no doubt a revised form of the constitution would be referred back to the diocese.

A. H. Dymond complimented Mr. Jenkins as a grand idealist and Mr. Imlach as a great enthusiast. Before they decided upon anything they must thoroughly know what they were doing. For the diocese to give permission to another Conference to decide what the constitution of the church in Canada should be and put it into effect was a proposition that could not hastily commend itself to their judgment. The limited attendance at the Conference in question did not indicate any burning interest. He did not approve of these same 60 or 70 gentlemen perpetuating the separation between the house of bishops on one side and the clergy and laity on the other. He moved that the Synod, though favorable to ultimate consolidation, defer pronouncing upon the scheme until the next meeting, the same to be commended in the meantime to the thoughtful and prayerful examination of the clergy and laity in the diocese.

Rev. Mr. Brown, of Paris, said the Church of England was the first to enter Canada and the last to unite from shore to shore. Its proverbial slowness was shown in this as well as in other matters. He favored the separate sitting of the bishops, to whose opinions proper respect should be given by the lower house.

Judge Ermatinger believed it was time the church was as solid a body as any other denomination in the land. If it was possible to preserve the anomaly of the Provincial Synod it should be done. He favored the postponement of action until next year.

Canon Chance said postponement was an admission that the Synod could not make up its mind on the matter, while people in the Northwest, supposed to be in a backwoods state, had already decided. The decision should be taken now.

J. C. Noble, of Petrolea, said the action of the Synod in adopting the scheme would be a great incentive to other dioceses in pushing onward towards this glorious end. He opposed the postponement.

M. Wilson, of Chatham, vigorously supported Mr. Dymond's amendment, which sought to allow time for enlightened consideration on the part of laity and clergy. Although upholding the spirit of unity, the terms of that unity should be deeply taken to mind. The speaker took objection to a clause of the proposed constitution, which decreed that "no canons or resolutions of a coercive character, or involving penalties or disabilities, shall be operative in any ecclesiastical Province, or in any diocese not included in an ecclesiastical Province, until accepted by the Synod of such Province or diocese." This he held would place the diocese in the power of the Provincial Synod in that particular, and would render its opposition to any such enactment of no avail should it be the pleasure of the Provincial Synod to accede to the General Synod's desire.

George D. Sutherland, of South London, favored Mr. Dymond's motion as the more cautious policy.

Rev. C. W. Ball, of Port Burwell, held the same view. There could be no doubt as to the desire for church union, but previous consideration was necessary.

Wm. Gray, of Woodstock, followed in the same strain.

Rev. R. McCosh thought that remarks of previous speakers reflected uncreditably on the Provincial Synod. The subject of consolidation had been before the public through the medium of the press for sufficient time to allow all to form an opinion. Postponement would have a disastrous effect upon the movement. He had every confidence in the Provincial Synod and the representatives of Huron diocese in that body.

R. Bayly, Q.C., said they were a unit as to unification; but they would know infinitely more about it if given a year to think over it. Under the present provisions of the act they would be voluntarily giving up certain powers which they could not get back.

The bishop said he would give his opinion on the matter. There were two things determined upon and a number unsettled. They were all agreed that the unification of the Provinces was, with God's providence, to take place. They were also determined that the metropolitical system must be maintained. When he heard people say they had weighed the matter and considered it fully their minds were transcendantly more clear than his own. How all the changes to be transferred were to be comprehended in a glance he could not understand. What was the position the various dioceses were to hold in the future? They wanted something more direct than the report laid on the table. It would be therefore better to wait for at least one year, when their minds should be made up and their views more lucid.

Mr. Jenkins consented to withdraw his motion in favor of Mr. Dymond's amendment, slightly modified. The latter was carried unanimously. Mr. Jenkins said he was glad to see Mr. Dymond so cautious; it spoke well for the conserving influences of the Synod. (Laughter.)

The Synod adjourned shortly after 6 p.m.

The Evening Service.

The annual missionary meeting was held at St. Paul's Cathedral, commencing at 8 o'clock, and was largely attended by delegates, their relatives and the public. The full choir was present, and a number of the clerical delegates were seated in the chancel. Rev. Canons Richardson, Davis and Chance assisted in the service. The address was delivered by Rev. Canon O'Meara, of Winnipeg. His sermon was an able presentation of missionary possibilities and necessities, and was rewarded by a liberal contribution. The text was taken from Exodus, xiv., 15: "Speak unto the children of Israel that they go forward." He said he appeared before his hearers under a two-fold responsibility—personal reminiscence and the subject on which he was to speak. Just eighteen years ago on the same occasion, almost on the very day and in the same cathedral, he was set apart for his life's work. The message of the text had been sent to God's host all along the ages, and when they considered that it had been so long neglected and that only the fringes of the outer darkness had been touched, should they not bow their heads in shame at their long silence at God's command? He had come from Rupert's Land to present the urgent claims of that section. The settlers there had great claims on their fellow churchmen in the east, for in many cases they were their own sons and daughters. "I can tell many instances," said he "of young men in that country who have been kept in the ways of safety and peace, because in their loneliness and homesickness the church was there with her sweet words of worship to carry back the hearts to cherished memories of their childhood, motherhood and home. I can also tell of young men who have come from their homes, fresh from wholesome Christian influences, and who have wandered away in that far-off strange country into the wilderness of ungodliness, wretchedness and sin because the church was not in the time of their loneliness able to reach and keep them folded in the arms of divine love." The preacher urged earnestly the augmentation of the fund by contributions for the work in that land, to which only $500 had last year been granted. To be sure there were many calls at home, but foreign missions should go hand in hand with domestic. The church that was not a missionary church was a dying church. They wanted a new Pentecost to arouse professing followers of Christ to new consecrated efforts in the master's service so that their profession should cease to be a mere profession, but become in their lives a living, loving, burning reality.

Thursday Morning Session.

The Synod reassembled at 10:30 a.m. Canon O'Meara, of Winnipeg, was invited to a seat on the platform amidst applause. The bishop read a telegram from the Synod of Montreal, thanking the Synod of Huron for the kindly greetings sent yesterday. The election of members of the Executive Committee and of delegates to the Provincial Synod was then taken up, the following scrutineers, to report at the afternoon session, being appointed: Provincial Synod—Rev. L. DesBrisay, Rev. W. T. Cluff, Rev. S. E. G. Edelstein and Rev. Mr. Hicks; E. Paul, T. D. Stanley, R. Fox and C. Kingston. Executive Committee—Rev. W. Johnstone, Rev. A. Griffin, Rev. W. Wade and Rev. W. Lowe; E. A. Goodeve, L. Skey, Capt. Cox and Thos. Wood.

Notices of motion were handed in as follows:

By Rev. W. Craig—"That the Board of Management of the Domestic and Foreign Missionary Society be paid all necessary expenses incurred while attending the meetings of said Boards, one-half of said expense to be paid out of the Epiphanytide offering and the other half out of the Ascensiontide offering."

By T. H. Luscombe—"That a standing committee on temperance be appointed and empowered to investigate the condition of the temperance organization existing in connection with the church in this diocese; to take such steps as may be deemed necessary; to visit, revive and increase such organizations; to arrange for temperance services and meetings, and generally to perform such duties and take such action as may be deemed conducive to the welfare of the temperance movement."

By Rev. G. C. Mackenzie—"That the Synod authorize the Sunday School Committee to purchase $150 worth of the charts and pamphlets illustrating the church catechism about to be published by Rev. Mr. Carswell."

At the joint suggestion of the bishop and A. H. Dymond the following committee was appointed to deliberate on the consolidation of the Anglican Church in British North America, on which action is to be taken at the next Synod: Clerical—The Dean of Huron (convener), Venerable Archdeacon Marsh, Rev. W. A. Young, Rev. Alfred Brown, Rev. T. R. Davis, Rev. G. C. Mackenzie, Rev. Canon Smith and Rev. R. McCosh. Lay—Chancellor Cronyn, Judge Ermatinger, R. Bayly, M. Wilson, W. J. Imlach, C. Jenkins and I. F. Hellmuth.

The report of the committee appointed to consider the matter of Synod assessments recommended that those delegates from parishes whose assessments had not been paid be allowed to take their seats on payment of this year's dues, those parishes, however, not to be relieved of arrears in the past. The report also recommended the appointment of a committee to consider the rearrangement of the assessments of the whole Synod.

Rev. W. A. Young moved in amendment to the latter clause that the rearrangement of assessments be left to the Executive Committee for such action as might be necessary. The amendment was adopted.

The proposed amendments to Canon 28 on the widows' and orphans' fund were discussed. Clause 2 in the original provides that the Synod shall put to the credit of the widows' and orphans' fund yearly a sum of money equal to $10 for every clergyman in the diocese, to be considered as part of the income of the said fund. The amendment asked the substitution of $5 for $10. The main feature of the amendment in the third clause of the canon is the stipulation that the $5 to be annually paid in by clergymen in order to entitle their widows and orphans to the benefits of the fund shall be paid direct into the widows' and orphans' fund instead of to the Synod funds, as the original clause states. It provides in addition that in case of default made by any clergyman in any of the payments his rights in the premises shall cease, but may be revived at any time in his lifetime by payment of all arrears and a fine of $1 per month for each and every month of such default.

In reply to a question, whether they had so much money on hand that the amount must be reduced to one-half, the dean explained that the other $5 came from the general purpose fund in order to connect the clergymen more directly with the fund.

Mr. Fraser, of Woodstock, said under the provisions a clergyman with a small income would have to pay as much as one with a large stipend. This should not be. The widows and orphans should also receive the annuity in proportion to the amount paid in by the deceased clergyman.

Rev. M. Brown said there were some clergymen who would remain celibants under the amendment proposed. (Laughter.)

A. H. Dymond thought every clergyman, married or single, should be made to contribute towards the fund. He had no sympathy from his own experience with the man who acted the celibate whether clergyman or layman. (Laughter.) He moved accordingly.

Rev. Mr. Young assured his hearers that the amendment was a matter of business principle. They paid $5 a year as the insurance premium. Financially it would affect matters very little and would simplify the system.

The amendment to the second clause was carried and action on the third postponed until the afternoon.

INTERESTING INKLINGS.

A $15,000 Fraud on the Plan of Campaign Fund.

An Erstwhile New York Millionaire Goes Crazy.

Poor Harvest Prospects in Austria—Princely Gift to an American College.

Mr. Mercier will leave France for England on July 10, and England for Canada on July 16.

The Supreme Court at Ottawa will deliver judgment in the Manitoba school legislation case on Monday.

The closing exercises of the present session of the Normal School at Toronto took place Wednesday afternoon.

Someliera Bros., bankers, of Guadalajaro, Mexico, have assigned. Liabilities, $1,400,000; assets, $600,000.

Two French fishing vessels, with crews numbering 36 men, are believed to have been run down on the banks of Newfoundland.

H. Victor Newcomb, who has been accounted one of the millionaires of New York, has been commited to an asylum for the insane.

The harvest in Hungary will be middling in quantity and quality, while in Austria it will be decidedly inferior to the harvest of the last five years.

William Carman, age 24 years, and Burrett Ross, 20 years, were drowned Tuesday night by the upsetting of a boat near Kansas City, Mo.

Jacob Scheele, saloon-keeper, who murdered Constable Drucke at New Canaan, Conn., in 1888, was hanged at Bridgeport, Conn., this (Thursday) morning.

At the Toronto Conference the matter of a deaconess' home was referred to a committee of nine to consider the feasibility of such a scheme and report at the next annual Conference.

The Dublin National Press says proceedings have been taken against Mr. Parnell to recover the $3,500 which he has been ordered to pay as costs in the O'Shea divorce suit.

A public funeral was held Wednesday at Basle, Switzerland, for a large number of the victims of Sunday's disaster on the railroad near Moenschenstein. The entire population attended.

A freight train on the Chicago and Erie road was ditched Wednesday evening at Disko, Ind., by a broken rail. Sixteen cars were wrecked and twenty head of imported cattle killed.

The total amount of money collected for the Irish plan of campaign was £120,000, of which there has been expended £90,000, and there is missing £3,000, which was obtained through a forged receipt.

A Victoria (B.C.) telegram says: Two warships have been ordered to Behring Sea from here to enforce the close season. Fifty schooners from Victoria are there now, and their owners are deeply disgusted.

In answer to a deputation from the Imperial Federation League, Lord Salisbury said he could not summon a conference of colonial statesmen until a definite scheme of imperial federation had been prepared.

James B. Colgate, of Hamilton, N. Y., has given $1,000,000 to Colgate University. The fund thus created is to be known as the Dodge memorial fund, as a tribute to the memory of the late Ebenezer Dodge, president of Colgate University and life-long friend of Mr. Colgate.

Kilburn J. Brown, a sleeping car conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway running between Montreal and Boston, has been arrested by the United States authorities on a charge of smuggling. Brown, it is said, has defrauded the United States Treasury Department out of $100,000 in the past ten years.

The Baron Hirsch Institute, for the establishment of which Baron Hirsch forwarded $20,000 to the Young Men's Hebrew Benevolent Society of Montreal, was formally opened Wednesday by Mayor McShane. It is intended for the relief of the poor of the Hebrew faith and the education of their children and as a temporary sheltering place for Jewish refugees from Russia.

Captains W. A. Andrews and A. J. Lawlor have postponed the start from Boston of their trans-Atlantic dory race for a silver cup and a purse of $5,000 until next Sunday, owing to the very unfavorable weather.

W. H. R. Allison, Q.C., was thrown from his carriage Wednesday at Picton, Ont., and seriously injured. He was unconscious for several hours after the accident.

Rumors which up to the present time have been confined to the London Stock Exchange and to the Bourse in Paris are current that a revolution has broken out in Portugal.

A Bloodthirsty Blacksmith.

Portland, Ore., June 18.—At Monument yesterday a blacksmith named Churchill shot and killed his assistant during a quarrel. Churchill escaped on horseback, and meeting a man who he happened to know was a sheriff's deputy, he shot and mortally wounded him. Churchill will probably be lynched if caught.

A Drunken Man's Fatal Freak.

Pottstown, Pa., June 18.—While several small girls were wading barefooted in the Skullykill, near Parkersford, Frank Bixbee, aged 28, of Royersford, came along and said he was going to teach them how to swim. He seized two girls, one under each arm, and waded out into the water beyond his depth. One of the girls escaped from his clutches, but Bixbee and Jenny Kneets, aged 10, sank, and both were drowned. Bixbee, it is thought, was intoxicated.

WORK AND WAGES.

Wholesale Discharge of Railway Conductors—Spotters at Work.

The Illinois Central Railroad has begun the wholesale discharge of passenger and freight conductors on the Iowa division. Twenty union men are said to be marked for dismissal. No cause is assigned, but it is supposed to be the work of spotters.

The New South Wales Elections.

Sydney, N.S.W., June 18.—The election returns received up to the present time gives the Government 28 members and the Opposition 25. Of the latter sixteen are labor candidates. Sir Henry Parkes and other ministers are elected. Mr. Dibbs, the Opposition leader, is defeated.

A Canadian Arrested in Buffalo.

Buffalo, June 18.—About six months ago W. J. Ingram came here from Berlin, Ont., and engaged with the firm of Cassack & Co., the extensive lithographers. Two detectives arrested him yesterday on a warrant charging him with grand larceny. The complainant is Charles Hayes, of the firm of Cassack & Co. It is charged that Ingram proposed to sell the firm a new and valuable process of preparing photographic plates. He obtained a large sum of money down and then refused to part with his secret.

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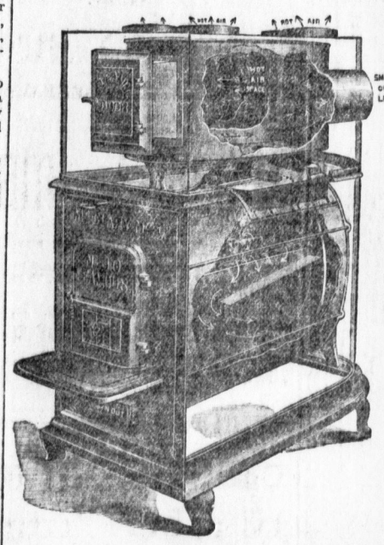

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