CANADIANS RE-CAPTURED GUNS AFTER BRITISH DASH!

They Rushed at the Enemy, Under a Hail of Bullets, But They Never Faltered.—In the Charge One Battalion Lost Twenty-Three of its Thirty-One Officers.

London, April 29.—The story of how the Tenth and Sixteenth Western Battalions in a midnight charge, retook four Canadian guns which had fallen into the hands of the Germans and captured prisoners, was told in London to-day by some of the wounded men.

Captain G. E. McCuaig, of Montreal, adjutant of the Thirtieth Battalion, Fifth Royal Highlanders, who was wounded on Thursday and is now in a West End nursing home, said:

"The first thing we saw, about half past four on Thursday afternoon were clouds of poisonous gas hovering over the trenches held by French troops on our left. At the same time there was a heavy roar of artillery at the French front. Half an hour later the French were retiring through the village of St. Julien. These troops were mostly Algerians. The Germans advanced about half a mile and started to entrench themselves about nine o'clock.

"At midnight the two western battalions the Tenth and Sixteenth, formed up in the rear, received orders to charge. For more than two hundred yards they were exposed to a heavy rifle and several machine guns, but they kept right on until they reached the German trenches. Here the westerners re-took the guns and also captured some prisoners, who surrendered when about to be bayonetted." Capt. McCuaig, while at headquarters was wounded by shrapnel, but his injuries are not serious.

Lieutenent G. M. Ainslee, of the Sixteenth Battalion, who was wounded in the charge described by Captain McCuaig, said he was in Ypres when the shelling started on the afternoon of the 22nd and on returning found his battalion ready to go forward.

IN HAIL OF BULLETS.

As they marched through St. Julien, the villagers cheered the Canadians and wished them luck. The roads were strewn with dead horses, and heavy firing could be heard. The order to the Sixteenth was to clear the Germans from a wood near St. Julien before daylight. No Germans were visable, but as the Canadians emerged from a dip a terrible hail of bullets greeted them. Men dropped all round and the front line seemed to melt away.

Lieutenant Ainslee was in the second line, which dashed on under a bright moonlight that made the bayonets glitter. When the westerners reached the edge of the wood the Germans threw down their arms and surrendered. Further on a number of small fights continued. Lieutenant Ainslee received a bullet in the leg, but using the bodies of dead Germans as a cover continued to use his rifle until the stretcher bearers took him away. By this time the firing, except by snipers, had stopped.

Major G. H. Ross, of the Sixteenth, is in the same hospital with a wound in the arm.

UNDER TERRIBLE FIRE.

Lieut.-Col. Buell, of Brockville, Ont., is in the hospital at South Kensington, suffering from shrapnel which almost shattered his shoulder blade where a bullet is still embedded. He is making fair progress towards recovery. Colonel Buell was wounded on Friday, while leading a reserve battalion of Canadians into action to cover the exposed flank of the two Canadian battalions who were in the trenches. Colonel Buell to-day in describing the scene, said the noise was ear-splitting, with the German artillery showing remarkable precision, pounding not only the Canadian front, but also enfilading.

In order to minimize the losses, Colonel Buell advanced his battalion by short rushes. His men, he said behaved like regular troops whose steadiness could not be excelled by veterans. There was no faltering among them when they were ordered to advance, though all knew that this ment almost immediate casualties.

Colonel Buell was wounded, while he lay on the ground using his glasses between two of the short rushes, he felt a heavy blow on the shoulder, evidently the spent fragment of a shell.

Soon afterwards in attempting to cross a ditch, he fell fainting from the loss of blood. Colonel Birchell, who took command when Colonel Buell was wounded and commanded the charge, was killed.

In the charge this reserve battalion lost 23 of its 31 officers.

Police Court.

In the absence of His Honor Judge Knight, who is gone to the U. S. for special medical treatment, his cousin Mr. H. E. Knight and Mr. F. J. Morris have voluntarily offered to preside alternately at the Magistrate's Court.

This morning, Mr. M. A. Devine, the new Clerk of the Peace, was presented to the Court.

Two drunks and disorderlies were before the bar and were let go.

From "Water Engineering."

Ottawa River Water Supply.

Complete plans and specifications for the Ottawa River water system have been laid before the Ottawa Board of Control by Messrs. Hazen & Whipple, New York. The mouth of the intake will be 500 feet out of the river. The purification plant, reservoir, and other works will be placed at the junction of Scott Street and Parkdale Avenue. A reservoir with a capacity of 10,000,000 gallons, and also a smaller one, will be built. The entire works are designed to meet the requirements of the city for an average supply of 25,000,000 gallons daily; but the full capacity will be 35,000,000 gallons. The purification plant will consist of large coagulating basins, mechanical filters and pure water reservoir. The intake pipes will be double the capacity of the present installation. Space is allowed in the low level station for another unit of 35,000,000 gallons. Unqualified approval of the scheme has been given by Mr. J. Waldo Smith, chief engineer of the New York Waterworks. The firm of Hazen & Whipple prepared the plans for the waterworks extension in St. John's.

Storm at Halifax.

Messrs. Harvey & Co. received a message to-day stating that the Red Cross Liner Stephano was detained at Halifax owing to a terrific rain storm and probably would not get away till to-morrow for this port, due on Thursday morning next. At the time the message was sent the storm had not abated.

EXPRESS DUE.—The Bruce express is due in the city at 6 p.m. to-day.

McMurdo's Store News.

It is in weather like this, when we that the user of Cream of Lilies gets that the user of Cream of Lilies get good value for his or her care of the skin. Cream of Lilies keeps the skin soft and smooth and velvety to the touch. And if Cream of Lilies Soap be used with it, it is still easier to keep the cuticle in first class order. Cream of Lilies, 25c. a crock; Cream of Lilies Soap, 20c. a cake; box of 3 cakes 50 cents.

We would ask those who intend to set Sutton's Flower Seeds in their gardens this year to send in their orders at once, as our stock is getting rapidly depleted, though we still have a fair selection. These flower seeds sell at 15c. a pkg.

Latest Sealing Arrivals

The s.s. Diana, Capt. Clarke, arrived from the Gulf sealfishery at eight o'clock and the Viking, Capt. W. Bartlett, jr., two hours later, hailing for 400 and 500 old seal pelts, respectively. They found the ice the heaviest ever experienced and were jammed the best part of the spring. The s.s. Terra Nova, Capt. W. Bartlett, sr., the last of the Gulf fleet, reached port this morning, reporting for 2,500 seals. The Terra Nova missed the young fat in the early part of the voyage. As already told, about half of her crew wanted to come home. Capt. Bartlett left the Gulf and landed the strikers at Channel, afterwards resuming the voyage, which was without further success. The Eagle with the Bloodhound in tow, are the only sealers out now. They are still at Pool's Island icebound. The total number of seals now brought to port is about 37,300, which, in addition to the Eagle and Bloodhound's cargo, will bring the voyage up to 48,000 roughly—the smallest catch in the history of the sealfishery.

Frank Abarno and Carmine Carbone were found guilty by a jury on April 12th on the charge of having made and placed a bomb in St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York on March 2nd when many people were at worship. The jury recommended clemency for both men. On April 19th they were sentenced to serve not less than six years nor more than twelve in Sing Sing Prison.

MINARD'S LINIMENT RELIEVES NEURALGIA.

Supreme Court.

The Court met at 11 a.m. to-day the Chief Justice presiding.

In the matter of the estate of Wm. J. Caines.

Thomas R. Caines, et. al., vs. Simon Butler, Administrator.

This is a motion by Morison, K.C., on behalf of Simon Butler, Administrator of the estate of the said Wm. J. Caines, deceased, for further directions concerning the distribution of the sum of $912.77, being the balance of the estate of the said William J. Caines, now in the hand of the said Administrator. Morison, K.C., is heard in support of the motion and further moves that the matter be referred to Kent, K.C., as master of the said estate to continue the report of the late D. M. Browning, K.C., deceased.

The Attorney General is heard and consents to the reference.

J. P. Blackwood for Plaintiff is also heard and does not object to the reference. It is thereupon ordered that the matter be referred to Kent, K.C., as Master.

Court adjourned until 11 a.m. tomorrow.

Items of Interest.

The British Foreign Office has issued a statement regarding the shooting and fatal wounding of Henry Hadley, a British subject, who had a misunderstanding with the conductor of a train by which he was travelling from Berlin toward England on Aug. 3rd, 1914, his murderer being a German officer named Nicolay, who had been called on by the conductor. Mr. Page, the United States Ambassador, at the request of the British Government, conducted an investigation in which he was assisted by the American Ambassador to Germany, Mr. Gerard. Mr. Page made his report and was asked by the British Government to facilitate through proper diplomatic channels the strongest possible protest against the action of the army officer who committed, according to the statement, an 'act which can only be described as murder.' The British Government does not consider that civil justice was done, as the official proceedings against the officer were quashed.

A statue to Florence Nightingale was informally unveiled in London lately, being the first statue erected in London to the memory of a woman other than one of royalty. The statute stands on a pedestal 10 feet 10 inches high, the figure itself being 9 feet high. It shows Miss Nightingale as she walked through the hospital wards at Scutari. In her left hand is a lamp. Four panels on the base of the statue are filled with representations of Florence Nightingale in various phases of her work among wounded and ill soldiers.

M. Pasqual, a Deputy who was a captain of chasseurs attached to the staff of Gen. Fournier, governor of Maubeuge, and was made prisoner when that place fell on Sept. 7th, has arrived in Paris. He was released under a special arrangement for the reciprocal release of all civil prisoners and surgeon-majors and the reciprocal suspension of all sentences against court-martialled prisoners until the end of the war. M. Pasqual has many painful stories to tell of the treatment of prisoners, but perhaps one of the worst is that which occurred while on the way to their place of internment in Saxony. The German Red Cross women refused to give the prisoners even a glass of water as they passed through the stations. School teachers brought their pupils to the stations and held them up so they could see them while the crowds insulted them.

"Tommy" or "Jack" both love to have their arms or chests decorated with portraits of loved ones or patriotic emblems, and tattooists have been busily practising their art on soldiers and sailors since the outbreak of the war. The favorite design of a British soldier is the head of a bulldog with a Union Jack twined round his body. Others are more ambitious in their choice, and bring a photograph of their sweethearts to the tattooist and request him to copy it on their skin. King George's portrait is often tattooed on the arm of a loyal soldier.

National emblems are favorite designs amongst Scotch, Irish and Canadian soldiers. The Highlander likes to have a thistle in colors tattooed on his knee, whilst a brilliant green shamrock leaf finds favor with the soldier from the Emerald Isle. The Canadians' favorite tattooed emblem is the maple leaf, and that of the Australians a kangaroo.

Many fighting men have been especially tattooed with emblems and mottoes relative to the present war. The sentence, "Avenge Belgium," in letters picked out in red, white and blue, has been tattooed on many soldiers' chests, and the flags of the Allies placed in fan shape is another design which the war has popularized.

Prohibition Resolutions

Copy of Resolutions Unanimously Adopted at the Close of the Evan- Adopted at the Close of the Even- Church, Yesterday:—

We, the members of the Church and Congregation worshipping at the Congregational Church, Queen's Road, St. John's, hereby

(1) Express our gratification at the action of Members of the House of Assembly in initiating discussion with a view to dealing more effectively with the evils arising out of the Drink Traffic, and our appreciation of the promise made on behalf of the Government that a Bill will be introduced during this session to provide machinery for ascertaining the wishes of the electors of the whole Island, relative to the prohibition of the importation, manufacture and sale of all alcoholic liquors into and within its borders;

(2) Respectfully urge, that such legislation should take the form of a full Prohibition Bill, which shall automatically bring Prohibition into operation, provided a majority of the votes polled at a plebiscite prove to be in its favor, such vote to be not less than one-third of the duly qualified electors of the Island.

Reserve Company

Post Cards of the RESERVE Company which left on the Stephano Thursday now on sale at

PARSONS' Art Store,

THE CAMERA HOUSE.

Five Cents Each. apr24,tf

Young Nfld. M.D.

MARRIED AT MONTREAL.

The latest issue of the Montreal Daily Star, says that at the residence of the bride's grandmother, Mrs. J. Copping, 726 d'Espree Avenue, Ontremont, Alice A. Lloyd, eldest daughter of James S. Lloyd, and Dr. William Templeman, of St. John's, Nfld., were married on April 26th. Dr. Templeman was one of the recent graduates at McGill University, and has enlisted with the Canadian troops. He is the son of Hon. P. Templeman.

Here and There.

CLEMENTINE SAILS.—The brigt. Clementine, Capt. Parsons, sailed this morning for Oporto taking 4,000 qtls. of fish from Alan Goodridge & Sons.

FOGOTA.—The Fogota which left here on Saturday last is at Bay de Verde waiting for the ice to move off the coast before proceeding further north.

REACHED OPORTO.—The brigt. Rosina, Capt. Sinclair, arrived at Oporto on Saturday last after a passage of 30 days from this port, with a cargo of codfish from Alan Goodridge and Sons.

BRUCE PASSENGERS.—The S. S. Bruce arrived at Port aux Basques at 7.35 a.m., yesterday with the following passengers in saloon:—J. Fedotsky, Mrs. T. Hines, Miss Eva Mundy, Miss F. B. Nelson, Miss Agnes Gillam, H. S. Goodman, Miss Ruby Reid, H. Tessier, Mrs. H. N. Forward and J. W. Morris.

REIDS' BOATS.

The Argyle sails from Placentia for the Westward this afternoon.

The Bruce arrived at Port aux Basques at 7.35 a.m. yesterday.

The Kyle left Port aux Basques at 10.30 p.m. yesterday.

The Sagona arrived at Port aux Basques at 3 a.m. to-day and sails again this evening.

DIED.

After a lingering illness, Kate Welch, aged 55 years, leaving one sister and many friends to mourn their loss; funeral at 2.30 p.m. on Tuesday, from the residence of Austin Ryan, Leslie Street; friends will please attend.

Last midnight after a tedious illness, Andrew, aged 25 years, youngest son of Mary and the late James Ivany, leaving a mother, 1 brother and 5 sisters to mourn their sad loss; funeral on Wednesday, at 2.30 p.m., from his late residence, 29 Angel Place.

At 71 Duckworth Street, Lucy Winsborrow, relict of the late W. T. Hill, aged 58 years; funeral on Wednesday, the 5th inst., at 2.45 p.m.; friends please accept this, the only, notice; no flowers.

At 12.30 yesterday, William Benedict Green, aged 4 months and 2 days; darling child of Edward and Alice Green. Funeral this afternoon.

Wire Fencing

BARBED WIRE and All Kinds WIRE GOODS.

SETTING

Your house in order is the chief business of the present time, and we are ready to supply all requirements in this line from basement to attic.

PAINTS, POLISHES, VARNISHES, LIQUID VENEER, WATER PAINTS, BLINDS, CURTAIN & STAIR RODS,

and the smallest details for beautifying the home and making it comfortable and attractive.

NEW SEEDS

Ploughs and Farming IMPLEMENTS.

Ayre & Sons, Ltd.

JUST OPENED!

DELIGHTFUL selection WOMEN'S

Navy Serge DRESSES!

Perfect Cut. Stylishly Trimmed. $4.00 to $10.00 IN ALL SIZES. HIGH and LOW NECKS.

SEE WEST WINDOW TO-DAY.

S. MILLEY.

CHAPPELL PIANOS!

ENGLAND'S BEST PIANO.

CHAPPELL PIANOS accompany the following artists on tour: Kreisler, Kubelik, Melba, Caruso; and are used exclusively in The Royal Academy of Music, Royal College of Music, Guildhall School of Music, etc.

Musicians Supply Department,

ROYAL STORES FURNITURE,

apr21,w,s,tf Corner Duckworth and Prescott Streets.

AMERICAN DRESSES

Just received from New York a big shipment of LADIES', MISSES' and CHILDREN'S

WASH DRESSES,

Embracing all the leading American styles and effects. Our prices will surely interest you. See them to-day.

WILLIAM FREW.

Telegram Ads. Pay

Unparalleled Feat.

(From the New York Tribune.)

There has been a great deal of grumbling in England at the slowness of recruiting and the failure of munitions and supplies of all kinds. Much of this has doubtless been taken too seriously. As for recruiting, it has at least kept pace with equipment, and the cry for conscription may safely be attributed to party motives. Munitions have not been produced rapidly enough to equal the demand, but nothing like the demand has ever been known before. It must be remembered, too, as Mr. Lloyd George points out that Great Britain has been supplying her Allies, yet in spite of this circumstance there is at present a considerable reserve. Nearly three months ago a French observer remarked in "Le Temps" that, contrary to the popular opinion, Great Britain had worked miracles in the way of organization, and expressed the belief that no country in the world could possibly have done more. He was perfectly satisfied as a result of his own investigation that conscription would never be necessary, and his judgment was entirely in accord with that of Mr. Lloyd George to-day, that the creation of so great an army in so short a time was a feat hitherto unparalleled.

MINARD'S LINIMENT CURES DIPHTHERIA.